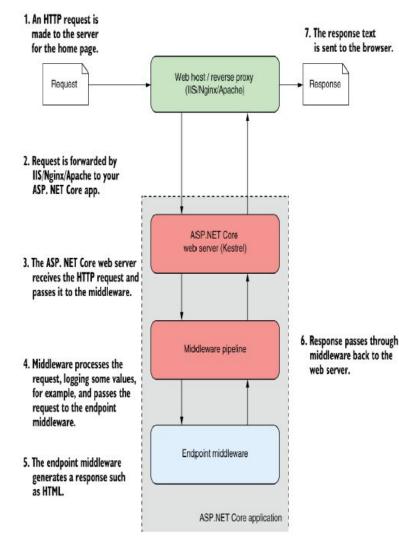
YOUR FIRST APPLICATION

Kamal Beydoun
Lebanese University – Faculty of Sciences I
Kamal.beydoun@ul.edu.lb



A BRIEF OVERVIEW OF AN ASP.NET CORE APP 1. An HTTP request is made to the server 7. The response text



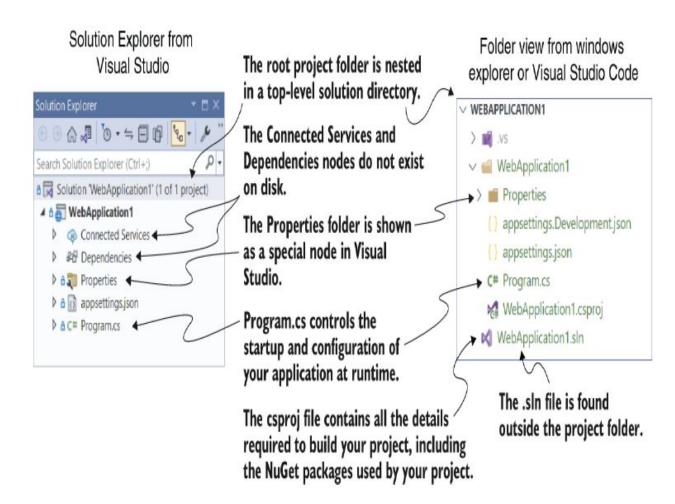


CREATE NEW WEB APPLICATION

Visaul Studio



UNDERSTANDING THE PROJECT LAYOUT



CSPROJ PROJECT FILE: DECLARING YOUR DEPENDENCIES

Purpose of .csproj file:

Project file for .NET applications.

Key Details in .csproj:

Information necessary for .NET tooling to build the project.

Project Type Definition:

Specifies the type of project (web app, console app, or library).

Targeted Platforms:

Defines the platforms the project targets (e.g., .NET Core 3.1, .NET 7).

Dependency Management:

Lists the NuGet packages the project depends on.

PROGRAM.CS FILE: DEFINING YOUR APPLICATION

-ASP.NET Core Application Initialization:

All ASP.NET Core applications begin as a .NET Console application.

Transition in .NET 6:

 In .NET 6, ASP.NET Core applications typically start as programs with top-level statements.

Top-Level Statements:

- Startup code is directly written in a file instead of inside a static void Main function.
- You can write the body of this method directly in the file, and the compiler generates the Main method for you.

PROGRAM.CS FILE: DEFINING YOUR APPLICATION

```
WebApplicationBuilder builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);
WebApplication app = builder.Build();
app.MapGet("/", () => "Hello World!");
app.Run();

3
app.Run();
```

- ① Creates a WebApplicationBuilder using the CreateBuilder method
- ② Builds and returns an instance of WebApplication from the WebApplicationBuilder
- Oefines an endpoint for your application, which returns Hello World! when the path "/" is called
- 4 Runs the WebApplication to start listening for requests and generating responses

ADDING FUNCTIONALITY TO YOUR APPLICATION

```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.HttpLogging;
WebApplicationBuilder builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);
builder.Services.AddHttpLogging(opts =>
    opts.LoggingFields = HttpLoggingFields.RequestProperties);
builder.Logging.AddFilter(
    "Microsoft.AspNetCore.HttpLogging", LogLevel.Information);
WebApplication app = builder.Build();
if (app.Environment.IsDevelopment())
    app.UseHttpLogging();
app.MapGet("/", () => "Hello World!");
app.MapGet("/person", () => new Person("Andrew", "Lock"));
app.Run();
                                                                0
public record Person(string FirstName, string LastName);
```

- 1 You can customize features by adding or customizing the services of the application.
- 2 Ensures that logs added by the HTTP logging middleware are visible in the log output
- **3** You can add middleware conditionally, depending on the runtime environment.
- **4** The HTTP logging middleware logs each request to your application in the log output.
- **6** Creates a new endpoint that returns the C# object serialized as JSON
- **6** Creates a record type

ADDING FUNCTIONALITY TO YOUR APPLICATION

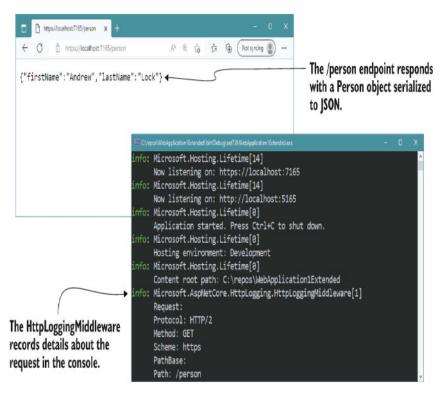


Figure 3.8 Calling the /person endpoint returns a JSON-serialized version of the Person record instance. Details about each request are logged to the console by the HttpLoggingMiddleware.

ADDING AND CONFIGURING SERVICES

- ASP.NET Core Design Approach:
 - Utilizes small modular components for distinct features.
 - Enables independent evolution of features with loose coupling.

Modular Components in Applications:

- Exposed as one or more services within the application.
- These services are used by the application.

DELIMING HOW VECOPSIS AVE HANDLED WITH MIDDLEWARE AND

App dation instance Abbities:

- Add Middleware to Pipeline:
 - Middleware, small components executed sequentially on HTTP requests.
 - logging, user identification, static file serving, error handling.
 - Added using Use* extension methods.
 - Sequence of Use* calls in the builder determines execution order in the final pipeline.

Map Endpoints:

- Generate response for requests by endpoint mapping.
- Defines application responses to specific requests.
- Run the Application:
 - Execute application by calling Run() method.

HANDLED WITH MIDDLEWARE AND

ENDPOINTS

- WebApplication automatically adds more middleware, including two of the most important and substantial pieces of middleware in the pipeline:
 - the routing middleware
 - the endpoint middleware.

```
app.MapGet("/", () => "Hello World!");
app.MapGet("/person", () => new Person("Andrew", "Lock"));
```

