## Quiz 4

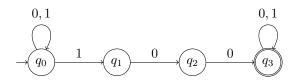


Figure 1: NFA N for problems 1 and 2

- 1. Consider the NFA N shown in Figure 1. Which of the following strings is *not* accepted by N?
  - (A) 001
  - (B) 001100
  - (C) 10011001
  - (D) 1001

Correct answer is (A)

- 2. The language recognized by NFA N (Figure 1) is
  - (A)  $\{w \in \{0,1\}^* \mid w \text{ has } 001 \text{ as a substring}\}\$
  - (B)  $\{w \in \{0,1\}^* \mid w \text{ has } 100 \text{ as a substring}\}$
  - (C)  $\{w \in \{0,1\}^* \mid w \text{ has } 1 \text{ in the third position from the end}\}\$
  - (D)  $\{w \in \{0,1\}^* \mid |w| \text{ is at least } 3\}$

Correct answer is (B)

- 3. Let  $N=(Q,\Sigma,\delta,q_0,F)$  be an NFA. Recall that  $\hat{\delta}_N:Q\times\Sigma^*\to 2^Q$  is a function that given a state q and string w returns the set of all states the N could be in after reading w from state q. Formally,  $\hat{\delta}_N(q,w)=\{q'\mid q\xrightarrow{w}_N q'\}$ . We can say that N accepts a string w iff
  - (A)  $\hat{\delta}_N(q_0, w) \in F$
  - (B)  $\hat{\delta}_N(q_0, w) = F$
  - (C)  $\hat{\delta}_N(q_0, w) \cap F \neq \emptyset$
  - (D)  $\hat{\delta}_N(q_0, w) \subseteq F$

Correct answer is (C)

- 4. Let M be an NFA that accepts  $\epsilon$ . Which of the following statements is necessarily true?
  - (A) The initial state of M is an accepting state.
  - (B) The initial state of M is not an accepting state.
  - (C) There is an NFA M' that recognizes the same language as M and has exactly one accepting state.
  - (D) None of the above

Correct answer is (C)

- 5. Let L be recognized by a DFA M and an NFA N. Which of the following statements is necessarily true?
  - (A) M and N are the exact same machines.
  - (B) M and N have the same number of states.
  - (C) N has transitions on  $\epsilon$ .
  - (D) There is an NFA N' that recognizes L which has the same number of states as M.

Correct answer is (D)