

Theory Sec "3"- General

* Regular Expressions:

is often described by means of an algebraic expression called regular expression notations.

→ $\emptyset, 1, a \in \Sigma$ → Primitive Regular expressions

→ if r_1 and r_2 are regular expression, so

$r_1 + r_2, r_1 \cdot r_2, r_1^*, (r_1)$

* a string is a regular expression if and only if:
it can be derived from the primitive regular expression by a finite number of rules.

* $L(r)$: language of Regular expression (r)

→ $L(\emptyset) = \emptyset$

→ $L(1) = \{1\}$

$L(a) = \{a\}$

$$* L(r_1 + r_2) = L(r_1) \cup L(r_2)$$

$$* L(r_1 \cdot r_2) = L(r_1) L(r_2)$$

$$* L(r_1^*) = (L(r_1))^*$$

$$* L((r_1)) = L(r_1)$$

① RE : $(a+b) \cdot a^*$

$$\begin{aligned} L((a+b) \cdot a^*) &= L(a+b) \cdot L(a^*) \\ &= (L(a) \cup L(b)) \cdot L(a)^* \\ &= (\{a\} \cup \{b\}) (\{a\})^* \\ &= \{a, b\} \{\lambda, a, aa, aaa, \dots\} \\ &= \{a, aa, aaa, \dots, b, ba, baa, \dots\} \end{aligned}$$

② RE : $(a+b+c)^*$

$$\begin{aligned} L((a+b+c)^*) &= (L(a) \cup L(b) \cup L(c))^* \\ &= (\{a\} \cup \{b\} \cup \{c\})^* \\ &= (\{a\} \cup \{bc\})^* \\ &= \{a, bc\}^* \\ &= \{\lambda, a, bc, aa, bca, abc, \dots\} \end{aligned}$$

3) RE: $(0 + 10^*)$

$$L(0 + 10^*) = L(0) \cup (L(1) L(0)^*)$$

$$= \{0\} \cup (\{1\} \{0\}^*)$$

$$= \{0\} \cup (\{1, 10, 100, \dots\})$$

$$= \{0\} \cup (\{1, 10, 100, 1000, \dots\})$$

$$L(0 + 10^*) = \{0, 1, 10, 100, 1000, \dots\}$$

4) RE: $(0^*. 1. 0^*)$

$$L(0^*. 1. 0^*) = L(0)^* L(1) L(0)^*$$

$$= \{0\}^* \{1\} \{0\}^*$$

$$= \{1, 0, 00, \dots\} \{1\} \{1, 0, 00, \dots\}$$

$$= \{1, 01, 001, \dots, 10, 010, 0010, \dots\}$$

$$L = \{0^n 1 0^m \mid n, m \geq 0\}$$

⑤ RE : $(a+b)^* abb$

$$\begin{aligned} L((a+b)^* \cdot abb) &= L((a+b)^*) \cup L(abb) \\ &= (L(a+b))^* \cup L(abb) \\ &= (L(a) \cup L(b))^* \cup L(abb) \\ &= (\{a\} \cup \{b\})^* \cup \{abb\} \\ &= (\{a,b\})^* \cup \{abb\} \\ &= \{1, a, b, aa, ab, bb, \dots\} \cup \{abb\} \\ &= \{abb, aabb, aaabb, ababb, \dots\} \end{aligned}$$

L = set of strings a's and b's end
with (abb)

⑥ RE : $(aa)^* (bb)^* b$

$$L((aa)^* - (bb)^* \cdot b) =$$

$$= L(aa)^* L(bb)^* L(b)$$

$$= \{aa\}^* \{bb\}^* \{b\}$$

$$= \{\lambda, aa, aaaa, \dots\} \{1, bb, bbbb, \dots\} \{b\}$$

$$= \{b, aab, aaaab, bbb, aabb, \dots\}$$

$$L = \{a^{2n} b^{2m} b; n, m \geq 0\}$$

OR

language contains even number of a's followed by odd number of b's

7 RE: $(aa + ab + ba + bb)^*$

$$L((aa + ab + ba + bb))^*$$

$$= (L(aa) \cup L(ab) \cup L(ba) \cup L(bb))^*$$

$$= \{\{aa\} \cup \{ab\} \cup \{ba\} \cup \{bb\}\}^*$$

$$= \{aa, ab, ba, bb\}^*$$

$$= \{1, aa, ab, ba, bb, aaab, aaba, \dots\}$$

8 RE: $(0+1) \cdot (1+1)$

$$L((0+1) \cdot (1+1))$$

$$= L(0+1) \cdot L(1+1)$$

$$= ((L(0) \cup L(1)) \cap ((L(0) \cup L(1)))$$

$$= (\{0\} \cup \{1\}) \cap (\{0\} \cup \{1\})$$

$$= \{0, 1\} \cap \{1, 1\}$$

$$= \{01, 0, 1, 1\}$$

9) write a regular expression for the language
accepts all string which are starting
with l and ending with o.

$$R = l \cdot (l + o)^* \cdot o$$

10) write a regular expression for the language
starting and ending with a and
having any number of b's in between.

$$R = a \cdot b^* \cdot a$$

11) write a regular expression of the language, all
the string any number of a's followed by
any number of b's followed by any number
of c's.

$$R = a^* b^* c^*$$

12) write a regular ~~language~~ expression for language
 $\Sigma = \{a\}$ having even number of a's

$$R = (aa)^*$$

$$(13) \text{ R.E. : } (b^*.(aaa)^*b^*)^*$$

$$L(b^*.(aaa)^*b^*)^*$$

$$= (L(b)^* L(aaa)^* L(b)^*)^*$$

$$= (\{b\}^* \{aaa\}^* \{b\}^*)^*$$

$$= (\{1, b, bb\}^* \{1, aaa, aaaa, \dots\}^* \{1, b, bb, \dots\})^*$$

language contains a and any number of b's

$$L = \{b^m a^{3n} b^j ; m, n, j \geq 0\}$$

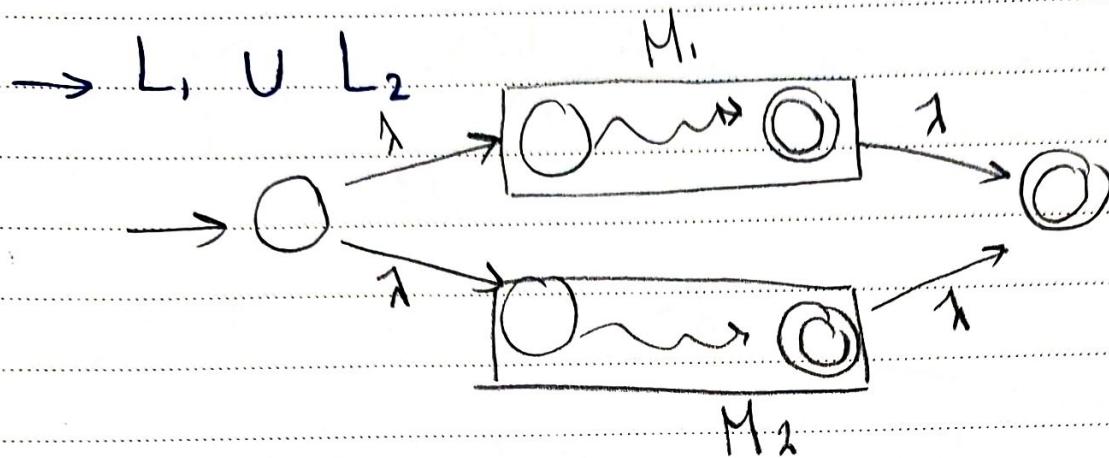
(14) write the regular expression for the language such that the string doesn't contain (01)

$$L = \{1, 0, 1, 00, 11, 10, 100, 1011, \dots\}$$

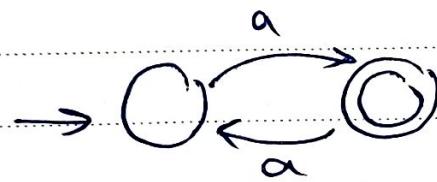
$$RE = (1^* 0^*)$$

/ /

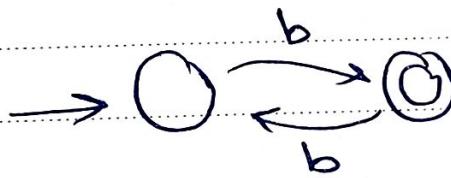
* Convert from Regular Expression to NFA:



Ex:

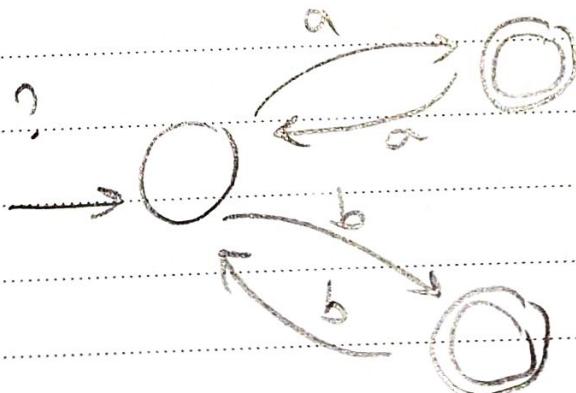


$$A = \{a^n \mid n \text{ is odd}\}$$



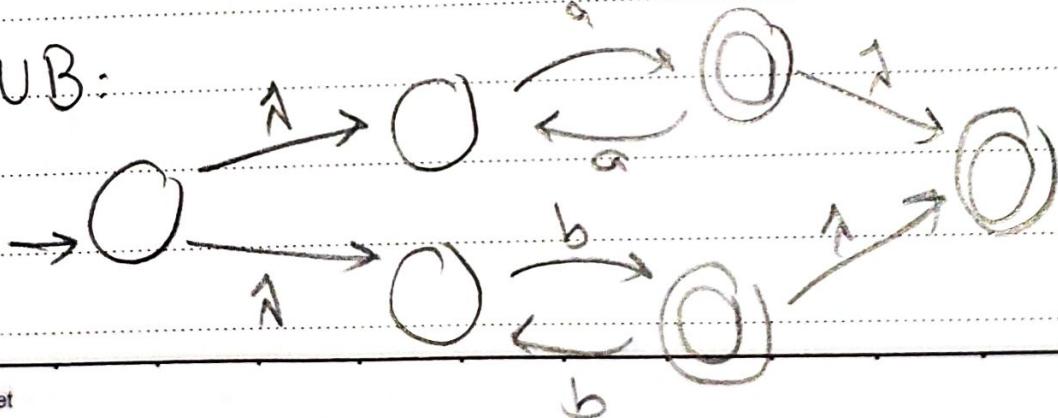
$$B = \{b^n \mid n \text{ is odd}\}$$

$A \cup B$?



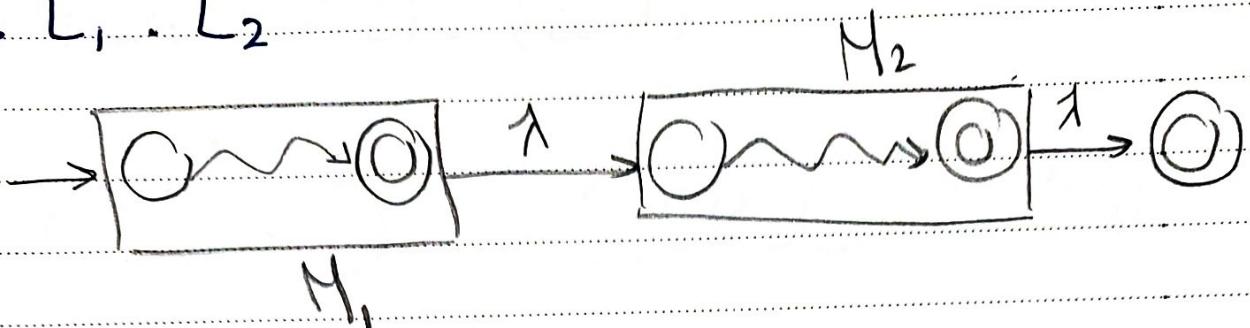
No X
This accepts aab

$A \cup B$:

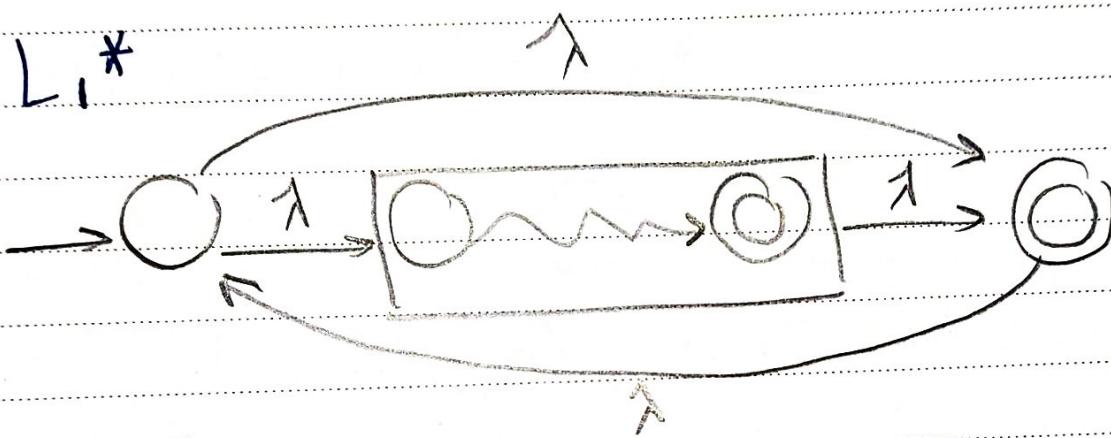


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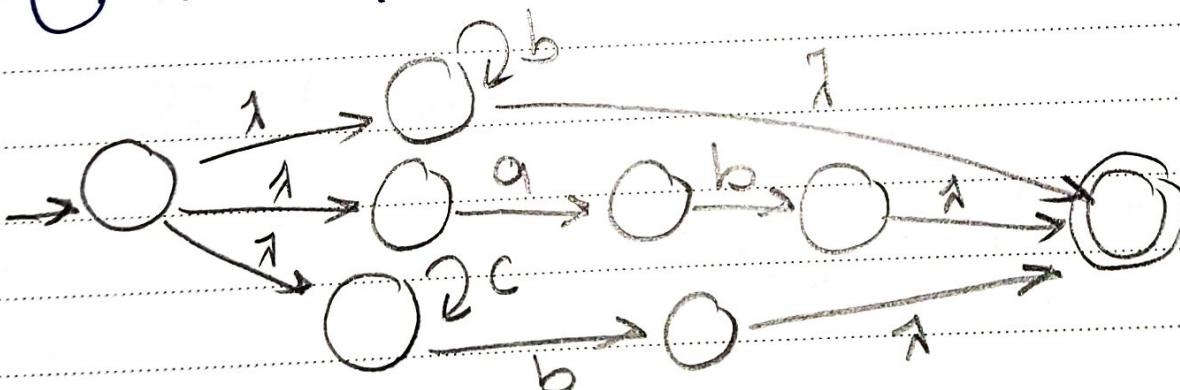
$\rightarrow L_1, L_2$



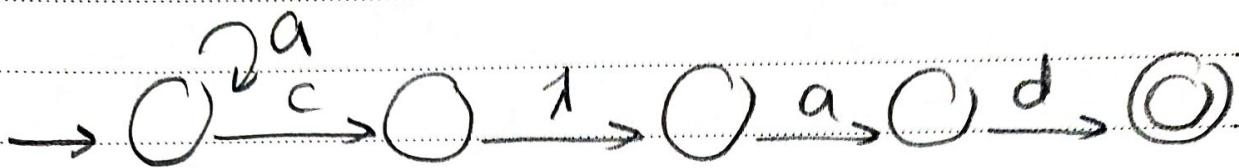
$\rightarrow L_1^*$



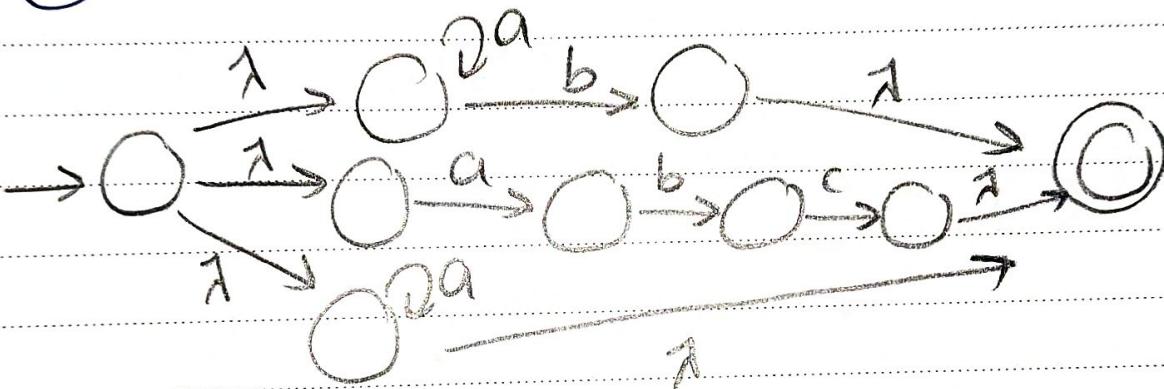
$$① RE = b^* + ab + c^*b$$



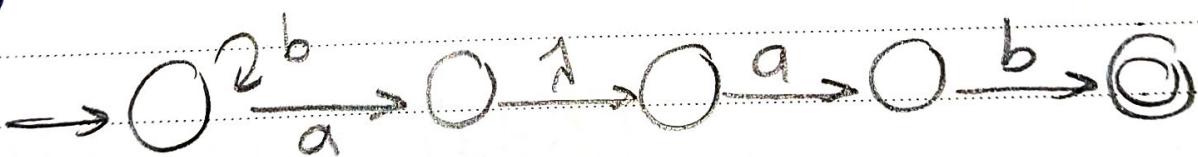
② RE: $(a^*c) \cdot (ad)$



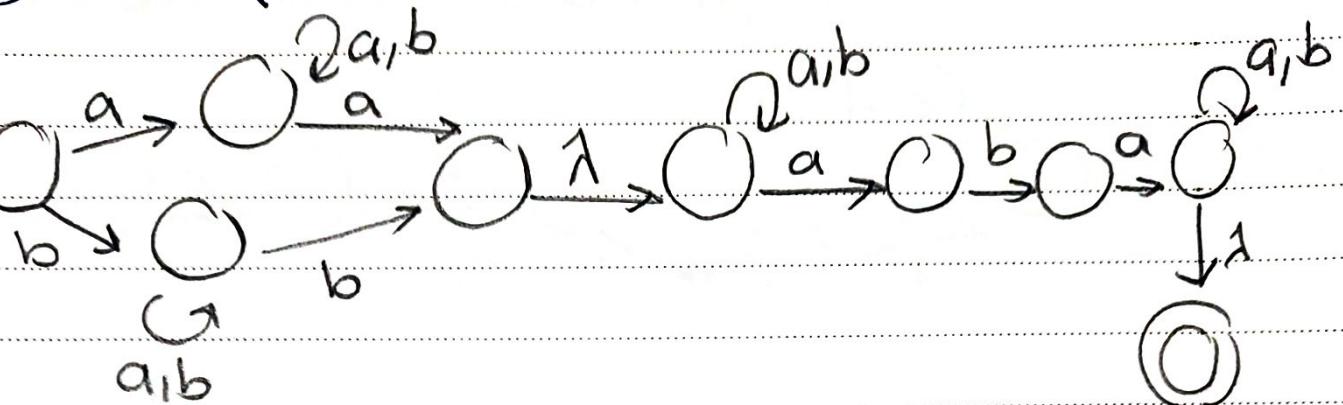
③ RE: $a^*b + abc + a^*$



④ RE = $(b^*a) \cdot (ab)$



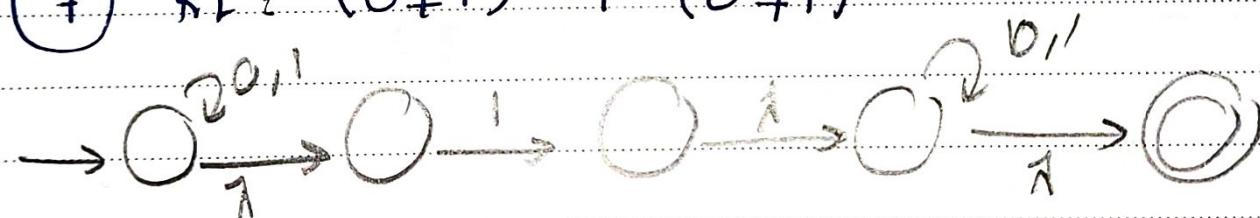
⑤ RE: $(a(a+b)^*a + b(a+b)^*b)((a+b)^*aba(a+b)^*)$



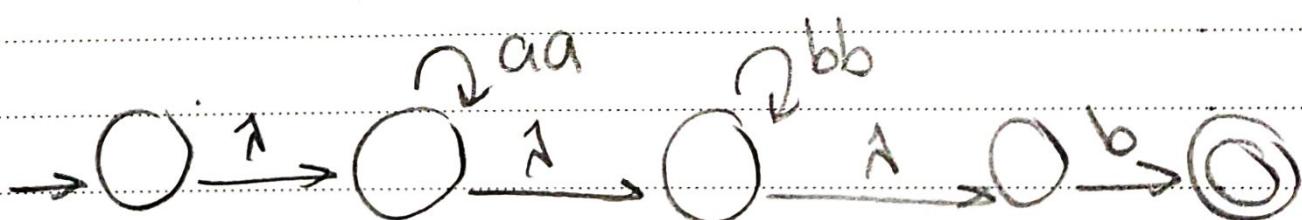
⑥ RE: $a(a+b)^*.ab$



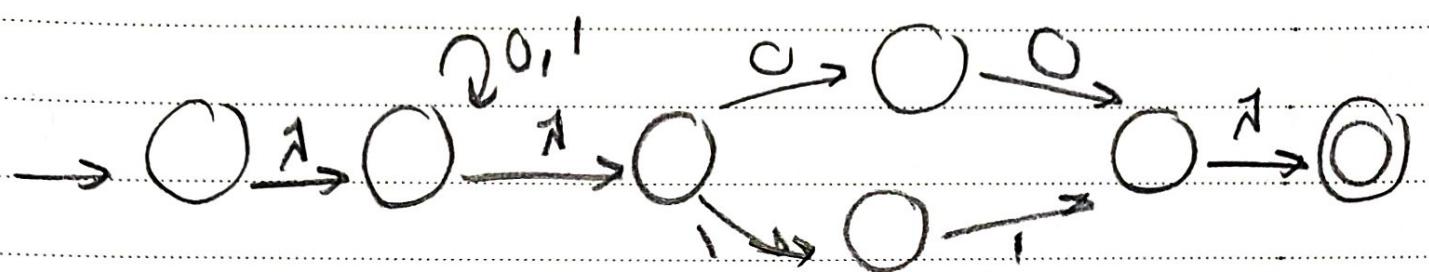
⑦ RE: $(0+1)^* \mid (0+1)^*$



⑧ RE: $(aa)^*(bb)^*b$



9) RE: $(0+1)^*, (00 + 11)$



10) RE: $a^* + b^*$

