

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Basic Rules Governing the Relationship Between the Customer and the Bank

1. Scope of and changes in these General Terms and Conditions and the Special Conditions for individual business relations

(1) Scope of application

The General Terms and Conditions govern the entire business relationship between the customer and the bank's domestic offices (hereinafter referred to as the "Bank"). In addition, particular business relations (securities transactions, payment services and savings accounts, for example) are governed by Special Conditions, which contain deviations from, or complements to, these General Terms and Conditions; they are agreed with the customer when the account is opened or an order is given. If the customer also maintains business relations with foreign offices, the Bank's lien (No. 14 of these General Terms and Conditions) also secures the claims of such foreign offices.

(2) Amendments

Any amendments of these General Terms and Conditions and the Special Conditions shall be offered to the customer in text form no later than two months before the proposed date of entry into force. If the customer has agreed an electronic communication channel (e.g. online banking) with the Bank within the framework of the business relationship, the amendments may also be offered through this channel. The customer may indicate either approval or disapproval of the amendments before their proposed date of entry into force. The amendments shall be deemed to have been approved by the customer, unless the customer has indicated disapproval before their proposed date of entry into force. The Bank shall expressly draw the customer's attention to this consequent approval in its offer.

If the customer is offered amendments of conditions governing payment services (e.g. conditions of credit transfers), the customer may also terminate the payment service framework contract free of charge with immediate effect before the proposed date of entry into force of the amendments. The Bank shall expressly draw the customer's attention to this right of termination in its offer.

2. Banking secrecy and information disclosure

(1) Banking secrecy

The Bank has the duty to maintain secrecy about any customer related facts and evaluations of which it may have knowledge (banking secrecy). The Bank may only disclose information concerning the customer if it is legally required to do so or if the customer has consented thereto or if the Bank is authorized to disclose banking affairs.

(2) Banking information disclosure

Any disclosure of details of banking affairs comprises statements and comments of a general nature concerning the economic status, the creditworthiness and solvency of the customer; no information shall be disclosed as to amounts of balances of accounts, of savings deposits, of securities deposits or of other assets entrusted to the Bank or as to amounts drawn under a credit facility.

(3) Prerequisites for the disclosure of banking information

The Bank shall be entitled to disclose banking affairs concerning legal entities and on businesspersons registered in the Commercial Register, provided that the inquiry relates to their business activities. The Bank shall not, however, disclose any information if it has received instructions to the contrary from the customer. Details of banking affairs concerning other persons, in particular private customers and associations, shall be disclosed by the Bank only if such persons have expressly agreed thereto, either generally or in an individual case. Details of banking affairs shall be disclosed only if the requesting party has substantiated its justified interest in the information requested and there is no reason to assume that the disclosure of such information would be contrary to the customer's legitimate concerns.

(4) Recipients of disclosed banking information

The Bank shall disclose details of banking affairs only to its own customers as well as to other credit institutions for their own purposes or those of their customers.