

# University of Sargodha

## BS 5<sup>th</sup> Term Examination 2019

Subject: Computer Science

Paper: Operating System (CMP:3621)

Time Allowed: 2:30 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

### **Objective Part (Compulsory)**

**Q.NO.1:-Answer the following questions in 2-3 lines having 2 marks each [12x2=24]**

1. What is multiprogramming
2. Explain long term scheduler
3. Under what circumstances do page faults occur?
4. Different types of Real-Time Scheduling?
5. What are types of threads?
6. What is a ready queue?
7. Differentiate between LFU Algorithm and MFU algorithms
8. What is the Processor Affinity
9. What is Semaphores
10. What is demand paging?
11. What is spooling ?
12. What are turnaround time and response time?

### **Subjective Part**

**Note: Attempt any three Questions. All carry equal marks [12x3=36]**

- Q.No.2. Compare the memory organization schemes of contiguous memory allocation, pure segmentation, and pure paging with respect to the following issues:
- a. External fragmentation
  - b. Internal fragmentation
  - c. Ability to share code across processes
- Q.No.3. a) Differentiate between Multiprocessors systems and Clustered Systems  
b) Explain different types of System Calls.
- Q.No.4 a) what is semaphore. How semaphore works for synchronizations of the processes?  
b) Explain Process Creation and termination
- Q.No.5. Consider the following page reference string: 4, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 3, 4, 2, 1, 5, 6, 2, 1, 2, 3, 7, 6, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 6. How many page faults would occur Optimal and Least Recently Used Page Replacement algorithms with (a) Five frames (b) Six frames. Remember that are frames are initially empty.
- Q.No.6. Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in milliseconds:

Process	Burst Time	Priority
P1	10	2
P2	8	1
P3	2	5
P4	9	3
P5	4	4



Visit  
<https://tshahab.blogspot.com>  
for more.

The Process are assumed to arrive in the order P1, P2, p3, p4, p5 all at time 0.

- a) Draw four Gantt charts that illustrate the execution of these processes using the following scheduling algorithms: FCFS, SJF, non-preemptive priority (a smaller priority number implies a higher priority), and RR (quantum= 1).
- b) Obtain the average waiting time.