Fonction GET\_USER\_DIR :

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GET\_USER\_DIR(p\_current\_user in varchar2) RETURN VARCHAR2 AS

v\_dr number;

v\_current\_user varchar2(256):=trim(p\_current\_user);

v\_code\_dr number;

BEGIN

select dr\_id into v\_dr from gpi\_users where users\_gpi=v\_current\_user;

dbms\_output.put\_line('dir id= ' ||v\_dr);

select code\_dr into v\_code\_dr from DIRECTIONS where dr\_id= v\_dr;

dbms\_output.put\_line('v\_code\_dr= ' ||v\_code\_dr);

RETURN v\_code\_dr;

END GET\_USER\_DIR;

Appeler une fonction GET\_USER\_DIR avec param (:APP\_USER)

select GET\_USER\_DIR(:APP\_USER) from dual;

Pour Input Select :

Server-Side Condition :

Expression SQL :

Sql expression : GET\_USER\_DIR(:APP\_USER) = 0;

Pour InPut TextField (reed Only) :

Source : (select)

Type :

SQL Query (return single valu

Sql Query :

SELECT GET\_USER\_DIR(:APP\_USER) FROM DUAL;

Used

Only when current value in session state is null

Maintain Session State :

Per Session (Disk)

Default :

(select)

Server Side Condition :

Type :

Expression

Language :

PL/SQL

PL/SQL expression : GET\_USER\_DIR(:APP\_USER) !=0

Read Only

Type (Always)

Store value encrypted in session state (active)