



What will we learn today?

What is dbt?

DBT Setup

DBT Live code

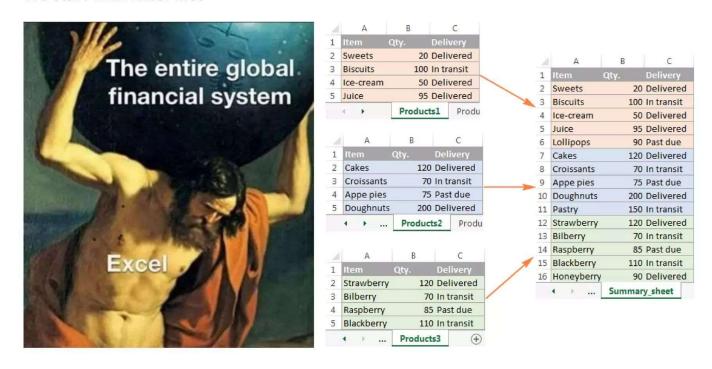
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What is DBT?



We start with Excel files

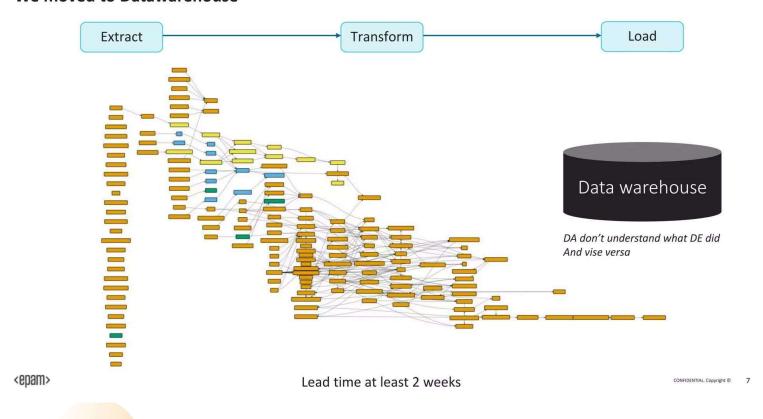


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Background



We moved to Datawarehouse



Background



DE challenges

```
WITH order_summary AS (
       SELECT
         DATE_TRUNC('month', o.order_date) AS month,
         o.order_id,
         SUM(oi.price * oi.quantity) AS revenue
         orders o
       JOIN
         order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id
10
11
         DATE_TRUNC('month', o.order_date),
         o.order_id
12
13
     ), bill_summary AS (
14
       SELECT
15
         month,
16
         COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_bills,
17
         SUM(revenue) AS total_revenue,
18
         AVG(revenue) AS avg_bill_value
19
20
         order_summary
21
       GROUP BY
22
         month
23
24
     SELECT
       total bills,
27
       total_revenue,
       avg_bill_value
29
30
       bill_summary
31
     ORDER BY
       month ASC;
```

Readability

- How to read and understand this query?
- · Where to start?

Collaboration

- How to reuse this query for other analysis?
- How to onboard new members?
- How to explain if there're 100 tables?

Accessibility

- How to verify the output?
- Can we break the script into smaller pieces for testing?

Scripting

- How to reuse this query for other analysis?
- How to manage model versions?

<epam>

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Background



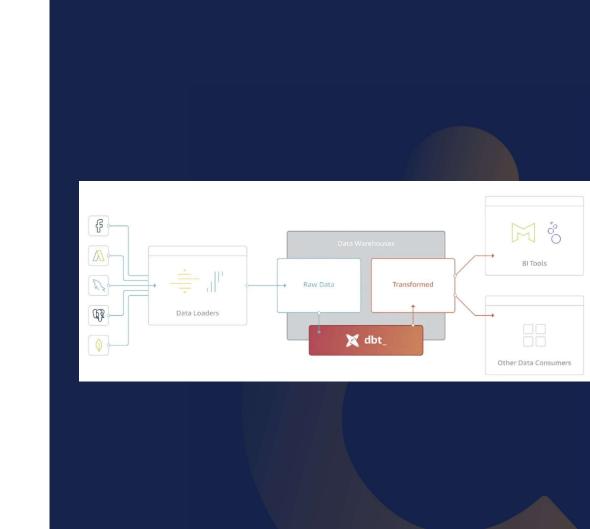
dbt is a command line tool that enables data analysts and engineers to transform data in their warehouses more effectively. Today, dbt has ~850 companies using it in production, including companies like Casper, Seatgeek, and Wistia.



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dbt fits nicely into the modern BI stack, coupling with products like Stitch, Fivetran, Redshift, Snowflake, BigQuery, Looker, and Mode. Here's how the pieces fit together:





dbt is the T in ELT. It doesn't extract or load data, but it's extremely good at transforming data that's already loaded into your warehouse. This "transform after load" architecture is becoming known as <u>ELT</u> (extract, load, transform).

ELT has become commonplace because of the power of modern analytic databases. Data warehouses like Redshift, Snowflake, and BigQuery are extremely performant *and* very scalable such that at this point most <u>data transformation</u> use cases can be much more effectively handled in-database rather than in some external processing layer. Add to this the separation of compute and storage and there are decreasingly few reasons to want to execute your data transformation jobs elsewhere.

dbt is a tool to help you write and execute the data transformation jobs that run inside your warehouse. dbt's only function is to take code, compile it to SQL, and then run against your database.



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DBT Setup



DBT Setup

https://docs.getdbt.com/docs/core/pip-install



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DBT Live Code



```
≡ structure_dir.txt

      learn-dbt/
           dbt_dskola_project/
               models/
                   staging/
                       raw_customers.sql
                       raw_orders.sql
                       raw_payments.sql
                       raw_products.sql
 8
                   warehouse/
                    └─ orders_detail.sql
10
11
                   marts/
                    └─ soon_to_be.sql
12
13
                   sources.yml
14
               schema.yml
               dbt_project.yml
15
           profile.yml
16
```

DBT Structure Dir



```
! profiles.yml U X
⋈ Welcome
                 ≡ structure_dir.txt U
   profiles.yml
       # Project name
       dbt_dskola_project:
         # Output project for example : dev, staging, prod
         outputs:
           # declare env
            dev:
              # declare conn detail
              type: postgres
              host: localhost
              user: postgres
  11
              password: 12345678
  12
              port: 5432
  13
              dbname: db_dskola
              schema: public
  14
  15
         # declare default output
          target: dev
```

DBT Profiles explanation



DBT Live Code

Important command:

dbt debug --profiles-dir ./ --project-dir
dbt_dskola_project

dbt run --profiles-dir ./ --project-dir
dbt_dskola_project

dbt init oject_name>

dbt docs generate --profiles-dir ./ --project-dir dbt_dskola_project

dbt docs serve --profiles-dir ./ --project-dir dbt_dskola_project



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DBT Live Code

https://gitlab.com/farhansmg/learn_dbt



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Source data:

https://github.com/graphql-compose/graphql-compose-examples/tree/master/examples/northwind/data/csv

Dari source data diatas, buatlah:

- 1. Raw data nya masukkan ke postgre/snowflake (menggunakan python)
- 2. Buatkan datawarehouse nya

Lakukan semuanya didalam dbt





Setelah dimasukkan buatkan data mart berikut : Sebagai marketing leader, saya ingin dashboard report berikut:

(gross revenue = (harga - (harga * diskon))* jumlah barang)

1. Table supplier (company_name) gross revenue tiap bulan

(datamart_monthly_supplier_gross_revenue)

- 2. tabel kategori produk paling banyak terjual tiap bulan (datamart_monthly_category_sold)
- 3. tabel best employee (employee_name) berdasarkan total gross revenue yang dihasilkan dalam satu bulan (datamart_monthly_best_employee)



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Bonus:

 Running all of them (python, postgre, dbt) menggunakan docker (pisahkan image nya)

Well done:

 Bisa menggunakan snowflake / bigquery as datawarehouse





Kumpulkan:

- Dalam 1 folder (contohnya seperti di git https://gitlab.com/farhansmg/learn_db t)
- Select * from data mart hasil jawaban kalian, limit 10 → screenshoot → masukkan ss tersebut ke folder yang sama seperti no.1





Thank You

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