# Computer Security Project.

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### **Computer Security Techniques:**

- 1) Caesar Cipher Technique.
- 2) PolyAlphabetic Cipher Technique.
- 3) Transposition Technique.

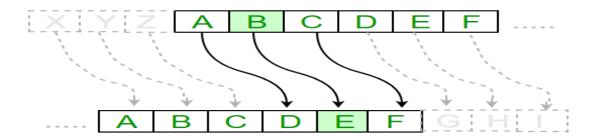
In cryptography, a cipher is an algorithm for performing encryption or decryption a series of well-defined steps that can be followed as a procedure. An alternative , less common term is encipherment.

To encipher or encode is to convert information into cipher or code.

#### 1) Caeser cipher:

In cryptography, a Caeser cipher, also Known as Caeser's cipher, the shift cipher, Caeser's code or Caeser shift, is one of the simplest and most widely known encryption techniques.

The action of a Caeser cipher is to replace each plaintext letter with a different one a fixed number of places down the alphabet. The cipher uses a left shift of three, so that each occurrence of E in the plaintext becomes B in the ciphertext.



### 2) PolyAlphabetic cipher:

A polyalphabetic cipher substitution, using multiple substitutions alphabets. The Vigenère cipher is probably the best-known example of a polyalphabetic cipher, though it is a simplified special case. The Enigma machine is more complex but is still fundamentally a polyalphabetic substitution cipher.

The Rule: Ci = (Key-Letter + Message-Letter) mod 26.

Plaintext	Α	Т	Т	Α	С	K	Α	Т	D	Α	W	N
Key	L	Е	М	0	N	L	Е	М	0	N	L	Е
Shift	+11	+4	+12	+14	+13	+11	+4	+12	+14	+13	+11	+4
Ciphertext	L	Χ	F	0	Р	٧	Е	F	R	N	Н	R

### 3) Transposition cipher:

It is a method of encryption which scrambles the positions of characters (transposition) without changing the character themselves. Is achieved by performing some sort of permutation on the plaintext letters.

## Transposition Cipher

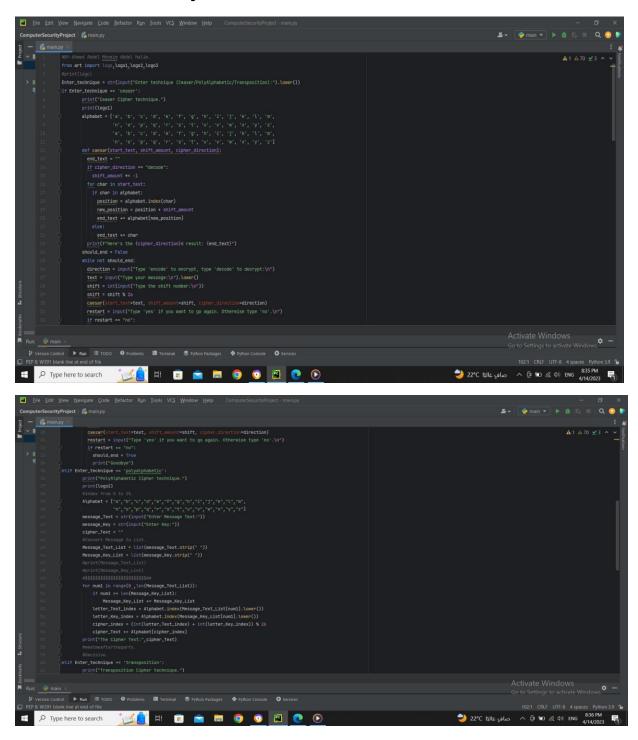
4	3	1	5	2
N	А	Т	S	R
I	S	Р	Т	0
X	Ν	I	Χ	0

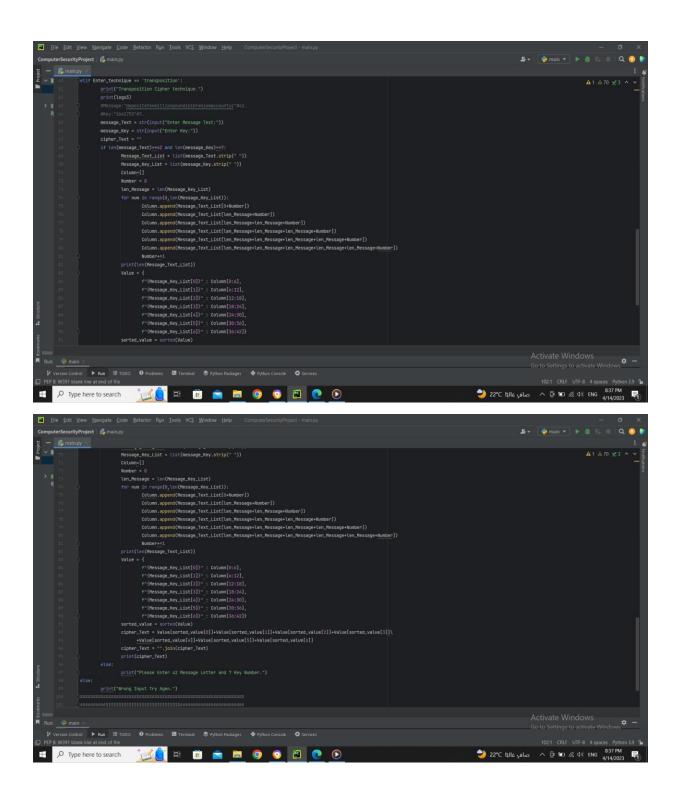
plain text: TRANSPOSITION

keyword: 43152

ciphertext: NIXASNTPISTXPOO

## Code Of The Project:





# The Output of Program:

