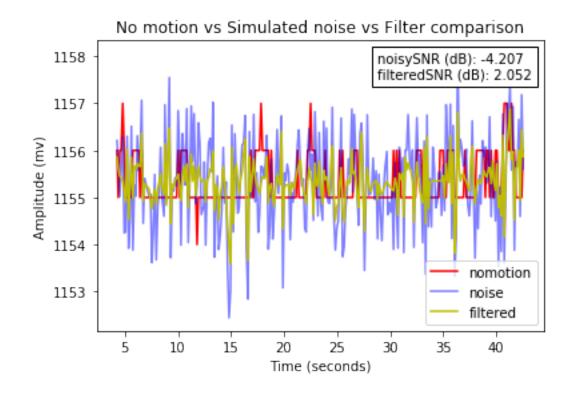
## extract\_nomotion

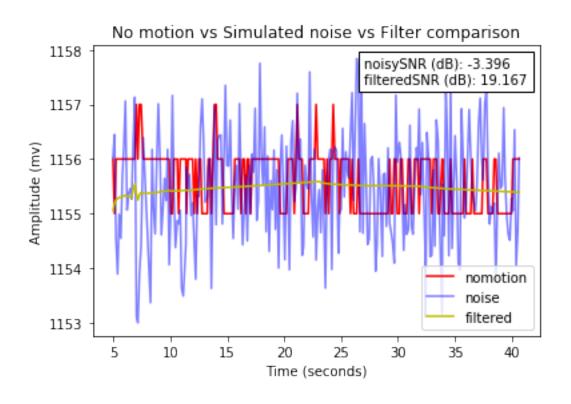
## April 27, 2017

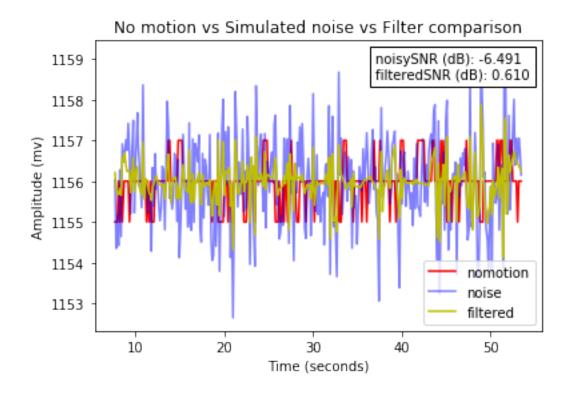
```
In [167]: %matplotlib inline
          import os
          import sys
          import pywt
          import math
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from matplotlib.offsetbox import AnchoredText
          # filtering function definitions
          def mad(data, axis=None):
              # median absolute deviation
              return np.median(np.absolute(data - np.median(data,axis)), axis)
          def waveletSmooth(signal, wavelet, level=1):
              # returns y a rectified and smoothed signal
              # multilevel wavelet decomposition generates coefficients
              coeff = pywt.wavedec(signal, wavelet, mode="per") #by default last axis is used
              # calc a threshold to exclude outliers beyond one median absolute deviation of gar
              sigma = mad(coeff[-level])
              signal_len = len(signal)
              threshold = sigma * np.sqrt(2*np.log(signal_len))
              # Note: alternative distance metrics can be used to vary the threshold
              coeff[1:] =(pywt.threshold(i , value=threshold, mode="soft") for i in coeff[1:])
              #reconstruct signal
              y = pywt.waverec(coeff, wavelet, mode="per")
              return y
          def rms(data):
              # returns the root mean squared amplitude of the data
              baseline = np.median(data)
              return np.sqrt(((data - baseline)**2).mean())
          def signal_to_noise(signal, noise):
```

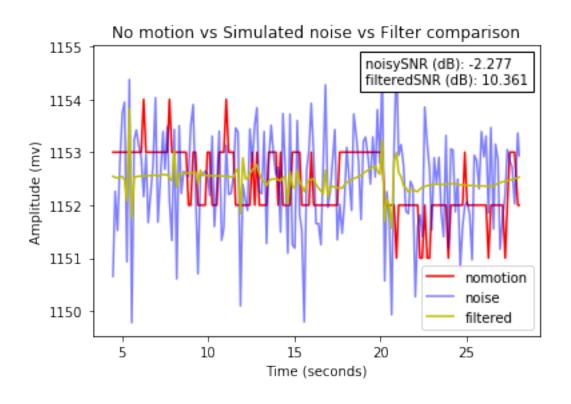
```
# returns the signal to noise ratio
              # assumption: Equal impedance
              Asignal = rms(signal)
              Anoise = rms(noise)
              if Anoise == 0:
                  SNRdb = float('nan')
                  SNRdb = 10*math.log10((Asignal/Anoise)**2)
              return SNRdb
In [175]: # no motion signal vs simulated noise added to signal vs filtered signal analysis
          # Author: Anna Lu
          # Modified: April 27, 2017
          cwd = os.getcwd() + "\\"
          nomotion_signal_path = cwd
          for filename in os.listdir(nomotion_signal_path):
              signal = []
              if (filename.endswith('.nir')):
                  ### fetch data as matrix from file
                  data = np.genfromtxt(cwd + filename, delimiter=',')
                  num_col = (data.shape[1])
                  data = np.array(data[0:].T, dtype=np.float64)
                  time = data[0]
                  ### simulate addition of gaussian noise
                  # select arbitrary nir column from a single wavelength to analyze
                  col = 18
                  datamean = np.nanmean(data[col])
                  noise = np.random.normal(datamean, 1, np.size(data[1:]))
                      # datamean is the mean of the normal distribution scaled to center of data
                      # 1 is the standard deviation of the normal distribution
                      # sqauared size of data = number of elements
                  # reshape and add to data except time
                  noise = np.reshape(noise, data[1:].shape)
                  # scale noise by small number epsilon
                  noisydata = data[1:] + noise #* sys.float_info.epsilon
                  ### wavlet filter
```

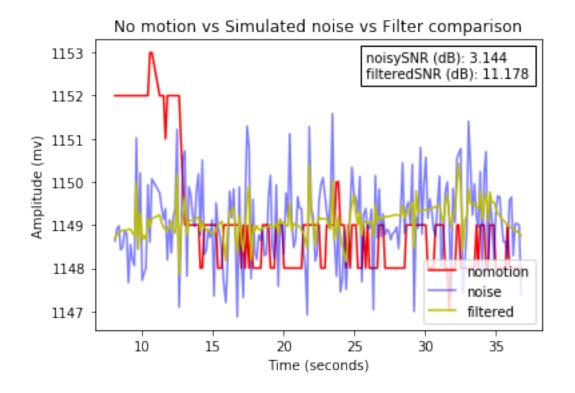
```
wavelet_type = 'db2' # Two decomposition discrete Daubechies wavelet mapping
#noisydataCOL = np.array(noisydata[col], dtype=np.float64)
filtdata = waveletSmooth(noisydata[col], wavelet_type, level=5) # smoothing le
# correct dimension mismatch
if(np.shape(filtdata) != np.shape(noisydata[col])):
    filtdata = filtdata[:-1]
# Signal to noise ratio calculations
# raw no motion data with simulated gaussian noise
noisySNR = signal_to_noise(data[col], noisydata[col])
# filtered signal
filtSNR = signal_to_noise(data[col], filtdata)
SNR_report = ('noisySNR (dB): %.3f\nfilteredSNR (dB): %.3f' %(noisySNR, filtSN
# visualize no motion vs simulated noise vs filter
comp = 'No motion vs Simulated noise vs Filter comparison'
f, ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
plt.title(comp)
plt.ylabel('Amplitude (mv)')
plt.xlabel('Time (seconds)')
p1, = plt.plot(time, data[col], color='r', label='nomotion')
p2, = plt.plot(time, noisydata[col], color='b', alpha=0.5, label='noise')
p3, = plt.plot(time, filtdata, color='y', label='filtered')
\#plt.annotate(SNR\_report, xy=(1.05, 0.8))
txt = AnchoredText(SNR_report, loc=1)
ax.add_artist(txt)
plt.legend(handles=[p1, p2, p3], loc=4)
plt.show()
```

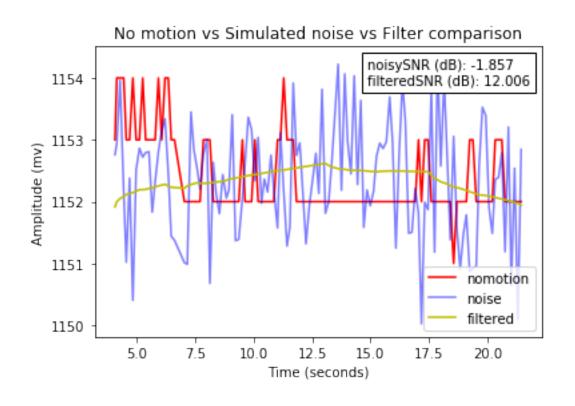


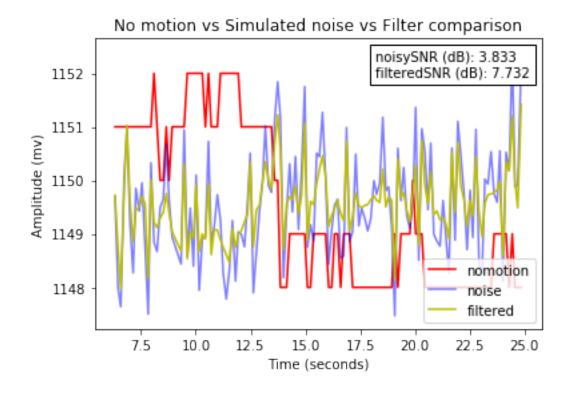


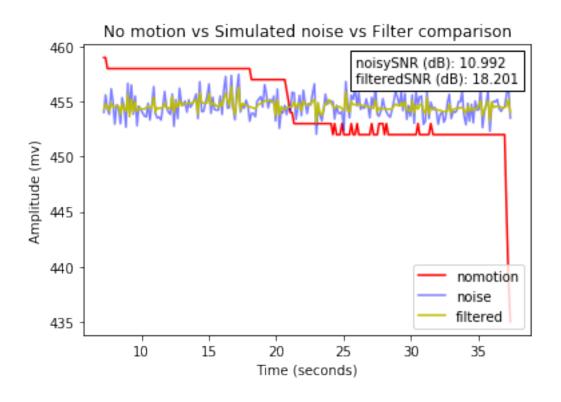












ValueError Traceback (most recent call last) <ipython-input-175-93ef04b7b2cf> in <module>() # Signal to noise ratio calculations # raw no motion data with simulated gaussian noise 46 ---> 47 noisySNR = signal\_to\_noise(data[col], noisydata[col]) # filtered signal 48 filtSNR = signal\_to\_noise(data[col], filtdata) 49 <ipython-input-167-d3285d62036b> in signal\_to\_noise(signal, noise) 46 SNRdb = float('nan') 47 else: ---> 48 SNRdb = 10\*math.log10((Asignal/Anoise)\*\*2) 49 return SNRdb ValueError: math domain error In []: In []: