

上海小初衔接必修课  
阶段测评

(本检测满分 100 分 建议用时 60 分钟)  
同学们可在本检测上作答后在 APP 上再次作答提交答案, 或在 APP 上直接作答。

I. 单项选择 (2' × 15 = 30')

- ( ) 1. It took Linda about 2 hours \_\_\_\_\_ the Shanghai Grand Theatre last Friday.  
A. to get to            B. getting to            C. got            D. got to
- ( ) 2. There is only \_\_\_\_\_ orange juice left. Please go and buy some.  
A. little            B. a little            C. few            D. a few
- ( ) 3. I don't like these T-shirts. Could you show me \_\_\_\_\_ one?  
A. other            B. others            C. the other            D. another
- ( ) 4. Alice used to \_\_\_\_\_ school before, but now she takes a bus to school.  
A. walk            B. walking            C. walked            D. walks
- ( ) 5. Don't be afraid of \_\_\_\_\_ questions if you don't understand what I've taught in today's lesson.  
A. raise            B. raised            C. raising            D. to raise
- ( ) 6. I can see children \_\_\_\_\_ kites in parks when it is a sunny day.  
A. flies            B. to fly            C. flying            D. flew
- ( ) 7. There \_\_\_\_\_ a festival about water in our school next week.  
A. is going to have    B. will have            C. is going to be            D. is going
- ( ) 8. There \_\_\_\_\_ an English contest in our school this afternoon.  
A. will have            B. will be            C. be            D. has

- ( ) 9. There is going to \_\_\_\_\_ a football match next week.  
A. be            B. have            C. has            D. do
- ( ) 10. \_\_\_\_\_ Tom \_\_\_\_\_ Peter are fond of watching TV.  
A. Not only; but also    B. Both; and            C. Either; or            D. Neither; nor
- ( ) 11. The students \_\_\_\_\_ some trees in the park once a year.  
A. plant            B. are planting            C. planted            D. have planted
- ( ) 12. Our teacher told us that light \_\_\_\_\_ much faster than sound.  
A. travelled            B. travels            C. is travelled            D. was travelling
- ( ) 13. — When \_\_\_\_\_ you come to Jinan?  
— Two years ago. I have been here for two years.  
A. do            B. will            C. did            D. were
- ( ) 14. Tom \_\_\_\_\_ the piano every day when he was 7 years old.  
A. plays            B. will play            C. played            D. are playing
- ( ) 15. Bob always \_\_\_\_\_ TV after school.  
A. watching            B. watch            C. watches            D. to watch

II. 按要求完成句子 (2' × 3 = 6')

1. Mary reads English every morning. ( 改为一般疑问句 )  
\_\_\_\_\_ Mary \_\_\_\_\_ English every morning?
2. At last, the case developed into a disaster. ( 改为否定句 )  
At last, the case \_\_\_\_\_ into a disaster.
3. Do you play basketball every week? ( 用 last week 改写句子 )  
\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ basketball last week?

III. 完形填空 (4' × 6 = 24')

Joan is spending her holiday in Scotland. Two days ago she sent a letter to Mary and today Mr. and Mrs. Black 1 a card from her.

"What does Joan say 2 her card, Mum? Let me have a look." Mary said.

Joan said in her card, "I have visited 3 places. How are you all? I miss you very much."

Mary stopped 4 the card and said. "The card is 5 shorter than the letter to me. Her letter was full of interesting things. Let me read it to you."

"I went to Edinburgh (爱丁堡) 6 train. I stayed there for three days and then went to the mountains. I met a lot of young people there. I had been to many famous lakes. I found Scotland is more beautiful than England. By the way, the restaurant was very nice and I made many new friends. I had a wonderful time."

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|------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| ( ) 1. A. heard  | B. received | C. accepted | D. saw     |
| ( ) 2. A. in     | B. on       | C. at       | D. over    |
| ( ) 3. A. a lot  | B. lot of   | C. lots of  | D. much    |
| ( ) 4. A. saying | B. speaking | C. telling  | D. reading |
| ( ) 5. A. many   | B. much     | C. more     | D. most    |
| ( ) 6. A. in     | B. on       | C. with     | D. by      |

IV. 首字母填空 (带首字母作答) (4' × 5 = 20')

There is a big shop near my home. People in the shop are very k1. They work hard all day. It opens at 8:00 in the morning. It c2 late in the evening. On Sunday morning, I like going shopping with my mother there. You can buy a lot of things in it. You can buy food, clothes, school things and m3 other things. But there are n4 English books there. So you can't buy any English books in the shop.

Now I'm in the clothing department (服装部) with my mother. My mother wants to buy a shirt f5 my father. Then we'd like to have a drink of milk.

1. k\_\_\_\_\_ 2. c\_\_\_\_\_ 3. m\_\_\_\_\_ 4. n\_\_\_\_\_ 5. f\_\_\_\_\_

V. 阅读理解 (4' × 5 = 20')

What is US kids' favourite day in October? It must be October 31, Halloween (万圣节)!

Halloween is a festival of "monsters (妖魔鬼怪)". It is a bit scary but also great fun. Children in the USA and Canada just love it. They dress up in scary clothes. They may wear a witch's black hat or a monster mask.

They knock on the doors of their neighbours and shout "trick or treat!" They ask for sweets and chocolate. If the neighbours don't give them the sweets, the kids play a trick on them.

A few hundred years ago, Halloween was a scary day. But now, it's a fun time for the whole family!



- ( ) 1. When is Halloween?  
A. October 31. B. November 31.  
C. September 31. D. December 31.
- ( ) 2. What does the underlined word "scary" probably mean?  
A. funny B. interesting C. great D. frightening
- ( ) 3. In which country do children love Halloween?  
A. In China and Japan. B. In US and Australia.  
C. In US and Canada. D. In Canada and UK.
- ( ) 4. On Halloween, children usually ask for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. sweets and toys B. chocolate and sweets  
C. chocolate and ice-cream D. sweets and books
- ( ) 5. Now Halloween is a \_\_\_\_\_ day for the children.  
A. sad B. happy C. useful D. frightening