

# A Mock

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## §1 P1

Let  $|U|, \sigma(U)$  denote the number of elements and the sum of elements of a set  $U$  (both 0 if empty set). Let  $S$  be a finite set of positive integers. Prove that the sum

$$\sum_{U \subseteq S} (-1)^{|U|} \binom{m - \sigma(U)}{|S|}$$

is same as the product of the integers for any  $m \geq \sigma(S)$ .

(Nasty Calculations are punishable offence but recycling questions are not.)

## §2 P2

Let  $g(n)$  be the greatest odd divisor of  $n$ . Prove that

$$0 < \left( \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{g(k)}{k} \right) - \frac{2n}{3} < \frac{2}{3}.$$

(Hint: Don't ignore the scope of telescope but you may ignore the pun.)

## §3 P3

For a positive integer  $n$ , denote by  $S(n)$  the number of choices of the sign + or - such that  $\pm 1 \pm 2 \pm 3 \dots \pm n = 0$ . Then prove that

$$S(n) = \frac{2^{n-1}}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos t \cos 2t \dots \cos nt dt$$

. (Hint: Use complex numbers if you want (you will need it trust me) and note that the problem is a combi problem( Yes! This is a hint) )

## §4 P4

Let  $P(z)$  be a polynomial of degree  $n$ , whose all zeroes have absolute value 1 in the complex plane. Set  $g(z) = \frac{P(z)}{z^{n/2}}$ . Show that all roots of the equation  $g'(z) = 0$  have absolute value 1.

**§5 P5**

Suppose that  $a, b, c > 0$  such that  $abc = 1$ . Prove that

$$\frac{ab}{ab + a^5 + b^5} + \frac{bc}{bc + b^5 + c^5} + \frac{ca}{ca + c^5 + a^5} \leq 1.$$

**§6 P6**

Find the maximum value of

$$\int_0^1 [f'(x)^2] |f(x)| \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

over all continuously differentiable functions  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ;  $f(0) = 0$ ;  $\int_0^1 [f'(x)]^2 dx \leq 1$ .

(Hint: Just follow what your heart is telling you. Believe in yourself ☺)

**§7 P7**

In a shop, there are infinitely many tickets with exactly one natural number written on each of them. Suppose, for any  $n \geq 1$ , there are  $n$  tickets exactly hosting a number  $d$  dividing  $n$ . For example if  $n = 6$  the number of tickets with their number belonging to  $\{1, 2, 3, 6\}$  is exactly 6. Show that

- (a) Every natural number occurs at least on one ticket and on a finite number of tickets.
  - (b) No number occurs exactly on 2023 tickets.
  - (c) Say,  $f(n)$  is the number of times  $n$  is appearing. Find a closed form of  $f(n)$  and find all  $n$  such that  $f(n)$  is odd.
- (Don't tell anyone if you know the source.)

**§8 P8**

Construct a triangle using straight-edge and compass with proof ,where two ex-centres and the in-center are given.

*Do not cheat yourself (though I don't care) and remember you are the BEST!*