# Navcoin-js Hackathon Day 2

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# Thanks for coming back! Today...

- First round of questions (if any), you can show your projects if you want.
- A bit of theory, I will talk about the on-chain trading protocol that will activate Q1 2022.
- What has been added to navcoin-js in the last weeks.
- What is dotNav?
- Adding dotNav to the private chat app.

#### Questions. Personal projects.

- Any question?
- Remember, deadline to submit is December, 17th. Up to 25,000NAV in prizes.
- Next week (December, 10th). Private Tokens, NFTs.
- Do you want to show your personal projects? Coordination with other participants so no-one creates a duplicated app.

- The magic of BLS signatures.
- ECDSA signatures (bitcoin) are very rigid. One signature per transaction. You can't aggregate.
- BLS signatures are very flexible. You can aggregate or reorder them. But once aggregated you can't recover the single signatures (great for privacy!)

- Possible thanks to the magic of BLS signatures.
- ECDSA signatures (bitcoin) are very rigid. One signature per transaction. You can't aggregate.
- BLS signatures are very flexible. You can aggregate or reorder them. But once aggregated you can't recover the single signatures (great for privacy!)
- This allows to construct partial transactions which later an user can complete to finalise an action.

Input 1

1 privateBTC from Alice

**Output 1** 

**Empty** 

Alice signs Input 1 and Output 2. The sum of those two signatures is the signature of this partial transaction.

Input 2

**Empty** 

Output 2

100,000 xNAV to Alice

This transaction is invalid, because:

 It's trying to send 100,000 xNAV but those coins come from nowhere.
Alice is only sending 1 privateBTC.

But Alice can broadcast this transaction and wait for others to complete it.

Input 1

1 privateBTC from Alice

Output 1

1 privateBTC to Bob

Bob signs Input 2 and Output 1. The aggregation of those two signatures with the previous signature complete the transaction's signature.

Input 2

100,000 xNAV from Bob

Output 2

100,000 xNAV to Alice

This transaction is valid, because:

The same amount of each asset is present as inputs and outputs.

The transaction is final, because BLS signatures can be aggregated but not segregated (\*).

#### On-Chain Trading Protocol: NFT minting

Input 1

**Empty** 

Output 1

**Empty** 

Alice signs Input 2 and Output 2. The sum of those two signatures is the signature of this partial transaction.

Input 2

Alice (NFTs owner) authorises minting 1 NFT

Output 2

1,000 xNAV to Alice

This transaction is invalid, because:

- It's trying to send 1,000 xNAV but those coins come from nowhere.

But Alice can make this partial transaction public, so others can do the rest of the work...

### On-Chain Trading Protocol: NFT minting

Input 1

1,000 xNAV from Bob

**Output 1** 

1 NFT to Bob

Bob signs Input 1 and Output 1. The aggregation of those two signatures with the previous signature complete the transaction's signature.

Input 2

Alice (NFTs owner) authorises minting of 1 NFT

Output 2

1,000 xNAV to Alice

This transaction is valid and once broadcasted to the network, Bob will be buying 1 NFT for 1,000 xNAV, trustlessly and privately.

- The same concept can be used for dotNav names, Private Tokens (ICOs, initial distribution), etc etc.
- On going development. Fully implemented Q1 2022.

#### What's new on navcoin-js

- Current version v.1.0.40
- How to update to the last version: npm update navcoin-js
- Support for dotNav names.
- New methods:
  - ResolveName, RegisterName, UpdateName, IsMyName, GetMyNames

#### What is dotNav?

- On-chain version of DNS. Secured by Navcoin's blockchain.
- Names ending in .nav
- Each name can have multiple pairs of key/values (similar to DNS system with A, CNAME, MX, etc records)
- Each name can have a subdomain.

#### What is dotNav? Example

- aguycalledalex.nav:
  - Key: \_key Value: public key which owns the name
  - Key: \_expiry Value: Block height when the name will expire
  - Key: nav Value: N12djs41MN.... Nav address
  - Key: email Value: alex@nav.community

#### What is dotNav? Example 2

- nftsale.nav:
  - Key: \_key Value: public key which owns the name
  - Key: \_expiry Value: Block height when the name will expire
  - Key: nftsale Value: ipfs resource with the partial transactions to buy the nets

#### What is dotNav?

- Very interesting possible application for dotNav:
  - A DNS proxy which resolves .nav names.
  - User tries to access name.nav in the browser, the proxy transparently resolves name.nav, gets the ip entry of the name and forwards the request.

## Adding dotNav to the private chat app

• Let's code...

#### That's all for today!

- Updated repository with todays' material: <a href="https://github.com/aguycalled/navcoin-js-hackathon">https://github.com/aguycalled/navcoin-js-hackathon</a>
- Questions?

Happy hacking!