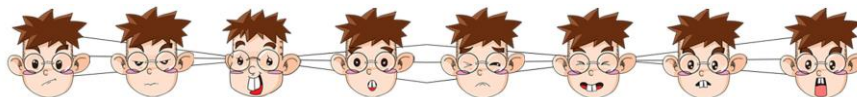


10. 时态

一般现在时、一般过去时、一般将来时

一、单项选择

- Father didn't tell me when he _____ back, but I'll call you as soon as he _____.
A. would come ... comes B. would come ... will come
C. will come ... will come D. will come ... comes
- This is my twin sister Lucy. Both she and I _____ good at drawing.
A. am B. is C. are D. was
- He _____ talking _____ he caught sight of Mr. Li.
A. stopped until B. didn't stop until
C. stopped since D. didn't stop since
- There _____ a change in their plan next week.
A. is B. will have C. have D. will be
- We need to inform everybody if _____ anything wrong with the new machine.
A. there is B. there will be C. it is D. it will be
- My cousin _____ programme computers when he was one fifteen.
A. is able to B. can C. was able to D. will be able to
- The train from Tianjin _____ an hour ago.
A. arrived B. has arrived C. was arriving D. arrived at
- A girl _____ the wallet and _____.
A. found; turns it in B. would find; has turned in it
C. found; turned it in D. has found; turned in it
- John never _____ the cooking at home.
A. do B. did C. is doing D. does
- How many lessons _____ he _____ in the morning?
A. do; has B. does; have C. do; have D. does; has
- I _____ sure that you _____ the exam.
A. am... pass B. am...will pass C. was...pass D. was...will pass

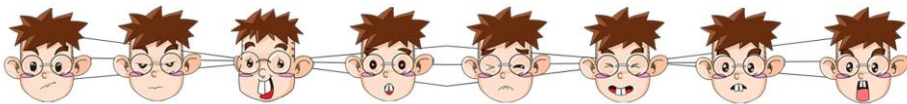


二、用所给词的正确形式填空。

1. --How did you learn to drive? --My father _____ (teach) me.
2. Mary _____ (advise) Tom to go to the dentist yesterday.
3. He turned off the light and then _____ (leave).
4. Xiao Li usually _____ (go) to school by bike last year.
5. He _____ (make) a fire and then cooked a meal.
6. All work and no play _____ (make) Jack a dull boy.
7. Millions of years ago, people _____ (not have) fire.
8. You _____ (catch) a cold if you _____ (not put) on your overcoat.
9. He _____ (graduate) from university in two weeks.
10. We _____ (become) close friends ten years ago.

三、句型转换。

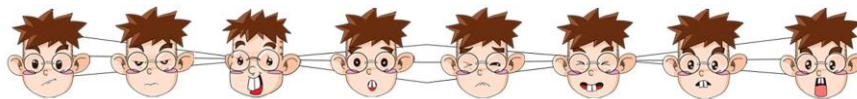
1. The shirt cost him much money. (改为否定句)
The shirt _____ him much money.
2. Joe had a toothache last week. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ Joe _____ a toothache last week?
3. We will buy a lot of books next weekend. (改为否定句)
We _____ books next week.
4. I am in the study now. (用 this morning 代替 now)
I _____ in the study this morning.
5. My teacher told me to try it again. (对划线部分提问)
_____ your teacher tell you to _____?
6. My father always starts work at five o'clock in the morning. (对划线部分提问) (HY)
_____ your father start work?
7. Mr. Liang does physical exercise every day. (改为否定句) (HY)
Mr. Liang _____ physical exercise every day.
8. My classmate has lunch at school. (改为否定句) (HY)
My classmate _____ lunch at school.



现在进行时、过去进行时

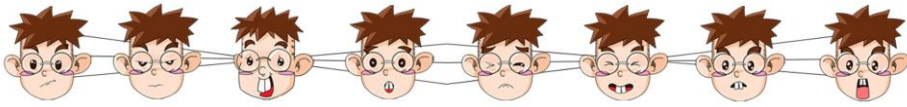
一、单项选择

1. The students _____ a topic on how to protect our earth when I entered. (LS)
 A. prepare B. will prepare C. were preparing D. are preparing
2. Alan took photos of his friends when they _____ with children in the orphanage (LS)
 A. had played B. played C. are playing D. were playing
3. Look! They _____ shells together in this photo. (YL)
 A. collect B. are collect C. collected D. are collecting
4. My father _____ his clothes, but he is repairing his car. (LS)
 A. doesn't wash B. isn't washing C. is washing D. wasn't washing
5. Be quiet! I am trying to hear what the man _____. (LS)
 A. is saying B. has said C. will say D. says
6. Don't talk with each other, the baby _____. (LS)
 A. was sleeping B. is sleeping C. was sleeping D. is sleeping
7. ---What is he doing now? ---He _____ a picture. (LS)
 A. draws B. drew C. is drawing D. was drawing
8. We _____ an English contest this time yesterday. (ZJ)
 A. had B. were having C. are having D. will have
9. My mother _____ dinner when I _____ home. (ZJ)
 A. was cooking...was getting B. was cooking...got
 C. cooked...was getting D. cooked...got
10. I _____ the blackboard but _____ nothing on it. (LS)
 A. looked at; saw B. have looked; saw
 C. saw; looked at D. was looking at; was seeing



现在完成时、过去完成时

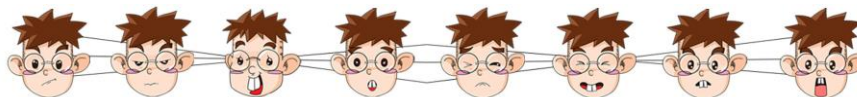
1. --- Where is your father? ---He _____ to Beijing to have a meeting. (HY)
A. has been B. went C. goes D. has gone
2. ---_____ you _____ anything for lunch today?
--- No, not yet. I'm going to have some noodles. (LS)
A. Did, have B. Have, had C. Do, have D. Will, have
3. How long has Kitty _____ the library? (LS)
A. been to B. been in C. gone to D. arrived at
4. David knows much about the city because he _____ there three times. (LS)
A. will go B. went C. has gone D. has been
5. ---Would you like another cup of coffee? (ZJ)
---No, thank you. I _____ enough.
A. had B. have had C. am having D. will have
6. How lovely your dog is! How long _____ you _____ it? (ZJ)
A. have...bought B. have...had C. did...buy D. did...have
7. We _____ close friends for more than ten years. (ZJ)
A. became B. were C. have become D. have been
8. --_____ you ever _____ a foreign country? (ZJ)
--Yes, I have. I _____ Germany last year.
A. Have...gone to, went to B. Have...been to, went to
C. Did...go to, have been to D. Did...go to, went to
9. She is ill. She _____ anything since yesterday. (ZJ)
A. didn't eat B. hasn't eaten C. doesn't eat D. hadn't eaten
10. We _____ each other for five years. (ZJ)
A. don't meet B. didn't meet C. haven't met D. hadn't met
11. "Where is John?" "He isn't here now. He _____ to the playground." (ZJ)
A. has gone B. has been C. was D. is
12. How Long have you _____ in the village. (ZJ)
A. arrived B. been C. gone D. come
13. Professor Zhang _____ Australia for four months. (ZJ)



- A. has been to B. has gone to C. has been in D. has gone
14. He _____ my sister in the last few months. (ZJ)
A. hasn't met B. didn't meet C. met D. meets
15. When we got to the theater, the play _____ for five minutes. (ZJ)
A. had started B. had been played C. had been put on D. had been on
16. By the time we got to the station, the train _____ already _____. (LS)
A. had, leave B. had, left C. have, left D. had, leaves
17. His nephew _____ the university for three years. (HY)
A. has gone to B. has been in C. came into D. has joined
18. I thought you _____ him before. (ZJ)
A. saw B. have seen C. had seen D. seeing
19. When we got to the theater, the play _____ for five minutes. (ZJ)
A. had started B. had been played C. had been put on D. had been on
20. Kevin _____ to work in his hometown after he graduated from university. (HY)
A. goes B. went C. will go D. had gone

二、用所给词的正确形式填空。

1. Mr. Smith _____ (just leave). He _____ (be) here just now. (ZJ)
2. Where is John? (ZJ)
--He _____ (go) to the library.
3. He _____ (visit) a lot of places since he _____ (come) to China last month. (ZJ)
4. ---How long _____ Tom _____ (learn) English? (ZJ)
---For five years.
5. He _____ (not smoke) for two weeks. He is trying to give it up. (ZJ)
6. I _____ (see) this film yesterday. (ZJ)
7. My mother _____ (be) away from here for a few days. (ZJ)
8. The train _____ (leave) when we got to the railway station. (ZJ)
9. Mother didn't leave the baby until he _____ (fall) asleep. (ZJ)
10. He told us that he _____ (ask) for leave the next week. (ZJ)
11. By last year, he _____ (change) three jobs. (ZJ)



三、句型转换

1. He has already been to the Botanical Garden. (改为否定句) (HY)

He _____ been to the Botanical Garden_____.

2. He's eaten a lot of sweet food, so he is fat now. (改为否定句) (HY)

He _____ eaten _____sweet food, so he isn't fat now.

3. She has already drawn the chart about the survey. (改为一般疑问句) (HY)

_____ she already drawn the chart about the survey _____?

4. The Smiths have been in Beijing since 2000. (对划线部分提问) (LS)

_____ have the Smiths _____ in Beijing?.

实际用时_____分钟 对_____题