

#1 Reader Writer (Writers priority implementation)

```

int writers; // # writer threads that want to enter the critical section (some or
all of these may be blocked)
int writing; // Number of threads that are actually writing inside the C.S. (can
only be zero or one - can you see why?)
int reading; // Number of threads that are reading inside the C.S.
int readers; // Number of threads that are or want to read

// if writing !=0 then reading must be zero (and vice versa)

```

```

reader() {
    mutex_lock( &m)
    readers ++
    while ( _____ )
        cond_wait( &reader_cv, &m)

    Do we need to wait for
both 'writers' and 'writing'?

    reading++
    unlock( &m)

    // perform reading here

    lock( &m)
    reading--
    readers--

    wake up who here? (and how many)

    unlock( &m)
}

```

```

writer(){
    lock( &m)
    writers++
    while ( _____ )
        cond_wait( &writer_cv, &m)

    writing++
    unlock( &m)

    // perform writing here

    lock( &m)
    writing--
    writers--

    wake up who here? (and how many)

    unlock( &m)
}

```

DEADLOCK

#2 Deadlock Definition:

#3 Coffman Conditions

Necessary? Y/N

Sufficient? Y/N

1

2

3

4

#4 Resource Allocation Graphs



Figure 1. Deadlocks; not to be confused with Dreadlocks.

Assume processes acquire locks in the order specified and release resources only when finished. Create a *resource allocation graph* to determine if and when there is deadlock.

When a process waits for a resource it will acquire an exclusive lock on resource as soon as no other process has an exclusive lock. Assume locks are fair (earliest waiting process obtains the lock).

Q1 Process 1 ("P1") requests Resource A & Resource B Process 2 requests C and B. Deadlock for P1? PR2?	
Q2 P1 requests A, B & C P2 requests B & C	
Q3 P1 requests A and B P2 requests B and C P3 requests B P4 requests C and B Deadlock for P1? P2? P3? P4?	
Q4 P1 requests A and B P2 requests B and C and D P4 requests D P3 requests B P1 requests C Deadlock for P1? P2? P3? P4?	
Q4 P1 requests A and B P2 requests B and C and D P4 requests D P3 requests B P1 releases B (assume P2 acquires B) P1 requests C Deadlock for P1? P2? P3? P4?	

#5 What is the Banker's Algorithm?

#6 Deadlock Avoidance

#7 Linux/Windows strategy for deadlock avoidance?