

Match these words from the text (1–9) with the correct meanings (a–i).

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 software (c) | a the brain of the computer |
| 2 peripherals (f) | b physical parts that make up a computer system |
| 3 main memory (g) | c programs which can be used on a particular computer system |
| 4 hard drive (also known as hard disk) (h) | d the information which is presented to the computer |
| 5 hardware (b) | e results produced by a computer |
| 6 input (d) | f input and output devices connected to the CPU |
| 7 ports (i) | g section that holds programs and data while they are executed or processed |
| 8 output (e) | h magnetic device used to store information |
| 9 central processing unit (CPU) (a) | i sockets into which an external device may be connected |

Different types of computer

Listen to an extract from an ICT class. As you listen, label the pictures (a–e) with words from the box.

laptop

desktop PC

PDA

mainframe

tablet PC



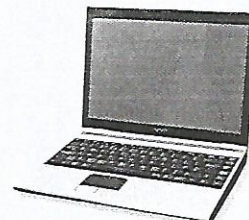
a

desktop PC



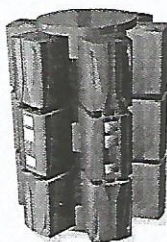
b

tablet PC



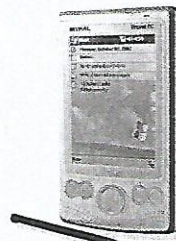
c

laptop



d

mainframe



e

PDA

Personal digital assistant.

Listen again and decide whether these sentences are true or false. Correct the false ones.

- A mainframe computer is less powerful than a PC. *false.*
- A mainframe is used by large organizations that need to process enormous amounts of data. *True.*
- The most suitable computers for home use are desktop PCs. *True.*
- A laptop is not portable. *false.*
- Laptops are not as powerful as desktop PCs. *false.*
- Using a stylus, you can write directly onto the screen of a tablet PC. *True.*
- A Personal Digital Assistant is small enough to fit into the palm of your hand. *True.*
- A PDA does not allow you to surf the Web. *false.*