

### FACULTY OF COMPUTER SYSTEM & SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

#### FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE : FORMAL METHODS

COURSE CODE : BCS2213

LECTURER : ROSLINA BINTI MOHD SIDEK

DATE : 29 JUNE 2010

DURATION : 2 HOURS AND 30 MINUTES

SESSION/SEMESTER : SESSION 2009/2010 SEMESTER III

PROGRAM CODE : BCS

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- 1. This question paper consists of TWO (2) sections. Answer ALL questions.
- 2. Write your answers in the answer booklet provided.
- 3. Answer EACH question on a new page.
- 4. All calculations and assumptions must be clearly shown.

### **EXAMINATION REQUIREMENTS:**

**NONE** 

### DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

This examination paper consists of FIVE (5) printed pages including front page.

#### **SECTION A**

[80 Marks]

## **QUESTION 1**

(a) What is Formal Methods?

[2 Marks]

(b) During the software development Explain FOUR (4) disadvantages of natural language used in describing user requirement.

[8 Marks]

## **QUESTION 2**

(a) Given the sets  $A = \{5, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and  $B = \{1, 3, 6, 7\}$ , write down the following sets:

i. AUB

[1 Mark]

ii. An B

[1 Mark]

iii. | AUB|

[1 Mark]

iv. B\A

[1 Mark]

v.  $(A \cap B) \times (A \setminus B)$ 

[2 Marks]

(b) Convert this statement into formal statement. (State your assumption). Some planets are larger than the earth, and some are smaller.

[2 Marks]

(c) Given,

L(x, y) x loves y a Anne b Barbara c Charles

i. Translate the formula  $L(a,c) \wedge L(b,c)$  into everyday English.

[2 Marks]

ii. Write down a logical formula which says that everyone loves Charles. What is the logical relationship between this formula and the formula in part (i)? [2 Marks]

### **QUESTION 3**

Consider the following inference:

If Anne will not go then Bill will

If Clive will not go then neither will Bill

Therefore, either Anne or Clive will go

(a) Devise a suitable key with which to translate the inference above into Propositional Calculus notation and write down the result of the translation.

[5 Marks]

- (b) Construct a truth table for the Propositional Calculus inference you wrote down in
  - (b) and use the truth table to determine whether or not that inference is valid.

[10 Marks]

## **QUESTION 4**

(a) What is Sets? What are the different between Sets and the extension of set? Explain details.

[5 Marks]

(b) Give example each of the extension of sets.

[5 Marks]

# **QUESTION 5**

Given,

 $\textit{Taken} = \{\textit{Alma} \mapsto \textit{C} + +, \; \textit{Chin} \mapsto \textit{C} + +, \; \textit{Chin} \mapsto \textit{Z}, \; \textit{Sabri} \mapsto \textit{Z}, \; \textit{Sabri} \mapsto \textit{Java}\}$ 

Give the answer for each statement below:

(c) Draw the diagram to show the relation between sets above.

[3 Marks]

(d) Dom Taken

[2 Marks]

(e) ran Taken

[2 Marks]

(f) Taken~

[2 Marks]

(g)  $Taken \triangleright \{C++\}$ 

[2 Marks]

(h) Is the relation in the given statement is a function? Why?

[2 Marks]

### **SECTION B**

[20 Marks]

Consider a small library system with the following transactions:

- (i) Check out a book to a particular patron
- (ii) Return a book by a patron
- (iii)Generate a list of books written by a particular author.
- (iv)Generate a list of books on loan to a particular patron.
- (v) Determine which patron last checked out a book.

The library satisfies the following constraints:

- (i) Each book in the library is either available or on loan, but not both at the same time.
- (ii) Patron cannot check out more than some fixed number of books at one time.

The basic types are the following:

- (i) [Book] the set of all uniquely identifiable books
- (ii) [Person] the set of all uniquely identifiable people
- (iii) [Author] the set of all possible authors.

There is a relation that maps a book into one or more authors. Formulate a Z document for this library system with error handling, suitable error messages and reports.

END OF QUESTION PAPER