实验二:分布式数据库数据库数据查询

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1、	实验	环址	竟安装情况 (用☑替	换口即可)			
	a)	\square	自安装环境	□高校邦系		5者,以下三个	不用回答)
	b)		单机	☑多机			
	c)		单数据库实例	☑两个数据	居库实例	□多个数据库	实例
	d)	\square	同类型数据库实例	□两个类型	型数据库实例	□多类型数据	库实例
	e)		Mycat	✓ Sharding	Sphere		
	f)	\square	MySQL	□OpenGau	ISS	□其他	
2、	实验	內	容				
	a)	针	对实验运行环境(用	☑替换□即	可)		
		2 1	命令行下进行实验	□Java 应用	月程序进行实验	□Python 应用	程序进行实验
			其他				
	b)	针	对实验一的学生表 S	tu、课程表(Cou 和学生选课:	表 SC,继续插入	入一些数据,尽量
		贴	合实际,以备后续查	询使用,插	入数据之后完成	过如下查询:	
		利	用 Count () 函数查·	询整个库中	每个表的元组数	0	
		能	否实现: ☑能		□不能(如果	具可以完成下表)
	表		整个库(Mycat 或 S	ShardingSph	ere)		
	Stu		SQL 语句: select C	ount(*) from	n wenjw_Stu;		
			结果(截图):				
			mysql>	select	count(*)	from wenj	w_Stu;
			+	+			
			count	(*)			
			1	6			
			+	+			
			1 row i	n set (0.10 sec)		
	Cou	ı	SQL 语句: select C	ount(*) from	n wenjw_Cou;		
			结果(截图):				
			mysql>	select	count(*)	from wenj	w_Cou;
			+	+			
			count	(*)			
			+	0 1			
			1	8			
				10	0.00 sec)		
	SC		SQL 语句: select C				
			好田 (科 图)	() 21311	J ~ ~ ,		

```
mysql> select count(*) from wenjw_SC;
+-----+
| count(*) |
+-----+
| 30 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.05 sec)
```

利用 Count () 函数查询每个库中每个表的元组数。

```
表
       数据库1
                                           数据库2
                                           SQL 语句:
       SQL 语句:
Stu
                                           select Count(*) from wenjw Stu1;
       select Count(*) from wenjw Stu0;
       结果(截图):
                                           结果(截图):
       mysql> select count(*) from wenjw Stu0;
                                           MySQL [wenjw db1]> select count(*) from wenjw Stu1;
                                           +----+
       count(*)
                                            count(*)
       +-----
                                           +-----
          3
                                                 3
       1 row in set (0.01 sec)
                                           1 row in set (0.00 sec)
Cou
       SQL 语句:
                                           SQL 语句:
       select Count(*) from wenjw Cou;
                                           select Count(*) from wenjw Cou;
       结果(截图):
                                           结果(截图):
                                           MySQL [wenjw_db1]> select count(*) from wenjw_Cou;
       mysql> select count(*) from wenjw Cou;
        count(*)
                                            count(*)
                                           +----+
          8
       +----+
       1 row in set (0.00 sec)
                                           1 row in set (0.00 sec)
SC
       SQL 语句:
                                           SQL 语句:
       select Count(*) from wenjw SC0;
                                           select Count(*) from wenjw SC1;
       结果(截图):
                                           结果(截图):
                                           MySQL [wenjw_db1]> select count(*) from wenjw SC1;
       mysql> select count(*) from wenjw SCO;
                                            ----+
        count(*)
                                            count(*)
       +----+
                                           +----+
            15
                                                 15 |
       +----+
                                             -----+
       1 row in set (0.00 sec)
                                           1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

表	整个库(Mycat 或 ShardingSphere)	
SC	SQL 语句:	

update wenjw SC set Grade = Grade * 1.2 where Grade < 60; 结果(截图): sql 语句执行如下图所示: mysql> update wenjw SC set Grade = Grade * 1.2 where Grade < 60; Query OK, 7 rows affected (0.08 sec) 下面左右分别为 update 前后的 wenjw SC 表内容: mysql> select * from wenjw_SC; mysql> select * from wenjw SC; | Sno | Cno | Grade | Sno Cno | Grade | -----+ ----+ 2006 | 12013 | 88.0 | 2006 | 12013 | 88.0 2006 | 12014 | 96.0 | 2006 | 12014 | 96.0 2006 | 12015 | 87.0 2006 | 12015 | 87.0 2006 12016 92.0 2006 12016 92.0 2006 2006 12018 | 100.0 12018 100.0 2102 12011 65.0 2102 12011 65.0 2102 12013 55.0 | 2102 12013 j 66.0 2102 12015 59.0 70.8 2102 12015 58.0 | 2102 12016 2102 12016 69.6 2102 2102 12017 60.0 12017 60.0 2104 12014 79.0 79.0 2104 12014 12015 80.0 2104 2104 12015 80.0 2104 12016 73.0 | 2104 73.0 12016 2104 12017 66.0 2104 12017 66.0 12018 85.0 j 2104 2104 12018 | 85.0 2005 12012 70.0 2005 12012 70.0 2005 2005 12013 75.0 12013 75.0 2005 12014 81.0 2005 12014 81.0 2005 12016 I 68.0 i 2005 68.0 12016 2005 12018 58.0 2005 12018 69.6 2101 12011 100.0 2101 12011 100.0 12012 2101 100.0 j | 2101 12012 100.0 | 2101 2101 12013 100.0 12013 100.0 12014 | 100.0 2101 2101 12014 100.0 2101 12018 | 100.0 | 2101 100.0 12018 2103 12012 60.0 j 2103 12012 60.0 2103 | 12013 | 15.0 2103 12013 18.0 12015 2103 55.0 2103 12015 66.0 2103 2103 12017 66.0 12017 66.0 2103 | 12018 | 55.0 | 2103 | 12018 | 66.0 30 rows in set (0.06 sec) 30 rows in set (0.05 sec)

d) 针对实验一的学生表 Stu、课程表 Cou 和学生选课表 SC,完成如下查询: 查询课程名为<u>人工智能</u>的所有学生的学号、姓名和成绩(Stu、SC 和 Cou 三表连接,要求按照成绩进行降序排序)。

表	整个库(Mycat 或 ShardingSphere)	
不用 Join	能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续)	
关键字	SQL 语句: select wenjw_Stu.sno, wenjw_Stu.sname, wenjw_SC.grade from	
	wenjw_Stu, wenjw_Cou, wenjw_SC where wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.sno	
	and wenjw_Cou.Cno = wenjw_SC.Cno and wenjw_Cou.Cname = '人工智能	
	' order by Grade desc;	
	结果(截图):	

mysql> select wenjw_Stu.sno, wenjw_Stu.sname, wenjw_SC.grad e from wenjw_Stu, wenjw_Cou, wenjw_SC where wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw SC.sno and wenjw Cou.Cno = wenjw SC.Cno and wenjw Co u.Cname = '人工智能' order by Grade desc; | sno | sname | grade | +----+-----| 2101 | 温家伟 | 100.0 | | 2005 | 秋晓荷 | 70.0 | | 2103 | 毛假发 | 60.0 | 3 rows in set (0.07 sec) 使用 Inner 能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续) Join SQL 语句: select wenjw Stu.sno, wenjw Stu.sname, wenjw SC.grade from wenjw Stu inner join wenjw SC on wenjw Stu.sno = wenjw SC.sno inner join wenjw Cou on wenjw Cou.cno = wenjw SC.cno where wenjw Cou.cname = '人工智能' order by Grade desc; 结果(截图): mysql> select wenjw Stu.sno, wenjw Stu.sname, wenjw SC.grad e from wenjw_Stu inner join wenjw_SC on wenjw_Stu.sno = wen jw_SC.sno inner join wenjw_Cou on wenjw_Cou.cno = wenjw_SC. cno where wenjw Cou.cname = '人工智能' order by Grade desc; +----+ | sno | sname | grade | +----+ | 2101 | 温家伟 | 100.0 | | 2005 | 秋晓荷 | 70.0 | | 2103 | 毛假发 | 60.0 | 3 rows in set (0.04 sec) 使用 Left 能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续) Join SQL 语句: select wenjw Stu.sno, wenjw Stu.sname, wenjw SC.grade from wenjw Stu left join wenjw SC on wenjw Stu.sno = wenjw SC.sno left join wenjw Cou on wenjw Cou.cno = wenjw SC.cno where wenjw Cou.cname ='人工智能' order by wenjw_SC.grade desc; 结果(截图): mysql> select wenjw_Stu.sno, wenjw_Stu.sname, wenjw_SC.grad e from wenjw_Stu left join wenjw_SC on wenjw_Stu.sno = wenj w SC.sno left join wenjw Cou on wenjw Cou.cno = wenjw SC.cn o where wenjw_Cou.cname = '人工智能' order by wenjw_SC.grad e desc; +----+ | sno | sname | grade | ----+----+ | 2101 | 温家伟 | 100.0 | 2005 | 秋晓荷 70.0 | 2103 | 毛假发 | 60.0 | 3 rows in set (0.07 sec) 使用 Right 能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续) Join SQL 语句: select wenjw Stu.sno, wenjw Stu.sname, wenjw SC.grade from wenjw SC right join wenjw Stu on wenjw Stu.sno = wenjw SC.sno right join wenjw Cou on wenjw Cou.cno = wenjw SC.cno where

wenjw Cou.cname = '人工智能' and wenjw SC.sno is not null order by wenjw SC.grade desc; 结果(截图): mysql> select wenjw Stu.sno, wenjw Stu.sname, wenjw SC.grad e from wenjw SC right join wenjw Stu on wenjw Stu.sno = wen jw_SC.sno right join wenjw_Cou on wenjw_Cou.cno = wenjw_SC. cno where wenjw Cou.cname = '人工智能' and wenjw SC.sno is not null order by wenjw_SC.grade desc; +----+ | sno | sname | grade | +----+ 2101 | 温家伟 | 100.0 | 70.0 2005 | 秋晓荷 | 2103 | 毛假发 | 60.0 | 3 rows in set (0.05 sec)使用 能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续) Outer Join SQL 语句: select wenjw Stu.sno, wenjw Stu.sname, wenjw SC.grade from wenjw Stu left outer join wenjw SC on wenjw Stu.sno = wenjw SC.sno left outer join wenjw Cou on wenjw Cou.cno = wenjw SC.cno where wenjw Cou.cname = '人工智能' order by wenjw_SC.grade desc; 结果(截图): mysql> select wenjw_Stu.sno, wenjw_Stu.sname, wenjw_SC.grad
e from wenjw_Stu left outer join wenjw_SC on wenjw_Stu.sno
= wenjw_SC.sno left outer join wenjw_Cou on wenjw_Cou.cno = wenjw SC.cno where wenjw Cou.cname = '人工智能' order by w enjw SC.grade desc; +----+ | sno | sname | grade | --+-----+ 2101 | 温家伟 | 100.0 | 70.0 2005 | 秋晓荷 | 2103 | 毛假发 | 60.0 | +----+ 3 rows in set (0.04 sec)

查询课号为_____的所有学生的学号、姓名和成绩(Stu 和 SC 两表连接,要求按照成绩进行降序排序)。

;	整个库(Mycat 或 ShardingSphere)			
	不用 Join	能否实现: ☑能	□不能(如果可以完成后续)	
	关键字	SQL 语句: select wenjw_Stu.Sno, Sname, Grade from wenjw_Stu,		
		wenjw_SC where wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.Sno and wenjw_SC.Cno =		
		'12011' order by Grade desc;		
		结果(截图):		

	mysql> select wenjw_Stu.Sno, Sname, Grade from wenjw_Stu, w enjw_SC where wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.Sno and wenjw_SC.Cno = '12011' order by Grade desc; ++ Sno Sname Grade ++ 2101 温家伟 100.0 2102 金娇薄 65.0 ++ 2 rows in set (0.05 sec)
使用 Inner	能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续)
Join	SQL 语句: select wenjw_Stu.Sno, Sname, Grade from wenjw_Stu inner join
	wenjw_SC on wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.Sno where wenjw_SC.Cno =
	'12011' order by grade desc;
	结果(截图):
	<pre>mysql> select wenjw_Stu.Sno, Sname, Grade from wenjw_Stu in ner join wenjw_SC on wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.Sno where wen jw_SC.Cno = '12011' order by grade desc; ++</pre>
	Sno Sname Grade
	++ 2101 温家伟
	2 rows in set (0.04 sec)
使用 Left	能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续)
Join	SQL 语句:
	结果(截图):
	select wenjw_Stu.Sno, Sname, Grade from wenjw_Stu left join wenjw_SC
	on wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.Sno and wenjw_SC.Cno = '12011' and
	wenjw_SC.Grade is not null where wenjw_SC.Grade is not null order by
	<pre>grade desc; mysql> select wenjw_Stu.Sno, Sname, Grade from wenjw_Stu le ft join wenjw_SC on wenjw_Stu.Sno = wenjw_SC.Sno and wenjw_ SC.Cno = '12011' and wenjw_SC.Grade is not null where wenjw _SC.Grade is not null order by grade desc; ++</pre>
	Sno Sname
使用 Right	2 rows in set (0.04 sec)
Join	SQL 语句: select wenjw Stu.sno, sname, grade from wenjw SC right join
30111	wenjw Stu on wenjw Stu.sno = wenjw SC.sno and wenjw SC.cno =
	'12011' where wenjw SC.grade is not null order by grade desc;
	结果(截图):
	沿水、鉄口/;

	mysql> select wenjw_Stu.sno, sname, grade from wenjw_SC rig ht join wenjw_Stu on wenjw_Stu.sno = wenjw_SC.sno and wenjw _SC.cno = '12011' where wenjw_SC.grade is not null order by grade desc; ++ sno sname		
使用	能否实现: ☑能 □不能(如果可以完成后续)		
Outer Join	SQL 语句:		
	select wenjw_Stu.sno, sname, grade from wenjw_SC right outer join		
	wenjw_Stu on wenjw_Stu.sno = wenjw_SC.sno and		
	wenjw_SC.cno = '12011' where wenjw_SC.grade is not null or		
	der by grade desc;结果(截图):		
	mysql> select wenjw_Stu.sno, sname, grade from wenjw_SC rig ht outer join wenjw_Stu on wenjw_Stu.sno = wenjw_SC.sno and wenjw_SC.cno = '12011' where wenjw_SC.grade is not null or der by grade desc; ++ sno sname grade ++ 2101 温家伟 100.0 2102 金娇薄 65.0 ++		