# Terminological Cluster Trees for Disjointness Axiom Discovery

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#### Outline

- 1. Introduction & Motivation
- 2. The approach
- 3. Empirical Evaluation
- 4. Conclusions and Outlooks

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Introduction & Motivation

#### Introduction & Motivation

Disjointness axioms often missing in Semantic Web knowledge bases

counterintuitive inference

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Example

\mathcal{K}=\{\text{JournalPaper} \sqsubseteq \text{Paper}, \text{ConferencePaper} \sqsubseteq \text{Paper}, \\ \text{ConferencePaper(a)} \}

\mathcal{K}\models \text{JournalPaper(a)}?

Answer: No
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#### Contributions

- Goal: discovery disjointness axioms from Semantic Web knowledge bases through inductive method
- Contribution: a framework for eliciting disjointness axioms
  - solving a clustering problem via Terminological Cluster Trees providing a concept description for each cluster
  - Assumption: two concepts disjoint when there is no overlap between their extensions

# The approach

# Conceptual Clustering

#### Definition

#### Given

- a knowledge base  $\mathcal{K} = \langle \mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A} \rangle$
- a set of individuals  $I \subseteq Ind(A)$

#### Find

- n pairwise disjoint clusters  $\{C_1, \ldots, C_n\}$
- for each  $i=1,\ldots,n$ , a concept description  $D_i$  that describes  $C_i$ , such that:
  - $\forall a \in C_i : \mathcal{K} \models D_i(a)$
  - $\forall b \in C_j, j \neq i$ :  $\mathcal{K} \models \neg D_i(b)$ .

# Terminological Cluster Tree

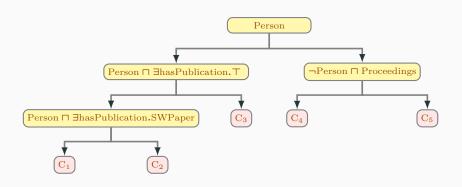
#### Terminological cluster tree (TCT

A binary logical tree where

- a node stands for a cluster of individuals C
- each internal node contains a concept  ${\mathbb D}$  (defined over the signature of  ${\mathcal K}$ )
- each edge departing from an internal node corresponds to the outcome of the membership test of individuals with respect to D.

# Example of TCT

TCT for describing individuals involved in the Semantic Web research community



# Inducing a TCT

#### Given the set of individuals I

- various concept descriptions are generated
  - The sets of positive and negative instances w.r.t. each specialization are determined
  - The medoids of the set of positive (resp. negative) instances are computed
- Best concept: the one minimizing the overlap between the sets of positive and negative instances
  - maximization of the distance between the medoids
- Individuals of the cluster sorted to either set according to the closeness w.r.t. the medoids
- Stop condition: distance between medoids below a threshold u

#### Distance measure between individuals

Distance Function (adapted from [d'Amato et al.@ESWC2008]):

$$d_n^{\mathcal{C}}:\operatorname{Ind}(\mathcal{A})\times\operatorname{Ind}(\mathcal{A})\to[0,1]$$

$$d_n^{\mathcal{C}}(a,b) = \left[\sum_{i=1}^m w_i \left[1 - \pi_i(a)\pi_i(b)\right]^n\right]^{1/n}$$

Context: a set of atomic concepts  $C = \{B_1, B_2, \dots, B_m\}$ 

Projection Function:

$$\forall a \in Ind(\mathcal{A}) \qquad \pi_i(a) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \mathcal{K} \models B_i(a) \\ 0 & \text{if } \mathcal{K} \models \neg B_i(a) \\ 0.5 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

# Deriving Disjointness Axioms

#### Given a TCT T:

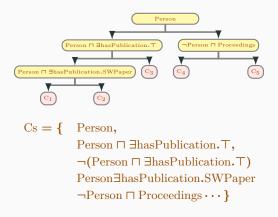
#### Step I:

- Traversing the tree to collect the concept descriptions describing the clusters
- A set of concepts CS is returned

# Step II:

- A set of candidate axioms A is generated from CS:
  - an axiom  $D \sqsubseteq \neg E (D, E \in CS)$  is generated if
    - $D \not\equiv E$  (or  $D \not\sqsubseteq E$  or viceversa)
    - E  $\sqsubseteq \neg D$  has not been generated

## Example of TCT - Deriving axioms



#### Axiom:

Person  $\sqcap \exists hasPublication.SWPaper \sqsubseteq \neg(\neg Person \sqcap Proceedings)$ 

**Empirical Evaluation** 

#### Evaluation: Goals

- Experiment I: Re-discover a target axiom (existing in  $\mathcal{K}$ )
- Experiment II: Re-discover randomly selected target axioms introduced according to the Strong Disjointness Assumption
  - two sibling concepts in a subsumption hierarchy should be considered as disjoint [Schlobach@ESWC2005]

# Empirical Evaluation: Ontologies

Ontology	#Concepts	#Roles	#Individuals	#Disj. Ax.s
BioPax	74	70	323	85
NTN	47	27	676	40
Financial	60	16	1000	113
GeoSkills	596	23	2567	378
Monetary	323	247	2466	236
DBPedia3.9	251	132	16606	11

# Experiment I - Settings

- A copy of each ontology is created removing a target axiom
- Threshold  $\nu = 0.9, 0.8, 0.7$
- Metrics # discovered axioms and #cases of inconsistency

Ontology	С	D			
BioPax	bioSource	xref			
NTN	Man	Pop ⊔ Woman ⊔ Supernat. Being			
Financial	PermanentOrder	Account ☐ Region			
GeoSkills	Educational Level	Educational Pathway			
Monetary	ISO3166-CC	ISO31813-Market IC $\ \ \ \ \ \ $ ISO4217-CC			
DBpedia3.9	Activity	Person			

# Experiment I - Outcomes

Ontology	TCT 0.9		TCT	Γ 0.8	TCT 0.7		
Ontology	#inc.	#ax's	#inc.	#ax's	#inc.	#ax's	
BioPax	2	53	2	53	3	52	
NTN	10	70	9	73	10	75	
Financial	0	125	0	126	0	127	
GeoSkills	2	345	1	347	4	347	
Monetary	0	432	0	432	0	433	
DBPedia3.9	45	45	44	44	43	43	

- limited number of inconsistency
- significant number of discovered axioms

## Experiment II -Settings

- A copy of each ontology is created removing 20%, 50%, 70% of the disjointness axioms
- The copy is used to induce TCT
- Threshold  $\nu = 0.9, 0.8, 0.7$
- Metrics: rate of rediscovered target axioms, #cases of inconsistency and # discovered axioms
- # Run: 10 times
- Comparison against the methods bases on negative association rule mining (NAR) and Pearson correlation coefficient (PCC)

# 2nd Experiment - Outcomes

Ontology	f	Т	CT 0.9	TC	Γ 0.8	TCT	0.7	P	CC	N.	AR
Ontology	1	#inc.	#ax's	#inc.	#ax's	#inc.	#ax's	#inc.	#ax's	#inc.	#ax's
	20%	235	3859	357	4235	365	4256				
BioPax 5	50%	125	3576	357	4176	432	4115	257	280	352	2990
	70%	125	3432	235	3875	417	4154				
	20%	312	3128	343	3126	354	3124				
NTN	50%	234	3023	234	3034	235	3034	32	957	376	3766
	70%	156	2987	176	2679	123	2675				
	20%	76	165	87	325	96	276				
Financial	50%	37	143	56	307	53	259	124	1112	542	5366
	70%	33	143	43	276	40	221				
	20%	234	14289	357	14297	432	14345				
GeoSkills	50%	231	14123	356	14154	417	14256	456	13384	456	13299
	70%	234	14122	358	14154	377	14187				
	20%	535	13456	573	13453	623	13460				
Monetary	50%	315	13236	432	13236	532	13236	543	13384	423	13456
	70%	247	13127	231	13127	312	13127				
	20%	1345	29730	1432	30143	1432	30567				
DBPedia3.950	50%	1346	29730	1431	30143	1433	30567	1243	30470	1243	30365
	70%	1343	19730	1432	30143	1432	30567				

# Experiment II - Outcomes

£	TCT – standard mode					
1 -	TCT 0.9	TCT 0.8	TCT 0.7			
20%	$0.90 \pm 0.12$	$0.76 \pm 0.13$	$0.74 \pm 0.13$			
50%	$0.85 \pm 0.13$	$0.74 \pm 0.13$	$0.74 \pm 0.13$			
70%	$0.85 \pm 0.13$	$0.74 \pm 0.12$	$0.74 \pm 0.14$			
20%	$0.99 \pm 0.08$	$0.95 \pm 0.06$	$0.95 \pm 0.08$			
50%	$0.97 \pm 0.03$	$0.93 \pm 0.10$	$0.93 \pm 0.01$			
70%	$0.90 \pm 0.10$	$0.89 \pm 0.11$	$0.89 \pm 0.10$			
20%	$0.99 \pm 0.08$	$0.99 \pm 0.08$	$0.99 \pm 0.08$			
50%	$0.97 \pm 0.03$	$0.97 \pm 0.03$	$0.97 \pm 0.03$			
70%	$0.95 \pm 0.05$	$0.95 \pm 0.05$	$0.95 \pm 0.05$			
20%	$0.99 \pm 0.08$	$0.99 \pm 0.08$	$0.99 \pm 0.08$			
50%	$0.92 \pm 0.10$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$			
70%	$0.92 \pm 0.10$	$0.92 \pm 0.10$	$0.92 \pm 0.10$			
20%	$0.99 \pm 0.08$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$			
50%	$0.94 \pm 0.13$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$			
70%	$0.94 \pm 0.13$	$0.91 \pm 0.14$	$0.91 \pm 0.13$			
20%	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$			
50%	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	$1.00 \pm 0.00$			
70%	$0.96 \pm 0.08$	$0.90 \pm 0.08$	$0.90 \pm 0.08$			
The second of th	50% 70% 20% 50% 70% 20% 50% 70% 20% 50% 70% 20% 50% 70% 20% 50% 50%	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			



#### Conclusions and Outlooks

- An approach to discover disjointness axioms
  - exploiting the knowledge base
  - generating axioms that involves complex concept descriptions
- Extensions:
  - Post-pruning strategy
  - Other distance measures



# Refinement Operators

Downward refinement operators specializing a concept C

$$\begin{aligned} & \rho_1 \ C' = C \ \sqcap \ (\neg)A; \\ & \rho_2 \ C' = C \ \sqcap \ (\neg)(\exists)R.\top; \\ & \rho_3 \ C' = C \ \sqcap \ (\neg)(\forall)R.\top; \\ & \rho_4 \ \exists R.C_i' \in \rho(\exists R.C_i) \land C_i' \in \rho(C_i); \\ & \rho_5 \ \forall R.C_i' \in \rho(\forall R.C_i) \land C_i' \in \rho(C_i). \end{aligned}$$

# Example of axioms

#### Successfully discovered axioms

- External Reference Utility Class □ ∃TAXONREF. T disjoint with xref
- Activity
   disjoint with
   Person □ ∃nationality.United\_states
- Person □ hasSex.Male (≡ Man)
  disjoint with
  SupernaturalBeing □ God (≡ God)

#### Not discovered axioms

• Actor disjoint with Artefact

(concepts with few instances)