

# Android Development CH #1

S.Q

1) What is an AVD?

An AVD is a (Android Virtual Device). it represent an android emulator, which emulate a particular configuration of an actual Android device.



2) What is The difference b/w `android:versionCode` & `android:versionName` attribute in `androidManifest.xml` file?

The `android:versionCode` attribute is used to programmatically check whether an application can be upgraded. it should contain a running number. The `android:versionName` is used to mainly for displaying to the user. it is a string such as "1.0.1".

3) What is the use of string.xml file?

The ~~stor~~ string.xml file is used to store all string constant in your application. This enables you to easily localize your application by simply replacing the string and then recompiling it.

4) What is an Android?

Android is an open source mobile operating system based on Linux OS. It is available to any one who wants to adapt it to run on their devices.

5) Name the languages used in Android development?

→ Java is used to develop Android.  
→



→ Dalvik: written Applications are compiled into Dalvik executable.

6) Define Android market?

The Android market host all various Android Applications written by third-party developer.

7) Define an Activity.

An Activity is represented by a screen in your Android Application.

OR  
An activity provides the window in which the app draw its UI.

8) What do you mean by Android Manifest.xml file?

The ~~Android~~ Manifest.xml file contain detailed configuration information for your application.

9) What is Android developer community?

With Android in its fourth version, there is a large developer community called Android developer community. If you are stuck you can get help from these communities. e.g

- Stack over flow ([www.stackoverflow.com](http://www.stackoverflow.com))
- Google Android Training (~~www~~ <http://android.com/developers/android.com/training/index.html>)
- Android Discuss (<http://group.google.com/group/androidDiscuss>)

10) Describe the feature of Android.

Here are some features of Android.

- Storage
- Connectivity
- Messaging
- Tethering
- Flash support
- Multi Touch
- Media support



## CH #2

L.Q

Q Describe The Architecture of Android.

The Android OS is divided into five sections.

i) Linux - kernel:

Android is based on this kernel. It contains all the low-level device drivers for the various hardware components of an Android device.

ii) Libraries:

It contains all the code that provides the main features of an Android OS. e.g. The SQLite library provides a database support so that an application can use it for data storage.

### iii) Android runtime:

it lies on the same layer as libraries. it provide a set of core libraries that enable developer to write Android app using the Java programming language. it also include Dalvik virtual machine which enable every application to run its own process.

### i) Application framework:

It is used to exposes the various capabilities of Android OS to application developers so that they can make use of them in their application.

### vi) Application:

This is the top layer of Android Architecture. you will find application that ship



with Android device. as well as  
application that you download  
and install from The Android  
Market.