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The Willow Tree Book Class 1.03

Preface

The Willow Tree Book class is a simplified derivative of the memoir book class. I use it for my lecture notes. The document you are reading is in the Willow Tree Book class.

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Chapter 1

Use

Here is a typical book using the Willow Tree Book class:

```
\documentclass{willowtreebook}
\Title{Odyssey}
\Author{Homer}
\BibliographyFile{odyssey}
       % The name of the .bib file, without file extension.
\begin{document}
\chapter{Preface}
This is the preface to my book.
\afterpreface
\chapter{We meet Odysseus}
Tell me, O muse, of that ingenious hero
   % The rest of the text goes here.
Thus spoke Minerva, and Ulysses obeyed her gladly. Then Minerva assumed
the form and voice of Mentor, and presently made a covenant of peace
between the two contending parties.
\par\bigskip\noindent
THE END
       % End the document without loading the bibliography
       % or the index, or the list of notation.
\end{document}
```

Compile with latex or pdflatex.

Chapter 2

Definitions, Problems and Theorems

Definitions

We can define a term like hamster, or say that the term hamster appears again later.

Problems

2.1 What is the point of your life?

In problem 2.1, we can clearly see ...

Chapter 3

Citations

Our bibliography file looks like

```
@book {Homer:Iliad,
   AUTHOR = {Homer},
   TITLE = {The {I}liad},
   EDITION = {Third},
   NOTE = {An epic poem in dactylic hexameter, translated from the Greek by A. Guy},
   PUBLISHER = {McHaw-Grill Book Co., New Cork},
        YEAR = {1978},
        PAGES = {xi+331},
        ISBN = {0-07-000657-1},
}
```

We can cite works from the bibliography, like Homer [1], p. 12.

We can cite works from the bibliography, like Homer~\cite{Homer:Iliad}, p. 12.

Compile with bibtex.

Theorems

You have the usual theorem environments, like amsthm.

Theorem 3.1 (Pythagoras). In any triangle with sides of lengths $a, b, c, a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ just when the angle opposite the side of length c is a right angle.

```
\begin{theorem}{Pythagoras}\\ In any triangle with sides of lengths <math>\(a,b,c),\(a^2+b^2=c^2)\) just when the angle opposite the side of length \(c)\) is a right angle. \end{theorem}
```

6 Citations

Examples

I often want to present an example, and make clear where it starts and stops.

The integral

$$\int e^{x^2} x \, dx$$

is evaluated by substituting $u = x^2$, so

$$\int e^{x^2} x \, dx = \int e^u \frac{du}{2}.$$

```
\begin{example}
The integral
\[
\int e^{x^2}x\,dx
\]
is evaluated by substituting \(u=x^2\), so
\[
\int e^{x^2}x\,dx=\int e^u \frac{du}{2}.
\]
\end{example}
```

Preambles

We can put some LATEX code before the hints:

```
\RenewDocumentCommand\hintsPreamble{}{
\par\noindent{}
\textit{When you are describing, \\
A shape, or sound, or tint; \\
Don't state the matter plainly, \\
But put it in a hint; \\
And learn to look at all things, \\
With a sort of mental squint.}
\par\noindent{}---\ {Lewis Carroll}}
```

or before the bibliography:

```
\RenewDocumentCommand\bibliographyPreamble{}{
\par\noindent
\textit{If those books are in agreement with the Quran,
we have no need of them;
and if these are opposed to the Quran,
destroy them.}
\par\noindent{}---\ {Omar}}
```

Hints

When you are describing,
A shape, or sound, or tint;
Don't state the matter plainly,
But put it in a hint;
And learn to look at all things,
With a sort of mental squint.
— Lewis Carroll

2.1. Your life is pointless.

Bibliography

If those books are in agreement with the Quran, we have no need of them; and if these are opposed to the Quran, destroy them.

— Omar

[1] Homer, The Iliad, third ed., McHaw-Grill Book Co., New Cork, 1978, An epic poem in dactylic hexameter, translated from the Greek by A. Guy. $5\,$

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