

## Case Study

### "Bharat-Krishi Connect": National Precision Agriculture & Unified Data Platform

#### 1. Detailed Business Scenario

**The Organization:** The **National Agricultural Research & Development Board (NARDB)**.

**The Mission:** To modernize India's agricultural backbone by launching "Bharat-Krishi Connect." This platform aims to provide **Real-time Crop Advisory** and **Automated Resource Management** (*water/pesticides*) to **100 million farmers across the country**.

**The Mission:** Build a unified, multi-tenant platform that serves **140 million landholdings**.

#### The Phased Roadmap:

The platform is designed to scale horizontally as more states and landholdings are onboarded.

- **Phase 1 (Pilot): Implementation** across **4 Southern States** (*Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Karnataka, and Telangana*).
  - **Target:** **25 million Farmers** and **30 million Landholdings**.
  - **Focus:** Managing **diverse topography** from **coastal belts** to the **Deccan Plateau**.
- **Phase 2 (Scale):** Expansion to **100 Million Farmers** (*reaching approximately 50% of the national footprint*).
- **Phase 3 (Full Rollout):** Final **unified nation**.

The **platform** must move from "**Manual Monitoring**" to "**Autonomous Farming**".

#### Business Goals & Key Results (KRs):

- **Yield Increase:** **Improve national crop productivity** by **18%** through AI-driven **sowing recommendations**.
- **Water Conservation:** **Reduce** agricultural **water consumption** by **25%** using **automated IoT-gated irrigation**. **Success** requires a **<500ms end-to-end "Sensor-to-Valve"** control loop.
  - **Core Mechanism: Rain-Preemption Logic.** The **system** must **automatically issue a "SKIP\_IRRIGATION" command** to all relevant **farm gateways** if the **localized IMD** (*India Meteorological Department*) **rain probability exceeds 70%**.

- **Market Access:** Provide **real-time "Mandi" price** transparency to farmers within **2 seconds** of **price updates**.
- **Disaster Mitigation:** Reduce crop loss from **pests/weather** by **sending alerts** to **2.5 million+ concurrent users** within **60 seconds** of an event detection.

### The Technical Challenge: Extreme Scale & Resilience

- **Astronomical Scale:** Managing **150+ million hectares** requires a system that can **ingest 2 million+ messages per second** at **peak** national rollout. The **storage** layer must **handle petabytes** of **time-series data** while remaining searchable for historical yield trends.
- **Rural Connectivity Gaps:** Despite **5G growth**, the **last mile** in **rural India** remains **unstable**. The **architecture** must **solve** the **Intermittent Connectivity**.
- **Real-Time Performance:** "**Actionable Insights**" (*e.g., detecting a locust swarm or a pump failure*) **lose value** if **delayed**.
- **Data Integrity (The RPO Challenge):** The system must survive regional disasters without losing critical "State" data. An **RPO of < 5 seconds** is **mandatory** to ensure that the "**Last Known State**" of **30M+ valves** is **consistent** across **primary** and **backup sites**.

## 2. Operational & Technical Constraints

### A. Data Residency (The Legal Constraint)

- **Sovereign Boundary:** All **data** must be **hosted** on **servers** physically located **within India**. No data or metadata can be processed in overseas regions (*e.g., US-East or EU-West*).
- **Placement Flexibility:** **Data can** be **moved freely** between any Indian data centers (*e.g., Mumbai, Chennai, Delhi, or Hyderabad*) for load balancing or disaster recovery.

### B. High Availability & Disaster Recovery

- **99.99% Uptime:** **Agriculture** is **time-sensitive**. A **system outage** during the **sowing season** could lead to **national food shortages**.
- **15-Minute RTO (Recovery Time Objective):** **Maximum time allowed** to **switch operations** from the Primary Hub to the DR site during a total outage.
- **< 5-Second RPO (Recovery Point Objective):** The system must guarantee that **no more than 5 seconds of sensor data or command logs are lost** during a failover. This prevents "Ghost Watering" (double-irrigation) caused by data gaps during a site switch.

- **Active-Active/Passive:** The system **must survive** a **total outage** of a **primary region** (e.g., *Mumbai*) by **failing over** to a **secondary region** (e.g., *Hyderabad*) within **15 minutes**.

### C. Technical Friction Points

- **Legacy Integration:** The **platform** must **pull data** from **existing state-level weather stations** that use older SOAP APIs.
- **Peak Loads:** During **monsoon** or **harvest periods**, **traffic spikes 20x** compared to the **off-season**.

## 3. The Assignment: 12 Detailed Tasks

*Students must act as the Lead Solution Architect to complete the following:*

### Section 1: Strategic Mapping

- **Assignment 1:** Business Vision to Technical Vision.
- **Assignment 2:** Functional & Non-Functional Requirements.

### Section 2: Architectural Selection

- **Assignment 3:** Select Paradigm.
- **Assignment 4:** Select Model.
- **Assignment 5:** Select Architecture Style.
- **Assignment 6:** Select Architecture Pattern.

### Section 3: Technical Design & Flow

- **Assignment 7:** High-Level Design (HLD).
- **Assignment 8:** Low-Level Design (LLD).
- **Assignment 9:** Component & Service Selection.
- **Assignment 10:** Create 3 ADRs (Architectural Decision Records).

### Section 4: Visualizing the Flow

- **Assignment 11:** Create System Flow.
- **Assignment 12:** Final Architecture Picture.