

Using Kernel Hardening Tools: AppArmor

Every Kubernetes Host (Linux Machine) has a kernel space and user space when you install an application in User Space, it does system calls to Kernel Space like system specific and i/o calls (open, close, write, touch)

AppArmor is a kernel security module for kubernetes

it restricts the container's access to resources.

Linux capabilities, network access and file permissions.

Objective is to secure/restrict the container what are allowed?

It is configured through profiles, which are a set of rules. Which we load in kernel.

Profile is loaded in 2 different modes

Enforce Mode (Prevent the access)

Complain Mode (Complaint and create system logs)

default path

/etc/apparmor.d/

Install AppArmor

Create Profiles

Enforce/load AppArmor profiles (in all nodes)

Apply profile to pod (add annotations in the yaml file)

Containers & system are secure

`sudo systemctl status apparmor` (it comes by default in ubuntu)

```
#check enabled in nodes
cat /sys/module/apparmor/parameters/enabled
aa-status
sudo aa-status

cd /etc/aparmor.d/
```

`sudo vim k8s-apparmor-example-deny-write`

```
#include <tunables/global>
```

```
profile k8s-apparmor-example-deny-write flags=(attach_disconnected) {  
  #include <abstractions/base>  
  
  file,  
  
  # Deny all file writes.  
  deny /** w,  
}
```

```
ls -l
```

```
#load the profile
```

```
sudo apparmor_parser /etc/apparmor.d/k8s-apparmor-example-deny-write
```

```
sudo aa-status #to confirm if the profile is loaded or not.
```

Now next is to create an annotation...

```
cd ~
```

```
vim pod.yaml
```

```
apiVersion: v1  
kind: Pod  
metadata:  
  name: hello-apparmor  
spec:  
  containers:  
  - name: hello  
    image: busybox:1.28  
    command: [ "sh", "-c", "echo 'Hello AppArmor!' && sleep 1h" ]
```

```
kubectl apply -f pod.yaml
```

```
kubectl get pod
```

```
kubectl exec -it hello-aparmor -- sh
```

```
echo '12345' > test.txt
```

```
ls
```

```
exit
```

```
vim pod2.yaml
```

```
apiVersion: v1  
kind: Pod  
metadata:  
  name: hello-apparmor  
  annotations:  
    # Tell Kubernetes to apply the AppArmor profile "k8s-apparmor-example-deny-write".  
    # Note that this is ignored if the Kubernetes node is not running version 1.4 or  
    greater.
```

```
    container.apparmor.security.beta.kubernetes.io/hello: localhost/k8s-apparmor-  
example-deny-write  
spec:  
  containers:  
    - name: hello  
      image: busybox:1.28  
      command: [ "sh", "-c", "echo 'Hello AppArmor!' && sleep 1h" ]
```

kubectl delete pod hello-apparmor

kubectl apply -f pod2.yaml

kubectl describe pod hello-apparmor

kubectl exec -it hello-apparmor -- sh

touch test

echo '123445' > text2.txt

to delete

sudo apparmor_parser -R /etc/apparmor.d/k8s-apparmor-example-deny-write

sudo aa-status