

[« Previous \(/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/2/\)](/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/2/)[下一页 »](#)[结束 »](#)[1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [\(/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/0/\)](/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/0/) [\(/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/1/\)](/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/1/)  
[4](#) [\(/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/2/\)](/course/cs357-f15/flow-session/74251/2/)

# Rank finding

1分

You are given a square matrix  $A$ . You are also given access to the function `m_echelon(A)` (that you just saw in class) which returns an a tuple  $(M, U)$  with invertible matrix  $M$  and a matrix  $U$  in upper echelon form so that  $MA = U$ .

Compute the rank of  $A$  and assign it to `rank`.

INPUT:

- `A` : a matrix as a numpy array
- `m_echelon` : a function to compute the 'echelon factorization'
- `tol` : the maximum 2-norm at which a row of  $U$  is considered zero

OUTPUT:

- `rank` : the rank of the matrix  $A$  to tolerance `tol`

评分代码 [\(点击查看\)](#)

起始代码 [\(点击查看\)](#)

回答\*

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import numpy.linalg as la
```

按F9以打开/关闭全屏模式. 在 用户信息 (/profile/) 中设置编辑器模式.

保存回答

提交用于评分的回答

(您仍然可以在提交本问题后修改回答)