



Terraform

About

- ❑ Welcome to Terraform course.
- ❑ We would move from very basic level to the advance level.
- ❑ This course is for the absolute beginners, for people with little experience or more working experience who want to enhance their skills.
- ❑ Complete hands-on work with less theory.
- ❑ This course would have more than 7hrs of quality content
- ❑ Real time projects experience
- ❑ Best live examples with multi-Cloud examples i.e., AWS, Azure, GCP



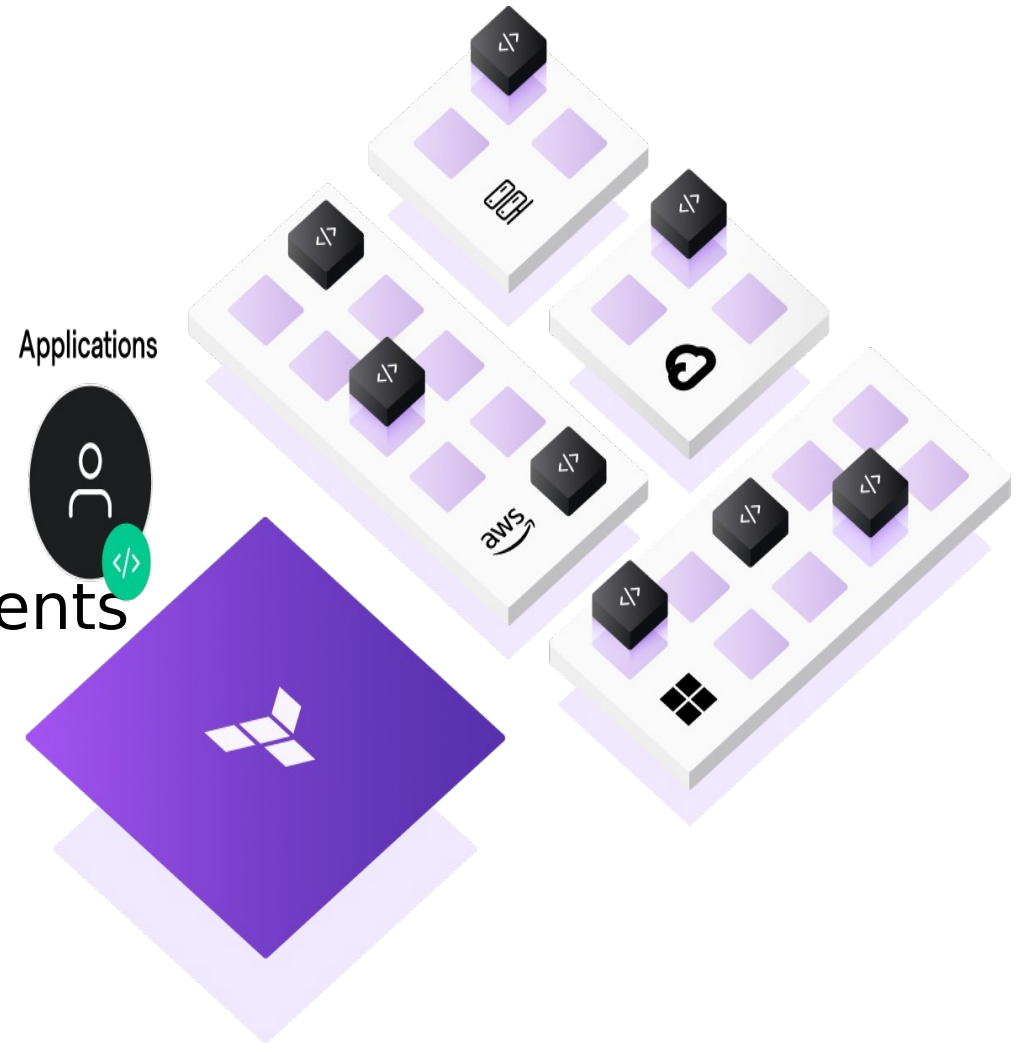
Terraform: by al-nafi

What is IAC

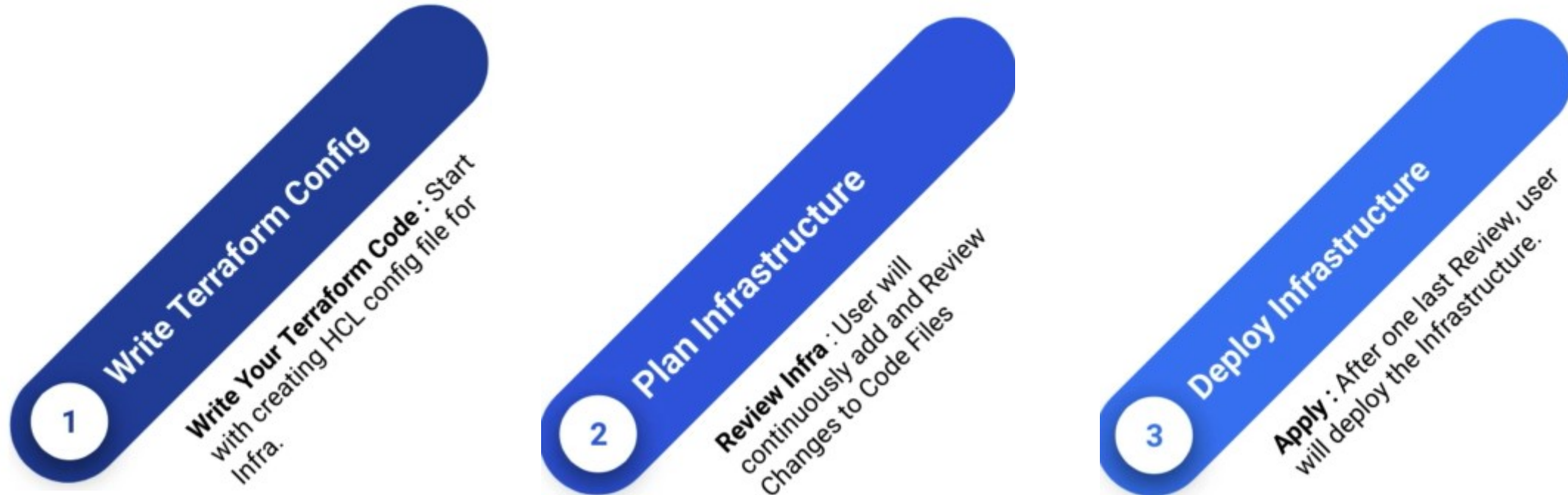
- ❑ IAC: Infrastructure as a code
- ❑ No manual Deployment: Write anything you want to deploy(vms ,disks, app etc.) Human readable code
- ❑ DevOps Enablement: Deployment codification means it can be versioned through VCS
- ❑ Create your own infrastructure
- ❑ Speed, cost and risk: less human intervention during deployment; fewer chances of error, miss configuration, redeployment and more time is saved

IAC with Terraform

- ❑ Automate Software defining Deployment Network
- ❑ Supports vast range of public/private Cloud Providers
- ❑ Use terraform to deploy Environments across the multiple clouds
- ❑ Track state of each resource Deployed

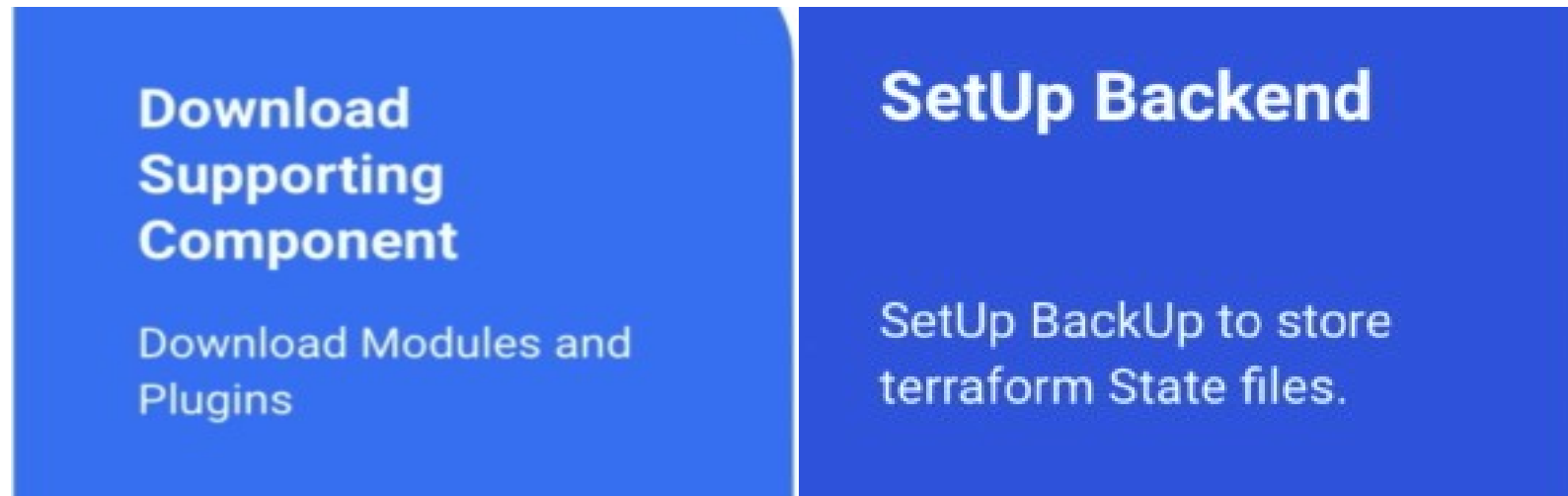


Terraform Workflow



Terraform Initialization

- ❑ **Terraform init**: command to initialize the working directory that contains your code.



Terraform Key Concepts

❑ Terraform plan:

- ❑ After initialization, it reads code, creates and shows a plan for execution/deployment
- ❑ It doesn't deploy anything; it shows what is going to deploy.
- ❑ It allows user to review the Action plan before executing anything
- ❑ Authentication credentials are used to connect to your infrastructure.

Terraform Key Concepts

- ❑ Terraform deploy:
- ❑ Deploy the infrastructure and statements in the code
- ❑ Update the deployment state tracking i.e., state files.
- ❑ If some resources are already deployed. This command will deploy updated code and tracking.

Terraform Key Concepts

- ❑ Terraform destroy:
- ❑ Looks at the recorded and store state files created during deployment and destroy all resources found in state file
- ❑ Should be used very carefully because it is non-reversible command. Take backup and make sure what you want to destroy.



Terraform Providers

- ❑ Providers are public cloud Vendors, to which Terraform interact to create resources.
- ❑ Terraform relies on plugins called “providers” to interact with cloud providers.
- ❑ Terraform configurations must declare which providers they requires so that Terraform can install and use them.

```
4
5 provider "aws" {
6     profile = "default"
7     region  = "us-west-2"
8 }
```

Terraform Providers

- ❑ Terraform finds and install providers as you Initialize Terraform(using terraform init command)
- ❑ As best Practice Providers should be versioned in your Terraform config files.
- ❑ Terraform Providers release is separate from Terraform release

Terraform: AWS Setup

- ❑ Spinning Instance on AWS.
- ❑ Need AWS account.
- ❑ Create IAM admin user.
- ❑ Manage security in Terraform.

Terraform State

- ❑ Terraform state file are very important for resource tracking
- ❑ Terraform state a way that terraform read to identify what has been deployed
- ❑ Very critical to terraform functionality
- ❑ Stored in flat file by default name “terraform.tfstate”
- ❑ Stored in same working directory but can also be stored remotely
- ❑ Helps terraform calculate Terraform Deltas. Terraform plan can be used to create the new Development Plan
- ❑ **WARNING:** NEVER LOSE YOUR TERRAFORM STATE FILE