```
#ifndef GLOBAL_H
#define GLOBAL_H

/*
////        Defining constants
*/

#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#define __AVR_ATmega328P__


/*
////        Defining bit functions
*/

#define bitIsSet(macro, bit) ((macro & _BV(bit)))
#define bitIsClear(macro, bit) (!(macro & _BV(bit)))
#define loopUntilBitIsSet(macro, bit) do { } while (bitIsSet(macro, bit))
#define loopUntilBitIsClear(macro, bit) do { } while (bitIsClear(macro, bit))



/*
////        Including liberaries
*/

#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <avr/cpufunc.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <avr/sleep.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>

#endif
```

```cpp
/*
////        including liberaries
*/

#include "global.h"
#include "motor.h"
#include "servo.h"
#include "serial.h"


/*
////        Defining constants
*/

#define NUM_OF_COMMANDS 11
#define LEFT_SENSOR PC1
#define LEFT_START 120
#define RIGHT_SENSOR PC3
#define REACH_DIFF 30
#define LB 0
#define RB 2
#define WB 4


/*
////        Initializing variables
*/

Motor weapon(1);
Motor left(2);
Motor right(3);
Motor motors[3] = {left, right, weapon};
Servo servo(9);
bool manuallyOn = false;
bool reachIncrements[3] = {true, true, false};
uint8_t reaches[3] = {0, 0, 60};


/*
////        List of rx commands
*/

```

```
43  uint8_t rxCommands[NUM_OF_COMMANDS] = {
44  //  (left     << LB) | (right    << RB) | (weapon   << WB),          // Title         Index     Alphabet
Character
45      (FORWARD  << LB) | (FORWARD  << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Forward        0         @
46      (FORWARD  << LB) | (RELEASE  << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Right:         1         A
47      (RELEASE  << LB) | (FORWARD  << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Left:          2         B
48      (BACKWARD << LB) | (BACKWARD << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Back:          3         C
49      (RELEASE  << LB) | (RELEASE  << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Stop wheels:   4         D
50      (IGNORE   << LB) | (IGNORE   << RB) | (FORWARD  << WB),          // Weapon on:     5         E
51      (IGNORE   << LB) | (IGNORE   << RB) | (BACKWARD << WB),          // Weapon back:   6         F
52      (IGNORE   << LB) | (IGNORE   << RB) | (RELEASE  << WB),          // Weapon off:    7         G
53      (RELEASE  << LB) | (RELEASE  << RB) | (RELEASE  << WB),          // STOP ALL:      8         H
54      (FORWARD  << LB) | (BACKWARD << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Super right    9         I
55      (BACKWARD << LB) | (FORWARD  << RB) | (IGNORE   << WB),          // Super left     10        J
56  };
57
58  /*
59  ////        Prototypes
60  */
61  void putOff(int direction, uint8_t* reach, bool* reachIncrement);
62
63
64  /*
65  ////        Main
66  */
67
68  int main() {
69
70    /*
71      Start serial monitor
72    */
73    Serial::begin();
74
75    /*
76      Interrupts
77    */
78
79    // Enable global interrupts
80    sei();
81
82    // Enabling rx interrupt
83    UCSR0B |= _BV(RXCIE0);
```

```
84
85
86      /*
87        Main loop
88      */
89
90
91      while (true)
92      {
93        []()
94        {
95
96          // For every sensor of the sensors
97          for (char sensor = LEFT_SENSOR, start = LEFT_START; sensor <= RIGHT_SENSOR; sensor++, start -= 60)
98          {
99
100           // return if no fire detected from sensor digital input
101           PORTC |= _BV(sensor); // set a pullover on pin 0 to read it by pinb
102           // insert a nop
103           _NOP();
104
105           // if fire detected from that senosr
106           if (bitIsClear(PINC, sensor))
107           {
108
109             uint8_t index = sensor - LEFT_SENSOR;
110             if (!servo.manual)
111               // put off that fire then return
112               putOff(start, &reaches[index], &reachIncrements[index]);
113             return;
114           }
115         }
116
117         // If no fire is detected and also the weapon not turned on manually
118         if (!manuallyOn)
119           // make sure the weapon is not running
120           weapon.run(RELEASE);
121
122         if (!servo.manual)
123           // make the weapon look forward
124           servo.write(CENTER);
125
```

```
126           // Return reach to zero
127         for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
128           reaches[i] = 0;
129           reachIncrements[i] = true;
130         }
131         reaches[2] = 60;
132         reachIncrements[2] = false;
133 
134       }();
135       }
136 
137 
138   }
139 
140   ISR(USART_RX_vect) {
141     // Get the operation code {index} by getting only the first five bits
142     uint8_t read = Serial::read();
143 
144     switch (read)
145     {
146       // Toggle enabling servo
147       // 0
148       case '0':
149         servo.enable = !servo.enable;
150         return;
151 
152       // Rotate servo to the right
153       // 1
154       case '1':
155         servo.increment(-1);
156         return;
157 
158       // Rotate servo to the left
159       // 2
160       case '2':
161         servo.increment(1);
162         return;
163 
164       // Stop rotation of servo
165       // 3
166       case '3':
167         servo.done = true;
```

```
168         return;
169
170       // Turn manual mode off
171       // 4
172       case '4':
173         servo.manual = false;
174         return;
175     }
176
177     uint8_t index = read & 0x0f;
178     if (index > NUM_OF_COMMANDS - 1) {
179       return;
180     }
181     uint8_t command;
182
183     // For every motor on the shield, execute the appropriate command
184     for (uint8_t i = 0, shift = LB; i < 3; i++, shift+= 2) {
185       command = (rxCommands[index] >> shift) & 0b11;
186       motors[i].run(command);
187     }
188
189     // For the weapon, make sure to update values of manuallyOn
190     switch (command)
191     {
192     case IGNORE:
193       return;
194     case RELEASE:
195       manuallyOn = false;
196       break;
197     default:
198       manuallyOn = true;
199       break;
200     }
201   }
202
203   void putOff(int direction, uint8_t* reach, bool* reachIncrement) {
204
205     // Turn on the fan
206     weapon.run(FORWARD);
207
208     switch (*reachIncrement) {
209       case true:
```

```
210         if (*reach == 60) {
211           *reachIncrement = false;
212           return;
213         }
214         *reach += REACH_DIFF;
215         break;
216       default:
217         if (*reach == 0) {
218           *reachIncrement = true;
219           return;
220         }
221         *reach -= REACH_DIFF;
222         break;
223     }
224
225     // Turn the servo to direction + reach
226     servo.write(direction + *reach);
227   }
228
229
230
231   bool servoOn = false;
232
233   ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect) {
234
235     switch (servoOn)
236     {
237     case false:
238       TCNT1 = 0;
239       OCR1A = TCNT1 + servo.ticks;
240       if (servo.enable){
241         PORTB |= _BV(servo.pin);
242         servoOn = true;
243       }
244       break;
245     case true:
246       PORTB &= ~_BV(servo.pin);
247       if (TCNT1 + 4 < usToTicks(REFRESH_INTERVAL))
248         OCR1A = usToTicks(REFRESH_INTERVAL);
249       else
250         OCR1A = TCNT1 + 4;
251       servoOn = false;
```

```
252       break;
253     }
254
255   }
```

```cpp
#include "global.h"
#include "motor.h"
#include "serial.h"

static uint8_t latchState{0};
static uint8_t MOTORS_A[4] = {2, 1, 5, 0};
static uint8_t MOTORS_B[4] = {3, 4, 7, 6};

void Motor::latch_tx() {

    LATCH_AND_DATA_PORT &= ~MOTORLATCH & ~MOTORDATA;

    for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
        ENABLE_AND_CLK_PORT &= ~MOTORCLK;

        if (latchState & _BV(7-i))
            LATCH_AND_DATA_PORT |= MOTORDATA;
        else
            LATCH_AND_DATA_PORT &= ~MOTORDATA;

        ENABLE_AND_CLK_PORT |= MOTORCLK;
    }

    LATCH_AND_DATA_PORT |= MOTORLATCH;
}

Motor::Motor(uint8_t motorNum) {

    // set the motor num
    this->motorNum = motorNum;

    /*
    ////    Enable
    */
    [&]()
    {
        LATCH_AND_DATA_DRR |= MOTORLATCH | MOTORDATA;
        ENABLE_AND_CLK_DRR |= MOTORENABLE | MOTORCLK;

        latch_tx(); // Reset latch

        ENABLE_AND_CLK_PORT &= ~MOTORENABLE;
```

```
43
44      }();
45
46      uint8_t i = motorNum - 1;
47      latchState &= ~_BV(MOTORS_A[i]) & ~_BV(MOTORS_B[i]);
48      latch_tx();
49
50      switch (motorNum)
51      {
52      case 1:
53           // use PWM from timer2A on PB3 (Arduino pin #11)
54          TCCR2A |= _BV(COM2A1) | _BV(WGM20) | _BV(WGM21); // fast PWM, turn on oc2a
55          TCCR2B = 0x7;
56          OCR2A = SPEED;
57          DDRB |= _BV(DDB3);
58          break;
59      case 2:
60          // use PWM from timer2A on PB3 (Arduino pin #11)
61          TCCR2A |= _BV(COM2B1) | _BV(WGM20) | _BV(WGM21); // fast PWM, turn on oc2b
62          TCCR2B = 0x7;
63          OCR2B = SPEED;
64          DDRD |= _BV(DDD3);
65          break;
66      case 3:
67          // use PWM from timer0A / PD6 (pin 6)
68          TCCR0A |= _BV(COM0A1) | _BV(WGM00) | _BV(WGM01); // fast PWM, turn on OC0A
69          TCCR0B = 0x7;
70          OCR0A = SPEED;
71          DDRD |= _BV(DDD6);
72          break;
73      case 4:
74          // use PWM from timer0B / PD5 (pin 5)
75          TCCR0A |= _BV(COM0B1) | _BV(WGM00) | _BV(WGM01); // fast PWM, turn on oc0a
76          TCCR0B = 0x7;
77          OCR0B = SPEED;
78          DDRD |= _BV(DDD5);
79          break;
80      }
81
82
83  }
84
```

```
 85  void Motor::run(uint8_t direction) {
 86
 87      if (direction < FORWARD) {
 88          return;
 89      }
 90
 91      uint8_t i = this->motorNum - 1;
 92      switch (direction)
 93      {
 94      case FORWARD:
 95          latchState |= _BV(MOTORS_A[i]);
 96          latchState &= ~_BV(MOTORS_B[i]);
 97          break;
 98      case BACKWARD:
 99          latchState &= ~_BV(MOTORS_A[i]);
100          latchState |= _BV(MOTORS_B[i]);
101          break;
102      case RELEASE:
103          latchState &= ~_BV(MOTORS_A[i]);
104          latchState &= ~_BV(MOTORS_B[i]);
105          break;
106      }
107      latch_tx();
108  }
```

```
#ifndef MOTOR_H
#define MOTOR_H

#include <stdint.h>

#define FREQ _BV(CS01)
#define MOTORLATCH _BV(DDB4)
#define MOTORDATA _BV(DDB0)
#define MOTORENABLE _BV(DDD7)
#define MOTORCLK _BV(DDD4)
#define SPEED 0xff
#define IGNORE 0
#define FORWARD 1
#define BACKWARD 2
#define RELEASE 3

#define LATCH_AND_DATA_DRR DDRB
#define LATCH_AND_DATA_PORT PORTB
#define ENABLE_AND_CLK_DRR DDRD
#define ENABLE_AND_CLK_PORT PORTD

class Motor
{
private:
    uint8_t motorNum;
    void latch_tx();
public:
    Motor(uint8_t motorNum);
    void run(uint8_t direction);
};

#endif
```

```cpp
#include "global.h"
#include "serial.h"
// #include <string.h>

#define BAUD 9600
#define MYUBRR F_CPU/(long(16) * BAUD) -1

void Serial::begin() {
    // Set baud rate
    UBRR0H =(MYUBRR >> 8);
    UBRR0L = MYUBRR;
    // Enable receiver and transmitter
    UCSR0B = _BV(RXEN0) | _BV(TXEN0);
    // Set frame format: 8data, 1stop bit
    UCSR0C = _BV(UCSZ01) | _BV(UCSZ00);
}

uint8_t Serial::read() {
    return UDR0;
}

// void Serial::print(char* text) {

//     for (uint8_t i = 0, length = strlen(text); i < length; i++) {
//         loopUntilBitIsClear(UCSR0A, UDRE0);
//         UDR0 = text[i];
//     }

// }

// void Serial::print(char c) {
//     char character[2] = {c, 0};
//     print(character);
// }

// void Serial::print(uint8_t n) {
//     char chars[3] = {48, 48, 48};

//     for (char i = 0; i < 3; i++){
//         if (n <= 0) {
//             break;
//         }
```

```
43  //         chars[i] = (n % 10) + 48;
44  //         n = n / 10;
45  //     }
46  
47  //     for (char i = 2; i >= 0; i--) {
48  //         print(chars[i]);
49  //     }
50  
51  // }
52  
53  // void Serial::println(char* text) {
54  //     Serial::print(text);
55  //     Serial::print('\n');
56  // }
57  
58  // bool Serial::available() {
59  //     return bitIsSet(UCSR0A, RXC0);
60  // }
```

```h
#ifndef SERIAL_H
#define SERIAL_H

#include <stdint.h>

class Serial
{
public:
    Serial() {};
    static void begin();
    // static void print(char* text);
    // static void print(uint8_t n);
    // static void print(char c);
    // static void println(char *text);
    static uint8_t read();
    // static bool available();
};

#endif
```

```cpp
#include "global.h"
#include "servo.h"
#include "serial.h"

Servo::Servo(uint8_t pinNum) {

    // Set the pin to output
    this->pin = pinNum - 8;
    DDRB |= _BV(pin);

    // Initializing the timer
    TCCR1A = 0;                 // normal counting mode
    TCCR1B = _BV(CS11);         // Set prescaler of 8
    TCNT1 = 0;                  // Clear the timer count

    TIFR1 |= _BV(OCF1A);        // Clear any pending interrupts
    TIMSK1 |= _BV(OCIE1A);      // enable the output compare interrupt

}

void Servo::write(uint8_t angle) {

    if (angle == this->servoAngle) {
        return;
    }

    char increment = this->servoAngle > angle ? -1 : 1;

    // For in in the range start to finish
    for (uint8_t i = this->servoAngle + increment, r = angle + increment; i != r;i += increment) {

        // Write the angle of the servo as the current value
        _write(i);

        // Delay 5 seconds
        _delay_ms(SERVO_DELAY);
    }

}

bool Servo::_write(uint8_t angle) {

```

```
43      if (!this->enable) {
44          return false;
45      }
46
47      bool returnValue = true;
48      if (angle == START) {
49          returnValue = false;
50      }
51      else if (angle > END) {
52          angle = END;
53          returnValue = false;
54      }
55      // Convert the angle to microseconds
56      this->servoAngle = angle;
57      long value = angleToPulse((unsigned long)angle);
58
59      // convert the microseconds to ticks
60      value = value - TRIM_DURATION;
61      value = usToTicks(value);           // convert to ticks after compensating for interrupt overhead
62
63      // stop interrupts  while overwriting the value of ticks
64      // uint8_t oldSREG = SREG;
65      // cli();
66      this->ticks = value;
67      // SREG = oldSREG;
68
69      return returnValue;
70  }
71
72  void Servo::increment(uint8_t increment) {
73      sei();
74      this->manual = true;
75      this->done = false;
76      while (_write(this->servoAngle + increment) && !this->done && this->manual)
77      {
78          _delay_ms(SERVO_DELAY);
79      }
80      this->done = true;
81  }
```

```h
#ifndef SERVO_H
#define SERVO_H

#include <stdint.h>

#define MIN_PULSE_WIDTH       544     // the shortest pulse sent to a servo
#define MAX_PULSE_WIDTH      2400     // the longest pulse sent to a servo
#define TRIM_DURATION 0               // compensation ticks to trim adjust for digitalWrite delays
#define SERVO_DELAY 10
#define DEFAULT_PULSE_WIDTH 1500
#define REFRESH_INTERVAL    20000     // minimum time to refresh servos in microseconds
#define clockCyclesPerMicrosecond (F_CPU / 1000000L)
#define usToTicks(_us) ((_us * clockCyclesPerMicrosecond ) / 8)             // Converts microseconds to ticks
#define ticksToUs(_ticks) ((_ticks * 8) / clockCyclesPerMicrosecond)        // From ticks to microseconds
#define DEFAULT_TICKS usToTicks(DEFAULT_PULSE_WIDTH)
#define angleToPulse(x) x * (MAX_PULSE_WIDTH - MIN_PULSE_WIDTH) / 180  + MIN_PULSE_WIDTH


#define CENTER 90
#define START 0
#define END 180

class Servo
{
public:
    bool manual{false};
    bool done{true};
    bool enable {true};
    uint8_t servoAngle {CENTER};
    uint8_t pin;
    long ticks {angleToPulse(CENTER)};
    Servo(uint8_t pin);
    void write(uint8_t angle);
    bool _write(uint8_t angle);
    void increment(uint8_t increment);
};

#endif
```