5. Repeat 4.1 but for a fully associative cache that is 16 bytes big and has a line size of 4 bytes. Assume an LRU replacement strategy is used.

Tag	0	1	2	6
			<u> </u>	+

	12	[3	[1A	A	1B	16	TY	3	12	9	23	3 A	5	19	1	9
M	1	Н	M	M	, H	M	Н	H	m	M	m	M	M	M	m	M

4. Repeat 4.1 but for a fully associative cache that is 16 bytes big and has a line size of 1 byte. Assume an LRU replacement strategy is used.

Tag	1	2	3	1A	A	1B	16	14	112	9	23	3 A	5	19	]
															T

1	2	3	1A	A	1 B	16	14	3	12	9	23	3A	5	19		9
M	M	M	W	M	M	M	M	H	M	M	M	m	M	m	Н	H

Hit rate = 
$$\frac{3}{17}$$

3. Repeat 4.1 but for a two way set associative cache that is 16 bytes big and has a line size of 1 byte. Assume an LRU replacement strategy is used.

Set	0	١	2	3	4	5	6	7
way1		\	7	0	2	0	2	
Way2		0	2	4				

1	2	3	1A	A	1B	16	14	3	12	9	23	3 <i>A</i>	5
M	W	Μ	M	$\bigvee$	M	M	<b>^</b>	H	Μ	Μ	M	M	M

M	M	W
119	1	9

2. Repeat 4.1 but for a direct mapped cache that is 16 bytes big and has a line size of 4 bytes

Set	0	\	2	3
Tag	0	0	0	

1	2	3	1A	A	1B	16	14	3	12	9	23	3 <i>F</i> )	5	19	1	9
M	H	1-1	M	M	Μ	M	Н	Н	Μ	M	M	Μ	М	Μ	М	M

- 4. (3 per) Here is a string of hex address references given as byte addresses: 1, 2, 3, 1A, A,1B, 16, 14, 3, 12, 9, 23,3A, 5, 19, 1, 9
  - 1. Assuming a **direct mapped cache** with a **total size of 16 bytes** and a **line size that is 1 byte**. that is initially empty, label each reference in the list as a hit or miss and show the final contents of the cache tag bits for each line. If a line is not written to leave its tag bits blank. Compute the hit rate for this example.

Set	0	١	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Tan		0	\	2	)	0	)			0	3	\					

1	2	3	1A	A	1B	16	14	3	12	9	23	3 A	5	19	1	9
M	M	W	W	M	M	M	W	H	Μ	M	M	M	m	n	H	M

3. (3) Given that you have a 5 way Set Associate cache of size 5242880 bytes with a line size of 64 bytes show how an Address of 64 bits would be partitioned.

The partition of an address of 64 bits will be:

Tag	Set	0 H5e+
63-20	19-6	5-0

2. (3) Given that you have Direct Mapped cache of size 2^12 bytes with a line size of 32 bytes show how an Address of 50 bits would be partitioned.

The partition of an address of 50 bits will be:

Tag	Set	offset	
49-12	11-5	4-0	

1. (3) Given that you have a Fully Associative cache of size 2^10 bytes with a line size of 16 bytes show how an Address of 29 bits would be partitioned.

- The partition of an address of 29 bits will be:

Tag	oftset	
28-4	3-0	

## **Homework 4 Written**

Points: 35

The pdf you submit must look exactly like this with the answers and all supporting

works shown on the the page with the question.

Last Name	First Name	Student ID
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Magno	Mathew	913366789