

BCS 2203 | WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

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AL-FATIHAH



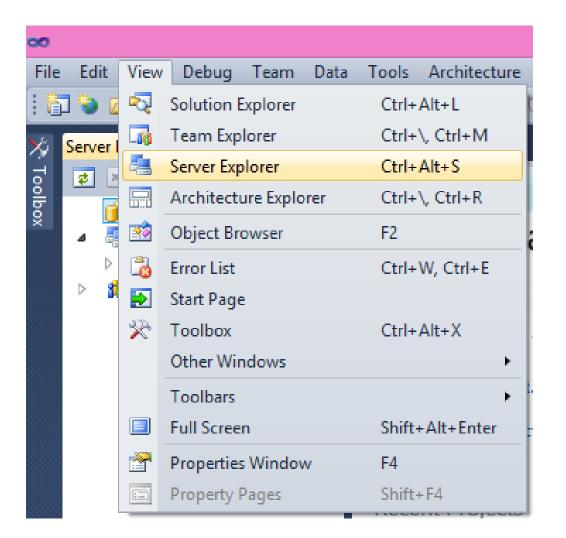
COURSE OUTCOMES

- Associating data web controls with data source controls
- Using the GridView and DetailsView controls
- Customizing the appearance of the GridView and DetailsView controls



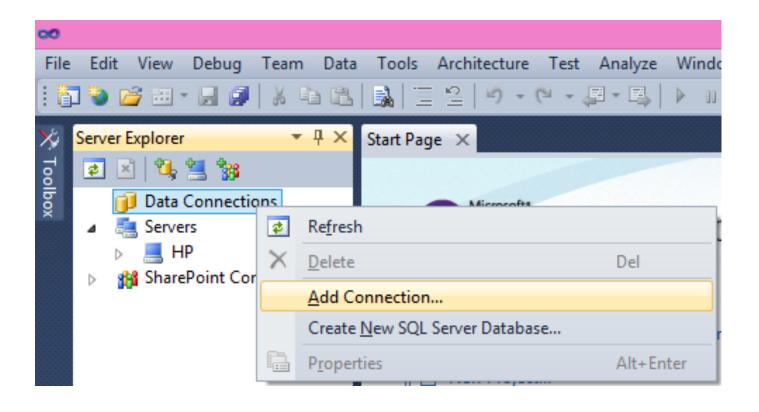
Creating A Database

1. Microsoft Visual Studio, select View | Server Explorer.



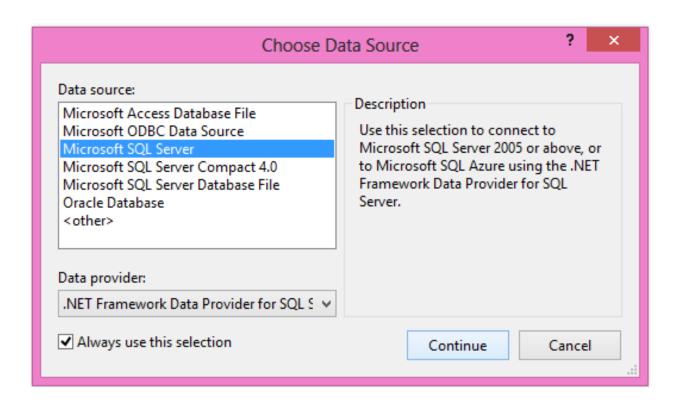


Right click on Data Connections and click Add Connection...



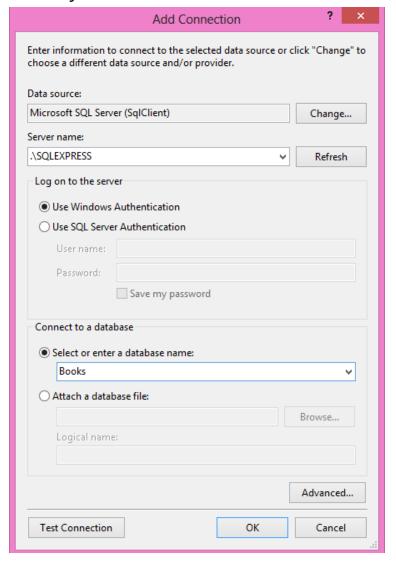


2. In the Choose Data Source dialog, select Microsoft SQL Server and select Continue.



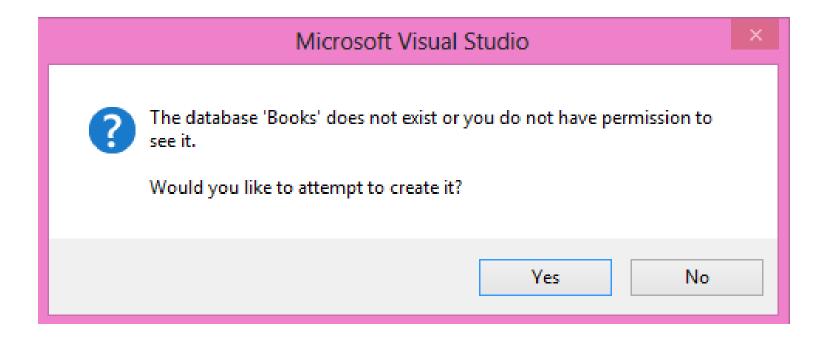


3. In the Add Connection dialog, enter ".\SQLEXPRESS" for your Server Name, and enter "Books" as the name for your new database.



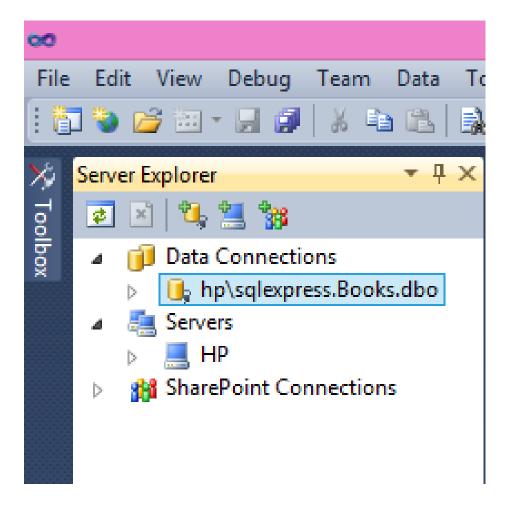


4. Click OK and you'll be asked if you want to create that database. Select yes.



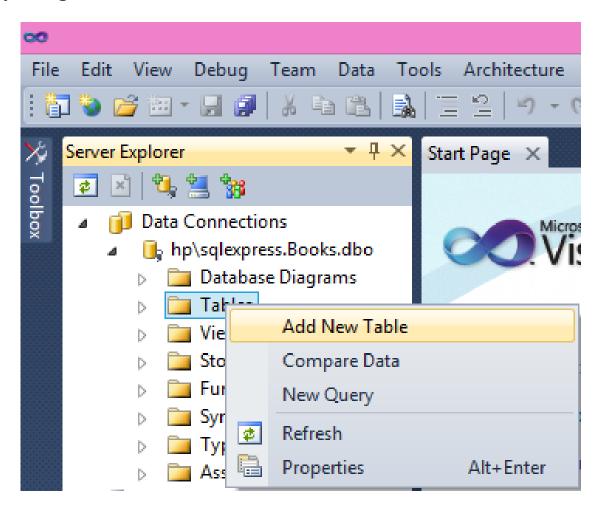


5. Now you've got an empty database in Server Explorer.





6. Right click on Tables and click Add Table. The Table Designer will appear. Add columns for Id, Title, ReleaseDate, Genre, and Price. Right click on the isbn column and click set Primary Key. Here's what my design areas looks like.





dbo.Book: Table(he\sqlexpress.Books)* × Movie: Query(herwan\sqle							
	Column Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls				
₽Ŗ	isbn	nvarchar(50)					
	title	nvarchar(50)					
	author	nvarchar(50)					
	year	nvarchar(50)					
	publisher	nvarchar(50)					

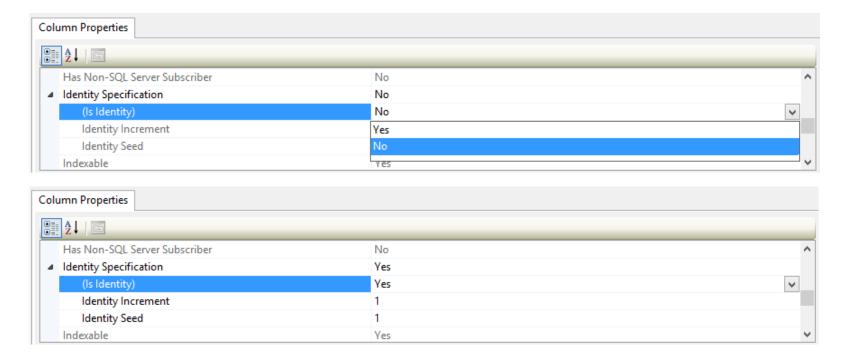


***This step is required ONLY IF you want to set the PK as auto increment (for this case, your PK must be set to int)

Example, the PK column is id: select the id column and under Column Properties below change "Identity Specification" to "Yes."

Primary Key should be UNIQUE but not necessarily need to be auto_increment. Sometimes, the primary key is set to auto increment because it is easy to handle.

Example: Some bank account number which is the mixture and string and digit is used as primary key for the table account. It is not set as auto_increament.



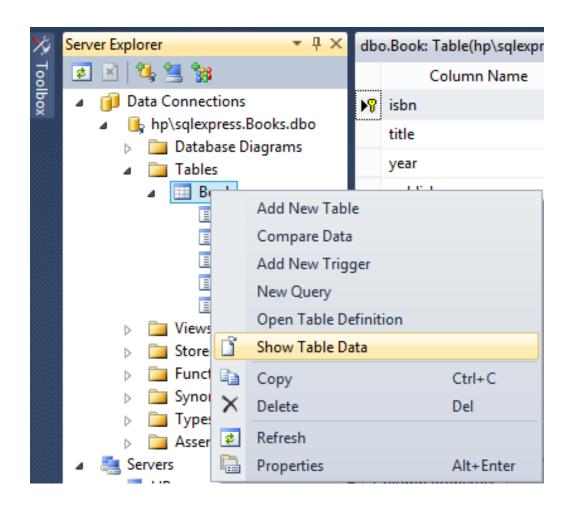


8. When you've got it done, click the Save icon in the toolbar or select File | Save from the menu, and name your table "**Book**" (singular). We've got a database and a table!

	? ×	
Enter a name for t	he table:	
Book		
	ОК	Cancel



9. Go back to Server Explorer and right click the Movie table, then select "Show Table Data."





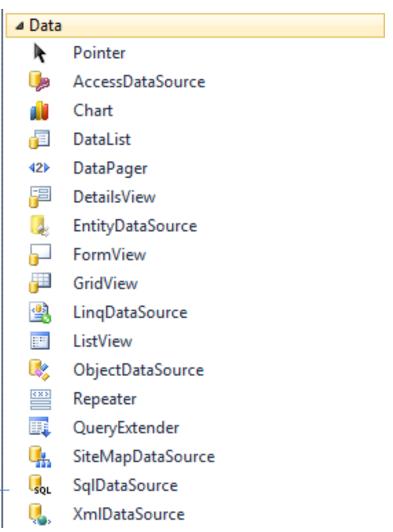
Enter a few books so our database has some data.

	isbn	title	author	year	publisher
	1	ASP.NET	Scott	2013	SAMS
	2	Visual Basic	James	2010	SAMS
	3	Visual C#	Mitchell	2014	SAMS
* *	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL



Accessing Data with the Data Source Control

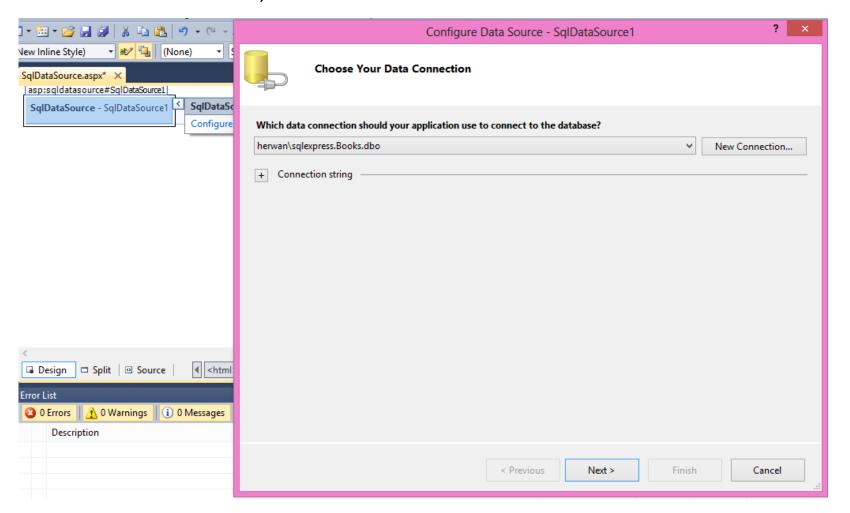
- Asp.NET includes 7 data source controls.
- Each of them serves different function.



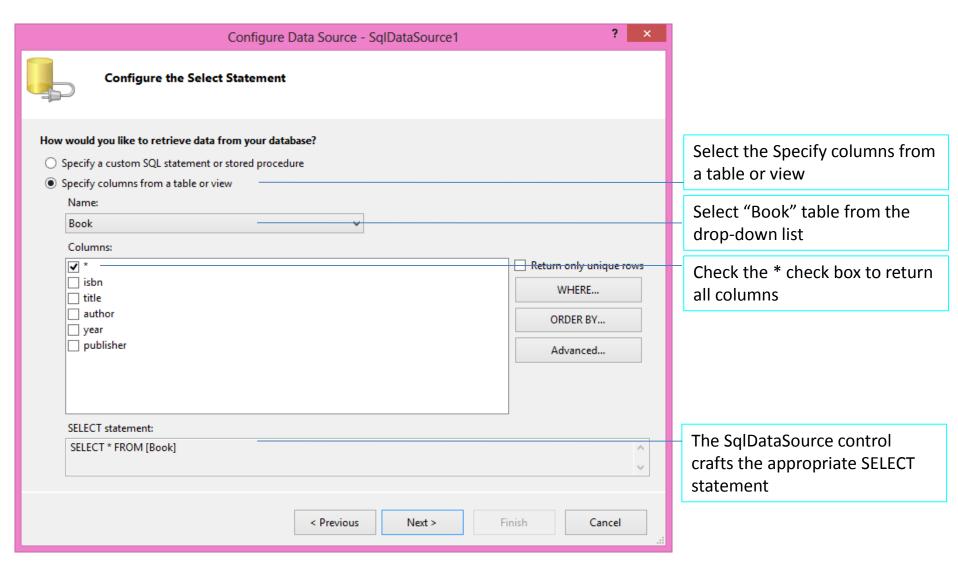
We will use the SqlDataSource control



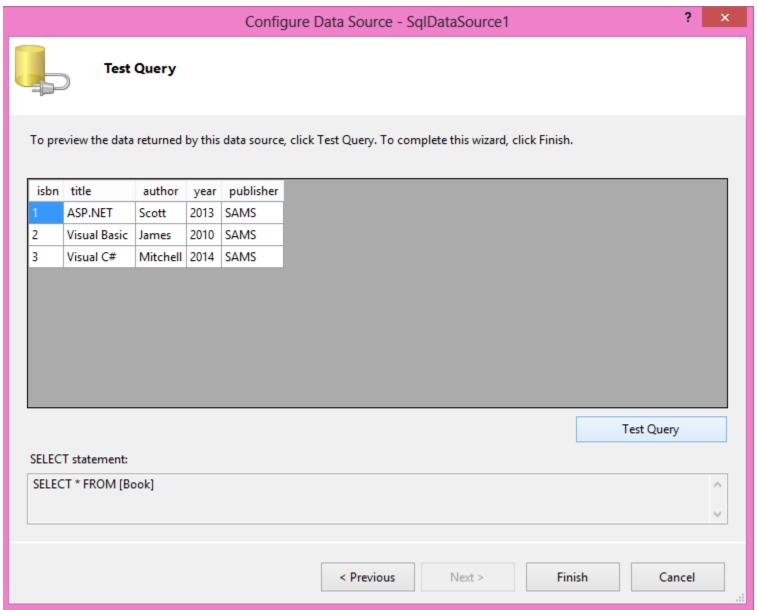
Drag & Drop SqlDataSource – Configure Data Source – Select your Database – Next – Check the check box: Yes, save this connection as - Next









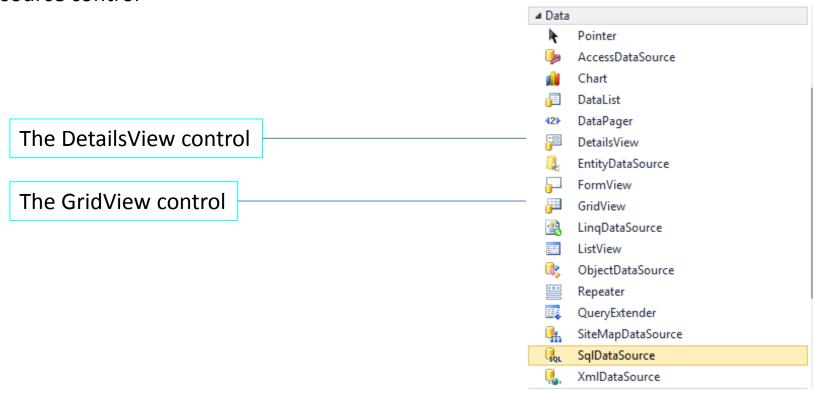




Displaying Data with the Data Web Controls

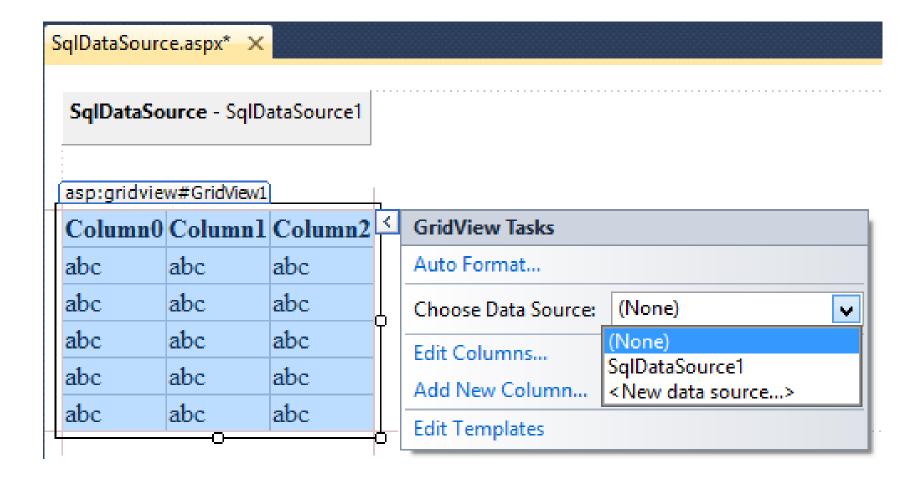
Displaying data in an ASP.NET page involves two classes of Web controls:

- First, a data source control is used to access the data
- Next, a data Web control is employed to display the data retrieved by the data source control



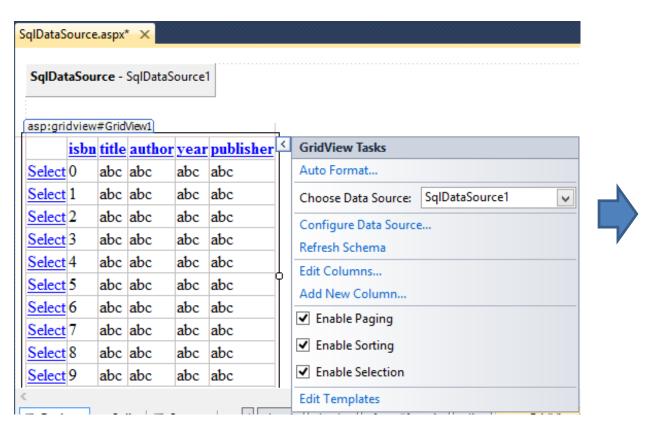


Now, drag and drop GridView control to the SqlDataSource.aspx -





Smart Tag – Choose Data Source – Feel free to check the Check Boxes – Run and see the output







To summarize:

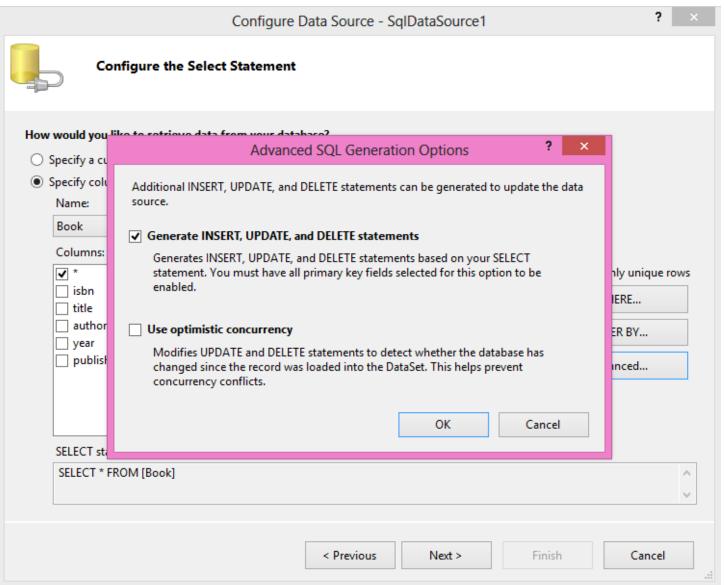
- Data source controls serve as a bridge between the ASP.NET page and the database.
- That is, a data source control ONLY retrieve database data, and DOES NOT have any capabilities for displaying the retrieved data on the page.
- To display the data, we need to use and additional Web controls, such as GridView, DetailsView, CheckBoxList, DropDownList and so on.



Deleting, Inserting and Editing Data

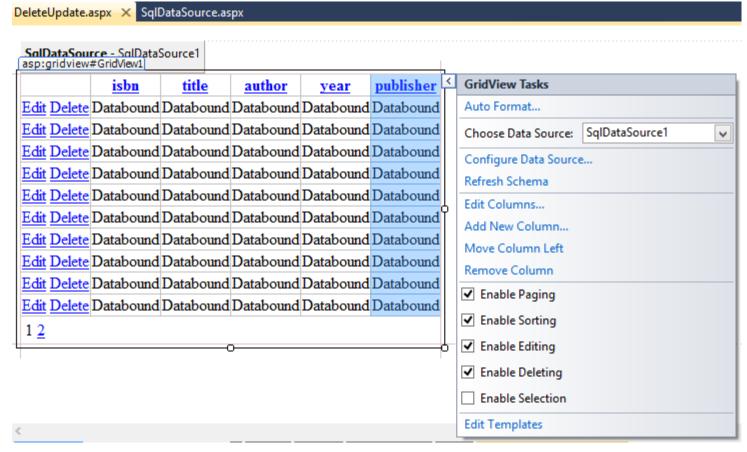
- Adding support for insert, updates and deletions with the SqlDataSource control is as easy as checking box.
- Create a new ASP.NET page name DeleteUpdate.aspx add a SqlDataSource control – configure it by selecting the appropriate database or connection string in the first step – Configure the Select Statement screen
- Make sure that:
 - ✓ The Book table is selected
 - ✓ The * option is selected to retrieve all columns from the table
 - ✓ To set up the SqlDataSource to support insert, delete and update, click the Advanced button (see next slide)







 Then, as usual, add a GridView – choose data source – you will see the checboxes for insert, delete and update are available – run and test the output





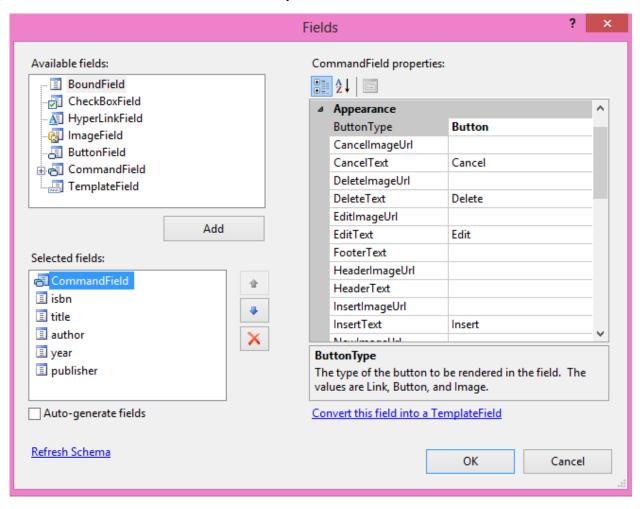
Remember!

- The Generate Insert, Update and Delete Statements checkbox is selectable ONLY IF the columns you selected in the Configure the Select Statement screen include the table's primary key.
- In our example, the isbn column must be included, either by selecting * or by selecting isbn explicitly



Customizing the Edit and Delete Field

Click the GridView smart tag – Edit Columns – Click CommandField – Change the property of Button Type to Button- run and see the output





Inserting Data with the DetailsView

The steps is quite similar to adding editing and deleting support to GridView. In addition to inserting, the DetailsView also offers editing and deleting capabilities. Feel free to explore!

Recap:

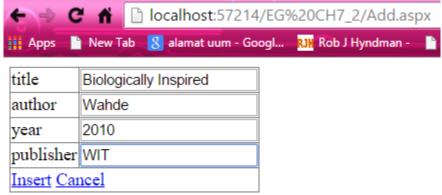
 Add SqlDataSource – Configure Data Source – Choose Connection String from the Drop Down List – Next – In the Configure the Select Statement Dislog Box [Click the Radio Button 'Specify Columns from a table or view", check the * checkbox, click button Advanced - check "Generate Insert, Update and Delete Statements" – OK – Next – Text Query

Then

1. Add DetailsView Control – Choose Data Source – Check the Enable Inserting checkbox

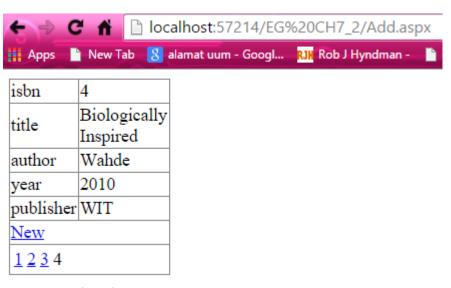






Click Insert

Click New



Go to the last page



Binding Data to a List Web Control

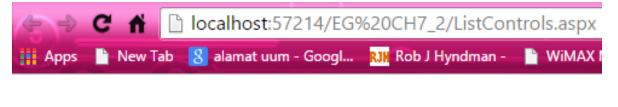
Add a new ASP.NET page named LkistControls.aspx — as, usual, add the SqlDataSource control — However, this time, you don't have to configure
The SqlDataSource control to include the INSERT, UPDATE and DELETE statements.

Next, drag and drop the DropDownList, CheckBoxList and RadioButtonList.

Each of these list Web controls has a smart tag with Choose Data Source Link.

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ASP.NET

- ASP.NET
- Visual Basic.Net
- Visual C#
- Biologically Inspired
- ASP.NET
- Visual Basic.Net
- Visual C#
- Biologically Inspired



The Benefits of Dynamically Populating a List Control

Static

If there are changes to the items to be displayed in the future, you must visit each and every page that uses this data and update the list control appropriately

Dynamic

You can just update the database table from which the items are retrieved and you're done!



- The GridView control shows all the record from its data source at once.
- DetailsView control show the record just one at a time.
- Both GridView and DetailsView controls can be used to delete and edit existing data
- Only DetailsView control can be used to insert records as well.



To be continued at Chapter 8...