Outliers: are the extreme values for the specific column wich affects the generalization of the data and model.

* to find outliers

1. Calculate the frist quartile (Q1) and thrid quartile (Q3) of the data for each column.

2 Calculate the 1QR for each column by subtracting. Q1 from Q3.

3: calculate the lower bound and upper bound for detecting outliers for each column.

- Lower bound: Q1-1.5 * 1QR - upper bound: Q3+1.5 * 1QR

M. Edentify any data points that fall outside the lower and upper bounds for any of the columns. These can be considered as outliers.