Q1. Write the output of following snippet

```
for num in range(8):
    print("Hello" * num)
```

Q2. Write the output of following snippets

Q3. Write the output of following snippets

Q4. Write the output of following snippets

```
exp = 4
base = 2
result = 1
for x in range(exp):
    result = base * result
print(result)
```

Q5. Write the output of following snippets

```
counter = 0
while(counter < 10):
  print(counter)
  counter = counter + 1
print('while loop ended')</pre>
```

Q6. Trace the execution of the following code and determine the output:

```
def multiply(a, b):
    if b == 0:
        return 0
    elif b % 2 == 0:
        recursive_result = multiply(a, b // 2)
        return recursive_result + recursive_result
    else:
        recursive_result = multiply(a, b // 2)
        return a + recursive_result + recursive_result

result = multiply(3, 5)
print(result)
```

```
Q7. Walk through the code and determine the output of the program:
def fibonacci(n):
  if n <= 1:
    return n
  else:
    return fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2)
num terms = 6
fib_sequence = [fibonacci(i) for i in range(num_terms)]
print(fib_sequence)
Q8. Trace the execution of the code and determine the final value of product:
def calculate_product(numbers):
  if len(numbers) == 1:
    return numbers[0]
  else:
    recursive result = calculate product(numbers[1:])
    return numbers[0] * recursive_result
data = [2, 3, 4, 5]
product = calculate product(data)
print(product)
Q9. Walk through the code and determine the output of the program:
def merge sort(arr):
  if len(arr) <= 1:
    return arr
  mid = len(arr) // 2
  left = merge sort(arr[:mid])
  right = merge_sort(arr[mid:])
  merged = []
  i, j = 0, 0
  while i < len(left) and j < len(right):
    if left[i] < right[j]:</pre>
      merged.append(left[i])
      i += 1
    else:
      merged.append(right[j])
      j += 1
  merged.extend(left[i:])
  merged.extend(right[j:])
  return merged
data = [9, 3, 7, 1, 5]
sorted_data = merge_sort(data)
```

```
print(sorted_data)
```

```
Q10. Trace the execution of the code and determine the final value of result:
def power(base, exponent):
  if exponent == 0:
    return 1
  elif exponent \% 2 == 0:
    recursive_result = power(base, exponent // 2)
    return recursive result * recursive result
  else:
    recursive_result = power(base, exponent // 2)
    return base * recursive_result * recursive_result
result = power(2, 5)
print(result)
Q11. Write the output of following snippets
def merge dicts(dict1, dict2):
  result = dict1.copy()
  for key, value in dict2.items():
    if key in result and isinstance(result[key], dict) and isinstance(value, dict):
       result[key] = merge dicts(result[key], value)
    else:
      result[key] = value
  return result
dict1 = {'a': 1, 'b': {'c': 2}}
dict2 = {'b': {'d': 3}, 'e': 4}
merged_dict = merge_dicts(dict1, dict2)
print(merged dict)
Q12. Write the output of following snippets
def count_values(dictionary):
  value_count = {}
  for value in dictionary.values():
    if isinstance(value, dict):
       nested_count = count_values(value)
      for key, count in nested count.items():
         value_count[key] = value_count.get(key, 0) + count
    else:
       value_count[value] = value_count.get(value, 0) + 1
  return value count
data = {'a': 1, 'b': {'c': 1, 'd': {'e': 2}}, 'f': 2}
value_counts = count_values(data)
print(value_counts)
```

Q13. Write the output of following snippets

Perform the following operations step by step:

- A. Access the element 5 in the nested list.
- B. Change the value of 8 to 10.
- C. Append a new sublist [11, 12, 13] to the end of the nested list.
- D. Print the updated nested list.