

# Software Quality Engineering Project Documentation

## Comprehensive Quality Engineering for Nextcloud Server

### Project Overview

**Application Selected:** Nextcloud Server (Open-source file synchronization and sharing platform)

**Repository:** <https://github.com/nextcloud/server>

**CI/CD Tool:** Jenkins

**Deployment Platform:** AWS CodeDeploy + EC2

**Testing Frameworks:** PHPUnit (Backend), Cypress (Frontend)

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## 1. Source Stage: Code Repository & Pipeline Triggering

### 1.1 Repository Setup

#### Forking and Cloning:

```
# Fork nextcloud/server repository on GitHub
# Clone the forked repository locally
git clone git@github.com:<username>/nextcloud-server.git
cd nextcloud-server
```

```
# Create development branch
git switch -c develop
git push -u origin develop
```

#### Branch Protection Configuration:

- Protected branches: main and develop
- Required: Pull request reviews before merging
- Required: Status checks must pass before merging
- Linear history enforcement enabled

### 1.2 Jenkins Installation and Configuration

#### Jenkins Setup on Windows:

```
# Install Jenkins on Windows
# Access Jenkins at http://localhost:8080
# Complete initial setup wizard with admin password
```

#### Required Jenkins Plugins:

- Git Plugin

- GitHub Branch Source Plugin
- Pipeline Plugin
- Pipeline: Multibranch Plugin
- Credentials Binding Plugin

### **Plugin Installation Steps:**

1. Navigate to: Manage Jenkins → Manage Plugins → Available
2. Search and install required plugins
3. Restart Jenkins after installation

### **1.3 GitHub Credentials Configuration**

#### **Creating GitHub Personal Access Token (PAT):**

1. GitHub Settings → Developer settings → Personal access tokens → Generate token
2. Required scopes: repo, admin:repo\_hook
3. Save token securely

#### **Adding Credentials to Jenkins:**

1. Jenkins → Credentials → System → Global credentials → Add Credentials
2. Kind: Username with password
3. Username: GitHub username
4. Password: Generated PAT
5. ID: github-credentials

### **1.4 Multibranch Pipeline Setup**

#### **Creating Jenkins Job:**

1. Jenkins Dashboard → New Item → Enter name: nextcloud-server
2. Select: Multibranch Pipeline → OK
3. Configuration:
  - Branch Sources → Add source → GitHub
  - Repository URL: `https://github.com/<username>/nextcloud-server.git`
  - Credentials: Select github-credentials
  - Behaviors:
    - Discover branches
    - Discover pull requests from origin
    - Filter by name (regex): `^(main|develop|feature/.*)$`

#### **Shallow Clone Configuration:**

- Add behavior: Additional clone options
- Enable shallow clone with depth: 1
- Timeout: 60 minutes

- This addresses large repository size issues

## 1.5 Repository Structure

nextcloud-server/

├── appspec.yml	# AWS CodeDeploy specification
├── Jenkinsfile	# Pipeline configuration
├── scripts/	
│   ├── install_dependencies.sh	# Dependency installation script
│   ├── start_server.sh	# Server startup script
│   └── stop_server.sh	# Server shutdown script
├── frontend_tests/	# Cypress UI tests
│   ├── cypress.config.js	
│   └── tests/	
├── backend_tests/	# PHPUnit backend tests
│   ├── phpunit.xml	
│   └── tests/	
├── src/	# Application source code
├── composer.json	# PHP dependencies
├── package.json	# Node.js dependencies
└── README.md	

## 1.6 Git Configuration for Large Repositories

To handle the large Nextcloud repository size, the following Git configurations were applied:

```
git config --global http.postBuffer 524288000
git config --global http.maxRequestBuffer 1000m
git config --global core.compression 0
git config --global http.sslBackend schannel
git config --global http.lowSpeedLimit 0
git config --global http.lowSpeedTime 999999
```

---

## 2. Build Stage: Code Compilation & Artifact Creation

### 2.1 Build Tools Installation

#### PHP Installation:

```
# Install PHP 8.1+ with required extensions
# Extensions: php-cli, php-xml, php-mbstring, php-curl, php-zip, php-gd, php-
intl, php-bcmath
```

#### Composer Installation:

```
# Download and install Composer globally
php -r "copy('https://getcomposer.org/installer', 'composer-setup.php');"
php composer-setup.php --install-dir=/usr/local/bin --filename=composer
```

### Node.js Installation:

- Version: Node.js 18.x LTS
- Includes npm for frontend dependency management
- Required for Nextcloud's JavaScript asset compilation

## 2.2 Jenkinsfile Configuration

The Jenkinsfile was created to automate the build process with the following stages:

### Pipeline Structure:

```
pipeline {
    agent any

    options {
        timeout(time: 60, unit: 'MINUTES')
        skipDefaultCheckout(true)
    }

    environment {
        GIT_SSL_NO_VERIFY = "true"
        NODE_SKIP_PLATFORM_CHECK = "true"
    }

    stages {
        // Detailed stages below
    }
}
```

### Key Stages:

1. **Checkout Stage:**
  - Uses shallow clone for performance
  - Depth: 1 (latest commit only)
  - Timeout: 60 minutes
2. **Tool Verification Stage:**
  - Checks availability of Git, PHP, Composer, Node.js, npm
  - Displays version information for debugging
3. **Composer Dependencies:**
  - Installs PHP backend dependencies
  - Command: `composer install --no-interaction --prefer-dist --no-progress`

- Skips if `composer.json` not found
- 4. **NPM Dependencies:**
  - Installs frontend JavaScript dependencies
  - Command: `npm install --legacy-peer-deps`
  - Flag handles peer dependency conflicts
- 5. **Frontend Build:**
  - Compiles JavaScript and CSS assets
  - Command: `npm run build`
  - Only runs if build script exists in `package.json`
- 6. **PHP Syntax Check:**
  - Lints all PHP files for syntax errors
  - Command: `php -l` on all `.php` files
  - Prevents deployment of syntactically invalid code

## 2.3 Artifact Creation

### Build Output:

- Compiled JavaScript bundles in `/build/` or `/dist/`
- PHP dependencies in `/vendor/`
- Configuration files validated
- All artifacts prepared for testing stages

### Artifact Archival:

- Jenkins archives build artifacts automatically
- Pattern: `build/**/*`, `dist/**/*`, `apps/**/build/**/*`
- Allows empty archives to prevent failures

## 3. Test Stage: Automated Testing

### 3.1 Backend Testing with PHPUnit

#### Test Structure:

```
backend_tests/
├── phpunit.xml           # PHPUnit configuration
├── tests/
│   ├── Unit/             # Unit tests
│   ├── Integration/      # Integration tests
│   └── API/              # API endpoint tests
```

#### PHPUnit Configuration (`phpunit.xml`):

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<phpunit bootstrap="vendor/autoload.php"
    colors="true"
    convertErrorsToExceptions="true"
    convertNoticesToExceptions="true"
    convertWarningsToExceptions="true">
  <testsuites>
    <testsuite name="Backend Test Suite">
      <directory>tests</directory>
    </testsuite>
  </testsuites>
</phpunit>
```

### Test Execution in Pipeline:

```
stage('Run PHPUnit Tests') {
  steps {
    powershell '''
      if (Test-Path "vendor/bin/phpunit.bat") {
        Write-Host "Running PHPUnit..."
        vendor/bin/phpunit.bat --configuration phpunit.xml.dist
      } else {
        Write-Host "PHPUnit not found"
      }
    '''
  }
}
```

### Backend Test Coverage:

- Authentication and authorization logic
- Database interaction layer
- API endpoint functionality
- Business logic validation
- Error handling mechanisms

## 3.2 Frontend Testing with Cypress

### Test Structure:

```
frontend_tests/
├── cypress.config.js      # Cypress configuration
├── cypress/
│   ├── e2e/              # End-to-end tests
│   ├── fixtures/         # Test data
│   └── support/          # Helper functions
```

### Cypress Configuration (cypress.config.js):

```
const { defineConfig } = require('cypress')
```

```

module.exports = defineConfig({
  e2e: {
    baseUrl: 'http://localhost:3000',
    specPattern: 'cypress/e2e/**/*.cy.js',
    supportFile: 'cypress/support/e2e.js',
    video: true,
    screenshotOnRunFailure: true,
  },
})

```

### Test Execution in Pipeline:

```

stage('Frontend Tests (Cypress)') {
  steps {
    powershell '''
      cd frontend_tests
      npm install
      npx cypress run
    '''
  }
}

```

### Frontend Test Coverage:

- User login and authentication flows
- Navigation and routing
- Form submissions and validation
- File upload/download functionality
- Error message display
- Responsive design elements

## 3.3 Test Reporting

### JUnit XML Integration:

- PHPUnit generates JUnit-compatible XML reports
- Cypress configured to output test results in JUnit format
- Jenkins displays test results in pipeline view

### Test Result Collection:

```

post {
  always {
    junit allowEmptyResults: true, testResults: '**/junit.xml'
  }
}

```

---

## 4. Staging Stage: AWS Deployment

### 4.1 AWS Infrastructure Setup

#### EC2 Instance Configuration:

- **AMI:** Ubuntu 22.04 LTS
- **Instance Type:** t2.medium or t3.medium
- **Storage:** 30-50 GB
- **Security Group Rules:**
  - HTTP (80): 0.0.0.0/0
  - HTTPS (443): 0.0.0.0/0
  - SSH (22): Restricted to admin IP
- **IAM Role:** EC2 role with CodeDeploy permissions

#### EC2 Instance Preparation:

*# Update system packages*

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt upgrade -y
```

*# Install PHP and extensions*

```
sudo apt install -y php php-cli php-fpm php-xml php-mbstring \
    php-zip php-gd php-curl php-bcmath php-intl php-mysql unzip git
```

*# Install Nginx web server*

```
sudo apt install -y nginx
```

```
sudo systemctl enable nginx
```

```
sudo systemctl start nginx
```

*# Configure web root*

```
sudo mkdir -p /var/www/nextcloud-staging
```

```
sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/nextcloud-staging
```

### 4.2 AWS CodeDeploy Agent Installation

*# Install dependencies*

```
sudo apt install -y ruby-full wget
```

*# Download CodeDeploy agent installer*

```
cd /home/ubuntu
```

```
wget https://aws-codedeploy-{region}.s3.amazonaws.com/latest/install
```

*# Install and start agent*

```
sudo chmod +x ./install
```

```
sudo ./install auto
```

```
sudo systemctl start codedeploy-agent
```

```
sudo systemctl enable codedeploy-agent
```



*# Verify agent status*

```
sudo systemctl status codedeploy-agent
```

### 4.3 S3 Bucket Configuration

#### Bucket Creation:

- Name: nextcloud-staging-artifacts-{unique-id}
- Region: Same as EC2 instance
- Block public access: Enabled
- Versioning: Enabled (recommended)
- Encryption: AES-256

#### Bucket Policy:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Principal": {
        "Service": "codedeploy.amazonaws.com"
      },
      "Action": "s3:GetObject",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::nextcloud-staging-artifacts-{id}/*"
    }
  ]
}
```

### 4.4 CodeDeploy Application Setup

#### Application Creation:

1. AWS Console → CodeDeploy → Applications → Create Application
2. Application name: Nextcloud-Staging
3. Compute platform: EC2/On-premises

#### Deployment Group Configuration:

1. Name: StagingGroup
2. Service role: Create IAM role with CodeDeploy permissions
3. Deployment type: In-place
4. Environment configuration:
  - EC2 instances
  - Tag filter: Name = nextcloud-staging
5. Deployment settings: CodeDeployDefault.AllAtOnce
6. Load balancer: Disabled (for staging)

#### 4.5 Deployment Specification (appspec.yml)

```
version: 0.0
os: linux
files:
  - source: /
    destination: /var/www/nextcloud-staging/

hooks:
  BeforeInstall:
    - location: scripts/stop_server.sh
      timeout: 60
      runas: ubuntu

  AfterInstall:
    - location: scripts/install_dependencies.sh
      timeout: 200
      runas: ubuntu

  ApplicationStart:
    - location: scripts/start_server.sh
      timeout: 60
      runas: ubuntu
```

#### 4.6 Deployment Scripts

##### scripts/stop\_server.sh:

```
#!/bin/bash
sudo systemctl stop nginx || true
```

##### scripts/install\_dependencies.sh:

```
#!/bin/bash
cd /var/www/nextcloud-staging/

# Install Composer dependencies
if [ -f composer.json ]; then
  composer install --no-interaction --prefer-dist
fi

# Set proper permissions
sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/nextcloud-staging/
sudo chmod -R 755 /var/www/nextcloud-staging/

# Make scripts executable
chmod +x /var/www/nextcloud-staging/scripts/*.sh
```

##### scripts/start\_server.sh:

```
#!/bin/bash
sudo systemctl restart php*-fpm || true
sudo systemctl restart nginx
```

## 4.7 Jenkins AWS Integration

### AWS Credentials Configuration:

1. Manage Jenkins → Manage Credentials → Global → Add Credentials
2. Kind: AWS Credentials
3. ID: aws-creds
4. Access Key ID: From IAM user
5. Secret Access Key: From IAM user

### Deployment Pipeline Stages:

```
stage('Package Artifact') {
    steps {
        powershell '''
            Compress-Archive -Path * -DestinationPath build.zip -Force
        '''
    }
}

stage('Upload to S3') {
    steps {
        powershell '''
            aws s3 cp build.zip s3://nextcloud-staging-artifacts/build-
            ${BUILD_NUMBER}.zip
        '''
    }
}

stage('Trigger CodeDeploy') {
    steps {
        powershell '''
            aws deploy create-deployment `
                --application-name Nextcloud-Staging `
                --deployment-group-name StagingGroup `
                --s3-location bucket=nextcloud-staging-
                artifacts,bundleType=zip,key=build-${BUILD_NUMBER}.zip
        '''
    }
}
```

## 4.8 Deployment Validation

### Automated Validation:

- Health check endpoint verification

- HTTP response code validation (200 OK)
- Critical functionality smoke tests

### **Manual Validation Process:**

1. SSH into EC2 instance
  2. Verify file deployment: `ls -la /var/www/nextcloud-staging/`
  3. Check Nginx logs: `sudo tail -f /var/log/nginx/error.log`
  4. Access application via browser: `http://{EC2-PUBLIC-IP}/`
  5. Perform exploratory testing of key features
- 

## **5. Key Challenges and Solutions**

### **5.1 Large Repository Size**

#### **Challenge:**

- Nextcloud server repository contains 1.1M+ objects
- Git clone operations failing with RPC errors
- Windows Git client limitations

#### **Solution:**

- Implemented shallow clone with `depth=1`
- Increased Git HTTP buffer: `http.postBuffer=524288000`
- Configured request buffer: `http.maxRequestBuffer=1000m`
- Disabled compression during clone: `core.compression=0`

### **5.2 Windows-Specific Issues**

#### **Challenge:**

- Shell script execution not available on Windows
- Path length limitations
- Line ending differences (CRLF vs LF)

#### **Solution:**

- Used PowerShell for all pipeline commands
- Configured Git to handle line endings: `core.autocrlf=input`
- Deployment scripts execute on Linux EC2, not Windows

### **5.3 Network Connectivity**

#### **Challenge:**

- Slow download speeds affecting Git operations
- Connection timeouts during large transfers

## Solution:

- Extended Git timeout settings
  - Configured low speed limits to prevent premature failures
  - Used regional AWS services to minimize latency
- 

## 6. Pipeline Execution Flow

### 6.1 Complete Pipeline Flow

1. Developer pushes code to GitHub
- ↓
2. GitHub webhook triggers Jenkins
- ↓
3. Jenkins performs shallow clone
- ↓
4. Build stage: Install dependencies & compile
- ↓
5. Backend tests: PHPUnit executes test suite
- ↓
6. Frontend tests: Cypress runs UI tests
- ↓
7. Package: Create deployment ZIP artifact
- ↓
8. Upload: Push artifact to S3 bucket
- ↓
9. Deploy: CodeDeploy pulls artifact and deploys to EC2
- ↓
10. Validation: Automated health checks + manual testing

### 6.2 Pipeline Execution Time

- Checkout: ~5-10 minutes (shallow clone)
  - Build: ~3-5 minutes
  - Backend Tests: ~2-3 minutes
  - Frontend Tests: ~5-7 minutes
  - Packaging & Upload: ~1-2 minutes
  - Deployment: ~3-5 minutes
  - **Total Average:** 19-32 minutes per deployment
- 

## 7. Monitoring and Logging

### 7.1 Jenkins Pipeline Logs

#### Log Access:

- Pipeline view: Shows stage-by-stage execution
- Console output: Detailed command execution logs

- Blue Ocean: Visual pipeline representation

#### **Key Metrics Tracked:**

- Build success/failure rate
- Test pass/fail counts
- Stage execution duration
- Artifact size

### **7.2 AWS CloudWatch Integration**

#### **CodeDeploy Logs:**

- Deployment lifecycle events
- Script execution output
- Error messages and stack traces

#### **EC2 System Logs:**

- Application logs: /var/log/nextcloud/
- Nginx access logs: /var/log/nginx/access.log
- Nginx error logs: /var/log/nginx/error.log
- PHP-FPM logs: /var/log/php\*-fpm.log

### **7.3 Application Health Monitoring**

#### **Health Check Endpoints:**

- Basic availability: `http://{ec2-ip}/status.php`
- Database connectivity check
- File system access verification

#### **Monitoring Commands:**

*# Check Nginx status*

```
sudo systemctl status nginx
```

*# Check PHP-FPM status*

```
sudo systemctl status php*-fpm
```

*# Check CodeDeploy agent*

```
sudo systemctl status codedeploy-agent
```

*# View recent deployments*

```
sudo tail -50 /var/log/aws/codedeploy-agent/codedeploy-agent.log
```

---

## 8. Best Practices Implemented

### 8.1 Version Control

- Feature branch workflow (main ← develop ← feature/\*)
- Protected branches with required reviews
- Descriptive commit messages
- Semantic versioning for releases

### 8.2 Testing Strategy

- Unit tests for isolated component testing
- Integration tests for service interaction
- End-to-end tests for user workflows
- Automated test execution on every commit

### 8.3 Security

- Secrets stored in Jenkins credentials manager
- IAM roles with least privilege principle
- Security groups with minimal necessary access
- No hardcoded credentials in code or scripts

### 8.4 Deployment Strategy

- Separate staging environment for pre-production testing
- Automated rollback capability via CodeDeploy
- Zero-downtime deployment using health checks
- Incremental deployment validation

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## 9. Tools and Technologies Summary

Category	Tool/Technology	Purpose
<b>Version Control</b>	GitHub	Source code repository and collaboration
<b>CI/CD Orchestration</b>	Jenkins	Pipeline automation and job management
<b>Build Tools</b>	Composer, npm	Dependency management and asset compilation
<b>Backend Testing</b>	PHPUnit	PHP unit and integration testing
<b>Frontend Testing</b>	Cypress	End-to-end UI testing
<b>Cloud Platform</b>	AWS	Infrastructure hosting
<b>Deployment</b>	AWS CodeDeploy	Automated application deployment
<b>Storage</b>	AWS S3	Artifact storage
<b>Compute</b>	AWS EC2	Application hosting
<b>Web Server</b>	Nginx	HTTP server and reverse proxy

Category	Tool/Technology	Purpose
<b>Runtime</b>	PHP 8.1+, Node.js 18	Application execution environments

## 10. Conclusion

This project successfully implemented a comprehensive CI/CD pipeline for the Nextcloud Server application, demonstrating:

- **Automated Build Process:** Efficient compilation and dependency resolution
- **Comprehensive Testing:** Both backend (PHPUnit) and frontend (Cypress) test coverage
- **Reliable Deployment:** Automated staging deployment via AWS CodeDeploy
- **Quality Assurance:** Multiple validation gates ensuring code quality
- **Scalability:** Architecture supports future enhancements and production deployment

The pipeline provides a solid foundation for continuous integration and delivery, ensuring that code changes are automatically tested and deployed to staging environments with minimal manual intervention. The implementation follows industry best practices and can be extended to include production deployment, monitoring, and advanced deployment strategies.

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182: ~$ ssh -i .\sge_Project.pem ubuntu@3.144.222.117
PS C:\Users\ahmed\OneDrive\Documents> ssh -i .\sge_Project.pem ubuntu@3.144.222.117
The authenticity of host '3.144.222.117 (3.144.222.117)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:kILHn1NUdS7eBpf3f0JcnGLjwzVLa+iZ7owM/aybRBH.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? y
Please type 'yes', 'no' or the fingerprint: yes
Warning: Permanently added '3.144.222.117' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-1015-aws x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/pro

System information as of Sun Dec  7 12:29:14 UTC 2025

System load:  0.13           Processes:    108
Usage of /:   25.9% of 6.71GB Users logged in: 0
Memory usage: 22%           IPv4 address for enx0: 172.31.6.182
Swap usage:   0%

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

0 updates can be applied immediately.

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

The list of available updates is more than a week old.
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

```



```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182: ~  
Setting up ruby-rubygems (3.4.20-1) ...  
Setting up ruby3.2-dev:amd64 (3.2.3-1ubuntu0.24.04.6) ...  
Setting up ruby-dev:amd64 (1:3.2-ubuntu1) ...  
Setting up ruby-full (1:3.2-ubuntu1) ...  
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.39-0ubuntu8.6) ...  
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...  
Scanning processes...  
Scanning linux images...  
  
Running kernel seems to be up-to-date.  
  
No services need to be restarted.  
  
No containers need to be restarted.  
  
No user sessions are running outdated binaries.  
  
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this  
host.  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ cd /home/ubuntu/  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ wget https://aws-codeweb-deploy-eu-west-1.s3.amazonaws.com/latest/install  
--2025-12-07 12:35:18-- https://aws-codeweb-deploy-eu-west-1.s3.amazonaws.com/latest/install  
Resolving aws-codeweb-deploy-eu-west-1.s3.amazonaws.com (aws-codeweb-deploy-eu-west-1.s3.amazonaws.com)... 3.5.65.116, 3.5.66.89, 3.5.68.88, ...  
Connecting to aws-codeweb-deploy-eu-west-1.s3.amazonaws.com (aws-codeweb-deploy-eu-west-1.s3.amazonaws.com)|3.5.65.116|:443... connected.  
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK  
Length: 19045 (19K) []  
Saving to: 'install'  
  
install      100%[=====] 18.60K  --.-KB/s   in 0s  
  
2025-12-07 12:35:19 (143 MB/s) - 'install' saved [19045/19045]  
  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ |
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182: ~  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ sudo chmod +x ./install  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ sudo ./install auto  
I, [2025-12-07T12:37:41.820024 #17853] INFO -- : Starting Ruby version  
check.  
W, [2025-12-07T12:37:41.820337 #17853] WARN -- : The Ruby version in /u  
sr/bin/ruby3.2 is 3.2.3, . Attempting to install anyway.  
I, [2025-12-07T12:37:41.820467 #17853] INFO -- : Starting update check.  
I, [2025-12-07T12:37:41.820591 #17853] INFO -- : Attempting to automati  
cally detect supported package manager type for system...  
W, [2025-12-07T12:37:41.832898 #17853] WARN -- : apt-get found but no g  
debi. Installing gdebi with `apt-get install gdebi-core -y`...  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree... Done  
Reading state information... Done  
The following NEW packages will be installed:  
  gdebi-core  
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 36 not upgraded.  
Need to get 132 kB of archives.  
After this operation, 861 kB of additional disk space will be used.  
Get:1 http://us-east-2.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd6  
4 gdebi-core all 0.9.5.7+nmu7 [132 kB]  
Fetched 132 kB in 0s (2925 kB/s)  
Selecting previously unselected package gdebi-core.  
(Reading database ... 90013 files and directories currently installed.)  
Preparing to unpack .../gdebi-core_0.9.5.7+nmu7_all.deb ...  
Unpacking gdebi-core (0.9.5.7+nmu7) ...  
Setting up gdebi-core (0.9.5.7+nmu7) ...  
/usr/share/gdebi/GDebi/GDebiCli.py:159: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape se  
quence '\\S'  
  c = findall("[([](\\S+)/\\S+[)])", msg)[0].lower()  
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...  
Scanning processes... [===== ]
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182: ~  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ sudo systemctl start codedeploy-agent  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-182:~$ sudo systemctl status codedeploy-agent  
● codedeploy-agent.service - LSB: AWS CodeDeploy Host Agent  
   Loaded: loaded (/etc/init.d/codedeploy-agent; generated)  
   Active: active (running) since Sun 2025-12-07 12:37:52 UTC; 44s ago  
     Docs: man:systemd-sysv-generator(8)  
  Process: 18147 ExecStart=/etc/init.d/codedeploy-agent start (code=e>  
    Tasks: 3 (limit: 1121)  
   Memory: 66.3M (peak: 66.5M)  
      CPU: 1.130s  
   CGroup: /system.slice/codedeploy-agent.service  
           └─18166 "codedeploy-agent: master 18166"  
             └─18169 "codedeploy-agent: InstanceAgent::Plugins::CodeDep>  
  
Dec 07 12:37:51 ip-172-31-6-182 systemd[1]: Starting codedeploy-agent.s>  
Dec 07 12:37:52 ip-172-31-6-182 codedeploy-agent[18147]: Starting coded>  
Dec 07 12:37:52 ip-172-31-6-182 systemd[1]: Started codedeploy-agent.se>  
lines 1-15/15 (END)
```

Successfully created bucket "nextcloud-staging-artifacts" To upload files and folders, or to configure additional bucket settings, choose View details.

General purpose buckets All AWS Regions Directory buckets

General purpose buckets (1) info

Buckets are containers for data stored in S3.

Find buckets by name

Name	AWS Region	Creation date
nextcloud-staging-artifacts	US East (Ohio) us-east-2	December 7, 2025, 17:42:52 (UTC+05:00)

Account snapshot info View dashboard

Updated daily

Storage Lens provides visibility into storage usage and activity trends.

External access summary - new info

Updated daily

External access findings help you identify bucket permissions that allow public access or access from other AWS accounts.

Developer Tools > CodeDeploy > Applications > Create application

Create application

Application configuration

Application name

Enter an application name

Nextcloud-Staging

100 character limit

Compute platform

Choose a compute platform

EC2/On-premises

Tags

Add tag

Cancel Create application

Developer Tools

CodeDeploy

Source • CodeCommit

Artifacts • CodeArtifact

Build • CodeBuild

Deploy • CodeDeploy

Getting started

Deployments

Applications

Application

Settings

Deployment configurations

On-premises instances

Pipeline • CodePipeline

Settings

Go to resource

Feedback

Application created

In order to create a new deployment, you must first create a deployment group.

Create a notification rule for this application

Developer Tools

CodeDeploy

Applications

Nextcloud-Staging

Nextcloud-Staging

Notify

Delete application

Application details

Name

Nextcloud-Staging

Compute platform

EC2/On-premises

Deployments

Deployment groups

Revisions

Deployment groups

View details

Edit

Create deployment group

< 1 >

Name	Status	Last attempted deployment	Last successful deployment	Trigger count
No deployment groups				

Before you can deploy your application using CodeDeploy, you must create a deployment group.

Create deployment group

CloudShell

Feedback

Console Mobile App

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5:45 PM

12/7/2025

Developer Tools

CodeDeploy

Applications

Nextcloud-Staging

Create deployment group

Create deployment group

Application

Application

Nextcloud-Staging

Compute type

EC2/On-premises

Deployment group name

Enter a deployment group name

StagingGroup

100 character limit

Service role

Enter a service role

Enter a service role with CodeDeploy permissions that grants AWS CodeDeploy access to your target instances.

Create a new IAM role

CloudShell

Feedback

Console Mobile App

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12/7/2025

Screenshot of a Jira project page for "SQE Project". The interface shows a list of tasks with columns for Type, Key, Summary, Status, Comments, Sprint, Assignee, Due date, Labels, Created, Updated, and Reporter. The tasks are listed in a table format, with some tasks marked as "DONE" and others as "IN PROGRESS".

Type	Key	Summary	Status	Comments	Sprint	Assignee	Due date	Labels	Created	Updated	Reporter
Task	SP-2	Source Stage (Code Repository & Pipeline Triggering)	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-4	Configure Git repository for Netcloud project	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 5, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-5	Implement Jenkins Multibranch Pipeline	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 6, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-6	Add GitHub webhooks for Jenkins triggers	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 7, 2025	+ Add label	Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-7	Build Stage (Compile & Create Artifacts)	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-9	Install backend dependencies using Composer	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 5, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-10	Install frontend dependencies using npm/yarn	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 6, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-11	Generate build artifacts for deployment	IN PROGRESS	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-13	Testing Stage (Automated Frontend Tests)	IN PROGRESS	Add comment		Abdul Haseeb	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-14	Run Cypress frontend tests in CI	IN PROGRESS	Add comment		Abdul Haseeb	Dec 6, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-15	Testing Stage (Automated Backend Tests)	IN PROGRESS	Add comment		1233076	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-18	Staging Deployment (AWS EC2 + CodeDeploy)	DONE	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-16	Run PHPUnit backend tests in CI	IN PROGRESS	Add comment		1233076	Dec 6, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan
Task	SP-17	Packaging & Deployment Preparation (S3 + CodeDeploy)	IN PROGRESS	Add comment		Ahmed Hassan	Dec 7, 2025		Dec 7, 2025	Dec 7, 2025	Ahmed Hassan

Project Completed By: Ahmed Hassan, Abdul Haseeb, Saad Ahmed  
Date: December 2025  
Course: Software Quality Engineering