ERD

```
1- Describe Entities You need in the system (خليها كلمة واحدة مفرد)
{ Employee, Dept, Contract, Project, Skill, Car, Dependent }
2- Define Attributes for every Entity
-> Employee
        -> simple/Single Attributes (SSD, ID, Name, Salary)
        -> Multi-Valued Atrributes (Phone)
        -> Composite Attributes (Adress : city , Street)
        -> Derived Atrributes : Need to be calculated (Age)
-> Dept
        -> Simple Attributes (DNO, DName, DLOC)
-> Contract
        -> Simple Attributes (Contract_ID , Type , ST_Date)
-> Project
        -> Simple Attributes (PNO, PName)
-> Skill
        -> Simple Attributes (SID, SName)
-> Dependent
        -> Simple Attributes (Name, Relation)
-> Car
```

```
3- define Unique Identitfiers Attribute/s
----Types Of Entities
        1. Strong Entity: Has a Unique Identifier Attribute/s
        2. Weak Entity: Has NOT a Unique Identifier Attribute/s
->Strong Entities: { Employee(SSD, ID), Dept(DNO), Contract(Contarct_ID), Project(PNO),
Skill(SID), Car(PlateID) }
->Weak Entities : { Dependent }
4-Define Realtionships between Entities(خليها فعل)
1. Degree Of Realtionships : { Binary Realtionship, Unary Realtionship, Unary Recursive Realtionship}
2. Cardinality Of Realtionships: { One-To-One, One-To-Many, Many-To-Many }
3. Ratio Of Participation : { Partial(May) , Fully(Must) }
Ex01: Employee - (Work) - Dept
1. degree: Binary Relationship
2. Cardinality:
        - Employee works in (One) Dept
        - Dept Can Have (Many) Employees work in
        => Many-To-One => (Many Employee)-To-(One Dept)
3. Participation:
        - Employee (Must) work in a Dept
        - Dept (May) have Employees work in (depend on business Case)
```

=> (Employee Must)-To-(Dept May)(Must-To-May) Participation ()

-> Simple Attributes (PlateID, MOD, Color)

- ----> Iportant Notes
- 1. In Trnary Relationship Cardinality Must Be The Same From All Sides(If Many => (Must Fully) Participation).
 - 2. Weak Entity Participation is Always (Must Fully) ,cuz it fully dependent on other Entity

Mapping

1. Mapping Of Regular Entity Type

- Create Table For Each Entity
- Ex: Employee (SSN, ID, Name, Salay, City, Street)
 - -> Single/Simple Attributes
 - -> Choose Primary Key(SSN)
 - -> Composite Attributes Address(City, Street): Add Compsite Attributes To The Table
 - -> Malti-Valued Attribute(Phone):
 - -> Emp-Phone(SSN, Phone)
 - -> Make A New Table Emp-Phone for this Malti-Valued Attribute
 - -> Add The Primary Key Of Employee As Foreign Key
 - -> Use Combination Of (Phone , SSN) as a primary key for Emp-Phone Table
 - -> Derived Attribute(Date) : Don't Use If You you don't need it cuz it add calculation headche

=====	
2. Map	ping Of Weak Entity Type
	-> Dependent(SSN, Name, Relation)
	-> Add Primary key of Onwer(Parent) Entity As Foreign key in the Weak Entity
	-> Use Combination Of (SSN , Name) as a primary key for Dependent Table
=====	
3. Map	ping Of One-To-Many 1:M (Unary or Binary) Relationship
	-> Add Primary Key Of The One Side As Foreign Key At The Many Side
	-> Even it a Unary-Recursive do the same but change foreign key name
	-> Relationship Attributes if exist (ST_Date) Follow Foreign Key
=====	
4. Map	ping Of Many-To-Many N:M (Unary or Binary) Relationship
	->Ex: Wrok_on(SSN , DNO , Hours)
	-> Make A New Table with Relationship Name
table	-> Add the combination of Primary Keys(SSN , DNO) Of The Two Entities As Foreign Keys At the new
	-> Use Both Foreign Keys To Make Primary Key To The New Table
	-> Add Relationship Attributes if exist (Hours)
=====	
5. Map	ping Of One-To-One 1:1 (Unary or Binary) Relationship
	-> 1:1 Relationship Mapping depend on Participation(May-Must , May-May , Must-Must)
	1. May-Must 1:1
	-> Add Primary Key Of May Side As Foreign Key in Must Side
	2. May-May 1:1
	-> Add Primary Key Of Any May Side As Foreign Key in The Other May Side

3	М	ust	-M	110	f 1	1.1	ı

-> Merge The Two Tables in One Of The Two Tables To Make One Table With All Data

6. Mapping Ternary Relationship

 $\mathord{\hspace{1pt}\text{--}\hspace{1pt}}$ Make New Table With All Primary Keys From All Three Entities Tables As Foreign Keys

Mapping

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Employee (\begin{tabular}{ll} \underline{SSN} \end{tabular} \ , \ Name \ , \ Salary \ , \ Street \ , \ City \ , \begin{tabular}{ll} \underline{DNO} \ , \ \underline{MGR-SSN} \ , \ \underline{PlateID} \ , \ Contract_ID_, \ Type_, \ ST_Date) \end{tabular}$

Emp_Phone(<u>SSN</u>, Phone)

 $\textcolor{red}{Dept}(\textcolor{blue}{DNO}\,,\, \texttt{DName}\,,\, \texttt{DLOC}\,,\, \texttt{DMGR-}\textcolor{red}{\underline{SSN}}\,,\, \texttt{ST_Date})$

Project(PNO , PName)

 $\textcolor{red}{Skill}(\textcolor{blue}{\underline{SID}}\,, \textcolor{blue}{SName})$

Dependent (<u>SSN</u>, Name, Relation)

Car (PlateNO, MOD, Color)

 $\underline{Contract(\underline{Contract_ID}, Type_, ST_Date)}$

Work_On (SSN, PNO, Hours)

 $Skilled_Use(\underline{SID}\ ,\ \underline{SSN}\ ,\ \underline{PNO})$