Linux lab day 3

Using vi write your CV in the file mycv. Your CV should include your name, age, school, college, experience,...

```
# abougabal@AbouGabal:~

1 my name is ahmed abou gabal
2 i graduated in the faculty of science, mansoura university class 2022.
3 i have achieved a 3.6 gpa in my studies and i have developed a passion for
4 software development, driven to combine technical skills with emerging software knowled
ge,
5 to optimize effeciency and innovation in the petrochemical industry, worth noting that
i passedthe technical, personality, english, IQ in the DLNG (SEGAS).

6

:set nu
```

Open mycv file using vi command then:
 (Without using arrows state how to)

=>

```
+ abougabal@A
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls
Desktop Documents file9 Music Pictures
docs Downloads filevi oldpasswd Public
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ vi filevi
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$
```

4. Move the cursor up one line at time.

As for the 2 questions, we navigate using h(left), k(up), j(down), l(left)

5. Search for word age



as for searching for 'age', you enter the last line mode and you type the following: ":/age and press enter"

- 6. Step to line 5 (assuming that you are in line 1 and file is more than 5 lines).
- While you are on line 1, enter the command mode by esc and then typing 5G
- 7. Delete the line you are on and line 5.

press 'd' 2 times.

8. How to step to the end of line and change to writing mode in one-step.

Use the dollar sign and then press 'a'.

- 22.Launch nautilus
- 23.Create a folder called myteam
- => type in the terminal 'nautilus' and then type in the dir you want to open and then it will open, then create myteam dir using GUI.

```
abougabal@AbouGabal: ~/Desktop/myteam
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls
Desktop Documents file9 Music Pictures PycharmProjects
Locs Downloads filevi oldpasswd Public snap
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ vi filevi
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls
Desktop Documents file9 Music Pictures PycharmProjects Templates
Locs Downloads filevi oldpasswd Public snap Videos
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ nautilus Downloads
** Message: 12:58:20.430: Connecting to org.freedesktop.Tracker3.Miner.Files
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ vi filevi
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ vi filevi
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls
Desktop Documents file9 Music Pictures
docs Downloads filevi oldpasswd Public
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ nautilus Desktop/
** Message: 13:41:35.797: Connecting to org.freedesktop.Tracker3.Miner.Files
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls Desktop/
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ cd Desktop/myteam/
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$ ls
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$
```

24.Change its permissions to read only for the owner.

```
abougabal@AbouGabal: ~/Desktop
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ vi filevi
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls
Desktop Documents file9 Music Pictures Pycha
Mocs Downloads filevi oldpasswd Public snap
abougabal@AbouGabal:-$ nautilus Desktop/
** Message: 13:41:35.797: Connecting to org.freedesktop.Tracker3.Miner.Files
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls Desktop/
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ cd Desktop/myteam/
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$ ls
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$ ls -l
total 0
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$ ls -d -l
drwxrwxr-x 2 abougabal abougabal 4096 Jun 9 13:41
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$ chmod 477 myteam
chmod: cannot access 'myteam': No such file or directory
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop/myteam$ cd ../
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop$ ls
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop$ chmod 477 myteam
abougabal@AbouGabal:~/Desktop$
```

25.Log out and log in by another user

```
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ whoami
abougabal
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ su - mohamed
Password:
$ whoami
mohamed
$ ls
$ |
```

26.Try to access the folder

```
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ su - mohamed
Password:
$ pwd
/home/mohamed
$ ls
$ cd ../
$ ls
abougabal mohamed
$ cd abo
-sh: 5: cd: can't cd to abo
$ |
```

28.Change the permissions of mycv file to give owner read and write permissions and for group write and execute and execute only for the others (using chmod in 2 different ways)

```
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ chmod 631 mycv
```

```
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ chmod u+rw,g+wx,o+x mycv
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls -l mycv
-rwxrwxrwx 1 abougabal abougabal 0 Jun 9 14:08 mycv
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$
```

29.Change your default permissions to be as above.

=> Using umask 002, then touch mycv, then ls-l

30.What is the maximum permission a file can have, by default when it is just created? And what is that for directory.

```
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ touch newfile
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls -l newfile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 abougabal abougabal 0 Jun 9 14:45 newfi
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ |
```

As for the directory

```
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ mkdir testing
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls -l testing/
total 0
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$ ls -l -d testing/
drwxrwxr-x 2 abougabal abougabal 4096 Jun 9 14:47 ter
abougabal@AbouGabal:~$
```

31.Change your default permissions to be no permission to everyone then create a directory and a file to verify.

=> Using umask 002

32.Copy a file from another user to your home directory. Note the permissions allowed to you before and after. Specify why?

This is the default permissions -rw-r--r- for the file he created, so when I take a copy of this file, I will be granted read only permit even if I am at the same group of the user I copied from.

33.What are the minimum permission needed for:

34.Copy a directory (source and target)

source: read and execute

destination: write and execute

35.Copy a file (source and target)

=> source file: read

destination dir: write and execute

36.Delete a file

=> read

37.Change to a directory

execute

38.List a directory content

=> read only

- 39. View a file content
- => read only
- 40. Modify a file content
- => write only

41.Create a file with permission 444. Try to edit in it and to remove it? Note what happened. (notice write protection in Linux)

```
abougabal@AbouGabal: $ chmod 444 test
abougabal@AbouGabal: $ cat "hello, world" >> test
-bash: test: Permission denied
abougabal@AbouGabal: $ rm test
rm: remove write-protected regular empty file 'test'?
```

42. What is the difference between the "x" permission for a file and for a directory

| Execute | You can execute the file if it is an executable. You can execute a shell script if you also have read and execute permissions. | You can use the cd command to access the directory. If you also have read access, you can run the ls -l command on the directory to list contents. |
|---------|--|--|
| | | |