

# Assignment 2 DS

```
/* _____ c
Assignment 2 - Data Structures
Insert (AtHead, AtLast, AtPos), Delete (AtHead, AtLast, AtPos), Display, Palindrome, Re
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node
{
    int data;
    struct Node *next;
};

struct Node *create_Node(int data)
{
    struct Node *new = (struct Node *)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    // head->next = new;
    new->data = data;
    new->next = NULL;
    return new;
}

void displayLL(struct Node *head)
{
    int i = 0;
    head = head->next;
    while (head != NULL & i < 10)
    {
        i++;
        printf("%dth element: %d \n", i, head->data);
        head = head->next;
    }
    printf("_____ \n");
```

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}
```

```
void insertAtLast(struct Node *head, int data)
```

```
{
```

```
    struct Node *new = (struct Node *)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
```

```
    struct Node *temp = head;
```

```
    while (temp->next != NULL)
```

```
    {
```

```
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
    temp->next = new;
```

```
    new->data = data;
```

```
    new->next = NULL;
```

```
    // return new;
```

```
}
```

```
void insertAtFirst(struct Node *head, int data)
```

```
{
```

```
    struct Node *new = (struct Node *)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
```

```
    new->next = head->next;
```

```
    head->next = new;
```

```
    new->data = data;
```

```
    // new->next = NULL;
```

```
    // return new;
```

```
}
```

```
void insertAtPos(struct Node *head, int pos, int data)
```

```
{
```

```
    struct Node *temp = head;
```

```
    struct Node *new = create_Node(data);
```

```
    int i = 0;
```

```
    while (i != 0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
    new->next = temp->next;
```

```
    temp->next = new;
```

```
}
```

```
void deleteAtFirst(struct Node *head)
```

```
{
```

```
    struct Node *temp = head->next;
```

```

    head->next = head->next->next;
    temp->next = NULL;
}

void deleteAtLast(struct Node *head)
{
    struct Node *temp = head;
    while (temp->next->next != NULL)
    {
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    temp->next = NULL;
}

void deleteAtPos(struct Node *head, int pos)
{
    struct Node *temp = head->next;
    // struct Node* new = create_Node(data);
    int i = 0;
    while (i != pos)
    {
        i++;
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    struct Node *p = temp->next;
    // new->next = temp->next;
    temp->next = p->next;
    p->next = NULL;
}

struct Node *reverse(struct Node *head)
{
    struct Node *prev = NULL;
    struct Node *current = head->next;
    struct Node *next = NULL;

    while (current != NULL)
    {
        next = current->next;
        current->next = prev;
        prev = current;
        current = next;
    }
}

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```

    }

    head->next = prev;
    displayLL(head);
}

int count(struct Node *head)
{
    int i = 0;
    while (head->next != NULL)
    {
        i++;
        head = head->next;
    }
    return i;
}

int isPalindrome(struct Node *head)
{
    struct Node *slow = head->next;
    struct Node *fast = head->next;
    struct Node *prev_slow = head;
    struct Node *mid = NULL;
    struct Node *second_half = NULL;
    int is_palindrome = 1;

    // Find the middle node of the Linked List
    while (fast != NULL && fast->next != NULL)
    {
        fast = fast->next->next;
        prev_slow = slow;
        slow = slow->next;
    }

    // If the length of the linked list is odd, move slow pointer one step ahead
    if (fast != NULL)
    {
        mid = slow;
        slow = slow->next;
    }

    // Reverse the second half of the Linked List

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second_half = slow;
prev_slow->next = NULL;
reverse(second_half);

// Compare the first half and the reversed second half of the Linked List
struct Node *p1 = head->next;
struct Node *p2 = second_half;
while (p1 != NULL && p2 != NULL)
{
    if (p1->data != p2->data)
    {
        is_palindrome = 0;
        break;
    }
    p1 = p1->next;
    p2 = p2->next;
}

// Reverse the second half back to its original order
reverse(second_half);
prev_slow->next = mid;
if (mid != NULL)
{
    mid->next = second_half;
}
else
{
    prev_slow->next = second_half;
}

return is_palindrome;
}

int main()
{
    printf("Starting program! \n");
    struct Node *head = (struct Node *)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    // head->data = 0;
    head->next = NULL;
    // struct Node *n1 = create_Node(8);
    // displayLL(head);
    // struct Node *n2 = create_Node(2);

```

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// displayLL(head);
// struct Node *n3 = create_Node(5);
// displayLL(head);

// insert at last
insertAtLast(head, 1);
insertAtLast(head, 2);
insertAtLast(head, 3);
insertAtLast(head, 4);
insertAtLast(head, 5);
displayLL(head);
deleteAtPos(head, 1);
displayLL(head);
// insert at first
insertAtFirst(head, 6);
displayLL(head);
deleteAtFirst(head);
displayLL(head);
deleteAtLast(head);
displayLL(head);
// reverse(head);
printf("Count: %d \n", count(head));
reverse(head);
// displayLL(head);
isPalindrome(head) ? printf("The LinkedList is a palindrome!") : printf("The Link

return 0;

```

## • Output

•

output

Starting program!

1th element: 1

2th element: 2

3th element: 3

4th element: 4

5th element: 5

---

1th element: 1

2th element: 2

3th element: 4

4th element: 5

---

1th element: 6

2th element: 1

3th element: 2

4th element: 4

5th element: 5

---

1th element: 1

2th element: 2

3th element: 4

4th element: 5

---

1th element: 1

2th element: 2

3th element: 4

---

Count: 3

1th element: 4

2th element: 2

3th element: 1

---

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The LinkedList is not a palindrome!

## 1 Linked Reference

Sep 3rd, 2024

- [[Assignment 2 DS]]

## ► Unlinked References

