

Using Network Security Policies to Restrict Cluster Level Access

1. Introduction (5 Minutes):

- Briefly explain Network Policies (NPs) and their role in controlling pod-to-pod communication.
- Highlight the security benefits of using NPs to restrict access within the cluster.

2. Demonstration (20 Minutes):

a. Prerequisites:

- Ensure your Kubernetes cluster is up and running with a CNI (Container Network Interface) plugin that supports Network Policies (e.g., Calico, Cilium).
- Have kubectl configured with appropriate permissions to create and manage Network Policies.

b. Creating a basic Network Policy (5 minutes):

1. Create a YAML file:

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1 kind: NetworkPolicy metadata: name: deny-all-ingress spec: podSelector: {} policyTypes: - Ingress ingress: [] ``
```

* This policy denies all incoming traffic (ingress) to all pods in the cluster.

2. Apply the policy:

Bash

```
kubectl apply -f deny-all-ingress.yaml
```

Use code [with caution](#).

3. Verify the policy:

Bash

```
kubectl get networkpolicies
```

Use code [with caution](#).

c. Allowing specific traffic (10 Minutes):

1. Modify the YAML file to allow specific traffic:

YAML

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: NetworkPolicy
metadata:
  name: allow-web-traffic
spec:
  podSelector:
    matchLabels: app: webserver # Only applies to pods with label
    app=webserver
  policyTypes:
```

- Ingress
- ingress:
- from:
- podSelector:
 - matchLabels: app: database # Allow traffic only from pods with label app=database
- ports:
- port: 80 # Allow traffic on port 80 (HTTP)

Use code [with caution.](#)