

# 3d MFS Electrostatics, recap

Th. ① 11/9/23.

$K = \# \text{ bodies.}$

Want  $(I-L)\vec{\alpha} = 0$  where  $L = \frac{1}{N} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{1}^T$

what's  $\alpha$ ?  $I\mathbf{1} - \alpha \mathbf{1} \mathbf{1}^T \mathbf{1} = 0 \implies \alpha = \frac{1}{N}$

pick  $\alpha_0 = \frac{q_k}{N}$  so  $S\alpha_0$  is "completion pot."

$K=1$

Rep.  $u = S(I-L)\alpha + S\alpha_0$  (R)

solve  $[S(I-L) + L_r]\alpha = -S\alpha_0$  (\*)  
 $A_L$ , modified from  $A = S$ ,  $M \times N$ .

where  $L_r = \frac{1}{N} \mathbf{1}_M \mathbf{1}_N^T$

property of  $L_r$

i) let  $\alpha$  solve (\*), then eval (R) on  $\Gamma$ :  $u_p = S(I-L)\alpha + S\alpha_0 \stackrel{(*)}{=} -L_r \alpha = \text{const.}$

ii) By (R), flux  $\int_{\Gamma} u_n = \int_{\Gamma} n \cdot \nabla (S\alpha_0) = \sum \alpha_0 = \frac{1}{N}$  by constn. of  $\alpha_0$ .  
 since  $\sum (I-L)\alpha = 0$

iii) Finally, by (R),  $\Delta u = 0$  in ext.

i) & ii) & iii)  $\Rightarrow u$  solves elastostatic BVP.

(Multibody  $K > 1$ ):

$\alpha = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_K \end{bmatrix}$   $u = \sum_k S_k [I-L]\alpha_k + \alpha_{0k}$  where  $\alpha_{0k} = \frac{q_k}{N} \mathbf{1}_N$

stack vecs.

Solve ( $K=2$ ):

$S = 1\text{-body}, M \times N$ .

$\begin{bmatrix} S(I-L) + L_r & S_{12}(I-L) \\ S_{21}(I-L) & S(I-L) + L_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} S & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{01} \\ \alpha_{02} \end{bmatrix}$  (\*)

Lemma: i) holds:

Eval  $u|_{\Gamma_1} \stackrel{(*)}{=} S(I-L)\alpha_1 + S\alpha_{01} + S_{12}(I-L)\alpha_2 + S_{12}\alpha_{02} \stackrel{(*)}{=} -L_r \alpha_1$  which is const  $\Rightarrow$  RED.

$u_{0k} = \sum_k S_k \alpha_{0k}$

R-Precond: let  $\gamma_k = (S(I-L) + L_r)\alpha_k =: A_L \alpha_k$

then  $\begin{bmatrix} I & S_{12}(I-L)A_L^+ \\ S_{21}(I-L)A_L^+ & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1 \\ \gamma_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -u_{01} \\ -u_{02} \end{bmatrix}$

invec( $\gamma$ )<sub>k} =  $\gamma_k + \sum_{k' \neq k} S_{kk'}(I-L)A_L^+ \gamma_{k'}$</sub>

can read off voltage answers  $V_k = -\frac{1}{N} \sum \alpha_k$

Works! 7:29pm.

Can send in  $\{q_k\}$  output from Dir BVP with known  $V_k = k$ ,  $k=1 \dots K$ .  
 Check elastostatic recovers the same  $V_k$ .

(Sqr err?  $G = \frac{1}{4\pi r^2}$ ,  $\Delta G = \frac{1}{4\pi r^2}$ )

$q = CV$  (1-body) so  $q > 0 \Rightarrow v > 0$ .

\* show translucent contour 2d slices?