

Introduction to Cleaning Data in R

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2020-03-19

Data Science Process: Collect >> Clean >> Analyze >> Report

What we'll cover in this course:

1. Exploring raw data
2. Tidying data
3. Preparing data for analysis
4. Putting it all together

```
# View the first 6 rows of data
head(weather)
```

```
# View the last 6 rows of data
tail(weather)
```

```
# View a condensed summary of the data
str(weather)
```

Exploring RAW data:

1. Understanding the structure of your data

```
# Load the lunch data
```

```
lunch <- read.csv("datasets/lunch_clean.csv")
```

- **class()** - Class of data object

```
# View its class
```

```
class(lunch)
```

```
> "data.frame"
```

- **dim()** - Dimension of data

```
# View its dimensions
```

```
dim(lunch)
```

```
> 46 7
```

- **names()** - Column names

```
# Look at the column names
```

```
names(lunch)
```

```
> "year" "avg_free" ... "perc_free_red"
```

- **str()** - Preview of data with helpful details

```
str(lunch) # provides dataframe row & columns, column's names, datatype and heading records
```

```
# Load dplyr
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

- **glimpse()** - Better version of str() from dplyr

```
# View structure of lunch, the dplyr way
```

```
glimpse(lunch)
```

- **summery()** - Summary of data

```
# View a summary
```

```
summary(lunch)
```

2. Looking at your data

3. Visualize your data