# Distributed Computing for Data Science- Assignment #1 Due: Tuesday, February 23rd

This assignment is intended to provide students with increased familiarity with writing map-reduce algorithms.

You will be running your programs on a toy example (the first 10 chapters of a book by my favorite author) using a standalone (not-distributed) installation of Hadoop.

I have made you each an account on hadoop1 (10.10.11.67). Your username is your first name. Your initial password was given to you during class.

I am in the process of making more machines available with a hadoop installation. I will post details on the Moodle in the near future.

You can also find on Moodle the datafile for use in this assignment.

## Problem # 1:

Write a map-reduce program to count the total number of each of the 5 vowels (A, E, I, O, U) in the data file.

## Problem #2:

**Part A)** What word most often ends a sentence? (That is, appears immediately before a period, question mark or exclamation point)

**Part B)** How many different words appear at the end of a sentence?

#### Problem #3:

Part A) Which word occurs most frequently in the datafile?

**Part B)** Which word most commonly follows the word "the"? (You may ignore occurrences of "the" at the very end of a line.)

Part C) Which word has the largest number of distinct words that follow it?

# Problem #4:

**Part A)** Write a map-reduce program to determine the average (mean) number of vowels in a word.

**Part B)** Modify your map-reduce program to also determine the average (mean) number of vowels in a line. That is, create a single map-reduce job that outputs both averages (vowels per word and vowels per line).

#### Problem #5:

**Part A)** Implement a Linear Regression to model word length as a linear function of number of vowels. (<Word Length> = A \* <Number of Vowels> + B)

**Part B)** Calculate the average squared residual for your model. (That is, what is the average squared deviation of the data from your model.)

**Part C)** Consider an alternative model that hypothesizes that Word Length is a linear function of the square root of the number of vowels. (<Word Length> = A \* <Sq Root of Number of Vowels> + B)

**Part D)** Compare the average squared residual for the two models.