

BCS 2203 | WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

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COURSE OUTCOMES

Differentiate between Client Side State Management and Server Side State Management



- On the internet there is one problem: the web server does not know who you are and what you do because the HTTP address doesn't maintain state.
- The HTTP protocol that browsers use to communicate with Web servers over the Internet or over an intranet is a "stateless" protocol.
- The word "state" is used in this context to refer to data.
- When you type a word into an empty text box on a Web form, that word becomes part of the state of the form, along with all the other pieces of data that make up the contents and formatting of that Web page.
- But if you call the same page again, the text box will be empty, unless the Web application does something to record the data you entered and make it part of the "state" of the page that is sent back to your browser.



Web is meant to be Stateless?

- HTTP (the protocol over which Internet or the Web works) is a stateless protocol and it works on Request from clients to server and Responses from server back to client.
- Beyond a Request/Response cycle, the server doesn't know/care about the state of the client

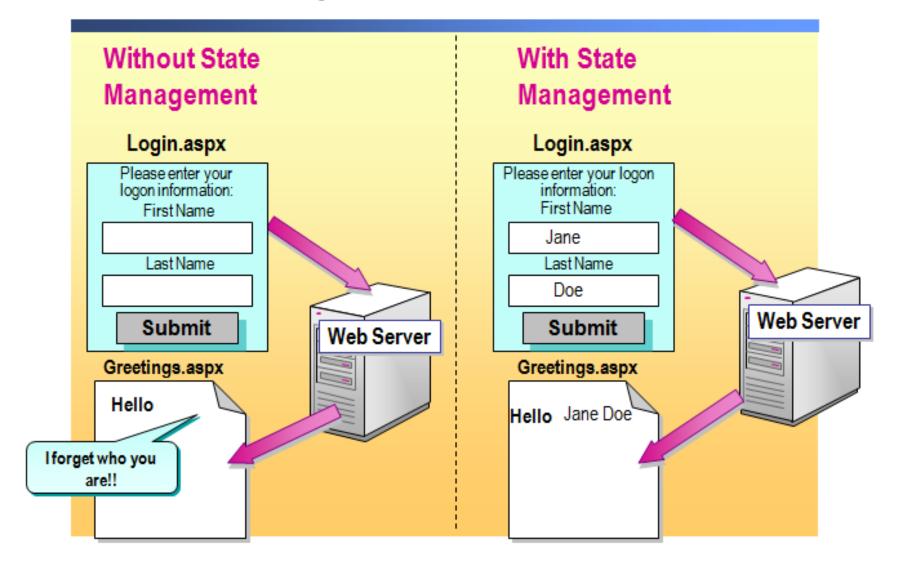


Recall:

- Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is a communication protocol which is implemented in the "World Wide Web(WWW)".
- It is a request/response style protocol. Clients (browsers, spider, etc) will request to a server (web server) and the server responds to these requests.
- HTTP uses TCP protocol for communication. It connects to a specific port (default is 80) to the server and communicates via that port. Once the response is received completely, client programs will be disconnected from the server. For each request, client programs have to acquire a connection with servers and do all the request cycles again.



What is state management?

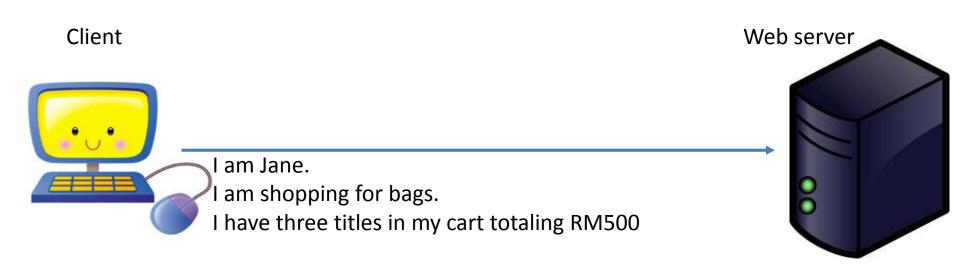




- There are mainly two types of state management that ASP.NET provides:
 - 1. Client side state management
 - 2. Server side state management



Client Side State Management



When we use client side state management:

- The state related information will be stored on client side.
- This information will travel back and forth with every request and response.





Client Side State Management

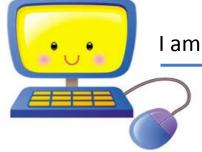
- Advantage:
 - Relieve the server from the burden of keeping the state related information
- Disadvantage:
 - Makes the information travel back and forth
 - Information can be intercepted by anyone in between
 - Sensitive information (credit card number, password)?





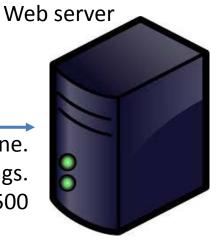
Server Side State Management





I am session 237

Session 237 is Jane.
Jane is shopping for bags.
I have three titles in Jane's cart totaling RM500



When we use server side state management:

The state related information will be stored on server memory.





Server Side State Management

Advantage:

Sensitive information is secure

Disadvantage:

More memory usage on server



Mix of client side and server side state management depending on the type and size of information.





 Different techniques to manage the state on client and server:

Client Side State Management

- View State
- Query String
- Hidden Fields
- Cookies

Server Side State Management

- Application State
- Session State





Client Side State Management

- View State
 - For saving state on a page between post backs(for a single page)
 - Insecure
- Query String
 - Are used to pass data between pages (in the url)
 - It's temporary storage because when user close the browser or paste another URL data will be lost.
- Hidden fields
 - Similar to textbox
- Cookies
 - Stored at the client. Can expire.





Server Side State Management

Session

- For saving data specific to the user
- It is very secure because data never transmitted to client, stores at server side, storing large amount of data may slow down the performance, lifetime is default 20 min but can be altered.
- Sessions work by creating a unique id (UID) for each visitor and store variables based on this UID.
- Session variables hold information about one single user, and are available to all pages in one application.



Server Side State Management using Session State

- Session objects are stored on the server side.
- It can be used to store any type of data in the memory.
- They are primarily used for storing user specific information like shopping cart, preferences etc and is never transferred to the client.
- You can declare session level variables in the following manner -

```
Session("AccountNo") = 1998773887324556;
```

• To destroy session:

Session.Remove("AccountNo")



Session

- A session is defined as the period of time that a unique user interacts with a web application.
- As long as the user maintains their state, you can use the session object as much as you want.
- ASP developers who wish to retain data for unique user session can use a feature known as session state.



ASP.NET Session State

- The session state is used to maintain the session of each user throughout the application.
- Session allows information to be stored in one page and access in another page and support any type of object.



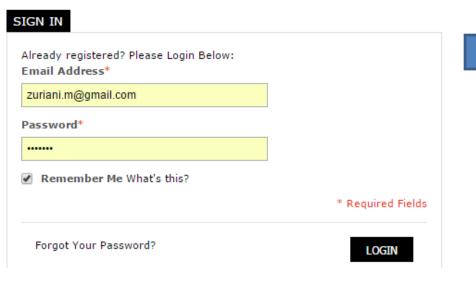
Example:

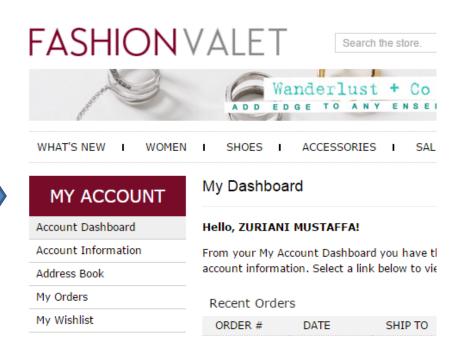
- In many websites we will see the functionality like once if we login into website they will show username in all the pages for that they will store username in session and they will access that session username in all the pages.
- Whenever user enters into website new session
 ID will be generated for that user
- This session ID will be deleted when he leave from that application. If he enters again he will get new session ID.





SIGN IN / REGISTER







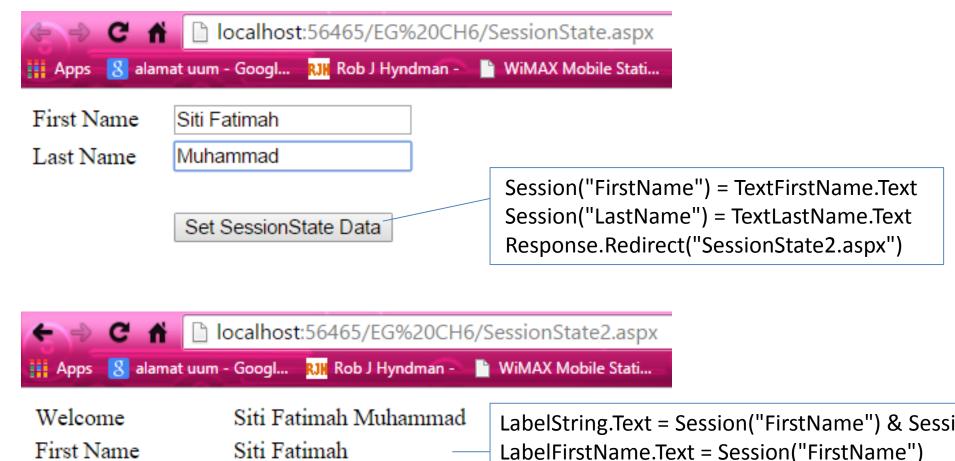
Last Name

CHAPTER 6| STATE MANAGEMENT

Muhammad



LabelLastName.Text = Session("LastName")





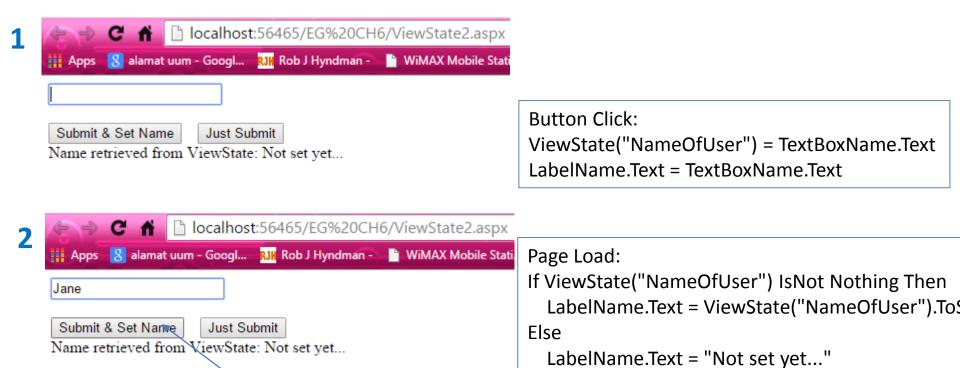


Client Side State Management using ViewState

- ASP.NET uses this mechanism to track the values of the controls on the web page between page request for same page.
- Client-side management techniques don't utilize server resources.
- They are less secure but fast performing.
- Let's explore the ViewState technique to save state

 ViewState objects are used to store page related data/State values which are preserved between the round trips from client to server and server to client/across page PostBacks.





End If

Jane

Submit & Set Name

Just Submit

Name retrieved from ViewState: Jane

I localhost:56465/EG%20CH6/ViewState2.aspx

WiMAX Mobile Stati

Hit this button



Session State	View State
Session state is maintained in session level	View state is maintained in page level only
Session state value is available in all pages within a user session	View state of one page is not visible in another page
Session state information stored in server	View state information stored in client only



Usage

- If you want to access the information on different web pages, you can use SessionState
- If you want to access from the same page, then you can use Viewstate

Security

 Session state provides more security compared with view state as the data value is stored in server side