

WEB SCRAPING AND LINEAR REGRESSION

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GOAL

- our goal is to build a regression model for car prices based on the data collected from [carvago.com](https://www.carvago.com). We had 5959 rows and 11 columns.



Web Scrapping



Exploratory Data Analysis



Modeling



Communicate Findings and Results.

PLAN

Python

Pandas

NumPy

BeautifulSoup

Matplot

Seaborn

Sklearn

Patsy

request

TOOLS USED

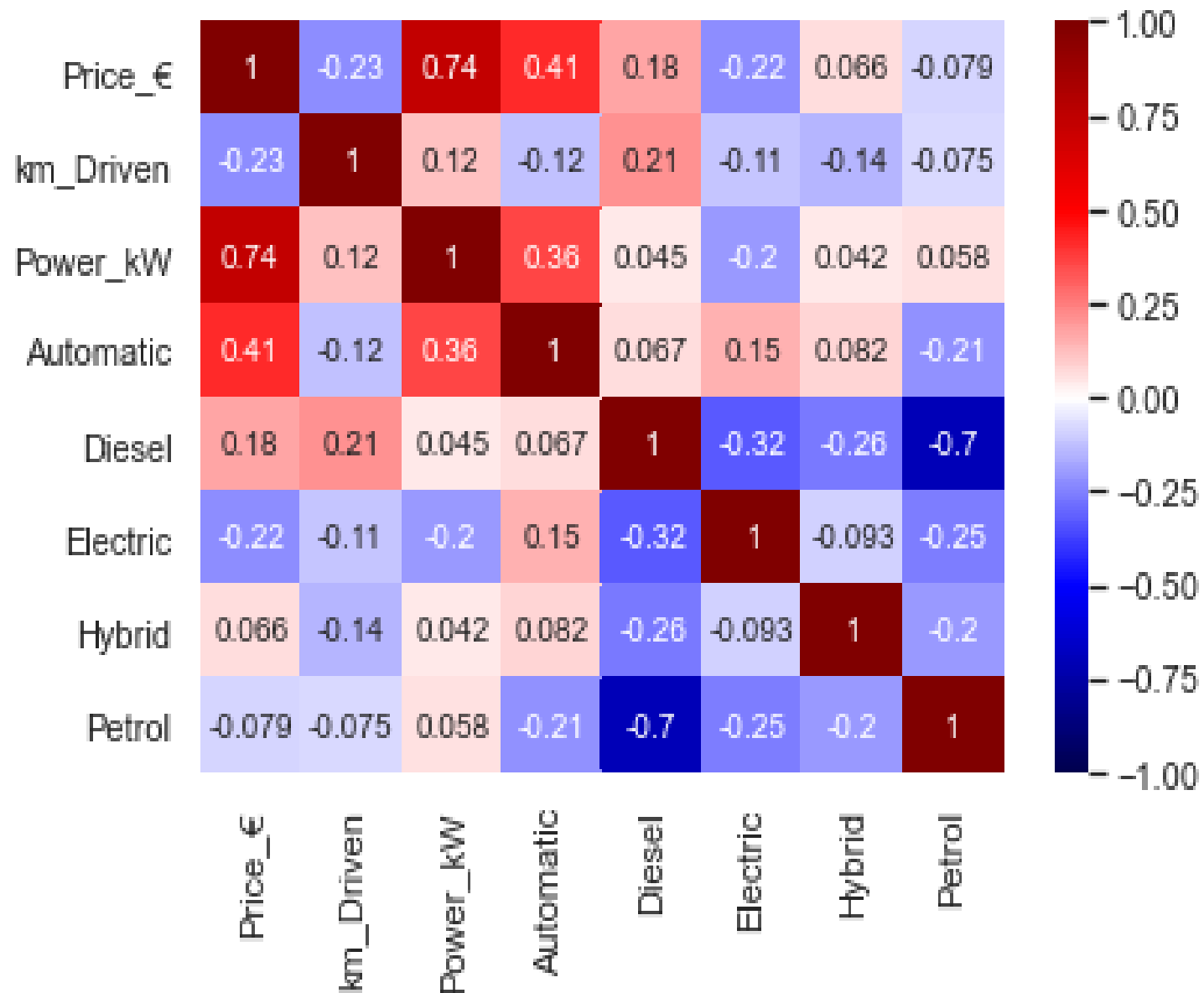
In [103]: df

Out[103]:

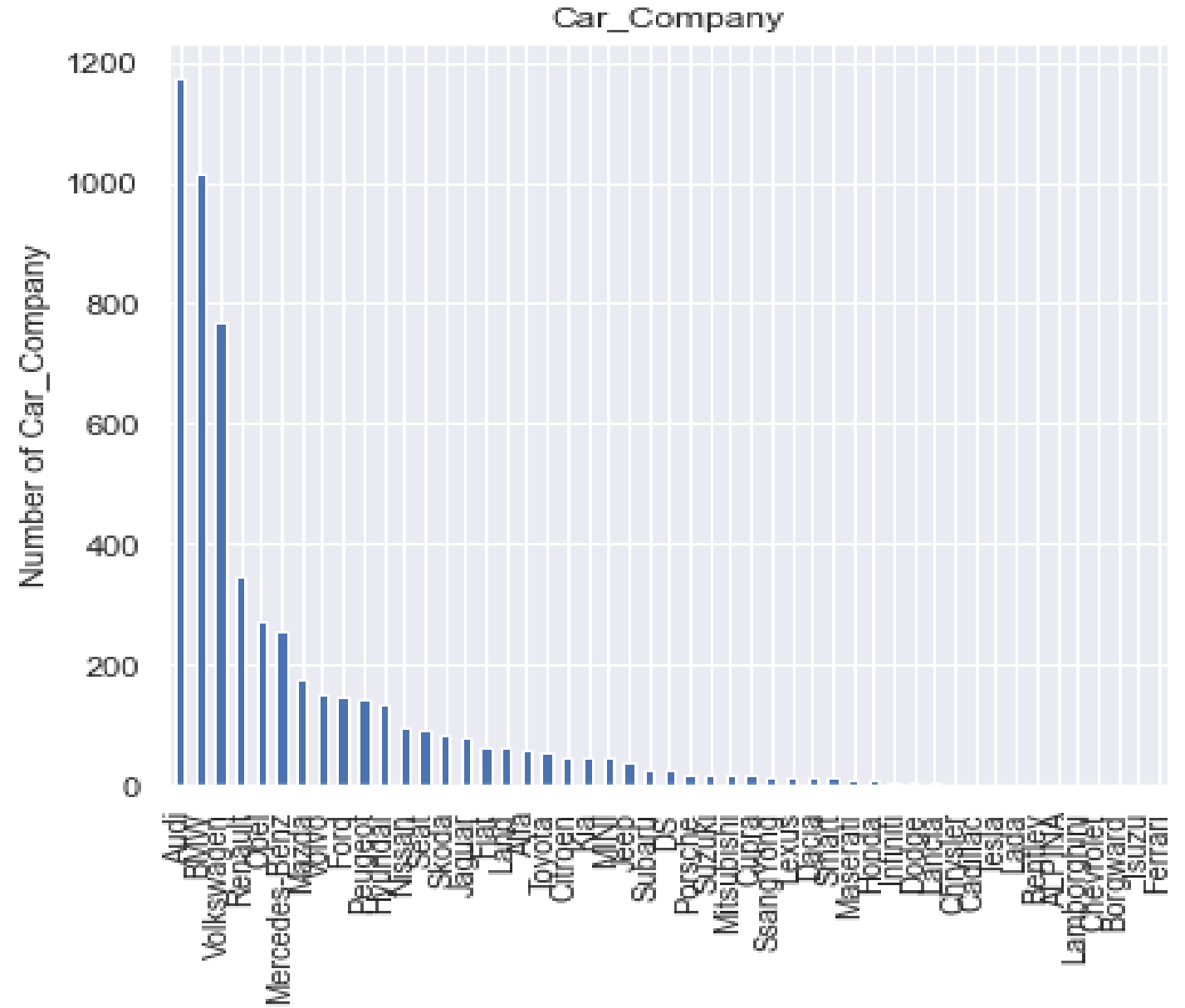
	Car_Name	Price_€	km_Driven	First_Registration	Power_kW	Automatic	Manual	Diesel	Electric	Hybrid	Petrol
0	Volkswagen Caddy 2.0 TDI 75 kW	10699	134572	2/2018	75	0	1	1	0	0	0
1	BMW 120 141 kW	44449	5413	4/2021	141	1	0	0	0	0	1
2	BMW 640 250 kW	52899	27656	7/2019	250	1	0	0	0	0	1
3	Renault ZOE 70 kW without battery	9599	30200	12/2018	70	1	0	0	1	0	0
4	Mercedes-Benz E 63 AMG E T S 4Matic MCT 430 kW	47849	25000	7/2014	430	1	0	0	0	0	1
...
5955	Renault Kadjar TCe 140 GPF 103 kW	21399	7990	9/2020	103	0	1	0	0	0	1
5956	Mazda CX-5 165 121 kW	28499	4000	3/2021	121	0	1	0	0	0	1
5957	Volkswagen T-Roc 1.5 TSI 110 kW	29599	500	11/2020	110	1	0	0	0	0	1
5958	Kia Optima 2.0 GDI Plug-In Hybrid Spirit 113 kW	31699	10500	9/2019	113	1	0	0	0	1	0
5959	Audi A4 Avant 45 TFSI S tronic sport 180 kW	32249	24679	3/2019	180	1	0	0	0	0	1

OUR DATASET
WITH TRANSMISSION AND FUEL CONVERTED TO DUMMY
VARIABLES

CORRELATION



CAR COMPANIES VS NUMBERS



TRANSMISSION
NUMBERS IN
OUR
DATAFRAME



REGRESSION & FINDINGS

Linear Regression train R^2 : 0.699

Ridge Regression train R^2 : 0.699

Degree 2 polynomial regression train R^2 : 0.699

Degree 2 polynomial regression test R^2 : 0.705

THANK YOU FOR
LISTENING