

Hazard Analysis MECHTRON 4TB6

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
10/12/2022	Ahmed	Added Failure Mode and Effect Analysis
10/13/2022	Stephen	Added Introduction and Scope
10/13/2022	Muhanad	Added Critical Assumptions and Safety Requirements
10/14/2022	Tioluwalayomi	Added System Boundaries and Roadmap
10/19/2022	All	General edits

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1 Introduction

A hazard is the combination of a system property with an environmental condition that can cause harm to the intended user.

Hazard analysis is a critical consideration in the design of all systems. When done correctly, hazards to the end user are identified and can be mitigated or eliminated completely. While it is not possible to guarantee the safety of a system, applying hazard analysis methods is a necessary step in supporting the safety of the system.

Formulate's area of work combines hardware and software sub-systems and as a result, requires hazard analysis to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the overall system.

2 Scope and Purpose of Hazard Analysis

In this document, Formulate details the hazards a user can experience through the Failure Mode and Effect Analysis method. As a result, the group systematically outlined the hazards and measures that were considered to mitigate or eliminate the hazard.

3 System Boundaries and Components

The device that is referred to in this document is made up of 5 major components that hazard and failure analysis would have to be done for:

1. Hardware
2. Desktop Application
3. Database
4. Data Analytics Website

Each component has their own system boundaries based on the software and hardware we use. Since this is the case we will have to design the system based on the type of the test that is required to be performed by the MAC Formula Electric Team. An example of this would be if the client had to test the car under specific conditions, we would choose hardware components that are within that temperature range to ensure data is read correctly.

4 Critical Assumptions

- The user understands the safety precautions of operating and working with a Formula Electric vehicle
- The user has a basic understanding of handling electrical and mechanical components
- The user aims to always correctly operate the testing device

5 Failure Mode and Effect Analysis

Component	Ref	Failure Mode	Effects of Failure	Cause of Failure	Recommended Actions
Hardware	H1.1	Connection Failure	Test data is not captured by our PC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Wi-Fi module is broken • USB Device is not connected to PC • Device is not connected to Wi-Fi a network 	Using the LCD display show the systems connectivity
	H1.2	System does not have power	Device is off and not operational	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Battery died • Power cables are disconnected • Too much current is drawn from Arduino 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add a battery indicator to the screen to alert the user if the battery is low • Make the sensors get their power directly from the power source and not the arduino
	H1.3	Hardware falls off the mount	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hardware device breaks/gets damaged • Sensors capture incorrect data • Potential injury to those in vehicle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User didn't affix Hardware properly • Mounting mechanism failed 	The mounting mechanism should give the user feedback when the device is mounted correctly
	H1.4	Display turns off	Cannot view the status of the device	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LCD display failure • LCD is improperly connected • Arduino is drawing too much current 	Replace the display and ensure the display is connected properly prior to installation
	H1.5	Threshold alert not displaying	User will not be notified when testing components go out of their operating range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensor failure • Refer to H1.4 • Threshold not set up by user in the Desktop App 	Warn user that threshold value is not set in the Desktop App
Desktop Application	H2.1	Application cannot read hardware device output	Refer to H1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to H1.1 • COM Port is being used by another application 	Ensure that the COM port is open for communication

	H2.2	Data from the hardware device is lost	Test results will all be lost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application suddenly closes during test • Hardware device disconnects from PC 	Store last test data into local storage
	H2.3	Cannot view live data	User will not be able to see live data during test runs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to H2.1 • Refer to H1.1 	Device will default to record the entire test run and save the test data into local storage
	H2.4	Data cannot be sent to database	Test results will not be saved to the database and will not be viewable in the analytics platform	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Database failure • Connection failure between Desktop App and Database • PC not connected to the internet 	Validate connection between desktop app and database to ensure data will be sent correctly
Database	H3.1	Database Overload	The database is getting overloaded with data causing it to crash or freeze	User submits too much data within a very short time period	Add a cool down timer after the user submits the data to the database so they will not be able to spam it constantly
Data Analytics Website	H4.1	User cannot login	User will not have access to dashboard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User does not have an account • User's credentials do not match 	Redirect user to either create a new login or to reset their login
	H4.2	User cannot view the dashboard	Users cannot view KPIs of tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User does not have required permissions 	User can request permission which needs to be approved by an admin
	H4.3	Data is not displayed on the dashboard	Refer to H4.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Database does not contain test data • Authentication error 	Validate that the database contains data

Table 2: Failure Mode and Effect Analysis

6 Safety and Security Requirements

SR 1: The device should validate a connection between sensors, device, and application before starting measurements.

Rationale If the connections are not validated, then data might be lost as it never gets sent to either the device, application and/or database.

Associated Hazards H1.1, H2.1, H2.2, H2.3, H2.4

SR 2: The device should give a warning indicating that battery is low after a certain time amount of usage.

Rationale If the battery dies during testing, measurement values will be lost as it is the power source of the device.

Associated Hazards H1.2

SR 3: In order to send values to the database from the application, user must log into the application.

Rationale This ensures that only testers have the ability to send and write values to the database.

Associated Hazards H4.1, H4.2, H4.3

SR 4: Every user should have a login when accessing the data analytics website which would be the same login as the application's.

Rationale This ensures that only testers have view access to values on the website.

Associated Hazards H4.1, H4.2, H4.3

SR 5: The device should save a certain amount of values in case the connection to the application fails during testing.

Rationale This ensures that the most recent data is not lost if there is a system failure.

Associated Hazards H2.2

SR 6: The device should have an audible click to indicate that the device and sensors have mounted correctly.

Rationale The audible click aids the user in mounting the hardware correctly to ensure that it does not fall off.

Associated Hazards H1.3

7 Roadmap

All these requirements will try to be implemented during the course of the capstone. The safety and security requirements are important for a complete and safe testing device. As this is the case most, but hopefully all of them will be implemented but if we can not implement all of them due to our time constraint the ones essential to the design will be implemented while the others that only improve user functionality will be added towards the end.