

# advanced-data-analytics-project

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#

AirLine Passenger Satisfaction

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\*\* #

Introduction

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### Dataset

Context

This dataset contains an airline passenger satisfaction survey. What factors are highly correlated to a satisfied (or dissatisfied) passenger? Can you predict passenger satisfaction?

Content

Gender: Gender of the passengers (Female, Male)

Customer Type: The customer type (Loyal customer, disloyal customer)

Age: The actual age of the passengers

Type of Travel: Purpose of the flight of the passengers (Personal Travel, Business Travel)

Class: Travel class in the plane of the passengers (Business, Eco, Eco Plus)

Flight distance: The flight distance of this journey

Inflight wifi service: Satisfaction level of the inflight wifi service (0:Not Applicable;1-5)

Departure/Arrival time convenient: Satisfaction level of Departure/Arrival time convenient

Ease of Online booking: Satisfaction level of online booking

Gate location: Satisfaction level of Gate location

Food and drink: Satisfaction level of Food and drink

Online boarding: Satisfaction level of online boarding

Seat comfort: Satisfaction level of Seat comfort

Inflight entertainment: Satisfaction level of inflight entertainment

On-board service: Satisfaction level of On-board service

Leg room service: Satisfaction level of Leg room service

Baggage handling: Satisfaction level of baggage handling

Check-in service: Satisfaction level of Check-in service

Inflight service: Satisfaction level of inflight service

Cleanliness: Satisfaction level of Cleanliness

Departure Delay in Minutes: Minutes delayed when departure

Arrival Delay in Minutes: Minutes delayed when Arrival

Satisfaction: Airline satisfaction level(Satisfaction, neutral or dissatisfaction)

\*\* #

Import Libraries

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```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from plotly.offline import init_notebook_mode
import plotly.graph_objs as go
import cufflinks as cf
import plotly.figure_factory as ff
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
init_notebook_mode(connected=True)
cf.go_offline()
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
import warnings
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, Normalizer
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
```

```

from sklearn.metrics import f1_score, accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, RocCurveDisplay
from sklearn.metrics import auc
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_validate
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
import keras
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

```

```

2024-05-09 01:18:47.285372: E
external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_dnn.cc:9261] Unable to register
cuDNN factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin cuDNN when one has
already been registered
2024-05-09 01:18:47.285510: E
external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_fft.cc:607] Unable to register
cuFFT factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin cuFFT when one has
already been registered
2024-05-09 01:18:47.457095: E
external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_blas.cc:1515] Unable to
register cuBLAS factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin cuBLAS when
one has already been registered

```

**\*\* #**

Read Data

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Read in the csv file as a dataframe called data

The tabulated data is meticulously arranged, featuring distinct columns housing a range of div

```

[2]: data=pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/airline-passenger-satisfaction/train.csv')
data.drop('Unnamed: 0',axis=1,inplace=True)

```

Check the head of data

```

[3]: data.head()

```

```
[3]:
```

	id	Gender	Customer Type	Age	Type of Travel	Class	\
0	70172	Male	Loyal Customer	13	Personal Travel	Eco Plus	
1	5047	Male	disloyal Customer	25	Business travel	Business	
2	110028	Female	Loyal Customer	26	Business travel	Business	
3	24026	Female	Loyal Customer	25	Business travel	Business	
4	119299	Male	Loyal Customer	61	Business travel	Business	

	Flight Distance	Inflight wifi service	Departure/Arrival time convenient	\
0	460	3	4	
1	235	3	2	
2	1142	2	2	
3	562	2	5	
4	214	3	3	

	Ease of Online booking	...	Inflight entertainment	On-board service	\
0	3	...	5	4	
1	3	...	1	1	
2	2	...	5	4	
3	5	...	2	2	
4	3	...	3	3	

	Leg room service	Baggage handling	Checkin service	Inflight service	\
0	3	4	4	5	
1	5	3	1	4	
2	3	4	4	4	
3	5	3	1	4	
4	4	4	3	3	

	Cleanliness	Departure Delay in Minutes	Arrival Delay in Minutes	\
0	5	25	18.0	
1	1	1	6.0	
2	5	0	0.0	
3	2	11	9.0	
4	3	0	0.0	

	satisfaction
0	neutral or dissatisfied
1	neutral or dissatisfied
2	satisfied
3	neutral or dissatisfied
4	satisfied

[5 rows x 24 columns]

Check the shape of data

```
[4]: data.shape
```

[4]: (103904, 24)

The dataset comprises 103,904 rows and 24 columns

Check the info of data

[5]: data.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 103904 entries, 0 to 103903
Data columns (total 24 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                                     103904 non-null  int64
1   Gender                               103904 non-null  object
2   Customer Type                        103904 non-null  object
3   Age                                   103904 non-null  int64
4   Type of Travel                       103904 non-null  object
5   Class                                103904 non-null  object
6   Flight Distance                      103904 non-null  int64
7   Inflight wifi service                103904 non-null  int64
8   Departure/Arrival time convenient   103904 non-null  int64
9   Ease of Online booking              103904 non-null  int64
10  Gate location                       103904 non-null  int64
11  Food and drink                      103904 non-null  int64
12  Online boarding                     103904 non-null  int64
13  Seat comfort                        103904 non-null  int64
14  Inflight entertainment              103904 non-null  int64
15  On-board service                    103904 non-null  int64
16  Leg room service                    103904 non-null  int64
17  Baggage handling                    103904 non-null  int64
18  Checkin service                     103904 non-null  int64
19  Inflight service                    103904 non-null  int64
20  Cleanliness                         103904 non-null  int64
21  Departure Delay in Minutes          103904 non-null  int64
22  Arrival Delay in Minutes            103594 non-null  float64
23  satisfaction                         103904 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(18), object(5)
memory usage: 19.0+ MB
```

The dataset includes 1 columns of floating-point values, 18 columns of integers, and 5 columns of objects

Description of data

If the DataFrame contains numerical data, the description contains these information for each column:

count - The number of not-empty values.  
mean - The average (mean) value.  
std - The standard deviation.  
min - the minimum value.

25% - The 25% percentile\*.  
 50% - The 50% percentile\*.  
 75% - The 75% percentile\*.  
 max - the maximum value.

```
[6]: data.describe().transpose()
```

```
[6]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	\
id	103904.0	64924.210502	37463.812252	1.0	
Age	103904.0	39.379706	15.114964	7.0	
Flight Distance	103904.0	1189.448375	997.147281	31.0	
Inflight wifi service	103904.0	2.729683	1.327829	0.0	
Departure/Arrival time convenient	103904.0	3.060296	1.525075	0.0	
Ease of Online booking	103904.0	2.756901	1.398929	0.0	
Gate location	103904.0	2.976883	1.277621	0.0	
Food and drink	103904.0	3.202129	1.329533	0.0	
Online boarding	103904.0	3.250375	1.349509	0.0	
Seat comfort	103904.0	3.439396	1.319088	0.0	
Inflight entertainment	103904.0	3.358158	1.332991	0.0	
On-board service	103904.0	3.382363	1.288354	0.0	
Leg room service	103904.0	3.351055	1.315605	0.0	
Baggage handling	103904.0	3.631833	1.180903	1.0	
Checkin service	103904.0	3.304290	1.265396	0.0	
Inflight service	103904.0	3.640428	1.175663	0.0	
Cleanliness	103904.0	3.286351	1.312273	0.0	
Departure Delay in Minutes	103904.0	14.815618	38.230901	0.0	
Arrival Delay in Minutes	103594.0	15.178678	38.698682	0.0	

	25%	50%	75%	max
id	32533.75	64856.5	97368.25	129880.0
Age	27.00	40.0	51.00	85.0
Flight Distance	414.00	843.0	1743.00	4983.0
Inflight wifi service	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Departure/Arrival time convenient	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Ease of Online booking	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Gate location	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Food and drink	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Online boarding	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Seat comfort	2.00	4.0	5.00	5.0
Inflight entertainment	2.00	4.0	4.00	5.0
On-board service	2.00	4.0	4.00	5.0
Leg room service	2.00	4.0	4.00	5.0
Baggage handling	3.00	4.0	5.00	5.0
Checkin service	3.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Inflight service	3.00	4.0	5.00	5.0
Cleanliness	2.00	3.0	4.00	5.0
Departure Delay in Minutes	0.00	0.0	12.00	1592.0

Arrival Delay in Minutes	0.00	0.0	13.00	1584.0
--------------------------	------	-----	-------	--------

For object data types, the describe method typically includes:

Count: The number of non-empty values.

Unique: The number of unique values.

Top: The most frequently occurring value.

Freq: The frequency of the top value.

```
[7]: data.describe(include='O').transpose()
```

```
[7]:
```

	count	unique	top	freq
Gender	103904	2	Female	52727
Customer Type	103904	2	Loyal Customer	84923
Type of Travel	103904	2	Business travel	71655
Class	103904	3	Business	49665
satisfaction	103904	2	neutral or dissatisfied	58879

check for null values in the data

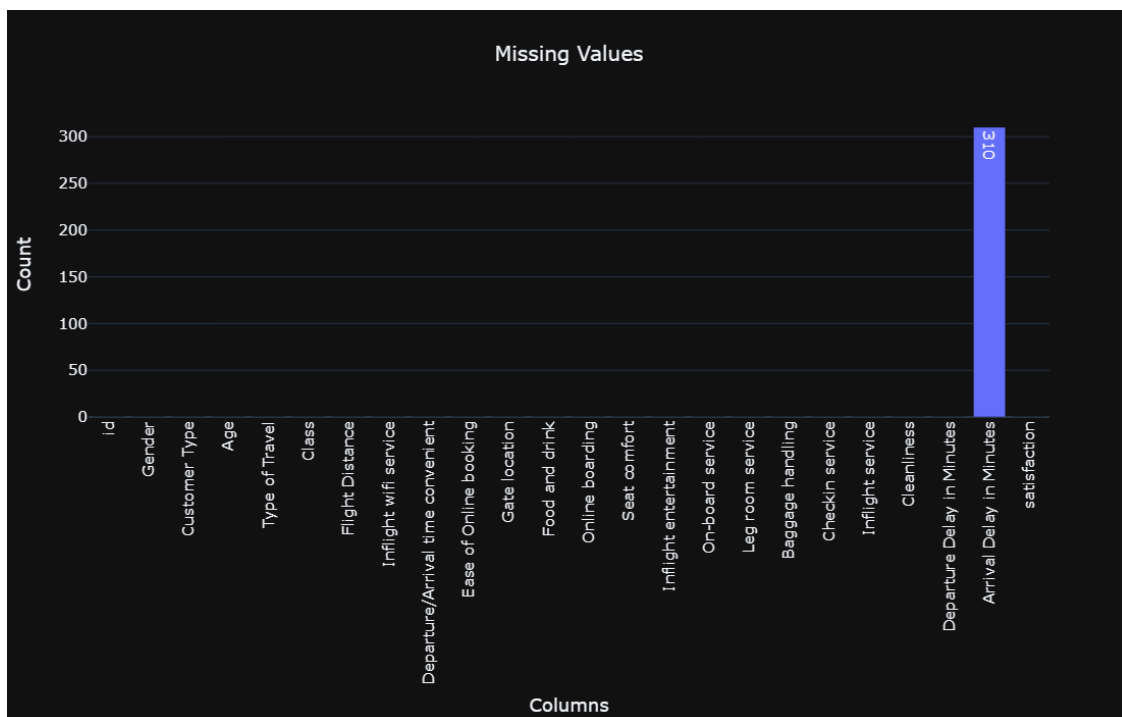
```
[8]: is_null,precentage = data.isnull().sum(),(data.isnull().sum()/data.shape[0])*100
df = pd.DataFrame()
df['Count'],df['Precentage%']=is_null,precentage
df
```

```
[8]:
```

	Count	Precentage%
id	0	0.000000
Gender	0	0.000000
Customer Type	0	0.000000
Age	0	0.000000
Type of Travel	0	0.000000
Class	0	0.000000
Flight Distance	0	0.000000
Inflight wifi service	0	0.000000
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0	0.000000
Ease of Online booking	0	0.000000
Gate location	0	0.000000
Food and drink	0	0.000000
Online boarding	0	0.000000
Seat comfort	0	0.000000
Inflight entertainment	0	0.000000
On-board service	0	0.000000
Leg room service	0	0.000000
Baggage handling	0	0.000000
Checkin service	0	0.000000
Inflight service	0	0.000000
Cleanliness	0	0.000000
Departure Delay in Minutes	0	0.000000

Arrival Delay in Minutes	310	0.298352
satisfaction	0	0.000000

```
[9]: fig = go.Figure()
distribution = df['Count']
bar_trace = go.Bar(x=distribution.index, y=distribution.values, name="Missing_
↪Values",text=distribution.values, textposition='inside')
fig.add_trace(bar_trace)
fig.update_layout(
    title_text='Missing Values',
    title_x=0.5,
    title_font=dict(size=20),
    xaxis_title="Columns",
    yaxis_title='Count',
    font=dict(size=15),
    width=1000,
    height=700,
    xaxis=dict(tickangle=-90),
    template='plotly_dark'
)
fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
fig.show()
```



Based on the provided data frame:



The "Arrival Delay in Minutes" attribute has 310 missing values, which constitute approximately

### Handle null values

To handle null values in your dataset, you can use various methods depending on the type of data

For Numerical Data:

1. Mean/Median Imputation: Replace missing values with the mean or median of the column.
2. Random Imputation: Replace missing values with randomly sampled values from the distribution.
3. Predictive Imputation: Use a predictive model to predict missing values based on other variables.

For Categorical Data:

1. Most Frequent Imputation: Replace missing values with the most frequent value in the column.
2. Constant Imputation: Replace missing values with a specific constant value.
3. Predictive Imputation: You can also use a predictive model tailored for categorical data to

Best Practices:

In this case i will drop null values

```
[10]: data.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
[11]: is_null,percentage = data.isnull().sum(),(data.isnull().sum()/data.shape[0])*100
df = pd.DataFrame()
df['Count'],df['Percentage%']=is_null,percentage
df
```

```
[11]:
```

	Count	Percentage%
id	0	0.0
Gender	0	0.0
Customer Type	0	0.0
Age	0	0.0
Type of Travel	0	0.0
Class	0	0.0
Flight Distance	0	0.0
Inflight wifi service	0	0.0
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0	0.0
Ease of Online booking	0	0.0
Gate location	0	0.0
Food and drink	0	0.0
Online boarding	0	0.0
Seat comfort	0	0.0
Inflight entertainment	0	0.0
On-board service	0	0.0
Leg room service	0	0.0
Baggage handling	0	0.0
Checkin service	0	0.0
Inflight service	0	0.0
Cleanliness	0	0.0

Departure Delay in Minutes	0	0.0
Arrival Delay in Minutes	0	0.0
satisfaction	0	0.0

check duplicate data

```
data[data.duplicated(keep=False)]
```

returns all rows in the DataFrame that are duplicates, including both the original rows and the

```
[12]: data[data.duplicated(keep=False)]
```

[12]: Empty DataFrame

Columns: [id, Gender, Customer Type, Age, Type of Travel, Class, Flight Distance, Inflight wifi service, Departure/Arrival time convenient, Ease of Online booking, Gate location, Food and drink, Online boarding, Seat comfort, Inflight entertainment, On-board service, Leg room service, Baggage handling, Checkin service, Inflight service, Cleanliness, Departure Delay in Minutes, Arrival Delay in Minutes, satisfaction]  
Index: []

[0 rows x 24 columns]

keep='first': When you use data.duplicated(keep='first')

it identifies and marks duplicates in the DataFrame, keeping only the first occurrence of each

```
[13]: data[data.duplicated(keep='first')]
```

[13]: Empty DataFrame

Columns: [id, Gender, Customer Type, Age, Type of Travel, Class, Flight Distance, Inflight wifi service, Departure/Arrival time convenient, Ease of Online booking, Gate location, Food and drink, Online boarding, Seat comfort, Inflight entertainment, On-board service, Leg room service, Baggage handling, Checkin service, Inflight service, Cleanliness, Departure Delay in Minutes, Arrival Delay in Minutes, satisfaction]  
Index: []

[0 rows x 24 columns]

keep='last': Conversely, when you use data.duplicated(keep='last')

it also identifies and marks duplicates in the DataFrame. However, it keeps only the last occurrence

```
[14]: data[data.duplicated(keep='last')]
```

[14]: Empty DataFrame

Columns: [id, Gender, Customer Type, Age, Type of Travel, Class, Flight Distance, Inflight wifi service, Departure/Arrival time convenient, Ease of Online booking, Gate location, Food and drink, Online boarding, Seat comfort, Inflight entertainment, On-board service, Leg room service, Baggage handling, Checkin service, Inflight service, Cleanliness, Departure Delay in Minutes, Arrival Delay in Minutes, satisfaction]  
Index: []

```
Arrival Delay in Minutes, satisfaction]
Index: []
```

```
[0 rows x 24 columns]
```

```
** #
```

```
EDA
```

```
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```

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) is a crucial step in data analysis where you explore and summarize data.

```
Helper Functions
```

```
[15]: def hist_hue(feature,hue,title_f,title_h,title):
    num_bins=20
    total_hist, _ = np.histogram(data[feature], bins=num_bins)
    fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=(title_f, f"{title_f} VS {title_h}"))
    histogram_trace_total = go.Bar(x=np.arange(num_bins), y=total_hist,
    name=title_f, text=total_hist, textposition='inside')
    fig.add_trace(histogram_trace_total, row=1, col=1)
    for category in data[hue].unique():
        category_data = data[data[hue] == category][feature]
        category_hist, _ = np.histogram(category_data, bins=num_bins)
        histogram_trace_by_hue = go.Bar(x=np.arange(num_bins), y=category_hist,
    name=f'{title_f} VS {title_h} ({category})', text=category_hist,
    textposition='inside')
        fig.add_trace(histogram_trace_by_hue, row=1, col=2)
    fig.update_layout(
        title_text=title,
        title_x=0.5,
        title_font=dict(size=20),
        font=dict(size=15),
        width=1000,
        height=700,
        barmode='stack',
        template='plotly_dark',
        xaxis_title=title_f,
        yaxis_title='Count',
        xaxis2_title=title_f,
    )
    fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
    fig.show()
```

```
[16]: def Bar_hue(feature,hue,title_f,title_h,title):
    fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=(title_f, f"{title_f} VS {title_h}"))
```

```

distribution = data[feature].value_counts()
bar_trace = go.Bar(x=distribution.index, y=distribution.values,
name=title_f, text=distribution.values, textposition='inside')
fig.add_trace(bar_trace, row=1, col=1)
for category in data[hue].unique():
    category_data = data[data[hue] == category][feature].value_counts()
    bar_trace_by_hue = go.Bar(x=category_data.index, y=category_data.
values, name=f'{title_f} VS {title_h} ({category})', text=category_data.
values, textposition='inside')
    fig.add_trace(bar_trace_by_hue, row=1, col=2)
fig.update_layout(
    title_text=title,
    title_x=0.5,
    title_font=dict(size=20),
    xaxis_title=title_f,
    yaxis_title='Count',
    xaxis2_title=title_f,
    font=dict(size=15),
    barmode='stack',
    width=1100,
    height=700,
    xaxis=dict(tickangle=-90),
    xaxis2=dict(tickangle=-90),
    template='plotly_dark'
)
fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
fig.show()

```

```

[17]: def
Bar_2hue(feature, hue1, title_f, title_h1, title='', make_subplot=True, hue2='', title_h2=''):
    if make_subplot:
        fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=(f'{title_f} VS
{title_h1}', f'{title_f} VS {title_h2}'))
        for category in data[hue1].unique():
            category_data = data[data[hue1] == category][feature].value_counts()
            bar_trace_by_hue = go.Bar(x=category_data.index, y=category_data.
values, name=f'{title_f} VS {title_h1} ({category})', text=category_data.
values, textposition='inside')
            fig.add_trace(bar_trace_by_hue, row=1, col=1)
        for category in data[hue2].unique():
            category_data = data[data[hue2] == category][feature].value_counts()
            bar_trace_by_hue = go.Bar(x=category_data.index, y=category_data.
values, name=f'{title_f} VS {title_h2} ({category})', text=category_data.
values, textposition='inside')
            fig.add_trace(bar_trace_by_hue, row=1, col=2)
        fig.update_layout(

```

```

        title_text=title,
        title_x=0.5,
        title_font=dict(size=20),
        xaxis_title=title_f,
        yaxis_title='Count',
        xaxis2_title=title_f,
        font=dict(
            size=15,
        ),
        barmode='stack',
        width=1100,
        height=700,
        xaxis=dict(tickangle=-90),
        xaxis1=dict(tickangle=-90),
        xaxis2=dict(tickangle=-90),
        template='plotly_dark'
    )
    fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
    fig.show()
else:
    fig = go.Figure()
    for category in data[hue1].unique():
        category_data = data[data[hue1] == category][feature].value_counts()
        bar_trace_by_hue = go.Bar(x=category_data.index, y=category_data.
↪values, name=f'{title_f} VS {title_h1} ({category})',text=category_data.
↪values, textposition='inside')
        fig.add_trace(bar_trace_by_hue)
    fig.update_layout(
        title_text=f'{title_f} VS {title_h1}',
        title_x=0.5,
        title_font=dict(size=20),
        xaxis_title=title_f,
        yaxis_title='Count',
        font=dict(
            size=15,
        ),
        barmode="stack",
        width=800,
        height=700,
        xaxis=dict(tickangle=-90),
        template='plotly_dark'
    )
    fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
    fig.show()

```

```
[18]: def Boxplot_outlier(feature,title):
```

```

fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=("Box Plot", "Violin_
↪Plot"))
fig.add_trace(
    go.Box(y=data[feature], name='BoxPlot'),
    row=1, col=1
)
fig.add_trace(
    go.Violin(y=data[feature], name='ViolinPlot'),
    row=1, col=2
)
fig.update_layout(
    title_text=title,
    title_x=0.5,
    title_font=dict(size=20),
    font=dict(size=15),
    width=1000,
    height=500,
    template='plotly_dark'
)
fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
fig.show()

```

```

[19]: def Pie(feature,title_f,title):
    distribution = data[feature].value_counts()
    pie_trace = go.Pie(labels=distribution.index, values=distribution.values,
↪name=title_f)
    pie_layout = go.Layout(
        title=title,
        title_font=dict(size=20),
        width=600,
        height=500,
        title_x=0.5,
        template='plotly_dark'
    )
    fig_pie = go.Figure(data=[pie_trace], layout=pie_layout)
    fig_pie.show()

```

```

[20]: def Heatmap(pivot1, title, feature, feature_h1, make_subplot=True,
↪feature_h2='', pivot2='', color='inferno'):
    fig_heatmap = None
    if make_subplot:
        fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=(f"{feature} VS_
↪{feature_h1}", f"{feature} VS {feature_h2}"))
        heat1 = go.Heatmap(
            z=pivot1.values,
            x=pivot1.columns,
            y=pivot1.index,

```

```

        colorscale=color,
        colorbar=dict(title='Count'),
        colorbar_x=0.45,
        colorbar_len=0.8
    )
    fig.add_trace(heat1, row=1, col=1)
    heat2 = go.Heatmap(
        z=pivot2.values,
        x=pivot2.columns,
        y=pivot2.index,
        colorscale=color,
        colorbar=dict(title='Count'),
        colorbar_x=1,
        colorbar_len=0.8
    )
    fig.add_trace(heat2, row=1, col=2)
    fig.update_layout(
        title=title,
        title_x=0.5,
        title_font=dict(size=20),
        width=1100,
        height=500,
        xaxis=dict(title=feature_h1, tickangle=-90),
        xaxis2=dict(title=feature_h2, tickangle=-90),
        yaxis=dict(title=feature, tickangle=-90),
        yaxis2=dict(tickangle=-90),
        font=dict(size=15),
        template='plotly_dark'
    )
    fig_heatmap = fig
else:
    fig_heatmap = go.Figure(data=go.Heatmap(
        z=pivot1.values,
        x=pivot1.columns,
        y=pivot1.index,
        colorscale=color,
        colorbar=dict(title='Count')
    ))
    fig_heatmap.update_layout(
        title=title,
        title_x=0.5,
        title_font=dict(size=20),
        xaxis=dict(title=feature_h1),
        yaxis=dict(title=feature),
        font=dict(size=15),
        width=800,
        height=500,

```

```

        template='plotly_dark'
    )
    fig_heatmap.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
    fig_heatmap.show()

```

```

[21]: def mean(pivot_table,pivot_table1,feature,hue1,hue2,title,title_f):
        fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=(f"Average {title_f} VS_
        ↪{hue1}", f"Average {title_f} VS {hue2}"))
        for i in data[hue1].unique():
            cate = pivot_table[pivot_table.index==i]
            bar_trace = go.Bar(x=cate.index, y=cate[feature],
            ↪text=round(cate[feature],2), textposition='inside', name=i)
            fig.add_trace(bar_trace, row=1, col=1)
        for i in data[hue2].unique():
            cate = pivot_table1[pivot_table1.index==i]
            bar_trace = go.Bar(x=cate.index, y=cate[feature],
            ↪text=round(cate[feature],2), textposition='inside', name=i)
            fig.add_trace(bar_trace, row=1, col=2)
        fig.update_layout(
            title_text=title,
            title_x=0.5,
            title_font=dict(size=20),
            xaxis_title=hue1,
            yaxis_title='Average',
            xaxis2_title=hue2,
            font=dict(size=15),
            barmode='stack',
            width=1100,
            height=700,
            xaxis=dict(tickangle=-90),
            xaxis1=dict(tickangle=-90),
            template='plotly_dark'
        )

        fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
        fig.show()

```

```

[22]: def pivot(values_f,index_f,mean=True):
        if mean:
            return pd.pivot_table(data, values=values_f, index=index_f,
            ↪aggfunc='mean')
        else:
            return pd.pivot_table(data, index=values_f, columns=index_f,
            ↪aggfunc='size', fill_value=0)
        def cross_t(index,columns):
            return pd.crosstab(index=data[index], columns=data[columns])

```



What is age distribution?

Find the minimum age

```
[23]: data.Age.min()
```

```
[23]: 7
```

Find the maximum age

```
[24]: data.Age.max()
```

```
[24]: 85
```

Find the top 5 most frequent ages

```
[25]: data['Age'].value_counts().head(5)
```

```
[25]: Age
39    2961
25    2790
40    2569
44    2479
42    2453
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Based on the output, it seems that the age group 31 to 36 has the highest counts of observation

```
Age 25: 2790 observations
Age 39: 2961 observations
Age 40: 2569 observations
Age 42: 2453 observations
Age 44: 2479 observations
```

calculate the mean age for each category in the "satisfaction" column

```
[26]: pivot_table = pivot('Age','satisfaction')
pivot_table
```

```
[26]:
```

	Age
satisfaction	
neutral or dissatisfied	37.569126
satisfied	41.748558

Visualization

```
[27]: hist_hue('Age','satisfaction','Age','Satisfaction','Age Distribution')
```

```
[28]: Boxplot_outlier('Age','Age Distribution')
```

Observation: Based on the figure, it appears that the "age" column don't contains outliers.

What is Gender distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Gender" column

```
[29]: data.Gender.value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[29]:          count
Gender
Female  52576
Male    51018
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Gender and satisfaction

```
[30]: pivot_table = pivot('Gender', 'satisfaction', False)
pivot_table
```

```
[30]: satisfaction  neutral or dissatisfied  satisfied
Gender
Female                30107             22469
Male                  28590             22428
```

Visualization

```
[31]: Pie('Gender', 'Gender', 'Gender Distribution')
```

```
[32]: Bar_hue('Gender', 'satisfaction', 'Gender', 'Satisfaction', 'Gender Distribution')
```

```
[33]: Heatmap(pivot_table, 'Gender VS Satisfaction_
↳Categories', 'Gender', 'Satisfaction', make_subplot=False)
```

observation based on figure: show frequency between Gender and Satisfaction

What is Customer Type distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Customer Type" column

```
[34]: data['Customer Type'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[34]:          count
Customer Type
Loyal Customer    84662
disloyal Customer 18932
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Customer Type and satisfaction

```
[35]: pivot_table = pivot('Customer Type', 'satisfaction', False)
pivot_table
```

```
[35]: satisfaction      neutral or dissatisfied  satisfied
Customer Type
Loyal Customer                44249             40413
disloyal Customer             14448             4484
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Customer Type and Gender

```
[36]: pivot_table1 = pivot('Customer Type', 'Gender', False)
      pivot_table1
```

```
[36]: Gender          Female    Male
      Customer Type
      Loyal Customer    42336  42326
      disloyal Customer  10240   8692
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Customer Type , Gender and y

```
[37]: data.groupby(['satisfaction', 'Gender', 'Customer Type'])['Customer Type'].
      ↪count().to_frame()
```

```
[37]:
```

			Customer Type
satisfaction	Gender	Customer Type	
neutral or dissatisfied	Female	Loyal Customer	22182
		disloyal Customer	7925
	Male	Loyal Customer	22067
		disloyal Customer	6523
satisfied	Female	Loyal Customer	20154
		disloyal Customer	2315
	Male	Loyal Customer	20259
		disloyal Customer	2169

Visalization

```
[38]: Pie('Customer Type', 'Customer Type', 'Customer Type Distribution')
```

```
[39]: Bar_hue('Customer Type', 'satisfaction', 'Customer Type', 'Satisfaction', 'Customer_
      ↪Type Distribution')
```

```
[40]: Bar_2hue('Customer Type', 'Gender', 'Customer Type', 'Gender', make_subplot=False)
```

```
[41]: Heatmap(pivot_table, 'Customer Type VS Satisfaction Categories', 'Customer_
      ↪Type', 'Satisfaction', make_subplot=False)
```

```
[42]: Heatmap(pivot_table1, 'Customer Type VS Gender Categories', 'Customer_
      ↪Type', 'Gender', make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Travel distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Type of Travel" column

```
[43]: data['Type of Travel'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[43]:
```

	count
Type of Travel	
Business travel	71465

Personal Travel 32129

count the occurrences of each combination of Type of Travel and satisfaction

```
[44]: pivot_table = pivot('Type of Travel', 'satisfaction', False)
      pivot_table
```

```
[44]: satisfaction      neutral or dissatisfied      satisfied
      Type of Travel
      Business travel      29831      41634
      Personal Travel      28866      3263
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Type of Travel and Gender

```
[45]: pivot_table1 = pivot('Type of Travel', 'Gender', False)
      pivot_table1
```

```
[45]: Gender      Female      Male
      Type of Travel
      Business travel      36433      35032
      Personal Travel      16143      15986
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Type of Travel and Customer Type

```
[46]: pivot_table2 = pivot('Type of Travel', 'Customer Type', False)
      pivot_table2
```

```
[46]: Customer Type      Loyal Customer      disloyal Customer
      Type of Travel
      Business travel      52696      18769
      Personal Travel      31966      163
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Type of Travel , Gender , Customer Type and satisfaction

```
[47]: data.groupby(['satisfaction', 'Gender', 'Customer Type', 'Type of Travel'])['Type of Travel'].count().to_frame()
```

```
[47]:
```

satisfaction	Gender	Customer Type	Type of Travel	Type of Travel
neutral or dissatisfied	Female	Loyal Customer	Business travel	7761
			Personal Travel	14421
		disloyal Customer	Business travel	7853
			Personal Travel	72
	Male	Loyal Customer	Business travel	7760
			Personal Travel	14307
		disloyal Customer	Business travel	6457
			Personal Travel	66
satisfied	Female	Loyal Customer	Business travel	18516
			Personal Travel	1638
		disloyal Customer	Business travel	2303

		Personal Travel	12
Male	Loyal Customer	Business travel	18659
		Personal Travel	1600
	disloyal Customer	Business travel	2156
		Personal Travel	13

Visualization

```
[48]: Pie('Type of Travel','Type of Travel','Type of Travel Distribution')
```

```
[49]: Bar_hue('Type of Travel','satisfaction','Type of Travel','Satisfaction','Type of Travel Distribution')
```

```
[50]: Bar_2hue('Type of Travel','Gender','Travel','Gender',title='Type of Travel Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer Type')
```

```
[51]: Heatmap(pivot_table,'Type of Travel VS Satisfaction Categories','Type of Travel','Satisfaction',make_subplot=False)
```

```
[52]: Heatmap(pivot_table1,'Type of Travel VS Gender Categories','Type of Travel','Gender',make_subplot=False)
```

```
[53]: Heatmap(pivot_table2,'Type of Travel VS Customer Type Categories','Type of Travel','Customer Type',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Class distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Class" column

```
[54]: data.Class.value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[54]:
```

	count
Class	
Business	49533
Eco	46593
Eco Plus	7468

count the occurrences of each combination of Class and satisfaction

```
[55]: pivot_table = pivot('Class','satisfaction',False)
pivot_table
```

```
[55]:
```

	satisfaction neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Class		
Business	15143	34390
Eco	37922	8671
Eco Plus	5632	1836

count the occurrences of each combination of Class and Gender

```
[56]: pivot_table1 = pivot('Class','Gender',False)
      pivot_table1
```

```
[56]: Gender      Female      Male
      Class
      Business      24868      24665
      Eco            23776      22817
      Eco Plus       3932       3536
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Class and Customer Type

```
[57]: pivot_table2 = pivot('Class','Customer Type',False)
      pivot_table2
```

```
[57]: Customer Type  Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
      Class
      Business                42191                7342
      Eco                    35716                10877
      Eco Plus                6755                 713
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Class and Type of Travel

```
[58]: pivot_table3 = pivot('Class','Type of Travel',False)
      pivot_table3
```

```
[58]: Type of Travel  Business travel  Personal Travel
      Class
      Business                47384                2149
      Eco                    20202                26391
      Eco Plus                3879                 3589
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Class , Type of Travel , Gender , Customer Type a

```
[59]: data.groupby(['satisfaction','Gender','Customer Type','Type of_
      ↪Travel','Class'])['Class'].count().to_frame()
```

```
[59]:
```

satisfaction	Gender	Customer Type	Type of Travel	Class	Class
neutral or dissatisfied	Female	Loyal Customer	Business travel	Business	4439
				Eco	2493
				Eco Plus	829
	Personal Travel	Business	935		
		Eco	11826		
		Eco Plus	1660		
	disloyal Customer	Business travel	Business	2313	
			Eco	5025	
			Eco Plus	515	
	Personal Travel	Business	7		
		Eco	65		

	Male	Loyal Customer	Business travel	Business	4392
				Eco	2496
				Eco Plus	872
			Personal Travel	Business	939
				Eco	11754
				Eco Plus	1614
		disloyal Customer	Business travel	Business	2114
				Eco	4205
				Eco Plus	138
			Personal Travel	Business	4
				Eco	58
				Eco Plus	4
satisfied	Female	Loyal Customer	Business travel	Business	15559
				Eco	2231
				Eco Plus	726
			Personal Travel	Business	130
				Eco	1351
				Eco Plus	157
		disloyal Customer	Business travel	Business	1485
				Eco	773
				Eco Plus	45
			Personal Travel	Eco	12
	Male	Loyal Customer	Business travel	Business	15663
				Eco	2253
				Eco Plus	743
			Personal Travel	Business	134
				Eco	1312
				Eco Plus	154
		disloyal Customer	Business travel	Business	1419
				Eco	726
				Eco Plus	11
			Personal Travel	Eco	13

Visualization

```
[60]: Pie('Class','Class','Class Distribution')
```

```
[61]: Bar_hue('Class','satisfaction','Class','Satisfaction','Class Distribution')
```

```
[62]: Bar_2hue('Class','Gender','Class','Gender',title='Class_
↳Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer Type')
```

```
[63]: Bar_2hue('Class','Type of Travel','Class','Type of Travel',make_subplot=False)
```

```
[64]: Heatmap(pivot_table,'Class_
↳Distribution','Class','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=pivot_tab
```

```
[65]: Heatmap(pivot_table2, 'Class Distribution', 'Class', 'Customer_
↪Type', make_subplot=True, feature_h2='Type of Travel', pivot2=pivot_table3)
```

What is Flight Distance distribution?

Find the minimum Flight Distance

```
[66]: data['Flight Distance'].min()
```

```
[66]: 31
```

Find the maximum Flight Distance

```
[67]: data['Flight Distance'].max()
```

```
[67]: 4983
```

average the occurrences of each combination of Flight Distance and Type of Travel

```
[68]: pivot_table = pivot('Flight Distance', 'Type of Travel')
pivot_table
```

```
[68]:
```

	Flight Distance
Type of Travel	
Business travel	1368.294872
Personal Travel	791.240375

average the occurrences of each combination of Flight Distance and Class

```
[69]: pivot_table1 = pivot('Flight Distance', 'Class')
pivot_table1
```

```
[69]:
```

	Flight Distance
Class	
Business	1676.078493
Eco	742.843281
Eco Plus	746.446438

Visualization

```
[70]: Boxplot_outlier('Flight Distance', 'Flight Distance Distribution')
```

Observation: Based on the figure, it appears that the "Flight Distance" column contains outliers

```
[71]: mean(pivot_table, pivot_table1, 'Flight Distance', 'Type of_
↪Travel', 'Class', 'Average Flight Distance', title_f='Flight Distance')
```

What is Type of Inflight wifi service distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Inflight wifi service" column

```
[72]: data['Inflight wifi service'].value_counts().to_frame()
```



```
[72]:
```

	count
Inflight wifi service	
3	25789
2	25755
4	19737
1	17781
5	11436
0	3096

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and satisfaction

```
[73]: cross = cross_t('Inflight wifi service','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[73]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Inflight wifi service		
0	8	3088
1	11995	5786
2	19346	6409
3	19327	6462
4	7915	11822
5	106	11330

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Gender

```
[74]: cross1 = cross_t('Inflight wifi service','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[74]:
```

Gender	Female	Male
Inflight wifi service		
0	1590	1506
1	9056	8725
2	13212	12543
3	13141	12648
4	9885	9852
5	5692	5744

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Customer Type

```
[75]: cross2 = cross_t('Inflight wifi service','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[75]:
```

Customer Type	Loyal Customer	disloyal Customer
Inflight wifi service		
0	2403	693
1	14795	2986
2	20941	4814
3	20925	4864
4	15926	3811

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Type of Travel

```
[76]: cross3 = cross_t('Inflight wifi service','Type of Travel')
      cross3
```

```
[76]: Type of Travel      Business travel  Personal Travel
      Inflight wifi service
      0                      2449              647
      1                      12001             5780
      2                      16213             9542
      3                      16021             9768
      4                      14640             5097
      5                      10141             1295
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Class

```
[77]: cross4 = cross_t('Inflight wifi service','Class')
      cross4
```

```
[77]: Class      Business      Eco  Eco Plus
      Inflight wifi service
      0              1977      924      195
      1              9014     7638     1129
      2             11060    12761     1934
      3             10834    13022     1933
      4              9411     8815     1511
      5              7237     3433      766
```

Visualization

```
[78]: Pie('Inflight wifi service','Wifi service','Wifi service Distribution')
```

```
[79]: Bar_hue('Inflight wifi service','satisfaction','Wifi_
      ↪service','Satisfaction','Wifi service Distribution')
```

```
[80]: Bar_2hue('Inflight wifi service','Gender','Wifi service','Gender',title='Wifi_
      ↪service Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[81]: Bar_2hue('Inflight wifi service','Type of Travel','Wifi service','Type of_
      ↪Travel',title='Wifi service Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[82]: Heatmap(cross,'Wifi service Distribution','Wifi_
      ↪service','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[83]: Heatmap(cross2,'Wifi service Distribution','Wifi service','Customer_
      ↪Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[84]: Heatmap(cross4, 'Wifi service Vs Class Categories', 'Wifi_
↳service', 'Class', make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Departure/Arrival time convenient distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Departure/Arrival time convenient" column

```
[85]: data['Departure/Arrival time convenient'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[85]:
```

	count
Departure/Arrival time convenient	
4	25474
5	22333
3	17903
2	17142
1	15452
0	5290

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and satisfaction

```
[86]: cross = cross_t('Departure/Arrival time convenient', 'satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[86]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Departure/Arrival time convenient		
0	2774	2516
1	7933	7519
2	9503	7639
3	10056	7847
4	15595	9879
5	12836	9497

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Gender

```
[87]: cross1 = cross_t('Departure/Arrival time convenient', 'Gender')
cross1
```

```
[87]:
```

Gender	Female	Male
Departure/Arrival time convenient		
0	2765	2525
1	7839	7613
2	8801	8341
3	9126	8777
4	12856	12618
5	11189	11144

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Customer Type

```
[88]: cross2 = cross_t('Departure/Arrival time convenient', 'Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[88]: Customer Type          Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
Departure/Arrival time convenient
0                2028                3262
1                12908               2544
2                13284               3858
3                14020               3883
4                21933               3541
5                20489               1844
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Type of Travel

```
[89]: cross3 = cross_t('Departure/Arrival time convenient','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[89]: Type of Travel          Business travel  Personal Travel
Departure/Arrival time convenient
0                4422                868
1                12737               2715
2                14097               3045
3                14119               3784
4                14039               11435
5                12051               10282
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight wifi service and Class

```
[90]: cross4 = cross_t('Departure/Arrival time convenient','Class')
cross4
```

```
[90]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Departure/Arrival time convenient
0                2269    2785    236
1                8752    5634    1066
2                9407    6596    1139
3                9460    7210    1233
4               10237   13243    1994
5                9408   11125    1800
```

Visualization

```
[91]: Pie('Departure/Arrival time convenient','Arrival time','Arrival timee_
↳Distribution')
```

```
[92]: Bar_hue('Departure/Arrival time convenient','satisfaction','Arrival_
↳time','Satisfaction','Arrival time Distribution')
```

```
[93]: Bar_2hue('Departure/Arrival time convenient','Gender','Arrival_
↳time','Gender',title='Arrival time Distribution',hue2='Customer_
↳Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[94]: Bar_2hue('Departure/Arrival time convenient','Type of Travel','Arrival_
↪time','Type of Travel',title='Arrival time_
↪Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')

[95]: Heatmap(cross,'Arrival time Distribution','Arrival_
↪time','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)

[96]: Heatmap(cross2,'Arrival time Distribution','Arrival time','Customer_
↪Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)

[97]: Heatmap(cross4,'Arrival time Vs Class Categories','Arrival_
↪time','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Ease of Online booking distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Ease of Online booking" column

```
[98]: data['Ease of Online booking'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[98]:
```

	count
Ease of Online booking	
3	24370
2	23962
4	19508
1	17466
5	13815
0	4473

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and satisfaction

```
[99]: cross = cross_t('Ease of Online booking','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[99]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Ease of Online booking		
0	1500	2973
1	10897	6569
2	16673	7289
3	16858	7512
4	9152	10356
5	3617	10198

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Gender

```
[100]: cross1 = cross_t('Ease of Online booking','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[100]:
```

Gender	Female	Male
Ease of Online booking		
0	2293	2180

1	8895	8571
2	12318	11644
3	12338	12032
4	9773	9735
5	6959	6856

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Customer Type

```
[101]: cross2 = cross_t('Ease of Online booking', 'Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[101]: Customer Type      Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
Ease of Online booking
0                3616                857
1                14510               2956
2                19281               4681
3                19539               4831
4                15758               3750
5                11958               1857
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Type of Travel

```
[102]: cross3 = cross_t('Ease of Online booking', 'Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[102]: Type of Travel      Business travel  Personal Travel
Ease of Online booking
0                2677                1796
1                12076               5390
2                14968               8994
3                15148               9222
4                14466               5042
5                12130               1685
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Class

```
[103]: cross4 = cross_t('Ease of Online booking', 'Class')
cross4
```

```
[103]: Class      Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Ease of Online booking
0          2089    2045    339
1          8193    7948    1325
2          9917    12208   1837
3         10096    12440   1834
4         10162    8065    1281
5          9076    3887    852
```

Visualization

```
[104]: Pie('Ease of Online booking','Online booking','Online booking Distribution')

[105]: Bar_hue('Ease of Online booking','satisfaction','Online_
↳booking','Satisfaction','Online booking Distribution')

[106]: Bar_2hue('Ease of Online booking','Gender','Online_
↳booking','Gender',title='Online booking Distribution',hue2='Customer_
↳Type',title_h2='Customer')

[107]: Bar_2hue('Ease of Online booking','Type of Travel','Online booking','Type of_
↳Travel',title='Online booking Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')

[108]: Heatmap(cross,'Online booking Distribution','Online_
↳booking','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)

[109]: Heatmap(cross2,'Online booking Distribution','Online booking','Customer_
↳Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)

[110]: Heatmap(cross4,'Online booking Vs Class Categories','Online_
↳booking','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Gate location distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Gate location" column

```
[111]: data['Gate location'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[111]:
```

	count
Gate location	
3	28489
4	24353
2	19396
1	17511
5	13844
0	1

count the occurrences of each combination of Gate location and satisfaction

```
[112]: cross = cross_t('Gate location','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[112]:
```

	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Gate location		
0	0	1
1	8834	8677
2	10447	8949
3	18600	9889
4	14895	9458
5	5921	7923

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Gender

```
[113]: cross1 = cross_t('Gate location','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[113]: Gender          Female    Male
Gate location
0                1          0
1              8821      8690
2              9821      9575
3             14586     13903
4             12450     11903
5              6897      6947
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Customer Type

```
[114]: cross2 = cross_t('Gate location','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[114]: Customer Type  Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
Gate location
0                1                0
1              14933             2578
2              16376             3020
3              21878             6611
4              18970             5383
5              12504             1340
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Type of Travel

```
[115]: cross3 = cross_t('Gate location','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[115]: Type of Travel  Business travel  Personal Travel
Gate location
0                1                0
1              12768             4743
2              13591             5805
3              17299            11190
4              16238             8115
5              11568             2276
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Ease of Online booking and Class

```
[116]: cross4 = cross_t('Gate location','Class')
cross4
```

```
[116]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Gate location
```



0	1	0	0
1	9398	6885	1228
2	9782	8230	1384
3	11228	15093	2168
4	10507	12064	1782
5	8617	4321	906

Visualization

```
[117]: Pie('Gate location','Gate location','Gate location Distribution')

[118]: Bar_hue('Gate location','satisfaction','Gate location','Satisfaction','Gate_
↪location Distribution')

[119]: Bar_2hue('Gate location','Gender','Gate location','Gender',title='Gate location_
↪Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')

[120]: Bar_2hue('Gate location','Type of Travel','Gate location','Type of_
↪Travel',title='Gate location Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')

[121]: Heatmap(cross,'Gate location Distribution','Gate_
↪location','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)

[122]: Heatmap(cross2,'Gate location Distribution','Gate location','Customer_
↪Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)

[123]: Heatmap(cross4,'Gate location Vs Class Categories','Gate_
↪location','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Food and drink distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Food and drink" column

```
[124]: data['Food and drink'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[124]:
```

	count
Food and drink	
4	24294
5	22239
3	22238
2	21918
1	12800
0	105

count the occurrences of each combination of Food and drink and satisfaction

```
[125]: cross = cross_t('Food and drink','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[125]: satisfaction    neutral or dissatisfied    satisfied
Food and drink
0                56                49
1            10237            2563
2            13407            8511
3            13427            8811
4            11535            12759
5            10035            12204
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Food and drink and Gender

```
[126]: cross1 = cross_t('Food and drink','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[126]: Gender          Female    Male
Food and drink
0                55        50
1            6510       6290
2            11223      10695
3            11426      10812
4            12082      12212
5            11280      10959
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Food and drink and Customer Type

```
[127]: cross2 = cross_t('Food and drink','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[127]: Customer Type    Loyal Customer    disloyal Customer
Food and drink
0                81                24
1            9436            3364
2            17996            3922
3            18276            3962
4            20353            3941
5            18520            3719
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Food and drink and Type of Travel

```
[128]: cross3 = cross_t('Food and drink','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[128]: Type of Travel    Business travel    Personal Travel
Food and drink
0                54                51
1            7796            5004
2            14965            6953
3            15252            6986
4            17611            6683
```

5

15787

6452

count the occurrences of each combination of Food and drink and Class

```
[129]: cross4 = cross_t('Food and drink','Class')
cross4
```

```
[129]: Class      Business      Eco  Eco Plus
Food and drink
0           31         56         18
1        4358       7341       1101
2       10569       9798       1551
3       10701       9947       1590
4       12379      10226       1689
5       11495       9225       1519
```

Visualization

```
[130]: Pie('Food and drink','Food and drink','Food and drink Distribution')
```

```
[131]: Bar_hue('Food and drink','satisfaction','Food and drink','Satisfaction','Food and drink Distribution')
```

```
[132]: Bar_2hue('Food and drink','Gender','Food and drink','Gender',title='Food and drink Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[133]: Bar_2hue('Food and drink','Type of Travel','Food and drink','Type of Travel',title='Food and drink Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[134]: Heatmap(cross,'Food and drink Distribution','Food and drink','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[135]: Heatmap(cross2,'Food and drink Distribution','Food and drink','Customer Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[136]: Heatmap(cross4,'Food and drink Vs Class Categories','Food and drink','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Online boarding distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Online boarding" column

```
[137]: data['Online boarding'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[137]:
```

	count
Online boarding	
4	30671
3	21744
5	20652
2	17449

1	10658
0	2420

count the occurrences of each combination of Online boarding and satisfaction

```
[138]: cross = cross_t('Online boarding','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[138]: satisfaction      neutral or dissatisfied      satisfied
Online boarding
0                      1073          1347
1                      9187          1471
2                     15437          2012
3                     18790          2954
4                     11562         19109
5                      2648         18004
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Online boarding and Gender

```
[139]: cross1 = cross_t('Online boarding','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[139]: Gender          Female      Male
Online boarding
0              1097      1323
1              5084      5574
2              8337      9112
3             11040     10704
4             16124     14547
5             10894      9758
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Online boarding and Customer Type

```
[140]: cross2 = cross_t('Online boarding','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[140]: Customer Type      Loyal Customer      disloyal Customer
Online boarding
0                      1601          819
1                      7661         2997
2                     12828         4621
3                     16927         4817
4                     26893         3778
5                     18752         1900
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Online boarding and Type of Travel

```
[141]: cross3 = cross_t('Online boarding','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[141]: Type of Travel    Business travel    Personal Travel
Online boarding
0                1092                1328
1                6109                4549
2               10075                7374
3               13317                8427
4               23749                6922
5               17123                3529
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Online boarding and Class

```
[142]: cross4 = cross_t('Online boarding','Class')
cross4
```

```
[142]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Online boarding
0                540    1614    266
1               2945    6706   1007
2               5019   10785   1645
3               7679   12202   1863
4              18685   10249   1737
5              14665    5037    950
```

Visualization

```
[143]: Pie('Online boarding','Online boarding','Online boarding Distribution')
```

```
[144]: Bar_hue('Online boarding','satisfaction','Online_
↳boarding','Satisfaction','Online boarding Distribution')
```

```
[145]: Bar_2hue('Online boarding','Gender','Online boarding','Gender',title='Online_
↳boarding Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[146]: Bar_2hue('Online boarding','Type of Travel','Online boarding','Type of_
↳Travel',title='Online boarding Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[147]: Heatmap(cross,'Food and drink Distribution','Online_
↳boarding','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[148]: Heatmap(cross2,'Online boarding Distribution','Online boarding','Customer_
↳Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[149]: Heatmap(cross4,'Online boarding Vs Class Categories','Online_
↳boarding','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Seat comfort distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Seat comfort" column

```
[150]: data['Seat comfort'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[150]:
```

	count
Seat comfort	
4	31682
5	26393
3	18641
2	14846
1	12031
0	1

count the occurrences of each combination of Seat comfort and satisfaction

```
[151]: cross = cross_t('Seat comfort','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[151]:
```

	satisfaction neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Seat comfort		
0	1	0
1	9341	2690
2	11516	3330
3	14697	3944
4	13907	17775
5	9235	17158

count the occurrences of each combination of Seat comfort and Gender

```
[152]: cross1 = cross_t('Seat comfort','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[152]:
```

	Gender Female	Male
Seat comfort		
0	1	0
1	5714	6317
2	7152	7694
3	9663	8978
4	16568	15114
5	13478	12915

count the occurrences of each combination of Seat comfort and Customer Type

```
[153]: cross2 = cross_t('Seat comfort','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[153]:
```

	Customer Type Loyal Customer	disloyal Customer
Seat comfort		
0	1	0
1	8305	3726
2	10954	3892
3	14842	3799
4	27888	3794

5 22672 3721

count the occurrences of each combination of Seat comfort and Type of Travel

```
[154]: cross3 = cross_t('Seat comfort','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[154]: Type of Travel  Business travel  Personal Travel
Seat comfort
0                1                0
1               6896             5135
2               9260             5586
3              12334             6307
4              23629             8053
5              19345             7048
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Seat comfort and Class

```
[155]: cross4 = cross_t('Seat comfort','Class')
cross4
```

```
[155]: Class          Business      Eco  Eco Plus
Seat comfort
0                1          0          0
1               3490      7448      1093
2               4843      8667      1336
3               7224      9782      1635
4              18440     11334      1908
5              15535      9362      1496
```

Visualization

```
[156]: Pie('Seat comfort','Seat comfort','Seat comfort Distribution')
```

```
[157]: Bar_hue('Seat comfort','satisfaction','Seat comfort','Satisfaction','Seat_
↪comfort Distribution')
```

```
[158]: Bar_2hue('Seat comfort','Gender','Seat comfort','Gender',title='Seat comfort_
↪Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[159]: Bar_2hue('Seat comfort','Type of Travel','Seat comfort','Type of_
↪Travel',title='Seat comfort Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[160]: Heatmap(cross,'Seat comfort Distribution','Seat_
↪comfort','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[161]: Heatmap(cross2,'Seat comfort Distribution','Seat comfort','Customer_
↪Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[162]: Heatmap(cross4, 'Seat comfort Vs Class Categories', 'Seat_
↪comfort', 'Class', make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Inflight entertainment distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Inflight entertainment" column

```
[163]: data['Inflight entertainment'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[163]:
```

	count
Inflight entertainment	
4	29335
5	25145
3	19080
2	17579
1	12441
0	14

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight entertainment and satisfaction

```
[164]: cross = cross_t('Inflight entertainment', 'satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[164]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Inflight entertainment		
0	14	0
1	10701	1740
2	13829	3750
3	13934	5146
4	11381	17954
5	8838	16307

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight entertainment and Gender

```
[165]: cross1 = cross_t('Inflight entertainment', 'Gender')
cross1
```

```
[165]:
```

Gender	Female	Male
Inflight entertainment		
0	7	7
1	6365	6076
2	9011	8568
3	9748	9332
4	14707	14628
5	12738	12407

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight entertainment and Customer Type

```
[166]: cross2 = cross_t('Inflight entertainment', 'Customer Type')
cross2
```



```
[166]: Customer Type      Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
Inflight entertainment
0                14                0
1               9059               3382
2              13750               3829
3              15105               3975
4              25344               3991
5              21390               3755
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight entertainment and Type of Travel

```
[167]: cross3 = cross_t('Inflight entertainment','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[167]: Type of Travel      Business travel  Personal Travel
Inflight entertainment
0                14                0
1               6886               5555
2              11002               6577
3              12322               6758
4              22605               6730
5              18636               6509
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight entertainment and Class

```
[168]: cross4 = cross_t('Inflight entertainment','Class')
cross4
```

```
[168]: Class      Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Inflight entertainment
0                6      3      5
1              3836    7486    1119
2              6567    9534    1478
3              7722    9763    1595
4             17074   10511    1750
5             14328    9296    1521
```

Visualization

```
[169]: Pie('Inflight entertainment','Inflight entertainment','Inflight entertainment_
↪Distribution')
```

```
[170]: Bar_hue('Inflight entertainment','satisfaction','Inflight_
↪entertainment','Satisfaction','Inflight entertainment Distribution')
```

```
[171]: Bar_2hue('Inflight_
↪entertainment','Gender','Entertainment','Gender',title='Inflight_
↪entertainment Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[172]: Bar_2hue('Inflight entertainment','Type of Travel','Entertainment','Type of
↳Travel',title='Inflight entertainment
↳Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')

[173]: Heatmap(cross,'Inflight entertainment Distribution','Inflight
↳entertainment','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)

[174]: Heatmap(cross2,'Inflight entertainment Distribution','Inflight
↳entertainment','Customer Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of
↳Travel',pivot2=cross3)

[175]: Heatmap(cross4,'Inflight entertainment Vs Class Categories','Inflight
↳entertainment','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is On-board service distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "On-board service" column

```
[176]: data['On-board service'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[176]:
```

	count
On-board service	
4	30773
5	23584
3	22770
2	14632
1	11832
0	3

count the occurrences of each combination of On-board service and satisfaction

```
[177]: cross = cross_t('On-board service','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[177]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
On-board service		
0	3	0
1	9541	2291
2	10890	3742
3	15583	7187
4	14246	16527
5	8434	15150

count the occurrences of each combination of On-board service and Gender

```
[178]: cross1 = cross_t('On-board service','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[178]: Gender          Female    Male
On-board service
0              2         1
1             6039      5793
2             7783      6849
3            11352     11418
4            15352     15421
5            12048     11536
```

count the occurrences of each combination of On-board service and Customer Type

```
[179]: cross2 = cross_t('On-board service','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[179]: Customer Type    Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
On-board service
0              3              0
1             9269          2563
2            12005          2627
3            17639          5131
4            25640          5133
5            20106          3478
```

count the occurrences of each combination of On-board service and Type of Travel

```
[180]: cross3 = cross_t('On-board service','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[180]: Type of Travel    Business travel  Personal Travel
On-board service
0              3              0
1             7619          4213
2            10138          4494
3            14376          8394
4            22444          8329
5            16885          6699
```

count the occurrences of each combination of On-board service and Class

```
[181]: cross4 = cross_t('On-board service','Class')
cross4
```

```
[181]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
On-board service
0              3         0         0
1             3337      7246      1249
2             5417      7835      1380
3             9331     11624      1815
4            17127     11819      1827
```

5 14318 8069 1197

## Visualization

```
[182]: Pie('On-board service', 'On-board service', 'On-board service Distribution')

[183]: Bar_hue('On-board service', 'satisfaction', 'On-board service Distribution', 'Satisfaction', 'On-board service Distribution')

[184]: Bar_2hue('On-board service', 'Gender', 'On-board service Distribution', 'Gender', title='On-board service Distribution', hue2='Customer Type', title_h2='Customer')

[185]: Bar_2hue('On-board service', 'Type of Travel', 'On-board service', 'Type of Travel', title='On-board service Distribution', hue2='Class', title_h2='Class')

[186]: Heatmap(cross, 'On-board service Distribution', 'On-board service', 'Satisfaction', make_subplot=True, feature_h2='Gender', pivot2=cross1)

[187]: Heatmap(cross2, 'On-board service Distribution', 'On-board service', 'Customer Type', make_subplot=True, feature_h2='Type of Travel', pivot2=cross3)

[188]: Heatmap(cross4, 'On-board service Vs Class Categories', 'On-board service', 'Class', make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Leg room service distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Leg room service" column

```
[189]: data['Leg room service'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[189]:
```

	count
Leg room service	
4	28704
5	24599
3	20042
2	19469
1	10310
0	470

count the occurrences of each combination of Leg room service and satisfaction

```
[190]: cross = cross_t('Leg room service', 'satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[190]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Leg room service		
0	304	166
1	8221	2089
2	14124	5345

3	14580	5462
4	11980	16724
5	9488	15111

count the occurrences of each combination of Leg room service and Gender

```
[191]: cross1 = cross_t('Leg room service','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[191]: Gender          Female    Male
Leg room service
0              406      64
1             5363    4947
2            10120    9349
3            10273    9769
4            14458   14246
5            11956   12643
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Leg room service and Customer Type

```
[192]: cross2 = cross_t('Leg room service','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[192]: Customer Type    Loyal Customer  disloyal Customer
Leg room service
0              470              0
1             8088            2222
2            15407            4062
3            15852            4190
4            24429            4275
5            20416            4183
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Leg room service and Type of Travel

```
[193]: cross3 = cross_t('Leg room service','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[193]: Type of Travel    Business travel  Personal Travel
Leg room service
0              71              399
1             6623            3687
2            11964            7505
3            12289            7753
4            21759            6945
5            18759            5840
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Leg room service and Class

```
[194]: cross4 = cross_t('Leg room service','Class')
cross4
```

```
[194]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Leg room service
0          124      306      40
1        2867    6343    1100
2        7538   10293    1638
3        7793   10567    1682
4       16846   10258    1600
5       14365    8826    1408
```

Visualization

```
[195]: Pie('Leg room service','Leg room service','Leg room service Distribution')
```

```
[196]: Bar_hue('Leg room service','satisfaction','Leg room_
↳service','Satisfaction','Leg room service Distribution')
```

```
[197]: Bar_2hue('Leg room service','Gender','Leg room service','Gender',title='Leg_
↳room service Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[198]: Bar_2hue('Leg room service','Type of Travel','Leg room service','Type of_
↳Travel',title='Leg room service Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[199]: Heatmap(cross,'Leg room service Distribution','Leg room_
↳service','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[200]: Heatmap(cross2,'Leg room service Distribution','Leg room service','Customer_
↳Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[201]: Heatmap(cross4,'Leg room service Vs Class Categories','Leg room_
↳service','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Baggage handling distribution?

calculate the value counts for the "Baggage handling" column

```
[202]: data['Baggage handling'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[202]:          count
Baggage handling
4          37274
5          27047
3          20567
2          11483
1           7223
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Baggage handling and satisfaction

```
[203]: cross = cross_t('Baggage handling','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[203]: satisfaction      neutral or dissatisfied   satisfied
Baggage handling
1                                5075           2148
2                                8086           3397
3                               15719           4848
4                               19345          17929
5                               10472          16575
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Baggage handling and Gender

```
[204]: cross1 = cross_t('Baggage handling','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[204]: Gender      Female    Male
Baggage handling
1             4144    3079
2             6257    5226
3            10313   10254
4            18251   19023
5            13611   13436
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Baggage handling and Customer Type

```
[205]: cross2 = cross_t('Baggage handling','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[205]: Customer Type    Loyal Customer   disloyal Customer
Baggage handling
1                        6207           1016
2                        9953           1530
3                       16232           4335
4                       29870           7404
5                       22400           4647
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Baggage handling and Type of Travel

```
[206]: cross3 = cross_t('Baggage handling','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[206]: Type of Travel    Business travel   Personal Travel
Baggage handling
1                4419           2804
2                7825           3658
3               14215           6352
4               26431          10843
5               18575           8472
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Baggage handling and Class

```
[207]: cross4 = cross_t('Baggage handling','Class')
cross4
```

```
[207]: Class          Business      Eco  Eco Plus
Baggage handling
1              2416    4092      715
2              4616    5876      991
3              7227   11354     1986
4             19353   15508     2413
5             15921    9763     1363
```

Visualization

```
[208]: Pie('Baggage handling','Baggage handling','Baggage handling Distribution')
```

```
[209]: Bar_hue('Baggage handling','satisfaction','Baggage_
↳handling','Satisfaction','Baggage handling Distribution')
```

```
[210]: Bar_2hue('Baggage handling','Gender','Baggage handling','Gender',title='Baggage_
↳handling Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[211]: Bar_2hue('Baggage handling','Type of Travel','Baggage handling','Type of_
↳Travel',title='Baggage handling Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[212]: Heatmap(cross,'Baggage handling Distribution','Baggage_
↳handling','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[213]: Heatmap(cross2,'Baggage handling Distribution','Baggage handling','Customer_
↳Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[214]: Heatmap(cross4,'Baggage handling Vs Class Categories','Baggage_
↳handling','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Checkin service distribution?

calculate the value counts for the Checkin service column

```
[215]: data['Checkin service'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[215]:          count
Checkin service
4          28975
3          28356
5          20556
2          12854
1          12852
0              1
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Checkin service and satisfaction



```
[216]: cross = cross_t('Checkin service','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[216]: satisfaction      neutral or dissatisfied      satisfied
Checkin service
0                      1                      0
1                      9776                     3076
2                      9606                     3248
3                     15639                     12717
4                     15651                     13324
5                      8024                     12532
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Checkin service and Gender

```
[217]: cross1 = cross_t('Checkin service','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[217]: Gender          Female      Male
Checkin service
0                1              0
1              6580             6272
2              6670             6184
3             14389            13967
4             14723            14252
5             10213            10343
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Checkin service and Customer Type

```
[218]: cross2 = cross_t('Checkin service','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[218]: Customer Type      Loyal Customer      disloyal Customer
Checkin service
0                1                      0
1              10205                     2647
2              10243                     2611
3              23238                     5118
4              23905                     5070
5              17070                     3486
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Checkin service and Type of Travel

```
[219]: cross3 = cross_t('Checkin service','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[219]: Type of Travel      Business travel      Personal Travel
Checkin service
0                1                      0
1              9050                     3802
```

2	9104	3750
3	19418	8938
4	19862	9113
5	14030	6526

count the occurrences of each combination of Checkin service and Class

```
[220]: cross4 = cross_t('Checkin service','Class')
cross4
```

```
[220]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Checkin service
0              1          0          0
1          4174      7356      1322
2          4297      7215      1342
3         14458     12062      1836
4         14851     12297      1827
5         11752      7663      1141
```

Visualization

```
[221]: Pie('Checkin service','Checkin service','Checkin service Distribution')
```

```
[222]: Bar_hue('Checkin service','satisfaction','Checkin_
↪service','Satisfaction','Checkin service Distribution')
```

```
[223]: Bar_2hue('Checkin service','Gender','Checkin service','Gender',title='Checkin_
↪service Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[224]: Bar_2hue('Checkin service','Type of Travel','Checkin service','Type of_
↪Travel',title='Checkin service Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[225]: Heatmap(cross,'Checkin service Distribution','Checkin_
↪service','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[226]: Heatmap(cross2,'Checkin service Distribution','Checkin service','Customer_
↪Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[227]: Heatmap(cross4,'Checkin service VS Class Categories','Checkin_
↪service','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Inflight service distribution?

calculate the value counts for the Inflight service column

```
[228]: data['Inflight service'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[228]:          count
Inflight service
4          37846
```

5	27041
3	20227
2	11414
1	7063
0	3

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight service and satisfaction

```
[229]: cross = cross_t('Inflight service','satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[229]: satisfaction      neutral or dissatisfied   satisfied
Inflight service
0                                3                0
1                             5017             2046
2                             7975             3439
3                             15394            4833
4                             19764            18082
5                             10544            16497
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight service and Gender

```
[230]: cross1 = cross_t('Inflight service','Gender')
cross1
```

```
[230]: Gender      Female   Male
Inflight service
0              2        1
1             3976     3087
2             6270     5144
3            10254     9973
4            18602    19244
5            13472    13569
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight service and Customer Type

```
[231]: cross2 = cross_t('Inflight service','Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[231]: Customer Type      Loyal Customer   disloyal Customer
Inflight service
0                      3                0
1                     6005             1058
2                     9835             1579
3                    16090             4137
4                    30441             7405
5                    22288             4753
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight service and Type of Travel

```
[232]: cross3 = cross_t('Inflight service','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[232]: Type of Travel    Business travel    Personal Travel
Inflight service
0                      3                      0
1                    4394                    2669
2                    7877                    3537
3                   14045                    6182
4                   26559                   11287
5                   18587                    8454
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Inflight service and Class

```
[233]: class4 = cross_t('Inflight service','Class')
class4
```

```
[233]: Class          Business    Eco    Eco Plus
Inflight service
0              3          0          0
1            2399       3976         688
2            4608       5856         950
3            7173      11091        1963
4           19457      15876        2513
5           15893       9794        1354
```

Visualization

```
[234]: Pie('Inflight service','Inflight service','Inflight service Distribution')
```

```
[235]: Bar_hue('Inflight service','satisfaction','Inflight_
↪service','Satisfaction','Inflight service Distribution')
```

```
[236]: Bar_2hue('Inflight service','Gender','Inflight_
↪service','Gender',title='Inflight service Distribution',hue2='Customer_
↪Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[237]: Bar_2hue('Inflight service','Type of Travel','Inflight service','Type of_
↪Travel',title='Inflight service Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[238]: Heatmap(cross,'Inflight service Distribution','Inflight_
↪service','Satisfaction',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Gender',pivot2=cross1)
```

```
[239]: Heatmap(cross2,'Inflight service Distribution','Inflight service','Customer_
↪Type',make_subplot=True,feature_h2='Type of Travel',pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[240]: Heatmap(cross4,'Inflight service VS Class Categories','Inflight_
↪service','Class',make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Cleanliness distribution?

calculate the value counts for the Cleanliness column

```
[241]: data['Cleanliness'].value_counts().to_frame()
```

```
[241]:
```

	count
Cleanliness	
4	27100
3	24506
5	22619
2	16081
1	13276
0	12

count the occurrences of each combination of Cleanliness and satisfaction

```
[242]: cross = cross_t('Cleanliness', 'satisfaction')
cross
```

```
[242]:
```

satisfaction	neutral or dissatisfied	satisfied
Cleanliness		
0	12	0
1	10669	2607
2	12653	3428
3	13925	10581
4	12587	14513
5	8851	13768

count the occurrences of each combination of Cleanliness and Gender

```
[243]: cross1 = cross_t('Cleanliness', 'Gender')
cross1
```

```
[243]:
```

Gender	Female	Male
Cleanliness		
0	6	6
1	6836	6440
2	7959	8122
3	12731	11775
4	13819	13281
5	11225	11394

count the occurrences of each combination of Cleanliness and Customer Type

```
[244]: cross2 = cross_t('Cleanliness', 'Customer Type')
cross2
```

```
[244]:
```

Customer Type	Loyal Customer	disloyal Customer
Cleanliness		

0	12	0
1	9922	3354
2	12210	3871
3	20584	3922
4	23131	3969
5	18803	3816

count the occurrences of each combination of Cleanliness and Type of Travel

```
[245]: cross3 = cross_t('Cleanliness','Type of Travel')
cross3
```

```
[245]: Type of Travel  Business travel  Personal Travel
Cleanliness
0                12                0
1              8178             5098
2             10133             5948
3             17262             7244
4             19815             7285
5             16065             6554
```

count the occurrences of each combination of Cleanliness and Class

```
[246]: cross4 = cross_t('Cleanliness','Class')
cross4
```

```
[246]: Class          Business    Eco  Eco Plus
Cleanliness
0                4         3         5
1              4720      7423      1133
2              5544      9107      1430
3             12653     10172      1681
4             14579     10769      1752
5             12033      9119      1467
```

Visualization

```
[247]: Pie('Cleanliness','Cleanliness','Cleanliness Distribution')
```

```
[248]: Bar_hue('Cleanliness','satisfaction','Cleanliness','Satisfaction','Cleanliness_
↪Distribution')
```

```
[249]: Bar_2hue('Cleanliness','Gender','Cleanliness','Gender',title='Cleanliness_
↪Distribution',hue2='Customer Type',title_h2='Customer')
```

```
[250]: Bar_2hue('Cleanliness','Type of Travel','Cleanliness','Type of
↪Travel',title='Cleanliness Distribution',hue2='Class',title_h2='Class')
```

```
[251]: Heatmap(cross, 'Cleanliness_
↳Distribution', 'Cleanliness', 'Satisfaction', make_subplot=True, feature_h2='Gender', pivot2=cro
```

```
[252]: Heatmap(cross2, 'Cleanliness Distribution', 'Cleanliness', 'Customer_
↳Type', make_subplot=True, feature_h2='Type of Travel', pivot2=cross3)
```

```
[253]: Heatmap(cross4, 'Cleanliness VS Class_
↳Categories', 'Cleanliness', 'Class', make_subplot=False)
```

What is Type of Departure Delay in Minutes distribution?

Find the minimum Departure Delay in Minutes

```
[254]: data['Departure Delay in Minutes'].min()
```

```
[254]: 0
```

Find the maximum Departure Delay in Minutes

```
[255]: data['Departure Delay in Minutes'].max()
```

```
[255]: 1592
```

average the occurrences of each combination of Departure Delay in Minutes and Type of Travel

```
[256]: pivot_table = pivot('Departure Delay in Minutes', 'Type of Travel')
pivot_table
```

```
[256]:
```

	Departure Delay in Minutes
Type of Travel	
Business travel	14.902470
Personal Travel	14.404214

average the occurrences of each combination of Departure Delay in Minutes and Class

```
[257]: pivot_table1 = pivot('Departure Delay in Minutes', 'Class')
pivot_table1
```

```
[257]:
```

	Departure Delay in Minutes
Class	
Business	14.335554
Eco	15.093147
Eco Plus	15.329405

Visualization

```
[258]: Boxplot_outlier('Departure Delay in Minutes', 'Departure Delay Distribution')
```

```
[259]: mean(pivot_table, pivot_table1, 'Departure Delay in Minutes', 'Type of_
↳Travel', 'Class', 'Average Departure Delay', title_f='Departure Delay')
```

What is Arrival Delay in Minutes distribution?

Find the minimum Arrival Delay in Minutes

```
[260]: data['Arrival Delay in Minutes'].min()
```

```
[260]: 0.0
```

Find the maximum Arrival Delay in Minutes

```
[261]: data['Arrival Delay in Minutes'].max()
```

```
[261]: 1584.0
```

average the occurrences of each combination of Arrival Delay in Minutes and Type of Travel

```
[262]: pivot_table = pivot('Arrival Delay in Minutes', 'Type of Travel')
pivot_table
```

```
[262]:
```

	Arrival Delay in Minutes
Type of Travel	
Business travel	15.326146
Personal Travel	14.850665

average the occurrences of each combination of Arrival Delay in Minutes and Class

```
[263]: pivot_table1 = pivot('Arrival Delay in Minutes', 'Class')
pivot_table1
```

```
[263]:
```

	Arrival Delay in Minutes
Class	
Business	14.577272
Eco	15.672183
Eco Plus	16.088645

Visualization

```
[264]: Boxplot_outlier('Arrival Delay in Minutes', 'Arrival Delay Distribution')
```

```
[265]: mean(pivot_table, pivot_table1, 'Arrival Delay in Minutes', 'Type of_
↪Travel', 'Class', 'Average Arrival Delay', title_f='Arrival Delay')
```

What is satisfaction distribution?

calculate the value counts for the satisfaction column

```
[266]: data['satisfaction'].value_counts().to_frame().head()
```

```
[266]:
```

	count
satisfaction	
neutral or dissatisfied	58697
satisfied	44897

Visualization



```
[267]: Pie('satisfaction','Traget','Traget Distribution')
```

Remove Outliers

```
[268]: cols = ['Flight Distance', 'Departure Delay in Minutes', 'Arrival Delay in_
↳Minutes']
fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=2, subplot_titles=cols)
for i, col in enumerate(cols, start=1):
    q1 = data[col].quantile(0.25)
    q3 = data[col].quantile(0.75)
    iqr = q3 - q1
    upper = q3 + (1.5 * iqr)
    lower = q1 - (1.5 * iqr)
    data[col][data[col]>upper] = upper
    data[col][data[col]<lower] = lower
    trace = go.Box(y=data[col], name=col)
    fig.add_trace(trace, row=(i - 1) // 2 + 1, col=(i - 1) % 2 + 1)
fig.update_layout(title_text='Box Plot of Columns without Outliers',title_x=0.
↳5, title_y=0.95,
                    height=800, width=1000, template='plotly_dark')
fig.show()
```

Observation based on figure the dataset is almost banlanced

\*\* #

PreProcessing

Tabel of Contents

Transform Object Columns

```
[269]: data2=data.iloc[:,1:].copy()
object=data2.select_dtypes(include='object').columns
label=LabelEncoder()
for col in object:
    data2[col] = label.fit_transform(data2[col])
data2.head()
```

```
[269]:
```

	Gender	Customer Type	Age	Type of Travel	Class	Flight Distance \
0	1	0	13	1	2	460.0
1	1	1	25	0	0	235.0
2	0	0	26	0	0	1142.0
3	0	0	25	0	0	562.0
4	1	0	61	0	0	214.0

	Inflight wifi service	Departure/Arrival time convenient \
0	3	4
1	3	2
2	2	2

3	2	5
4	3	3

	Ease of Online booking	Gate location	...	Inflight entertainment	\
0	3	1	...	5	
1	3	3	...	1	
2	2	2	...	5	
3	5	5	...	2	
4	3	3	...	3	

	On-board service	Leg room service	Baggage handling	Checkin service	\
0	4	3	4	4	
1	1	5	3	1	
2	4	3	4	4	
3	2	5	3	1	
4	3	4	4	3	

	Inflight service	Cleanliness	Departure Delay in Minutes	\
0	5	5	25	
1	4	1	1	
2	4	5	0	
3	4	2	11	
4	3	3	0	

	Arrival Delay in Minutes	satisfaction
0	18.0	0
1	6.0	0
2	0.0	1
3	9.0	0
4	0.0	1

[5 rows x 23 columns]

Show Correlation

[270]: data2.corr()

[270]:

	Gender	Customer Type	Age	\
Gender	1.000000	-0.031558	0.008921	
Customer Type	-0.031558	1.000000	-0.281821	
Age	0.008921	-0.281821	1.000000	
Type of Travel	0.006808	-0.308268	-0.048593	
Class	-0.012840	0.042589	-0.117423	
Flight Distance	0.006185	-0.226003	0.099990	
Inflight wifi service	0.008964	-0.007706	0.017470	
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.008846	-0.207007	0.038038	
Ease of Online booking	0.007166	-0.019627	0.024461	
Gate location	0.000213	0.006294	-0.001558	

Food and drink	0.005707	-0.059554	0.022920
Online boarding	-0.042151	-0.189477	0.208681
Seat comfort	-0.026643	-0.159722	0.160302
Inflight entertainment	0.006071	-0.110106	0.076380
On-board service	0.008019	-0.056374	0.057123
Leg room service	0.031842	-0.047809	0.040498
Baggage handling	0.037333	0.024890	-0.047619
Checkin service	0.010438	-0.032065	0.035003
Inflight service	0.038936	0.023055	-0.049899
Cleanliness	0.006439	-0.083757	0.053493
Departure Delay in Minutes	0.001561	0.004311	-0.008581
Arrival Delay in Minutes	0.000190	0.005811	-0.011870
satisfaction	0.012356	-0.187558	0.137040

	Type of Travel	Class	Flight Distance \
Gender	0.006808	-0.012840	0.006185
Customer Type	-0.308268	0.042589	-0.226003
Age	-0.048593	-0.117423	0.099990
Type of Travel	1.000000	0.487001	-0.268305
Class	0.487001	1.000000	-0.428742
Flight Distance	-0.268305	-0.428742	1.000000
Inflight wifi service	-0.104879	-0.023046	0.007106
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.259829	0.089793	-0.019844
Ease of Online booking	-0.133399	-0.094323	0.065992
Gate location	-0.030802	-0.004532	0.004647
Food and drink	-0.063124	-0.076834	0.057217
Online boarding	-0.224620	-0.296949	0.215819
Seat comfort	-0.123994	-0.209955	0.158055
Inflight entertainment	-0.147978	-0.178928	0.128960
On-board service	-0.056468	-0.207922	0.109964
Leg room service	-0.138680	-0.197331	0.134063
Baggage handling	-0.031355	-0.164016	0.063324
Checkin service	0.017043	-0.157084	0.073548
Inflight service	-0.022492	-0.158457	0.057738
Cleanliness	-0.078767	-0.125933	0.093425
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.003935	0.010379	0.001499
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.005489	0.021780	-0.006758
satisfaction	-0.448995	-0.449466	0.299538

	Inflight wifi service \
Gender	0.008964
Customer Type	-0.007706
Age	0.017470
Type of Travel	-0.104879
Class	-0.023046
Flight Distance	0.007106
Inflight wifi service	1.000000

Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.343758
Ease of Online booking	0.715848
Gate location	0.336127
Food and drink	0.134603
Online boarding	0.457002
Seat comfort	0.122617
Inflight entertainment	0.209513
On-board service	0.121484
Leg room service	0.160485
Baggage handling	0.121060
Checkin service	0.043178
Inflight service	0.110626
Cleanliness	0.132652
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.027663
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.032194
satisfaction	0.284163

	Departure/Arrival time convenient \
Gender	0.008846
Customer Type	-0.207007
Age	0.038038
Type of Travel	0.259829
Class	0.089793
Flight Distance	-0.019844
Inflight wifi service	0.343758
Departure/Arrival time convenient	1.000000
Ease of Online booking	0.437021
Gate location	0.444601
Food and drink	0.005189
Online boarding	0.069990
Seat comfort	0.011416
Inflight entertainment	-0.004683
On-board service	0.068604
Leg room service	0.012461
Baggage handling	0.071901
Checkin service	0.093329
Inflight service	0.073227
Cleanliness	0.014337
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.001442
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.003062
satisfaction	-0.051718

	Ease of Online booking	Gate location ... \
Gender	0.007166	0.000213 ...
Customer Type	-0.019627	0.006294 ...
Age	0.024461	-0.001558 ...
Type of Travel	-0.133399	-0.030802 ...

Class	-0.094323	-0.004532	...
Flight Distance	0.065992	0.004647	...
Inflight wifi service	0.715848	0.336127	...
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.437021	0.444601	...
Ease of Online booking	1.000000	0.458746	...
Gate location	0.458746	1.000000	...
Food and drink	0.031940	-0.001170	...
Online boarding	0.404093	0.001451	...
Seat comfort	0.030021	0.003383	...
Inflight entertainment	0.047185	0.003564	...
On-board service	0.038759	-0.028532	...
Leg room service	0.107431	-0.005868	...
Baggage handling	0.038851	0.002421	...
Checkin service	0.010957	-0.035451	...
Inflight service	0.035330	0.001742	...
Cleanliness	0.016192	-0.004015	...
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.008119	0.003713	...
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.010832	0.004882	...
satisfaction	0.171507	0.000449	...

	Inflight entertainment	On-board service	\
Gender	0.006071	0.008019	
Customer Type	-0.110106	-0.056374	
Age	0.076380	0.057123	
Type of Travel	-0.147978	-0.056468	
Class	-0.178928	-0.207922	
Flight Distance	0.128960	0.109964	
Inflight wifi service	0.209513	0.121484	
Departure/Arrival time convenient	-0.004683	0.068604	
Ease of Online booking	0.047185	0.038759	
Gate location	0.003564	-0.028532	
Food and drink	0.622374	0.058999	
Online boarding	0.285194	0.155345	
Seat comfort	0.610614	0.132030	
Inflight entertainment	1.000000	0.420352	
On-board service	0.420352	1.000000	
Leg room service	0.299850	0.355657	
Baggage handling	0.378361	0.519252	
Checkin service	0.120812	0.243852	
Inflight service	0.405247	0.550725	
Cleanliness	0.691735	0.123236	
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.031218	-0.034174	
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.042152	-0.046057	
satisfaction	0.398203	0.322450	

	Leg room service	Baggage handling	\
Gender	0.031842	0.037333	

Customer Type	-0.047809	0.024890
Age	0.040498	-0.047619
Type of Travel	-0.138680	-0.031355
Class	-0.197331	-0.164016
Flight Distance	0.134063	0.063324
Inflight wifi service	0.160485	0.121060
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.012461	0.071901
Ease of Online booking	0.107431	0.038851
Gate location	-0.005868	0.002421
Food and drink	0.032415	0.034811
Online boarding	0.123780	0.083299
Seat comfort	0.105447	0.074553
Inflight entertainment	0.299850	0.378361
On-board service	0.355657	0.519252
Leg room service	1.000000	0.369674
Baggage handling	0.369674	1.000000
Checkin service	0.153079	0.233326
Inflight service	0.368925	0.628944
Cleanliness	0.096401	0.095783
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.007546	-0.016931
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.015937	-0.028522
satisfaction	0.313182	0.247819

	Checkin service	Inflight service \
Gender	0.010438	0.038936
Customer Type	-0.032065	0.023055
Age	0.035003	-0.049899
Type of Travel	0.017043	-0.022492
Class	-0.157084	-0.158457
Flight Distance	0.073548	0.057738
Inflight wifi service	0.043178	0.110626
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.093329	0.073227
Ease of Online booking	0.010957	0.035330
Gate location	-0.035451	0.001742
Food and drink	0.087055	0.034077
Online boarding	0.204208	0.074390
Seat comfort	0.191545	0.069193
Inflight entertainment	0.120812	0.405247
On-board service	0.243852	0.550725
Leg room service	0.153079	0.368925
Baggage handling	0.233326	0.628944
Checkin service	1.000000	0.237256
Inflight service	0.237256	1.000000
Cleanliness	0.179431	0.088891
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.025473	-0.037469
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.035619	-0.052510
satisfaction	0.235914	0.244852

	Cleanliness	Departure Delay in Minutes \
Gender	0.006439	0.001561
Customer Type	-0.083757	0.004311
Age	0.053493	-0.008581
Type of Travel	-0.078767	-0.003935
Class	-0.125933	0.010379
Flight Distance	0.093425	0.001499
Inflight wifi service	0.132652	-0.027663
Departure/Arrival time convenient	0.014337	-0.001442
Ease of Online booking	0.016192	-0.008119
Gate location	-0.004015	0.003713
Food and drink	0.657648	-0.025419
Online boarding	0.331498	-0.031357
Seat comfort	0.678478	-0.026276
Inflight entertainment	0.691735	-0.031218
On-board service	0.123236	-0.034174
Leg room service	0.096401	-0.007546
Baggage handling	0.095783	-0.016931
Checkin service	0.179431	-0.025473
Inflight service	0.088891	-0.037469
Cleanliness	1.000000	-0.021401
Departure Delay in Minutes	-0.021401	1.000000
Arrival Delay in Minutes	-0.031961	0.842063
satisfaction	0.305050	-0.074516

	Arrival Delay in Minutes	satisfaction
Gender	0.000190	0.012356
Customer Type	0.005811	-0.187558
Age	-0.011870	0.137040
Type of Travel	-0.005489	-0.448995
Class	0.021780	-0.449466
Flight Distance	-0.006758	0.299538
Inflight wifi service	-0.032194	0.284163
Departure/Arrival time convenient	-0.003062	-0.051718
Ease of Online booking	-0.010832	0.171507
Gate location	0.004882	0.000449
Food and drink	-0.034661	0.209659
Online boarding	-0.043459	0.503447
Seat comfort	-0.036607	0.349112
Inflight entertainment	-0.042152	0.398203
On-board service	-0.046057	0.322450
Leg room service	-0.015937	0.313182
Baggage handling	-0.028522	0.247819
Checkin service	-0.035619	0.235914
Inflight service	-0.052510	0.244852
Cleanliness	-0.031961	0.305050

Departure Delay in Minutes	0.842063	-0.074516
Arrival Delay in Minutes	1.000000	-0.097349
satisfaction	-0.097349	1.000000

[23 rows x 23 columns]

```
[271]: corr = data2.corr()
corr=corr.round(2)
fig = ff.create_annotated_heatmap(z=corr.values,
                                x=corr.columns.tolist(),
                                y=corr.columns.tolist(),
                                colorscale='RdBu',
                                hoverinfo='none',
                                showscale=True,
                                ygap=1,
                                xgap=1
                                )
fig.update_xaxes(side='bottom')
fig.update_layout(
    title_text='Heatmap',
    title_x=0.5,
    width=1100,
    height=1000,
    xaxis=dict(showgrid=True),
    yaxis=dict(showgrid=True, autorange='reversed'),
    template='plotly_dark'
)
fig.show()
```

```
[272]: mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))
df_mask = corr.mask(mask)
df_mask_rounded = df_mask.round(2)
fig = ff.create_annotated_heatmap(z=df_mask_rounded.values,
                                x=df_mask_rounded.columns.tolist(),
                                y=df_mask_rounded.columns.tolist(),
                                colorscale='RdBu',
                                hoverinfo='none',
                                showscale=True,
                                ygap=1,
                                xgap=1
                                )
fig.update_xaxes(side='bottom')
fig.update_layout(
    title_text='Heatmap',
    title_x=0.5,
    width=1100,
    height=1000,
```



```

    xaxis=dict(showgrid=True),
    yaxis=dict(showgrid=True, autorange='reversed'),
    template='plotly_dark'
)
for annotation in fig.layout.annotations:
    if annotation.text == 'nan':
        annotation.text = ""
fig.show()

```

## Classification

```

[273]: X_classification = data2.iloc[:, :-1]
y_classification = data2.iloc[:, -1]
key = X_classification.keys()
X_classification.head()

```

```

[273]:   Gender  Customer Type  Age  Type of Travel  Class  Flight Distance \
0        1           0   13           1         2         460.0
1        1           1   25           0         0         235.0
2        0           0   26           0         0        1142.0
3        0           0   25           0         0         562.0
4        1           0   61           0         0         214.0

```

```

      Inflight wifi service  Departure/Arrival time convenient \
0                3                4
1                3                2
2                2                2
3                2                5
4                3                3

```

```

      Ease of Online booking  Gate location  ...  Seat comfort \
0                3                1  ...         5
1                3                3  ...         1
2                2                2  ...         5
3                5                5  ...         2
4                3                3  ...         5

```

```

      Inflight entertainment  On-board service  Leg room service \
0                5                4                3
1                1                1                5
2                5                4                3
3                2                2                5
4                3                3                4

```

```

      Baggage handling  Checkin service  Inflight service  Cleanliness \
0                4                4                5                5
1                3                1                4                1
2                4                4                4                5

```

3	3	1	4	2
4	4	3	3	3

	Departure Delay in Minutes	Arrival Delay in Minutes
0	25	18.0
1	1	6.0
2	0	0.0
3	11	9.0
4	0	0.0

[5 rows x 22 columns]

```
[274]: y_classification.head()
```

```
[274]: 0    0
      1    0
      2    1
      3    0
      4    1
      Name: satisfaction, dtype: int64
```

\*\* #

ML Models

Tabel of Contents

Classification Models

RandomForestClassifier

```
[275]: def Split(X,y):
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.1,
        ↪random_state=44, shuffle=True, stratify=y)
        print('X_train shape is ', X_train.shape)
        print('X_test shape is ', X_test.shape)
        print('y_train shape is ', y_train.shape)
        print('y_test shape is ', y_test.shape)
        return X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test

def SelectFeature(model, X_train, y_train):
    FeatureSelection = SelectFromModel(estimator=model)
    FeatureSelection.fit(X_train, y_train)
    return X_train.iloc[:, FeatureSelection.get_support()].columns

def Search(model, parameters, X_train, y_train):
    GridSearchModel = GridSearchCV(model, parameters, cv=5,
    ↪return_train_score=True)
    GridSearchModel.fit(X_train, y_train)
    return GridSearchModel.best_estimator_
```

```

def cross_validation(model, X_train, y_train):
    CrossValidateValues1 = cross_validate(model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,
    ↪return_train_score=True)
    print('Train Score Value : ', CrossValidateValues1['train_score'], "\t
    ↪Mean", CrossValidateValues1['train_score'].mean())
    print('Test Score Value : ', CrossValidateValues1['test_score'], "\t Mean",
    ↪CrossValidateValues1['test_score'].mean())

def Pipeline(model, X_train, y_train, flage=0):
    if flage == 0:
        steps = [('model', model)]
    elif flage == 1:
        steps = [('scaling', MinMaxScaler()), ('model', model)]
    elif flage == 2:
        steps = [('scaling', Normalizer()), ('model', model)]
    elif flage == 3:
        steps = [('pca', PCA()), ('model', model)]
    elif flage == 4:
        steps = [('scaling', MinMaxScaler()), ('pca', PCA()), ('model', model)]
    elif flage==5:
        steps = [('scaling', Normalizer()), ('pca', PCA()), ('model', model)]
    else:
        steps = [('scaling', MinMaxScaler()), ('poly',
    ↪PolynomialFeatures(degree=2)), ('model', model)]
    return Pipeline(steps).fit(X_train, y_train)

def Area(fprValue2, tprValue2, AUCValue):
    fig = go.Figure()
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=fprValue2, y=tprValue2,
        mode='lines',
        name='ROC curve (AUC = {:.2f})'.format(AUCValue),
    ↪line=dict(color='red'))))
    fig.add_shape(type='line',
        x0=0, y0=0, x1=1, y1=1,
        line=dict(color='orange', width=2, dash='dash'),
        name='Random Guessing')
    fig.update_layout(
        title='Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve',
        title_x=.5,
        xaxis_title='False Positive Rate',
        yaxis_title='True Positive Rate',
        xaxis=dict(range=[0, 1], constrain='domain'),
        yaxis=dict(range=[0, 1]),
        legend=dict(x=0.01, y=0.99),
        showlegend=True,
        template='plotly_dark'
    )

```

```

        )
fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
fig.show()

def Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test):
    y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
    train = accuracy_score(y_train, model.predict(X_train))
    test = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print('Model Train Score is : ', train)
    print('Model Test Score is : ', test)
    F1Score = f1_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print('F1 Score is : ', F1Score)
    RecallScore = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print('Recall Score is : ', RecallScore)
    PrecisionScore = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print('Precision Score is : ', PrecisionScore)
    fprValue2, tprValue2, thresholdsValue2 = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
    AUCValue = auc(fprValue2, tprValue2)
    print('AUC Value : ', AUCValue)
    Area(fprValue2, tprValue2, AUCValue)
    ClassificationReport = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
    print('\nClassification Report is : ', ClassificationReport)
    CM = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
    print('\nConfusion Matrix is : \n', CM)
    disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=CM, display_labels=[0, 1])
    disp.plot(cmap='Blues')
    values = [train, test, F1Score, RecallScore, PrecisionScore, AUCValue]
    return values

def Models(models, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test):
    print('Apply Model With Normal Data : \n')
    model = Pipeline(models, X_train, y_train)
    value1 = Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
    print("\n\n Apply Model With Feature Selection :\n")
    try:
        feature = SelectFeature(model, X_train, y_train)
    except:
        feature = SelectFeature(RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=20), X_train,
↪y_train)
    X_train1 = X_train.loc[:, feature]
    X_test1 = X_test.loc[:, feature]
    model = Pipeline(models, X_train1, y_train, flage=1)
    value2 = Check(model, X_train1, y_train, X_test1, y_test)
    print("\n\n Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :\n")
    model = Pipeline(models, X_train, y_train, flage=1)
    value3 = Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
    print("\n\n Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :\n")

```

```

model = Pipeline(models, X_train, y_train, flage=2)
value4 = Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
print("\n\n Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :\n")
model = Pipeline(models, X_train, y_train, flage=3)
value5 = Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
print("\n\n Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :\n")
model = Pipeline(models, X_train, y_train, flage=4)
value6 = Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
print("\n\n Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :\n")
model = Pipeline(models, X_train, y_train, flage=5)
value7 = Check(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
print("\n\n Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly_
and Scaling :\n")
model = Pipeline(models, X_train1, y_train, flage=6)
value8 = Check(model, X_train1, y_train, X_test1, y_test)
return [value1, value2, value3, value4, value5, value6, value7,value8]
def models_draw(df):
    figure = go.Figure()
    for column in df.columns:
        trace = go.Bar(
            x=df.index,
            y=df[column],
            name=column,
            text=df[column].values.round(2),
            textposition='inside'
        )
        figure.add_trace(trace)
    figure.update_layout(
        barmode='group',
        title='Performance Metrics Comparison',
        title_x=.5,
        xaxis=dict(title='Models'),
        yaxis=dict(title='Score'),
        template='plotly_dark',
        width=1100,
        height=700
    )
    figure.show()

```

[276]: X\_train,y\_train,X\_test,y\_test=Split(X\_classification,y\_classification)

```

X_train shape is (93234, 22)
X_test shape is (10360, 22)
y_train shape is (93234,)
y_test shape is (10360,)

```

```
[277]: Search(RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=20),{'max_depth':  
→[5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40]},X_train,y_train)
```

```
[277]: RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=35)
```

```
[278]: cross_validation(RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=40),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.99998659 0.99998659 0.99998659 1.          1.          ]  
Mean 0.9999919557027365  
Test Score Value : [0.9610125  0.96106612 0.96229957 0.96122701 0.96176124]  
Mean 0.9614732853674657
```

```
[279]: Values =  
→Models(RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=40),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

Apply Model With Normal Data :

```
Model Train Score is : 1.0  
Model Test Score is : 0.9633204633204633  
F1 Score is : 0.956896551724138  
Recall Score is : 0.9394209354120268  
Precision Score is : 0.9750346740638003  
AUC Value : 0.9605111491370185
```

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score
--	--	-----------	--------	----------

	0	0.95	0.98	0.97	5870
	1	0.98	0.94	0.96	4490
	accuracy			0.96	10360
	macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	10360
	weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5762 108]  
 [ 272 4218]]
```

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

```
Model Train Score is : 0.9348199154814767  
Model Test Score is : 0.9355212355212356  
F1 Score is : 0.924994385807321  
Recall Score is : 0.9173719376391982  
Precision Score is : 0.9327445652173914  
AUC Value : 0.9333878427548631
```

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall    f1-score  
support

0	0.94	0.95	0.94	5870
1	0.93	0.92	0.92	4490
accuracy			0.94	10360
macro avg	0.94	0.93	0.93	10360
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5573 297]
 [ 371 4119]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 1.0  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9632239382239383  
 F1 Score is : 0.9568369774555342  
 Recall Score is : 0.9405345211581292  
 Precision Score is : 0.9737145492275767  
 AUC Value : 0.9605568687562366

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall    f1-score  
support

0	0.96	0.98	0.97	5870
1	0.97	0.94	0.96	4490
accuracy			0.96	10360
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	10360
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5756 114]
 [ 267 4223]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 1.0  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9445945945945946  
 F1 Score is : 0.9350090579710144

Recall Score is : 0.9195991091314031  
Precision Score is : 0.9509442653155228  
AUC Value : 0.9416564540546283

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.94	0.96	0.95	5870
	1	0.95	0.92	0.94	4490
	accuracy			0.94	10360
	macro avg	0.95	0.94	0.94	10360
	weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5657 213]  
[ 361 4129]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 1.0  
Model Test Score is : 0.9424710424710425  
F1 Score is : 0.9315414656558695  
Recall Score is : 0.9031180400890868  
Precision Score is : 0.9618121442125237  
AUC Value : 0.9378452210666899

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.93	0.97	0.95	5870
	1	0.96	0.90	0.93	4490
	accuracy			0.94	10360
	macro avg	0.95	0.94	0.94	10360
	weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5709 161]  
[ 435 4055]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :



Model Train Score is : 0.9999892742990755  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9379343629343629  
 F1 Score is : 0.9260664596987467  
 Recall Score is : 0.8968819599109131  
 Precision Score is : 0.9572141668647492  
 AUC Value : 0.933108782340465

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.92	0.97	0.95	5870
	1	0.96	0.90	0.93	4490
accuracy				0.94	10360
macro avg		0.94	0.93	0.94	10360
weighted avg		0.94	0.94	0.94	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5690 180]  
 [ 463 4027]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.9999892742990755  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9132239382239382  
 F1 Score is : 0.895233655751078  
 Recall Score is : 0.855456570155902  
 Precision Score is : 0.9388902468834026  
 AUC Value : 0.9064335661682407

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.90	0.96	0.93	5870
	1	0.94	0.86	0.90	4490
accuracy				0.91	10360
macro avg		0.92	0.91	0.91	10360
weighted avg		0.91	0.91	0.91	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5620 250]  
 [ 649 3841]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9347984640796276

Model Test Score is : 0.9359073359073359

F1 Score is : 0.9253429278165056

Recall Score is : 0.9164810690423163

Precision Score is : 0.934377838328792

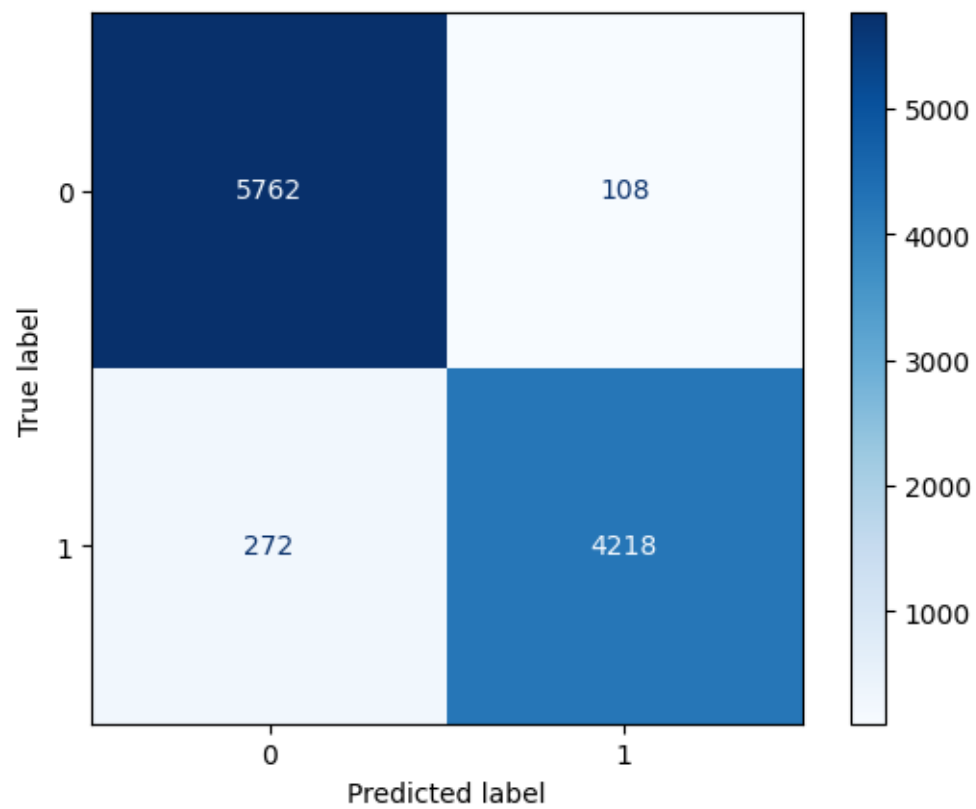
AUC Value : 0.933623839461533

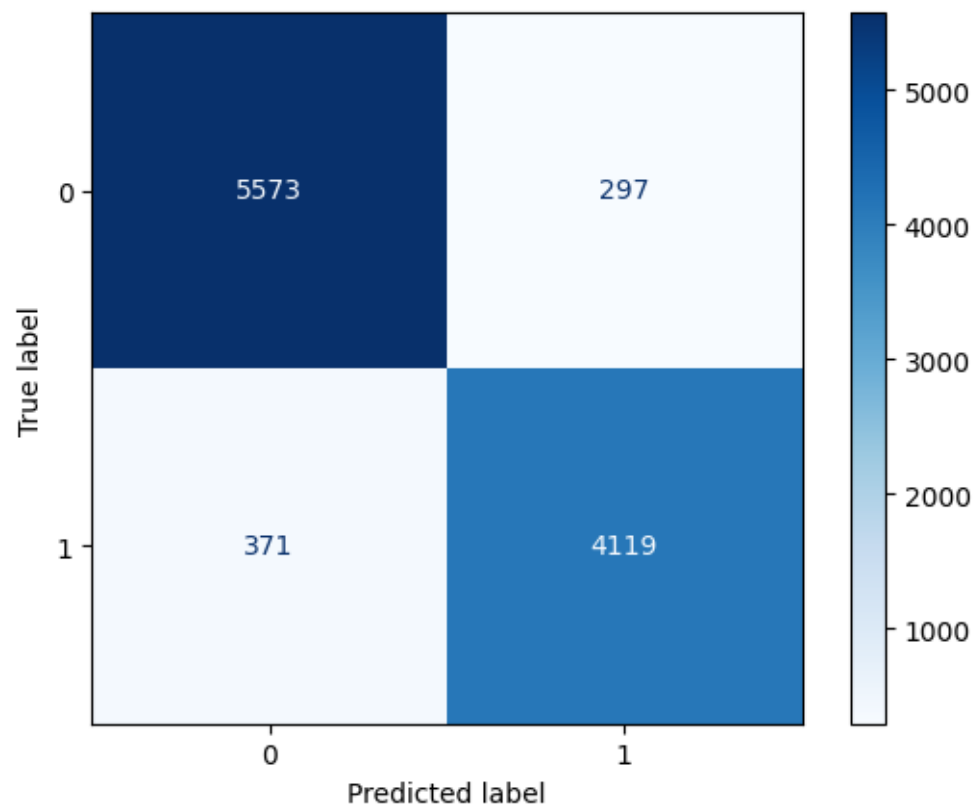
Classification Report is :			precision	recall	f1-score
support					
	0	0.94	0.95	0.94	5870
	1	0.93	0.92	0.93	4490
accuracy			0.94		10360
macro avg	0.94	0.93	0.93		10360
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94		10360

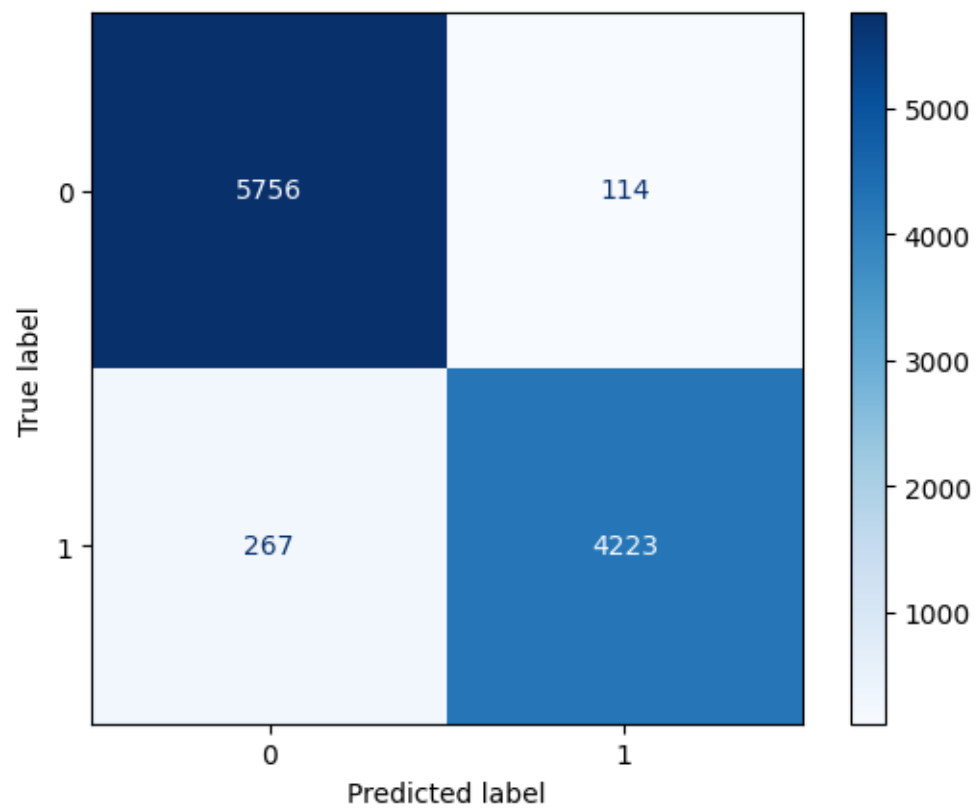
Confusion Matrix is :

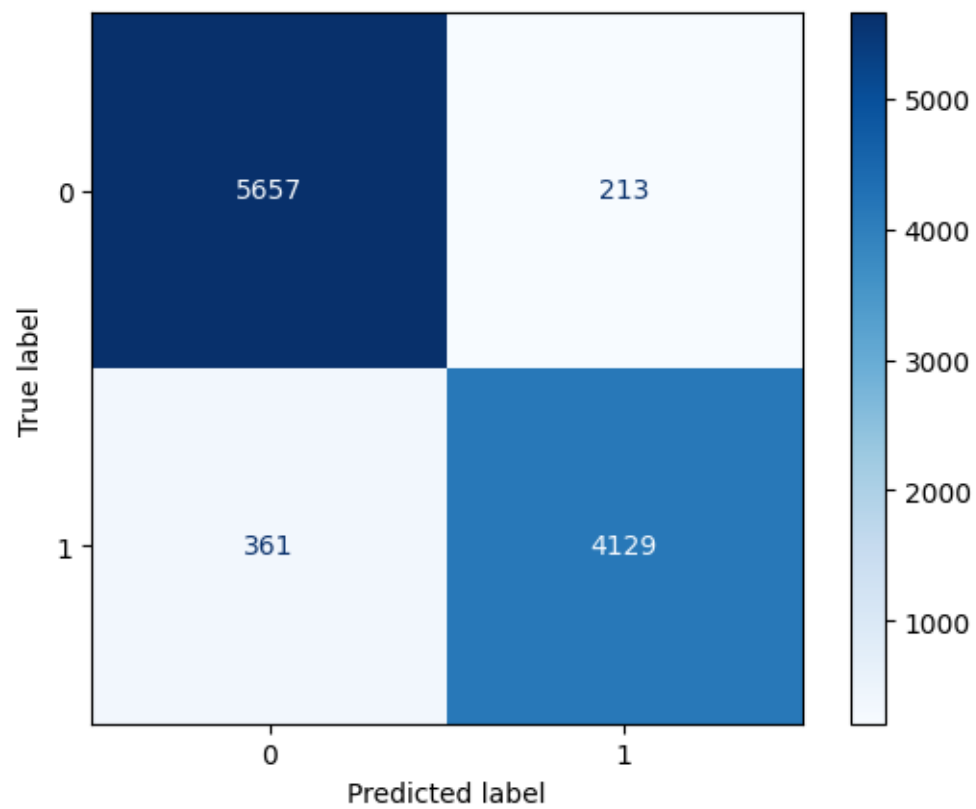
[[5581 289]

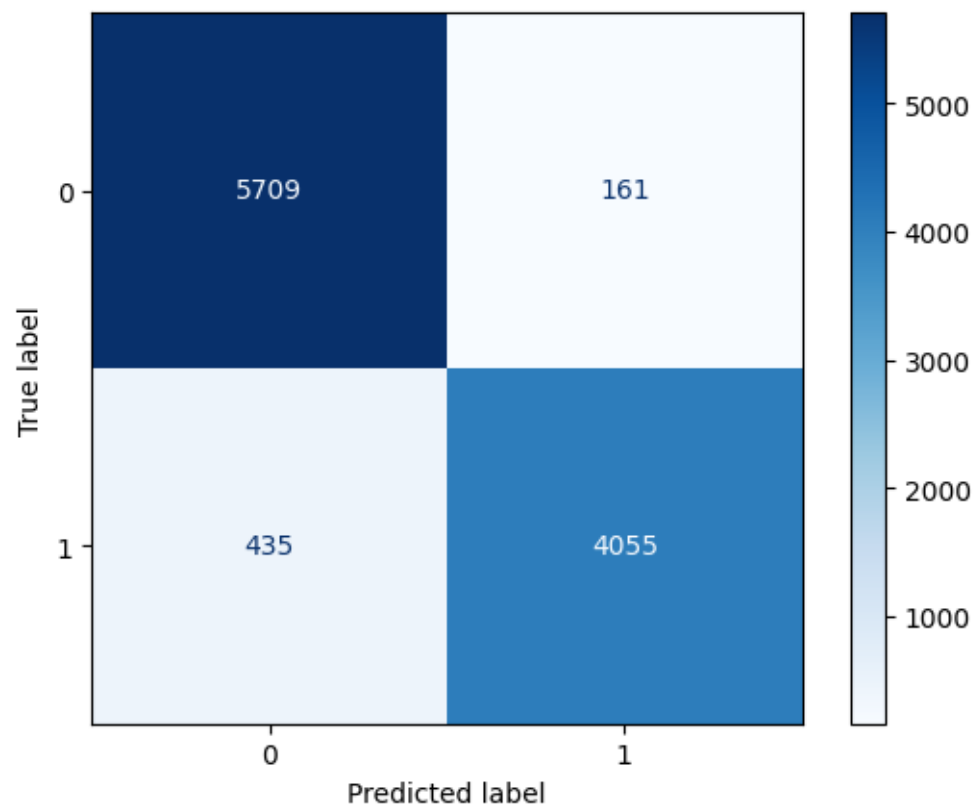
[ 375 4115]]

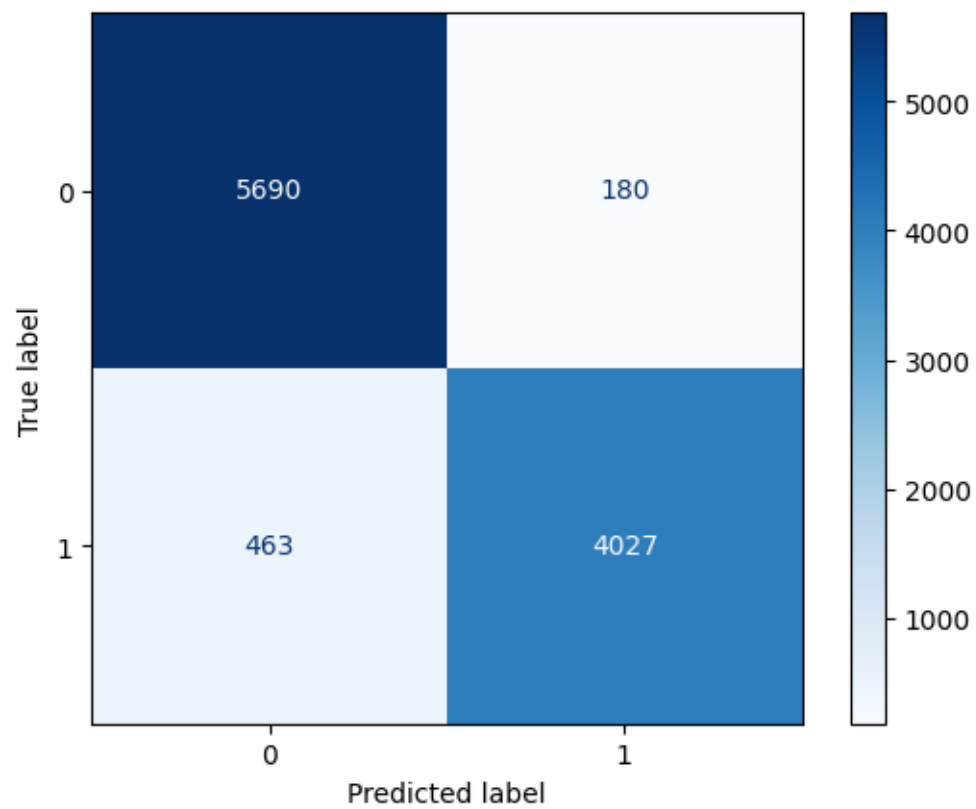




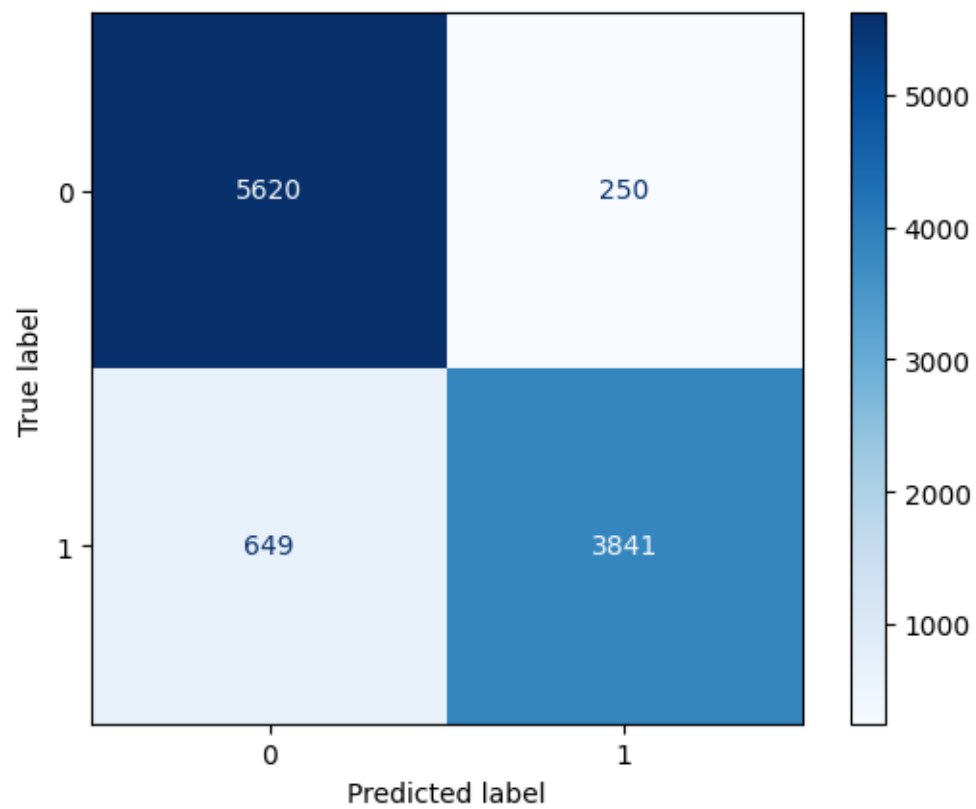


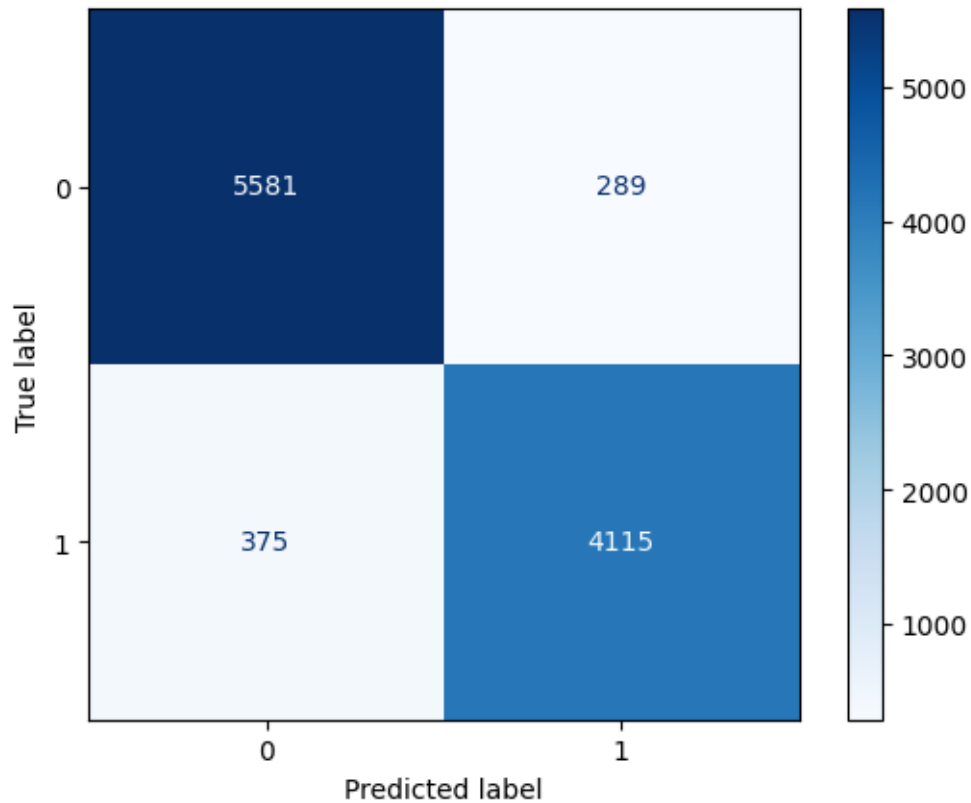












```
[280]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
      ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['Forest','Forest With Feature','Forest Scaling','Forest With_
      ↪Normalize','Forest With PCA','Forest With PCA and Scaling',
      'Forest With PCA and Normalize','Forest With Feature and Poly_
      ↪and Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[280]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy \
Models		
Forest	1.000000	0.963320
Forest With Feature	0.934820	0.935521
Forest Scaling	1.000000	0.963224
Forest With Normalize	1.000000	0.944595
Forest With PCA	1.000000	0.942471
Forest With PCA and Scaling	0.999989	0.937934
Forest With PCA and Normalize	0.999989	0.913224
Forest With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.934798	0.935907

	Test F1	Test Recall \
--	---------	---------------

Models		
Forest	0.956897	0.939421
Forest With Feature	0.924994	0.917372
Forest Scaling	0.956837	0.940535
Forest With Normalize	0.935009	0.919599
Forest With PCA	0.931541	0.903118
Forest With PCA and Scaling	0.926066	0.896882
Forest With PCA and Normalize	0.895234	0.855457
Forest With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.925343	0.916481

	Test Precision	AUC
Models		
Forest	0.975035	0.960511
Forest With Feature	0.932745	0.933388
Forest Scaling	0.973715	0.960557
Forest With Normalize	0.950944	0.941656
Forest With PCA	0.961812	0.937845
Forest With PCA and Scaling	0.957214	0.933109
Forest With PCA and Normalize	0.938890	0.906434
Forest With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.934378	0.933624

```
[281]: models_draw(df)
```

```
DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
[282]: Search(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=20),{'max_depth':
↳ [5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40]},X_train,y_train)
```

```
[282]: DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=15)
```

```
[283]: cross_validation(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=15),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.97531741 0.97616207 0.97567941 0.97608162 0.97533115]
Mean 0.9757143327090446
Test Score Value : [0.95291468 0.95087682 0.95076956 0.95119858 0.9512496 ]
Mean 0.9514018474778545
```

```
[284]: Values =↳
↳ Models(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=15),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

```
Apply Model With Normal Data :
```

```
Model Train Score is : 0.973196473389536
Model Test Score is : 0.9522200772200772
F1 Score is : 0.943922057324119
Recall Score is : 0.9278396436525612
Precision Score is : 0.960571823841365
AUC Value : 0.9493542340920387
```

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.95	0.97	0.96	5870
1	0.96	0.93	0.94	4490
accuracy			0.95	10360
macro avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5699 171]
 [ 324 4166]]
```

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

Model Train Score is : 0.9263787888538516  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9301158301158301  
 F1 Score is : 0.9178206583427923  
 Recall Score is : 0.9004454342984409  
 Precision Score is : 0.9358796296296297  
 AUC Value : 0.9266281685972613

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.93	0.95	0.94	5870
1	0.94	0.90	0.92	4490
accuracy			0.93	10360
macro avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5593 277]
 [ 447 4043]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9731321191839887  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9512548262548263  
 F1 Score is : 0.9428021293464719

Recall Score is : 0.9269487750556793  
Precision Score is : 0.9592071905969117  
AUC Value : 0.9483977265397647

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.95	0.97	0.96	5870
	1	0.96	0.93	0.94	4490
accuracy				0.95	10360
macro avg		0.95	0.95	0.95	10360
weighted avg		0.95	0.95	0.95	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5693 177]  
[ 328 4162]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.9537936804170153  
Model Test Score is : 0.9146718146718147  
F1 Score is : 0.9025358324145535  
Recall Score is : 0.9115812917594655  
Precision Score is : 0.8936681222707423  
AUC Value : 0.914308533443617

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.93	0.92	0.92	5870
	1	0.89	0.91	0.90	4490
accuracy				0.91	10360
macro avg		0.91	0.91	0.91	10360
weighted avg		0.91	0.91	0.91	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5383 487]  
[ 397 4093]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 0.9648518780702319  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9133204633204633  
 F1 Score is : 0.898093508851566  
 Recall Score is : 0.8812917594654789  
 Precision Score is : 0.9155483572420176  
 AUC Value : 0.9095555901245623

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.91	0.94	0.92	5870
	1	0.92	0.88	0.90	4490
accuracy				0.91	10360
macro avg		0.91	0.91	0.91	10360
weighted avg		0.91	0.91	0.91	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5505 365]  
 [ 533 3957]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9687667589076946  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9094594594594595  
 F1 Score is : 0.8929223744292238  
 Recall Score is : 0.8710467706013363  
 Precision Score is : 0.9159250585480093  
 AUC Value : 0.904944168946324

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.90	0.94	0.92	5870
	1	0.92	0.87	0.89	4490
accuracy				0.91	10360
macro avg		0.91	0.90	0.91	10360
weighted avg		0.91	0.91	0.91	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5511 359]  
 [ 579 3911]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.9709977047000021  
Model Test Score is : 0.8657335907335907  
F1 Score is : 0.8443897527687659  
Recall Score is : 0.8405345211581292  
Precision Score is : 0.8482805124747134  
AUC Value : 0.8627715195228465

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.88	0.89	0.88	5870
	1	0.85	0.84	0.84	4490
accuracy				0.87	10360
macro avg	0.86	0.86	0.86		10360
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87		10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5195 675]  
[ 716 3774]]

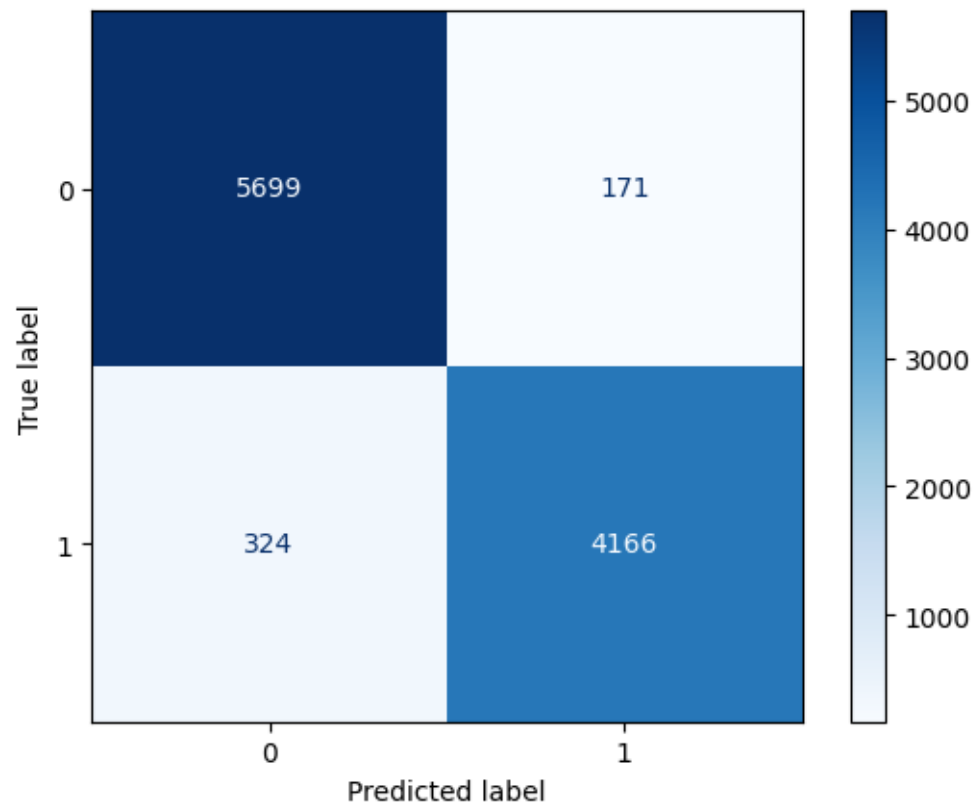
Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9263787888538516  
Model Test Score is : 0.9301158301158301  
F1 Score is : 0.9178019981834697  
Recall Score is : 0.9002227171492205  
Precision Score is : 0.936081519221862  
AUC Value : 0.9266019888982899

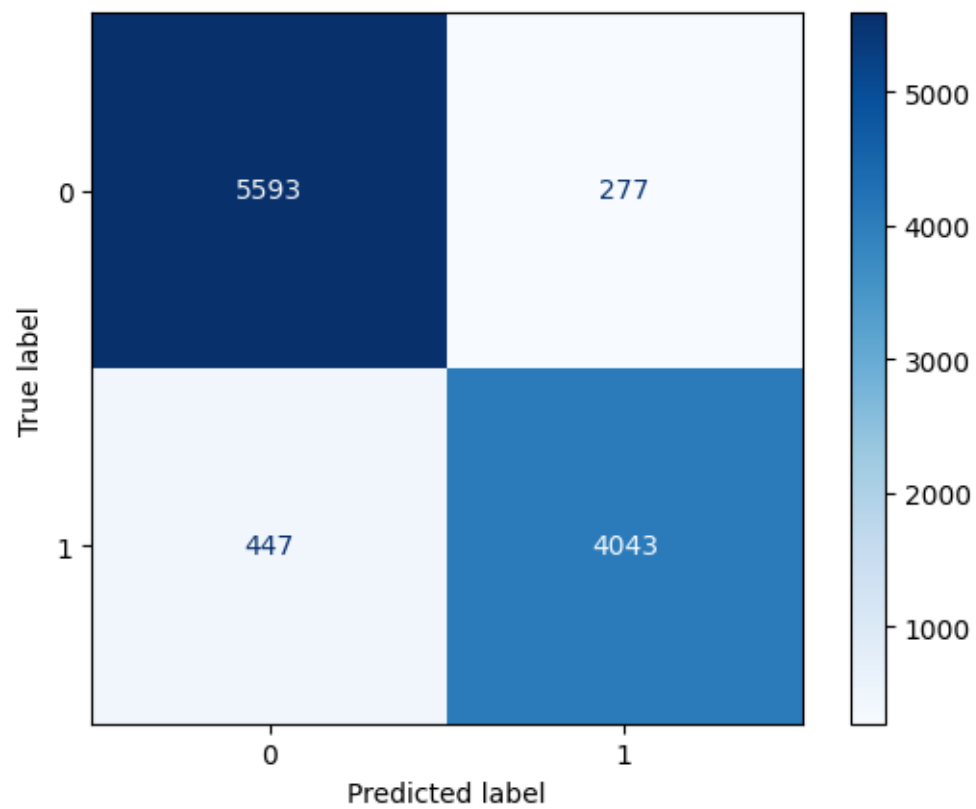
Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.93	0.95	0.94	5870
	1	0.94	0.90	0.92	4490
accuracy				0.93	10360
macro avg	0.93	0.93	0.93		10360
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93		10360

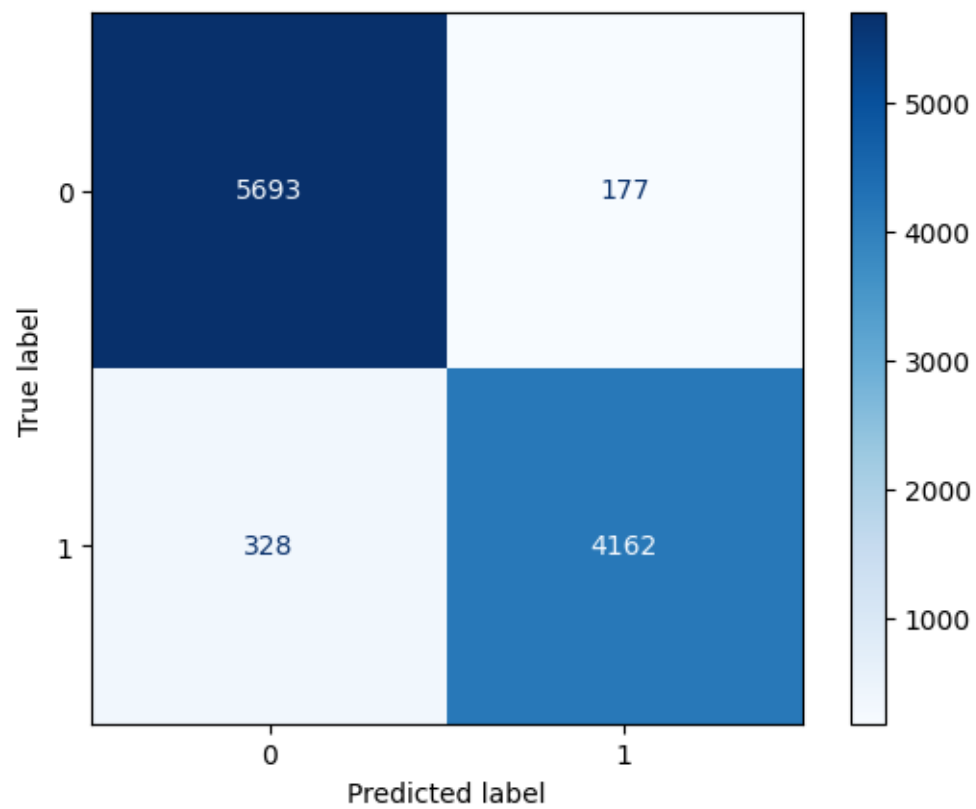
Confusion Matrix is :

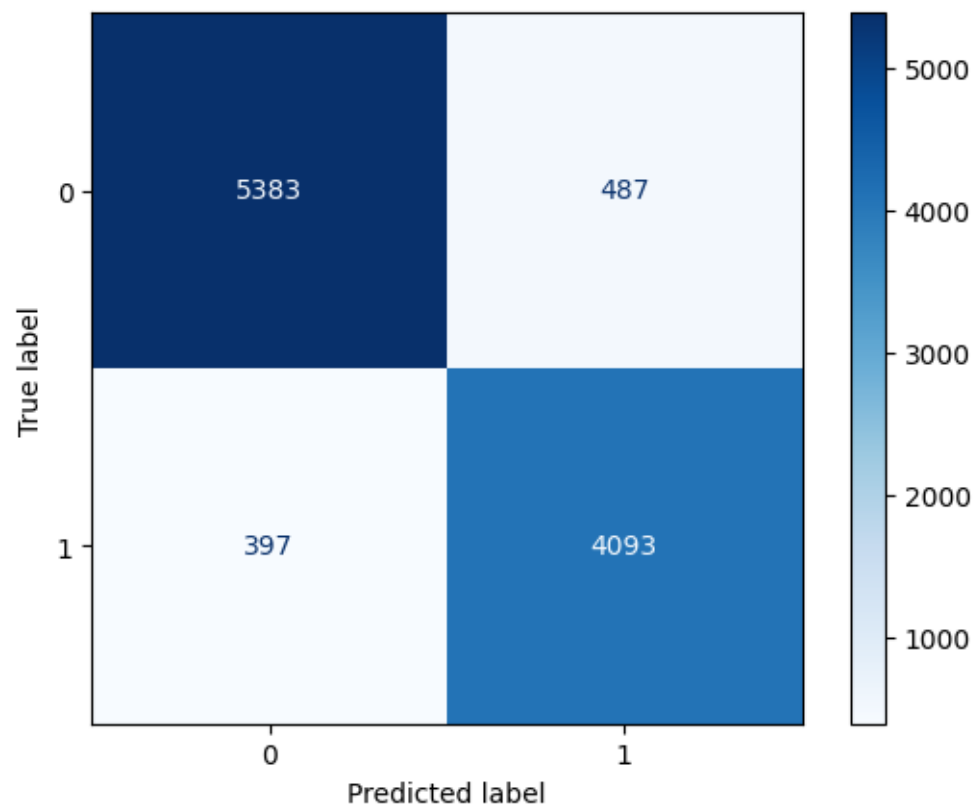
```
[[5594 276]  
[ 448 4042]]
```

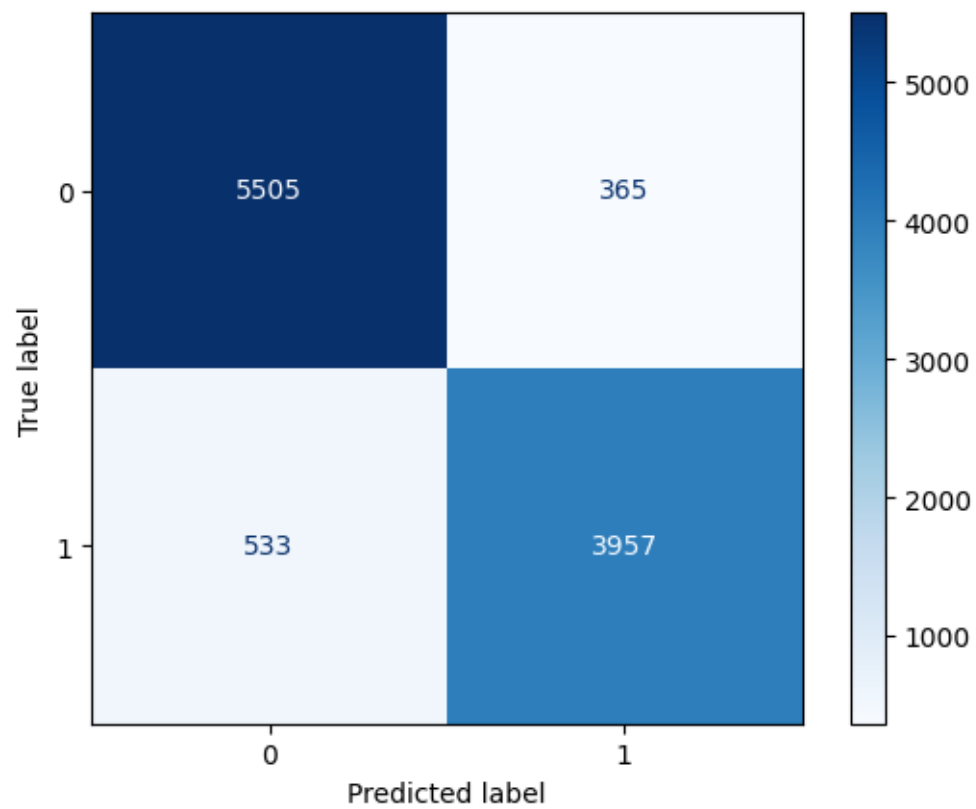


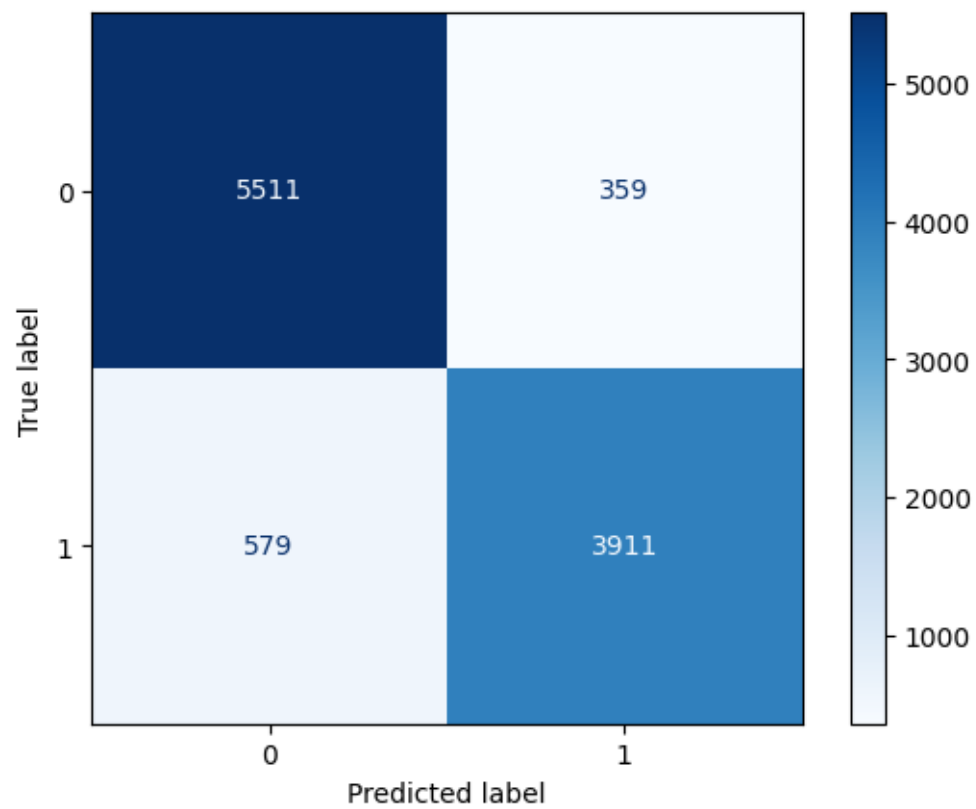


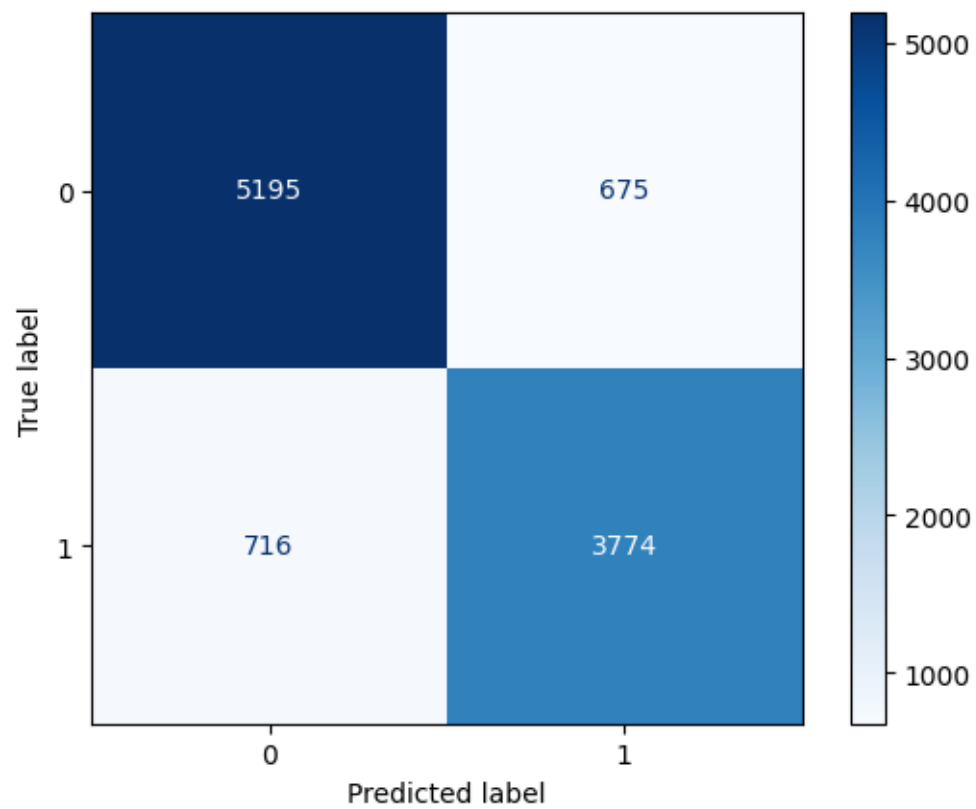


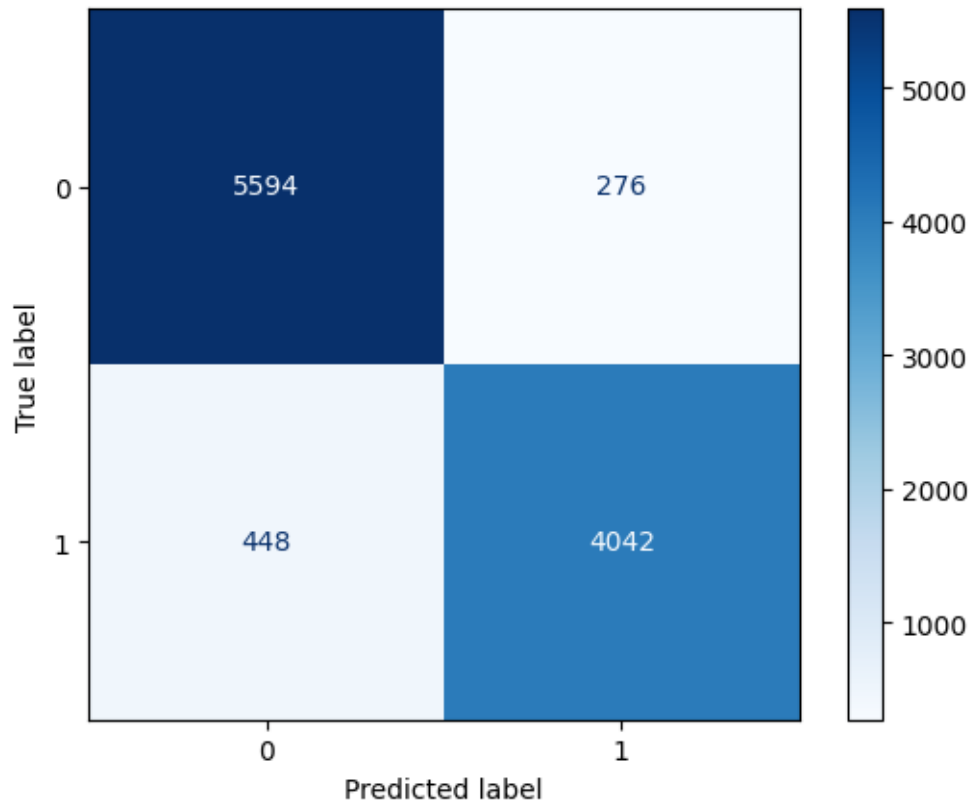












```
[285]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
      ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['Decision','Decision With Feature','Decision Scaling','Decision_
      ↪With Normalize','Decision With PCA','Decision With PCA and Scaling',
      'Decision With PCA and Normalize','Decision With Feature and_
      ↪Poly and Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[285]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy \
Models		
Decision	0.973196	0.952220
Decision With Feature	0.926379	0.930116
Decision Scaling	0.973132	0.951255
Decision With Normalize	0.953794	0.914672
Decision With PCA	0.964852	0.913320
Decision With PCA and Scaling	0.968767	0.909459
Decision With PCA and Normalize	0.970998	0.865734
Decision With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.926379	0.930116

	Test F1	Test Recall \
Models		
Decision	0.973196	0.952220
Decision With Feature	0.926379	0.930116
Decision Scaling	0.973132	0.951255
Decision With Normalize	0.953794	0.914672
Decision With PCA	0.964852	0.913320
Decision With PCA and Scaling	0.968767	0.909459
Decision With PCA and Normalize	0.970998	0.865734
Decision With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.926379	0.930116

Models		
Decision	0.943922	0.927840
Decision With Feature	0.917821	0.900445
Decision Scaling	0.942802	0.926949
Decision With Normalize	0.902536	0.911581
Decision With PCA	0.898094	0.881292
Decision With PCA and Scaling	0.892922	0.871047
Decision With PCA and Normalize	0.844390	0.840535
Decision With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.917802	0.900223

	Test Precision	AUC
Models		
Decision	0.960572	0.949354
Decision With Feature	0.935880	0.926628
Decision Scaling	0.959207	0.948398
Decision With Normalize	0.893668	0.914309
Decision With PCA	0.915548	0.909556
Decision With PCA and Scaling	0.915925	0.904944
Decision With PCA and Normalize	0.848281	0.862772
Decision With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.936082	0.926602

```
[286]: models_draw(df)
```

LogisticRegression

```
[287]: Search(LogisticRegression(penalty='l2',solver='sag',C=1.0),{'C':[1,.  
↪5,2,3,5,10,15,20]}),X_train,y_train)
```

```
[287]: LogisticRegression(C=1, solver='sag')
```

```
[288]: cross_validation(LogisticRegression(penalty='l2',solver='sag',C=15),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.77411613 0.77390162 0.77451835 0.77415635 0.77517831]
Mean 0.7743741531947581
Test Score Value : [0.77454818 0.77701507 0.77395828 0.77347563 0.77147914]
Mean 0.7740952590672775
```

```
[289]: Values =  
↪Models(LogisticRegression(penalty='l2',solver='sag',C=15),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

Apply Model With Normal Data :

```
Model Train Score is : 0.7848209880515692
Model Test Score is : 0.7812741312741313
F1 Score is : 0.7499448245420437
Recall Score is : 0.7567928730512249
Precision Score is : 0.7432195975503062
AUC Value : 0.7783964365256125
```



Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.81	0.80	0.81	5870
1	0.74	0.76	0.75	4490
accuracy			0.78	10360
macro avg	0.78	0.78	0.78	10360
weighted avg	0.78	0.78	0.78	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[4696 1174]
 [1092 3398]]
```

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

Model Train Score is : 0.8365510436107  
 Model Test Score is : 0.8397683397683398  
 F1 Score is : 0.8139013452914798  
 Recall Score is : 0.8084632516703786  
 Precision Score is : 0.8194130925507901  
 AUC Value : 0.8360885253241159

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.85	0.86	0.86	5870
1	0.82	0.81	0.81	4490
accuracy			0.84	10360
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5070 800]
 [ 860 3630]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.8747023617993436  
 Model Test Score is : 0.8814671814671815  
 F1 Score is : 0.8603910868576625

Recall Score is : 0.8427616926503341  
Precision Score is : 0.8787738039944264  
AUC Value : 0.8769174732416917

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.88	0.91	0.90	5870
	1	0.88	0.84	0.86	4490
	accuracy			0.88	10360
	macro avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	10360
	weighted avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5348 522]  
[ 706 3784]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.8020893665401034  
Model Test Score is : 0.8042471042471042  
F1 Score is : 0.7706401266681746  
Recall Score is : 0.7587973273942094  
Precision Score is : 0.7828584558823529  
AUC Value : 0.7989046262183994

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.82	0.84	0.83	5870
	1	0.78	0.76	0.77	4490
	accuracy			0.80	10360
	macro avg	0.80	0.80	0.80	10360
	weighted avg	0.80	0.80	0.80	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[4925 945]  
[1083 3407]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 0.8343415492202415  
 Model Test Score is : 0.8384169884169884  
 F1 Score is : 0.8153133274492497  
 Recall Score is : 0.8229398663697105  
 Precision Score is : 0.8078268473983384  
 AUC Value : 0.8365977014983136

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.86	0.85	0.86	5870
	1	0.81	0.82	0.82	4490
	accuracy			0.84	10360
	macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360
	weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[4991 879]  
 [ 795 3695]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.874691636098419  
 Model Test Score is : 0.8815637065637065  
 F1 Score is : 0.8604889141557703  
 Recall Score is : 0.8427616926503341  
 Precision Score is : 0.8789779326364692  
 AUC Value : 0.8770026521173305

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.88	0.91	0.90	5870
	1	0.88	0.84	0.86	4490
	accuracy			0.88	10360
	macro avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	10360
	weighted avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5349 521]  
 [ 706 3784]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.8020786408391788  
Model Test Score is : 0.8042471042471042  
F1 Score is : 0.7706401266681746  
Recall Score is : 0.7587973273942094  
Precision Score is : 0.7828584558823529  
AUC Value : 0.7989046262183994

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.82	0.84	0.83	5870
	1	0.78	0.76	0.77	4490
	accuracy			0.80	10360
	macro avg	0.80	0.80	0.80	10360
	weighted avg	0.80	0.80	0.80	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[4925 945]  
[1083 3407]]

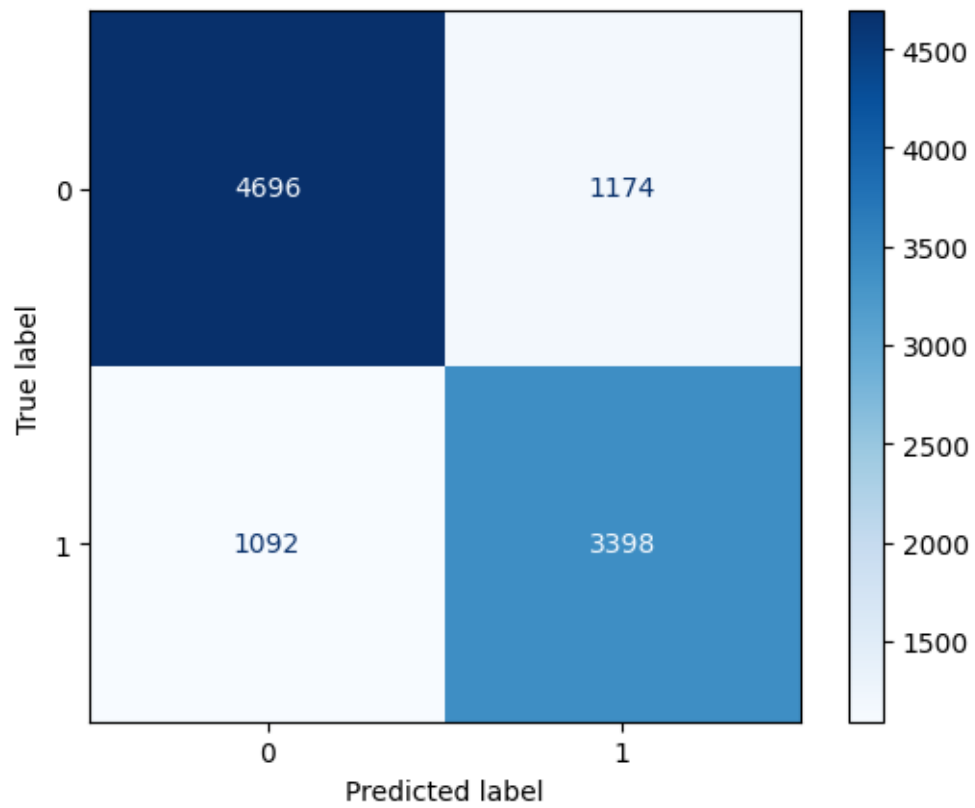
Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

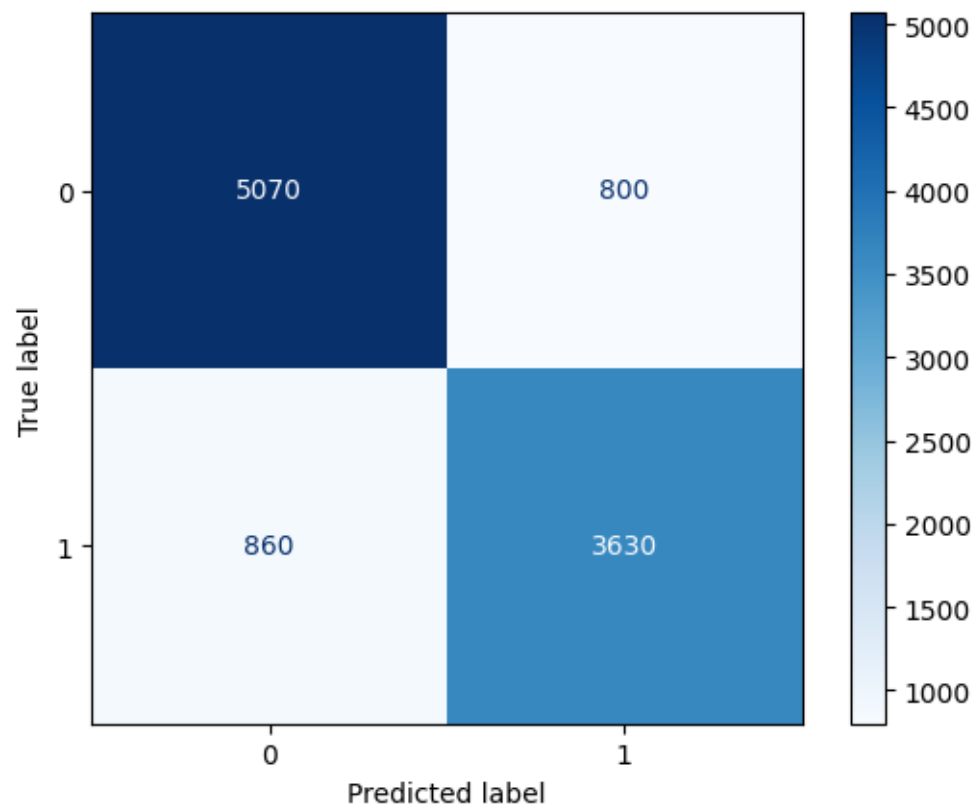
Model Train Score is : 0.9060857627045927  
Model Test Score is : 0.9074324324324324  
F1 Score is : 0.8924526185936974  
Recall Score is : 0.8861915367483296  
Precision Score is : 0.8988028009939011  
AUC Value : 0.9049356320879638

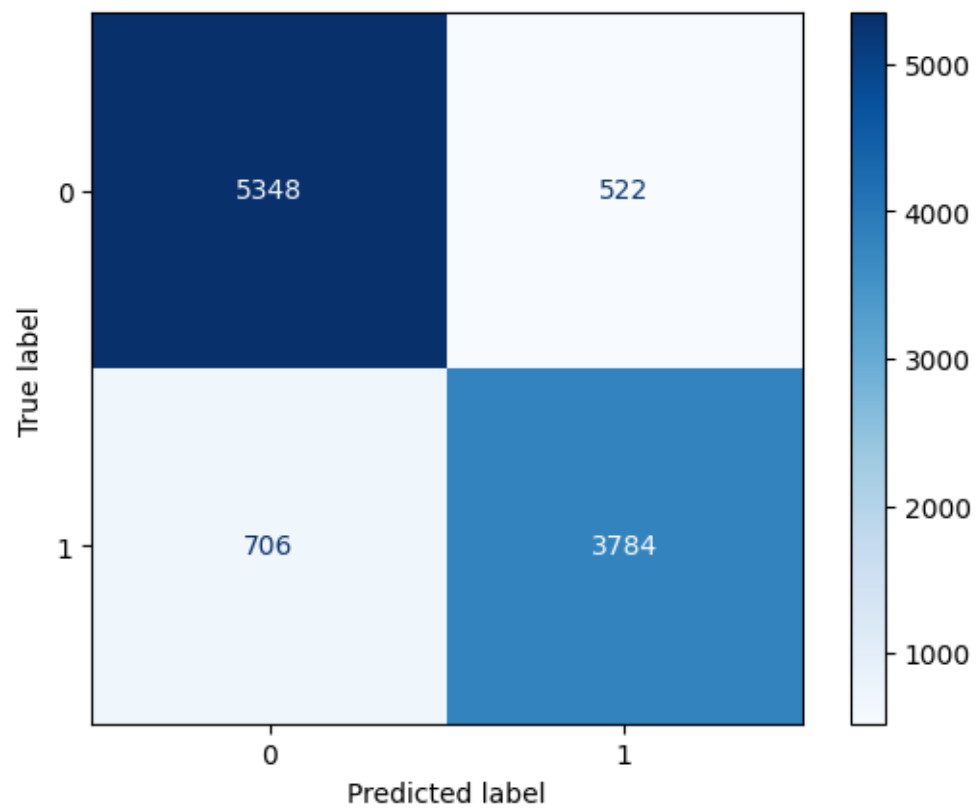
Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.91	0.92	0.92	5870
	1	0.90	0.89	0.89	4490
	accuracy			0.91	10360
	macro avg	0.91	0.90	0.91	10360
	weighted avg	0.91	0.91	0.91	10360

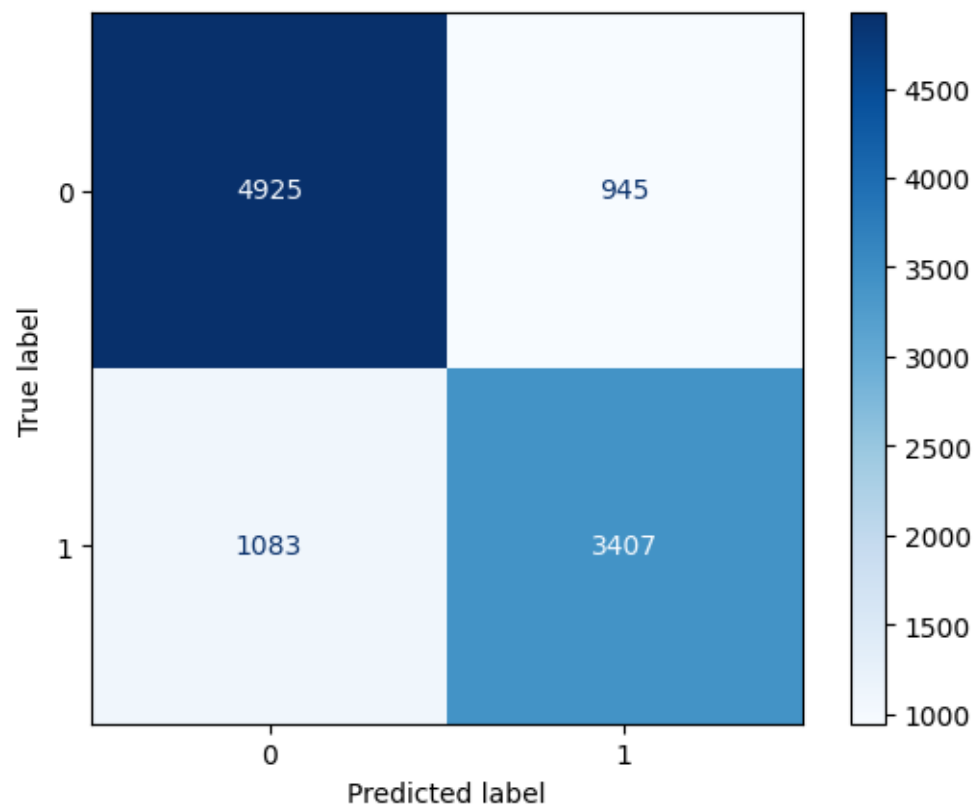
Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5422  448]  
 [ 511 3979]]
```

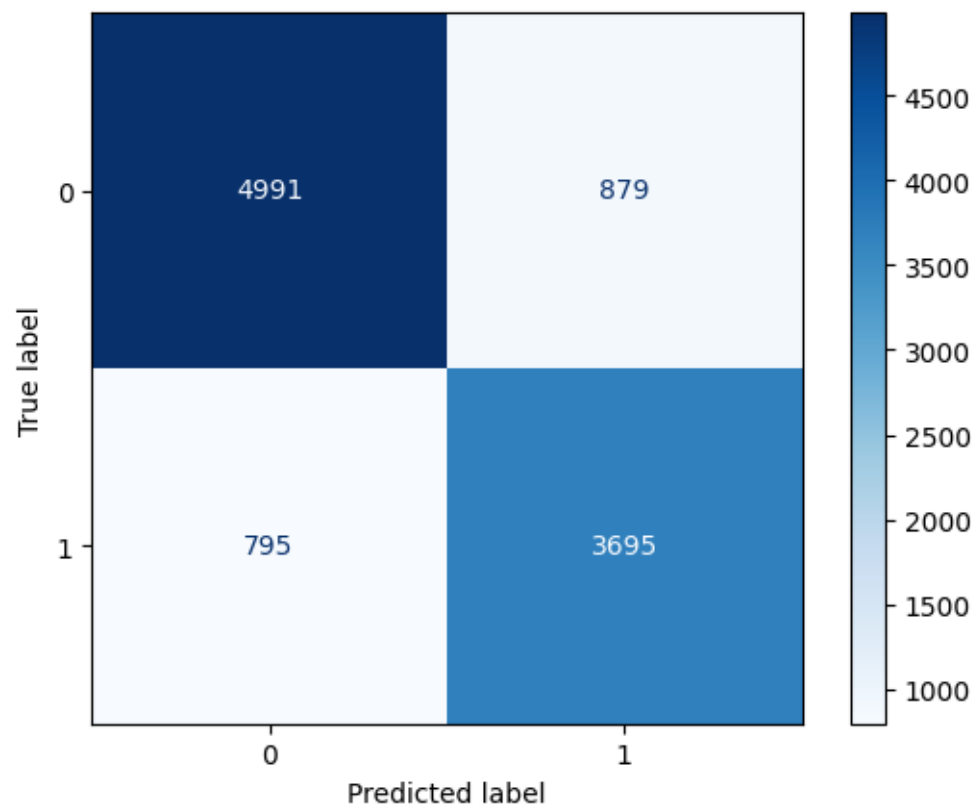


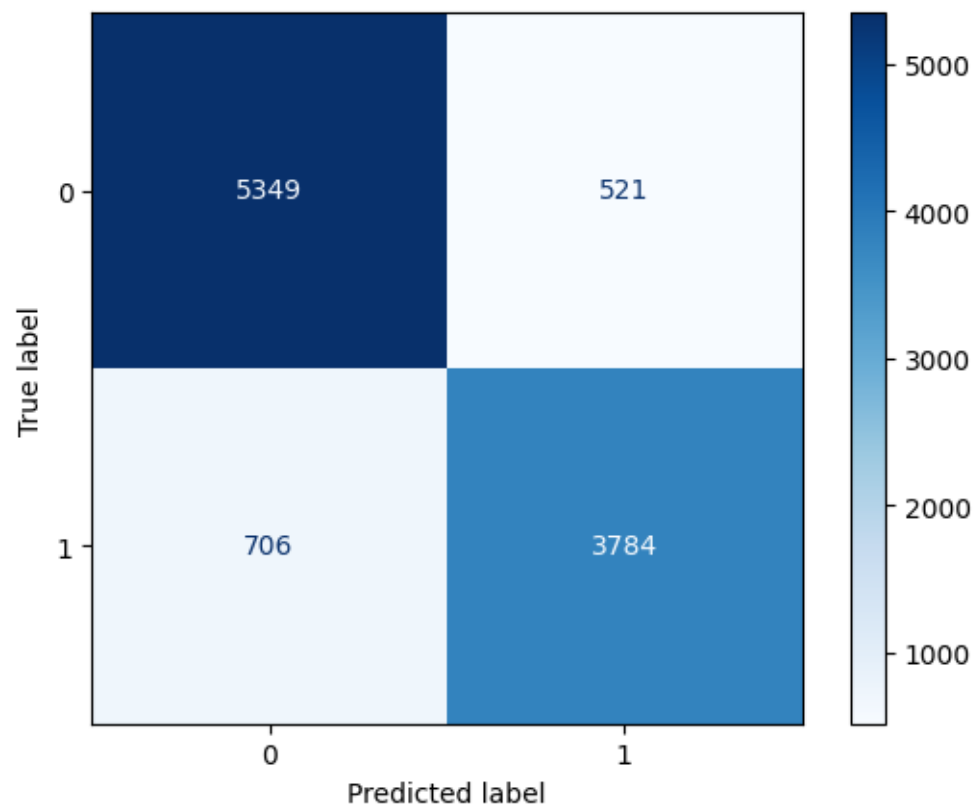


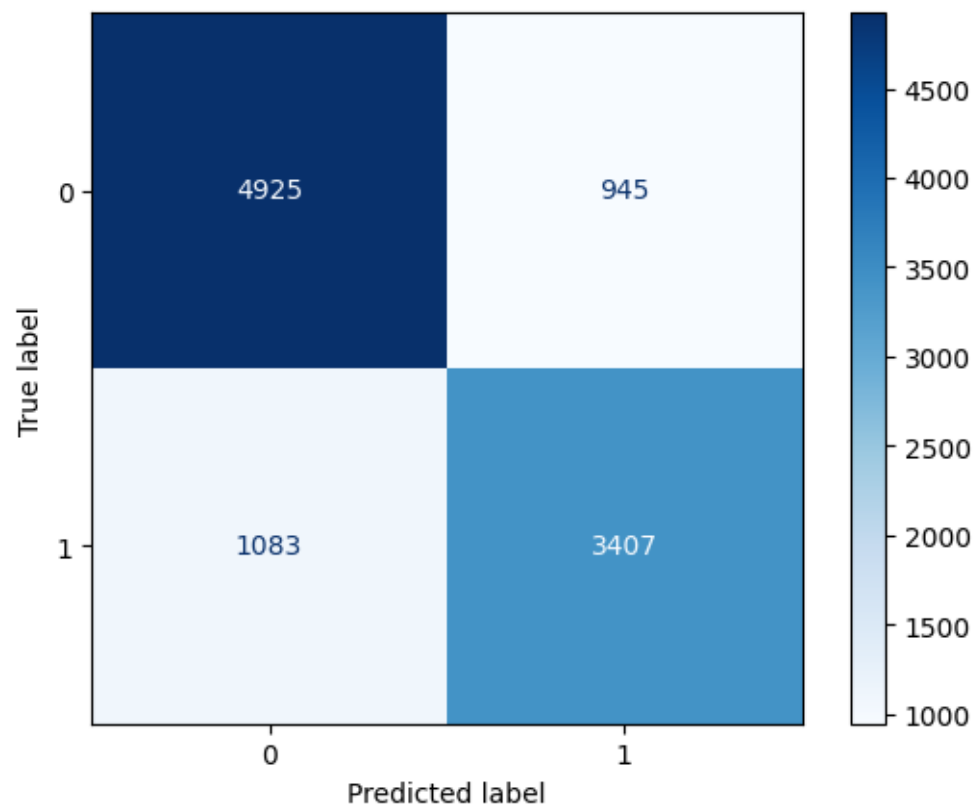


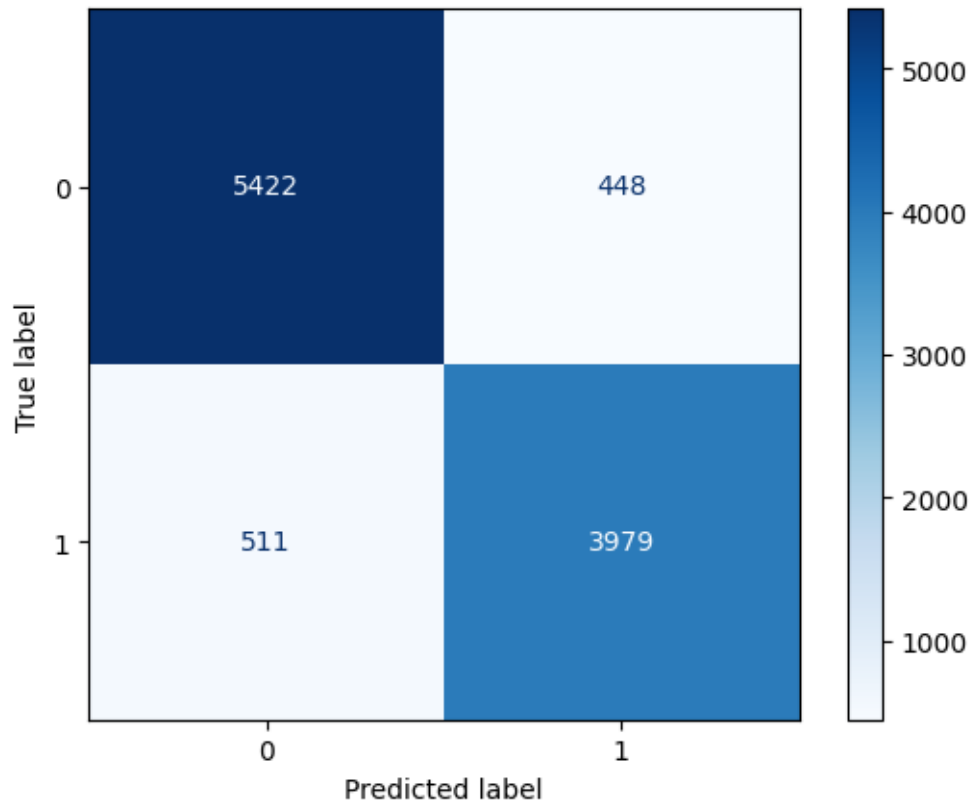












```
[290]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
      ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['Logistic','Logistic With Feature','Logistic Scaling','Logistic_
      ↪With Normalize','Logistic With PCA','Logistic With PCA and Scaling',
      'Logistic With PCA and Normalize','Logistic With Feature and_
      ↪Poly and Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[290]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy \
Models		
Logistic	0.784821	0.781274
Logistic With Feature	0.836551	0.839768
Logistic Scaling	0.874702	0.881467
Logistic With Normalize	0.802089	0.804247
Logistic With PCA	0.834342	0.838417
Logistic With PCA and Scaling	0.874692	0.881564
Logistic With PCA and Normalize	0.802079	0.804247
Logistic With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.906086	0.907432

	Test F1	Test Recall \
--	---------	---------------

Models		
Logistic	0.749945	0.756793
Logistic With Feature	0.813901	0.808463
Logistic Scaling	0.860391	0.842762
Logistic With Normalize	0.770640	0.758797
Logistic With PCA	0.815313	0.822940
Logistic With PCA and Scaling	0.860489	0.842762
Logistic With PCA and Normalize	0.770640	0.758797
Logistic With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.892453	0.886192

	Test Precision	AUC
Models		
Logistic	0.743220	0.778396
Logistic With Feature	0.819413	0.836089
Logistic Scaling	0.878774	0.876917
Logistic With Normalize	0.782858	0.798905
Logistic With PCA	0.807827	0.836598
Logistic With PCA and Scaling	0.878978	0.877003
Logistic With PCA and Normalize	0.782858	0.798905
Logistic With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.898803	0.904936

```
[291]: models_draw(df)
```

SVC

```
[292]: Search(SVC(kernel= 'rbf',max_iter=1000,C=1.0,gamma='auto'),{'C':[1,.  
↪5,2,3,5,10,15,20]},X_train,y_train)
```

```
[292]: SVC(C=0.5, gamma='auto', max_iter=1000)
```

```
[293]: cross_validation(SVC(kernel= 'rbf',max_iter=1000,C=.  
↪5,gamma='auto'),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.48466891 0.49088983 0.5973427 0.59557296 0.59124792]
Mean 0.5519444641883386
Test Score Value : [0.47085322 0.47557248 0.58261383 0.58320373 0.5734742 ]
Mean 0.5371434919740825
```

```
[294]: Values = Models(SVC(kernel= 'rbf',max_iter=1000,C=.  
↪5,gamma='auto'),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

Apply Model With Normal Data :

```
Model Train Score is : 0.48230259347448357
Model Test Score is : 0.47355212355212356
F1 Score is : 0.6185480486781367
Recall Score is : 0.9848552338530067
Precision Score is : 0.45085644371941275
AUC Value : 0.5336541927357026
```

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.88	0.08	0.15	5870
1	0.45	0.98	0.62	4490
accuracy			0.47	10360
macro avg	0.66	0.53	0.38	10360
weighted avg	0.69	0.47	0.35	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[ 484 5386]
 [ 68 4422]]
```

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

Model Train Score is : 0.48079026964412125  
 Model Test Score is : 0.4811776061776062  
 F1 Score is : 0.6188754165780331  
 Recall Score is : 0.9719376391982183  
 Precision Score is : 0.4539685842088838  
 AUC Value : 0.5388649013708298

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.83	0.11	0.19	5870
1	0.45	0.97	0.62	4490
accuracy			0.48	10360
macro avg	0.64	0.54	0.40	10360
weighted avg	0.67	0.48	0.37	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[ 621 5249]
 [ 126 4364]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.5699851985327241  
 Model Test Score is : 0.5658301158301158  
 F1 Score is : 0.6471049741095246

Recall Score is : 0.9184855233853007  
Precision Score is : 0.499515503875969  
AUC Value : 0.607283647552957

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.83	0.30	0.44	5870
	1	0.50	0.92	0.65	4490
	accuracy			0.57	10360
	macro avg	0.66	0.61	0.54	10360
	weighted avg	0.68	0.57	0.53	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[1738 4132]  
[ 366 4124]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.43376879679087027  
Model Test Score is : 0.4335907335907336  
F1 Score is : 0.6047420180520006  
Recall Score is : 0.9997772828507795  
Precision Score is : 0.43346852066434916  
AUC Value : 0.5001441780523063

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.75	0.00	0.00	5870
	1	0.43	1.00	0.60	4490
	accuracy			0.43	10360
	macro avg	0.59	0.50	0.30	10360
	weighted avg	0.61	0.43	0.26	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[ 3 5867]  
[ 1 4489]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 0.48230259347448357  
 Model Test Score is : 0.47355212355212356  
 F1 Score is : 0.6185480486781367  
 Recall Score is : 0.9848552338530067  
 Precision Score is : 0.45085644371941275  
 AUC Value : 0.5336541927357026

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.88	0.08	0.15	5870
	1	0.45	0.98	0.62	4490
accuracy				0.47	10360
macro avg		0.66	0.53	0.38	10360
weighted avg		0.69	0.47	0.35	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[ 484 5386]  
 [ 68 4422]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.5699851985327241  
 Model Test Score is : 0.5658301158301158  
 F1 Score is : 0.6471049741095246  
 Recall Score is : 0.9184855233853007  
 Precision Score is : 0.499515503875969  
 AUC Value : 0.607283647552957

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.83	0.30	0.44	5870
	1	0.50	0.92	0.65	4490
accuracy				0.57	10360
macro avg		0.66	0.61	0.54	10360
weighted avg		0.68	0.57	0.53	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[1738 4132]  
 [ 366 4124]]



Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.43376879679087027  
Model Test Score is : 0.4335907335907336  
F1 Score is : 0.6047420180520006  
Recall Score is : 0.9997772828507795  
Precision Score is : 0.43346852066434916  
AUC Value : 0.5001441780523063

Classification Report is :			precision	recall	f1-score
support					
	0	0.75	0.00	0.00	5870
	1	0.43	1.00	0.60	4490
accuracy			0.43		10360
macro avg	0.59	0.50	0.30		10360
weighted avg	0.61	0.43	0.26		10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[ 3 5867]
 [ 1 4489]]
```

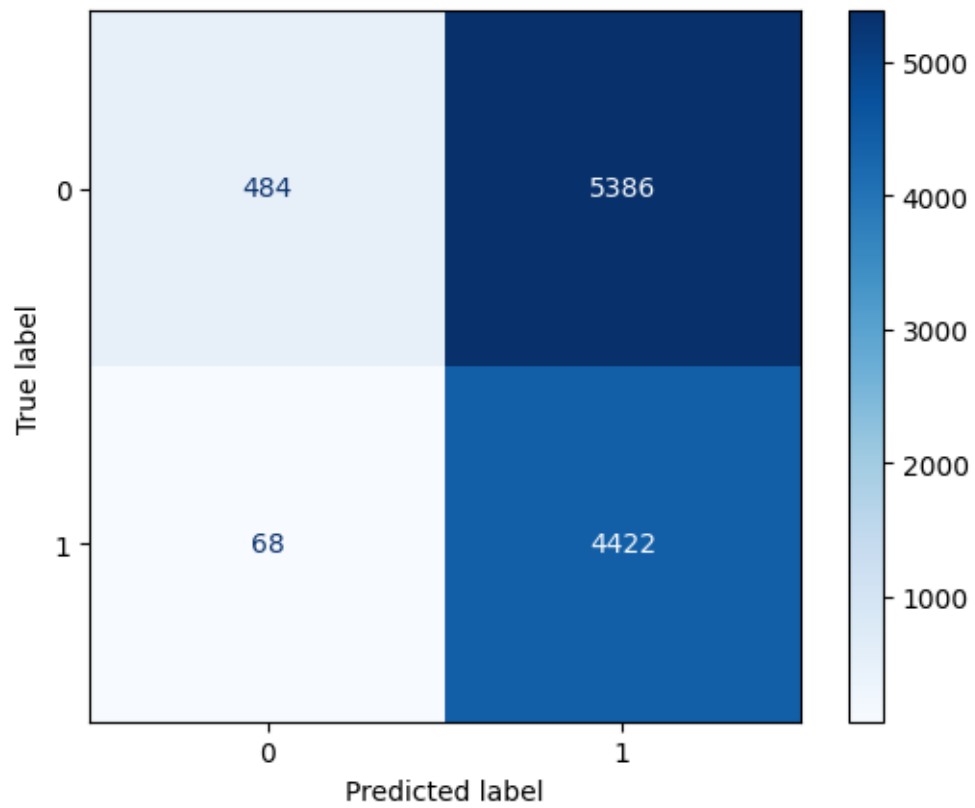
Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

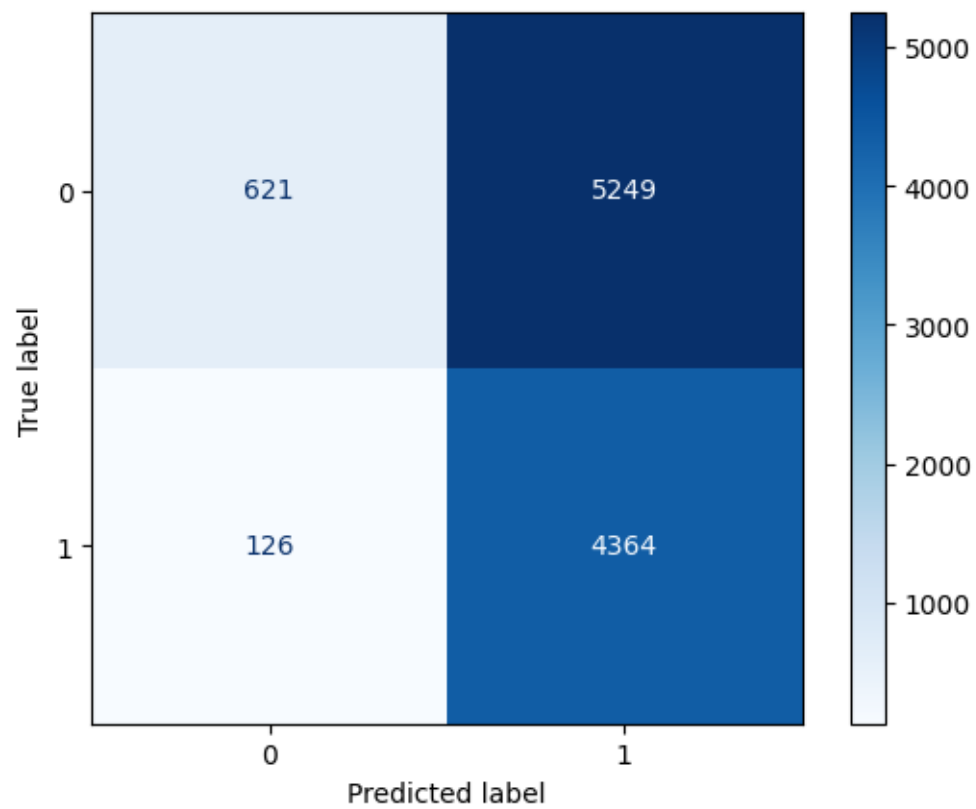
Model Train Score is : 0.5944183452388614  
Model Test Score is : 0.5943050193050193  
F1 Score is : 0.6544438049823235  
Recall Score is : 0.8864142538975501  
Precision Score is : 0.518701941874104  
AUC Value : 0.6286415392145331

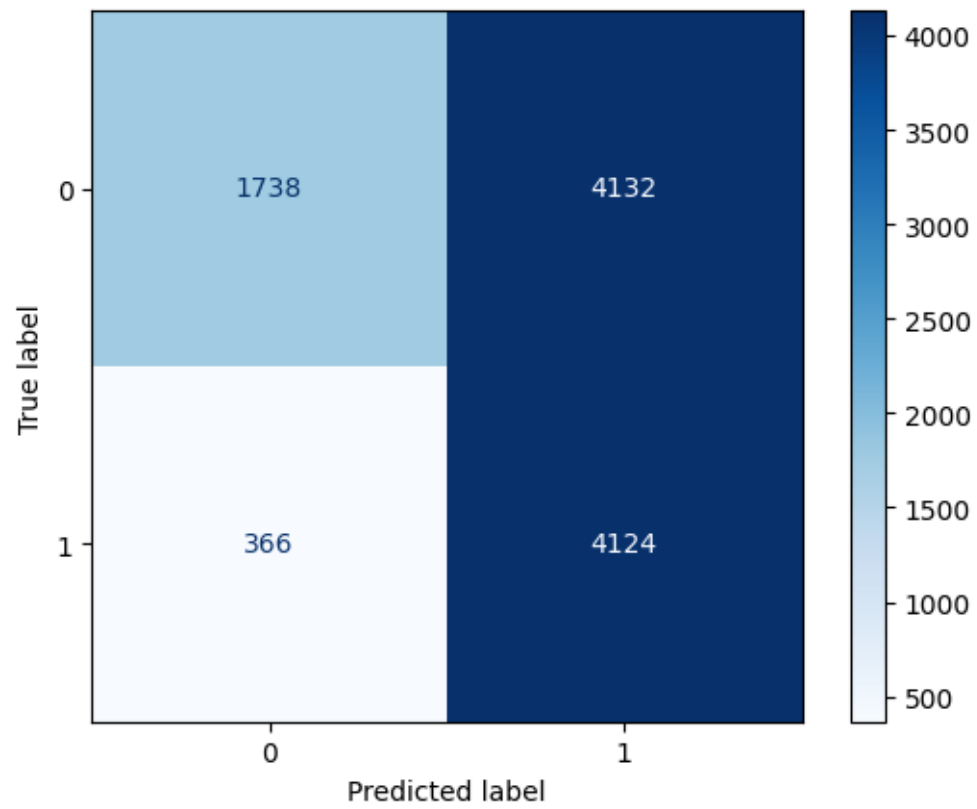
Classification Report is :			precision	recall	f1-score
support					
	0	0.81	0.37	0.51	5870
	1	0.52	0.89	0.65	4490
accuracy			0.59		10360
macro avg	0.66	0.63	0.58		10360
weighted avg	0.68	0.59	0.57		10360

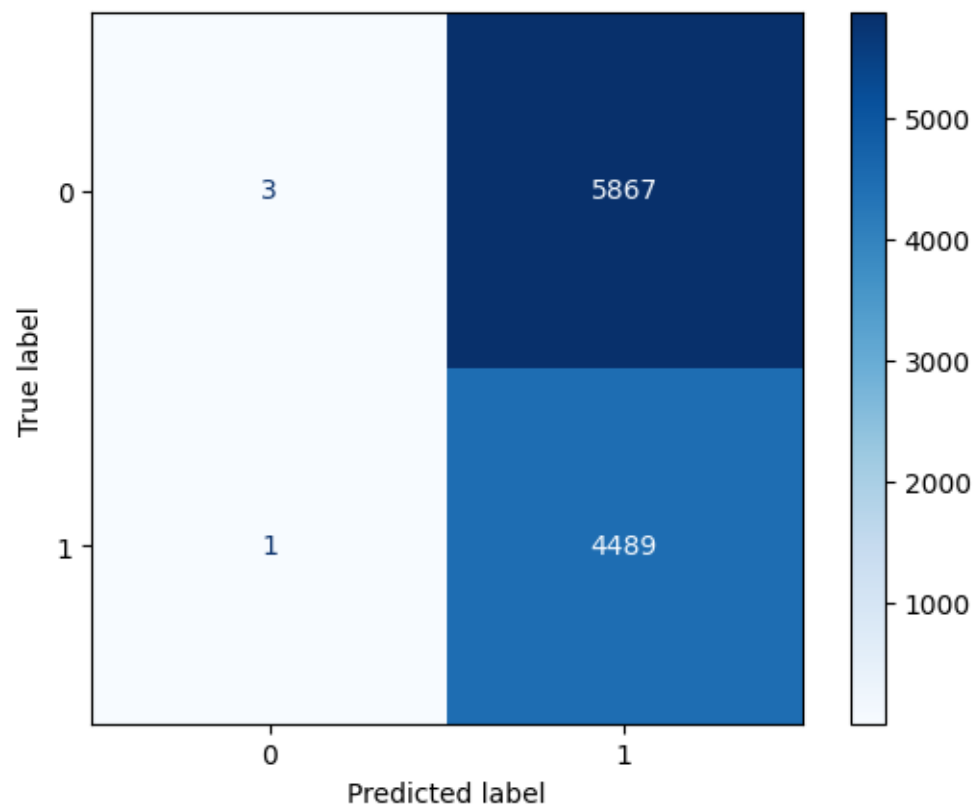
Confusion Matrix is :

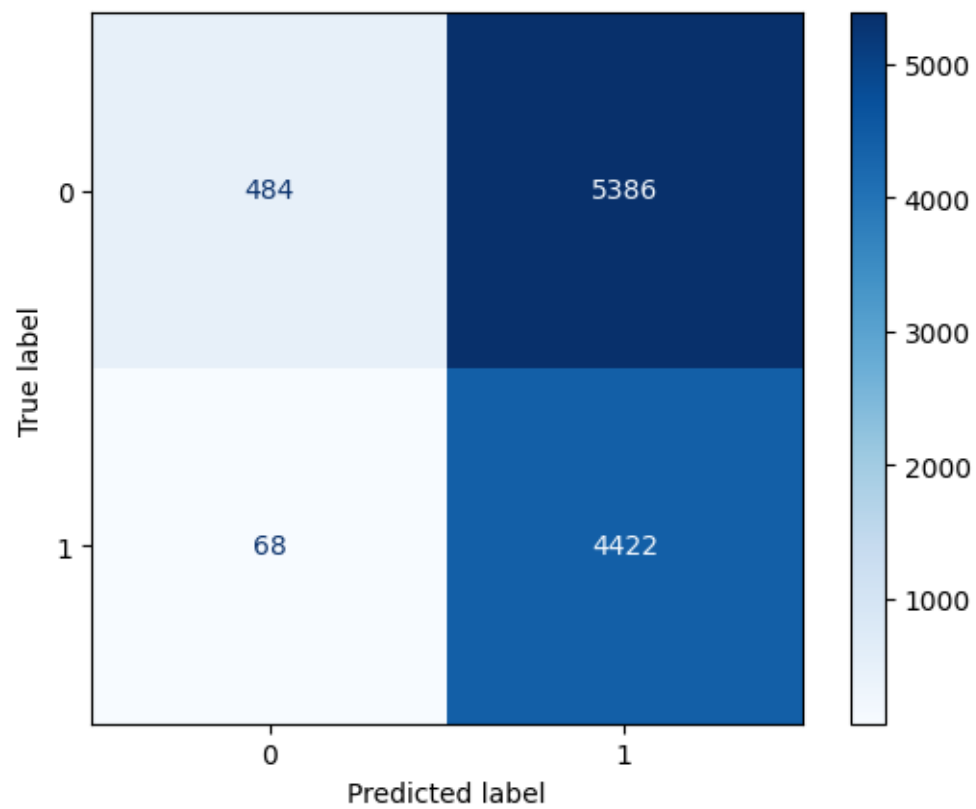
```
[[2177 3693]  
 [ 510 3980]]
```

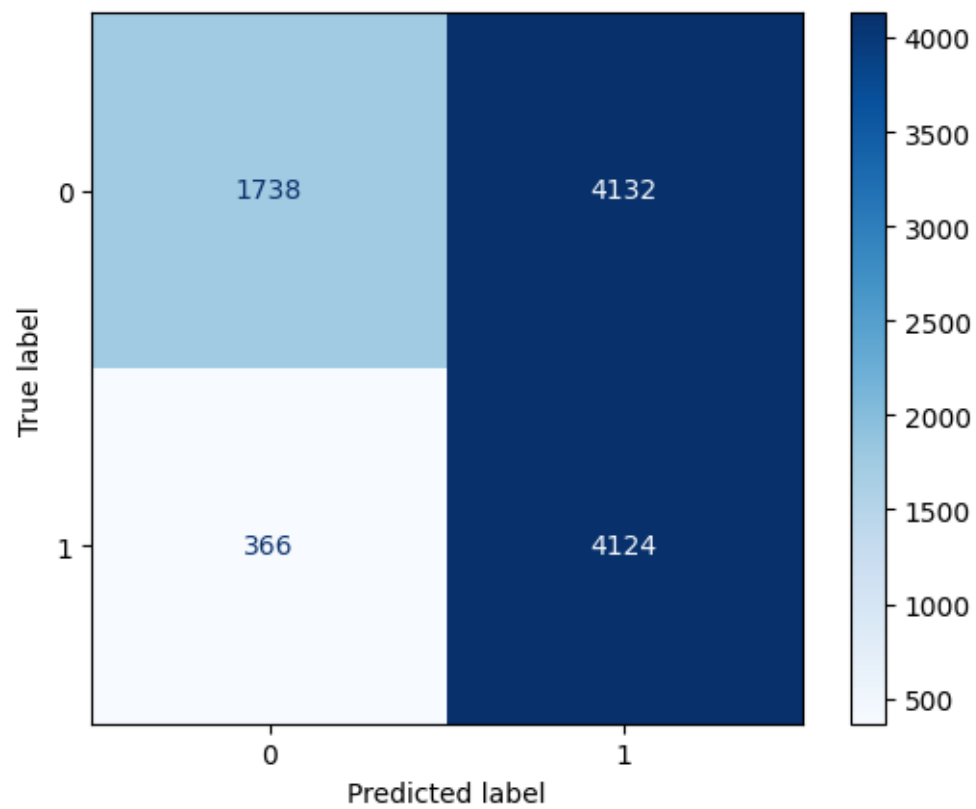


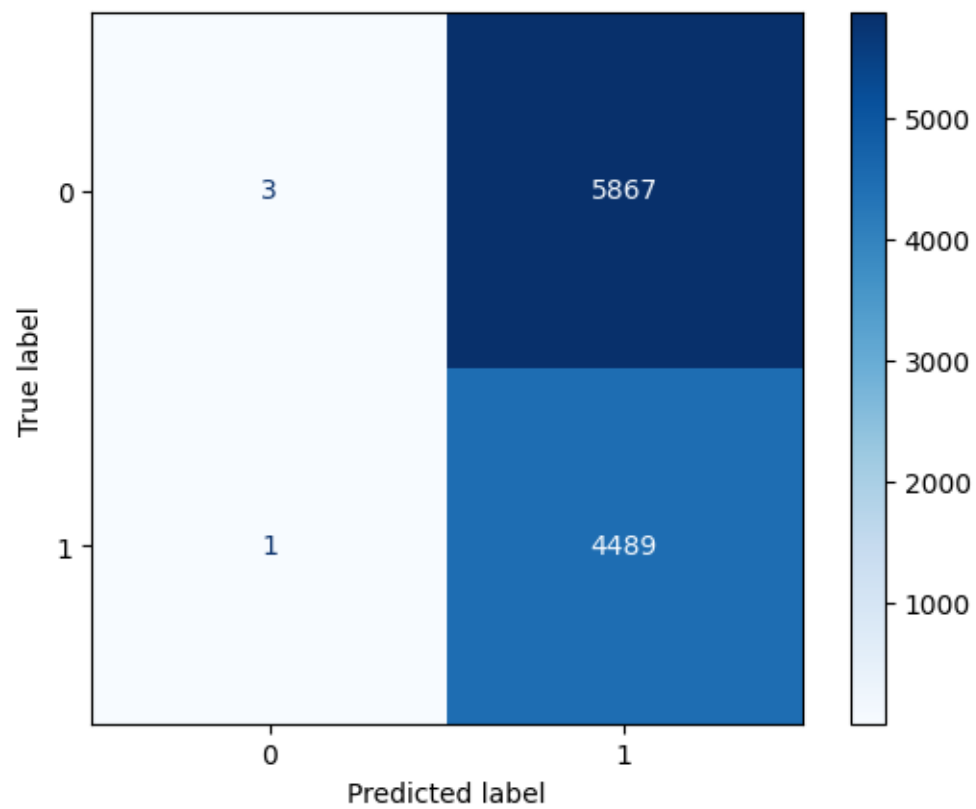




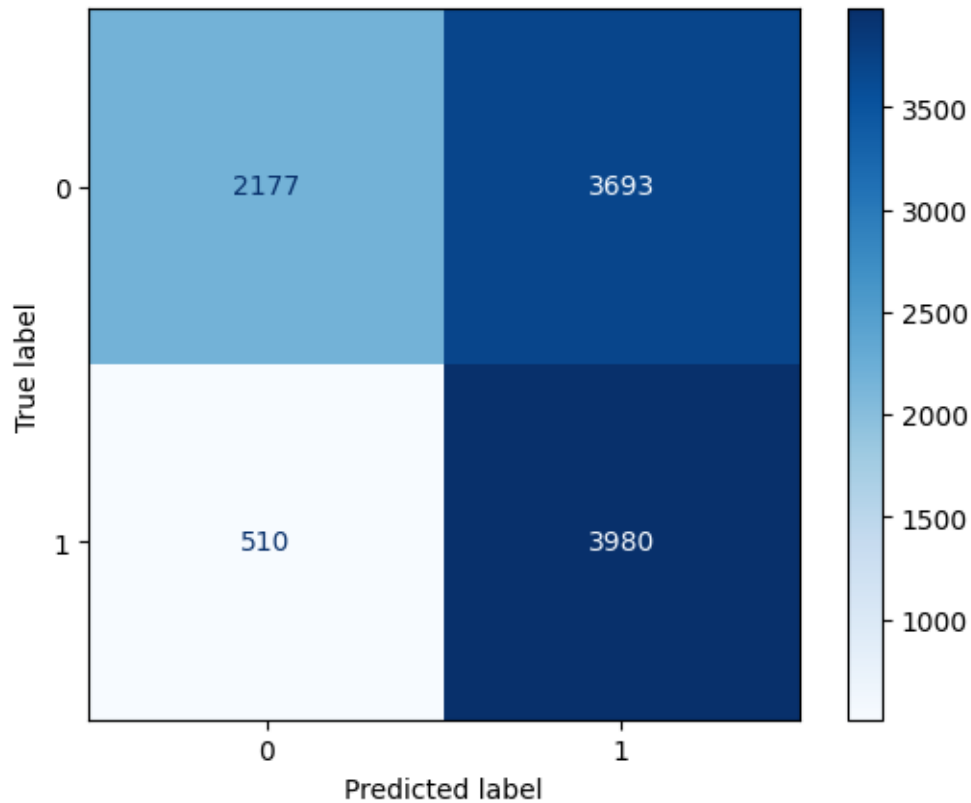












```
[295]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
      ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['SVC','SVC With Feature','SVC Scaling','SVC With_
      ↪Normalize','SVC With PCA','SVC With PCA and Scaling',
      'SVC With PCA and Normalize','SVC With Feature and Poly and_
      ↪Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[295]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy \	
Models			
SVC	0.482303	0.473552	
SVC With Feature	0.480790	0.481178	
SVC Scaling	0.569985	0.565830	
SVC With Normalize	0.433769	0.433591	
SVC With PCA	0.482303	0.473552	
SVC With PCA and Scaling	0.569985	0.565830	
SVC With PCA and Normalize	0.433769	0.433591	
SVC With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.594418	0.594305	
			Test F1 Test Recall Test Precision \

Models			
SVC	0.618548	0.984855	0.450856
SVC With Feature	0.618875	0.971938	0.453969
SVC Scaling	0.647105	0.918486	0.499516
SVC With Normalize	0.604742	0.999777	0.433469
SVC With PCA	0.618548	0.984855	0.450856
SVC With PCA and Scaling	0.647105	0.918486	0.499516
SVC With PCA and Normalize	0.604742	0.999777	0.433469
SVC With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.654444	0.886414	0.518702

AUC

Models	
SVC	0.533654
SVC With Feature	0.538865
SVC Scaling	0.607284
SVC With Normalize	0.500144
SVC With PCA	0.533654
SVC With PCA and Scaling	0.607284
SVC With PCA and Normalize	0.500144
SVC With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.628642

```
[296]: models_draw(df)
```

KNeighborsClassifier

```
[297]: Search(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3),{'n_neighbors':
↪ [3,5,7,9,11]},X_train,y_train)
```

```
[297]: KNeighborsClassifier()
```

```
[298]: cross_validation(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=11),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.79496427 0.7961441 0.79478998 0.7953933 0.79692444]
Mean 0.7956432168489462
Test Score Value : [0.75309701 0.74928943 0.75277525 0.75164906 0.74627266]
Mean 0.7506166812104791
```

```
[299]: Values =
↪ Models(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=11),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

Apply Model With Normal Data :

```
Model Train Score is : 0.802121543642877
Model Test Score is : 0.7637065637065638
F1 Score is : 0.7111845210004719
Recall Score is : 0.6712694877505568
Precision Score is : 0.7561465127947817
AUC Value : 0.7528408767543244
```

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.77	0.83	0.80	5870
1	0.76	0.67	0.71	4490
accuracy			0.76	10360
macro avg	0.76	0.75	0.76	10360
weighted avg	0.76	0.76	0.76	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[4898  972]
 [1476 3014]]
```

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

Model Train Score is : 0.9247377566123947  
Model Test Score is : 0.928088803088803  
F1 Score is : 0.9154081980242987  
Recall Score is : 0.897772828507795  
Precision Score is : 0.9337502895529303  
AUC Value : 0.9245252558211888

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.92	0.95	0.94	5870
1	0.93	0.90	0.92	4490
accuracy			0.93	10360
macro avg	0.93	0.92	0.93	10360
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5584  286]
 [ 459 4031]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9355814402471202  
Model Test Score is : 0.9275096525096526  
F1 Score is : 0.9126642632864287

Recall Score is : 0.8739420935412027  
Precision Score is : 0.9549768800194695  
AUC Value : 0.9212129547774157

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.91	0.97	0.94	5870
	1	0.95	0.87	0.91	4490
	accuracy			0.93	10360
	macro avg	0.93	0.92	0.93	10360
	weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5685 185]  
[ 566 3924]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.8419031683720531  
Model Test Score is : 0.8142857142857143  
F1 Score is : 0.7913684667100411  
Recall Score is : 0.8126948775055679  
Precision Score is : 0.7711327134404058  
AUC Value : 0.8140987164359185

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.85	0.82	0.83	5870
	1	0.77	0.81	0.79	4490
	accuracy			0.81	10360
	macro avg	0.81	0.81	0.81	10360
	weighted avg	0.82	0.81	0.81	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[4787 1083]  
[ 841 3649]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 0.8019713838299333  
 Model Test Score is : 0.7637065637065638  
 F1 Score is : 0.7111845210004719  
 Recall Score is : 0.6712694877505568  
 Precision Score is : 0.7561465127947817  
 AUC Value : 0.7528408767543244

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.77	0.83	0.80	5870
	1	0.76	0.67	0.71	4490
accuracy				0.76	10360
macro avg		0.76	0.75	0.76	10360
weighted avg		0.76	0.76	0.76	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[4898 972]  
 [1476 3014]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9355814402471202  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9275096525096526  
 F1 Score is : 0.9126642632864287  
 Recall Score is : 0.8739420935412027  
 Precision Score is : 0.9549768800194695  
 AUC Value : 0.9212129547774157

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.91	0.97	0.94	5870
	1	0.95	0.87	0.91	4490
accuracy				0.93	10360
macro avg		0.93	0.92	0.93	10360
weighted avg		0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5685 185]  
 [ 566 3924]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.8419031683720531  
Model Test Score is : 0.8142857142857143  
F1 Score is : 0.7913684667100411  
Recall Score is : 0.8126948775055679  
Precision Score is : 0.7711327134404058  
AUC Value : 0.8140987164359185

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.85	0.82	0.83	5870
	1	0.77	0.81	0.79	4490
	accuracy			0.81	10360
	macro avg	0.81	0.81	0.81	10360
	weighted avg	0.82	0.81	0.81	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[4787 1083]  
[ 841 3649]]

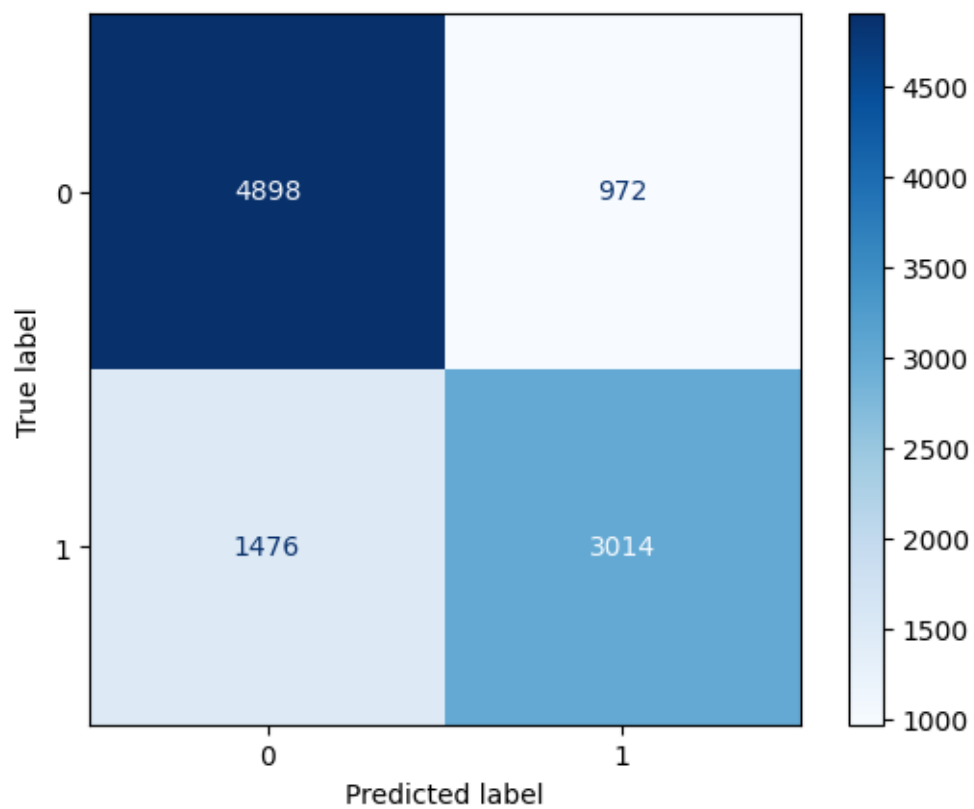
Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

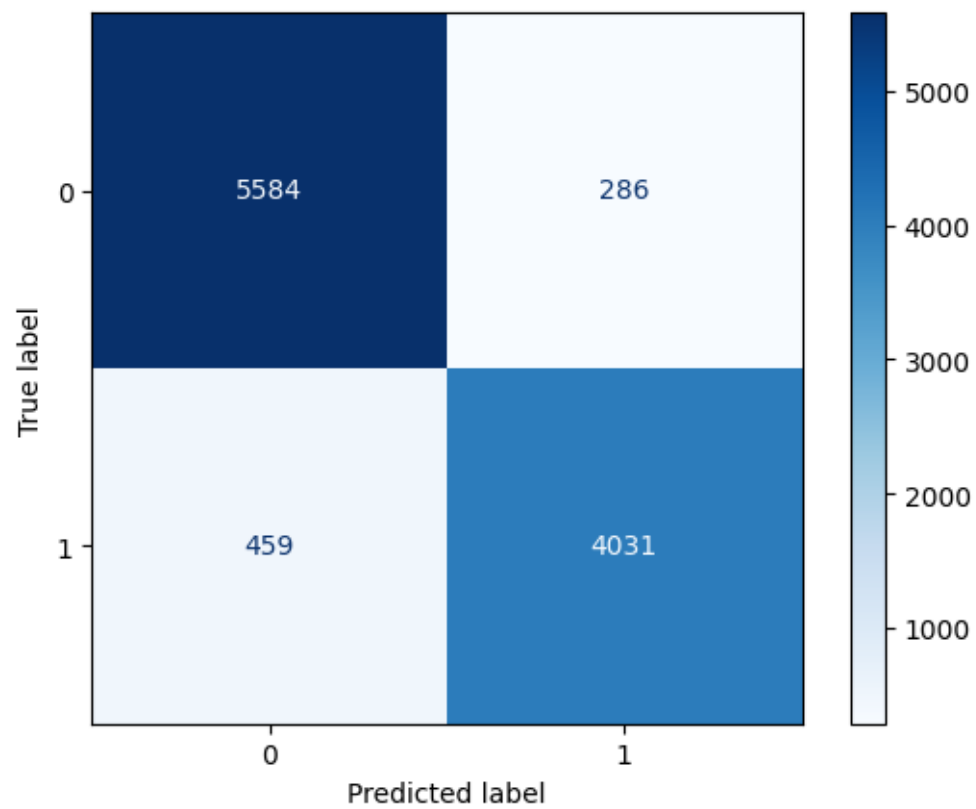
Model Train Score is : 0.9235686552116181  
Model Test Score is : 0.9263513513513514  
F1 Score is : 0.9131671787868443  
Recall Score is : 0.8935412026726058  
Precision Score is : 0.9336746567372586  
AUC Value : 0.922494621779233

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.92	0.95	0.94	5870
	1	0.93	0.89	0.91	4490
	accuracy			0.93	10360
	macro avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	10360
	weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

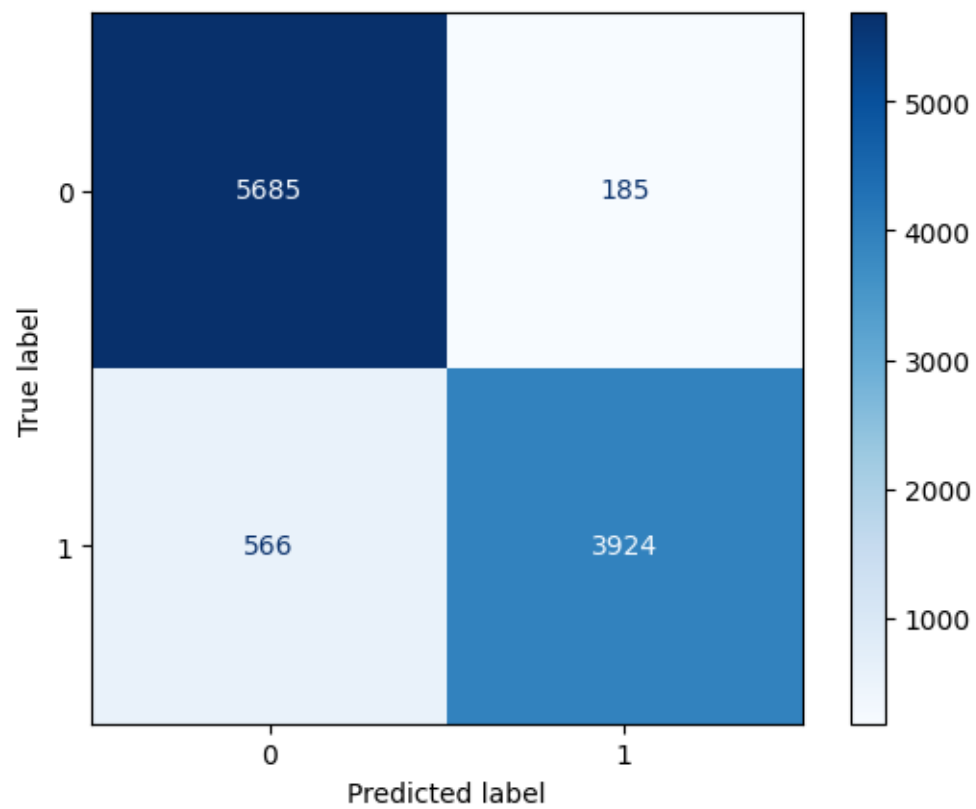
Confusion Matrix is :

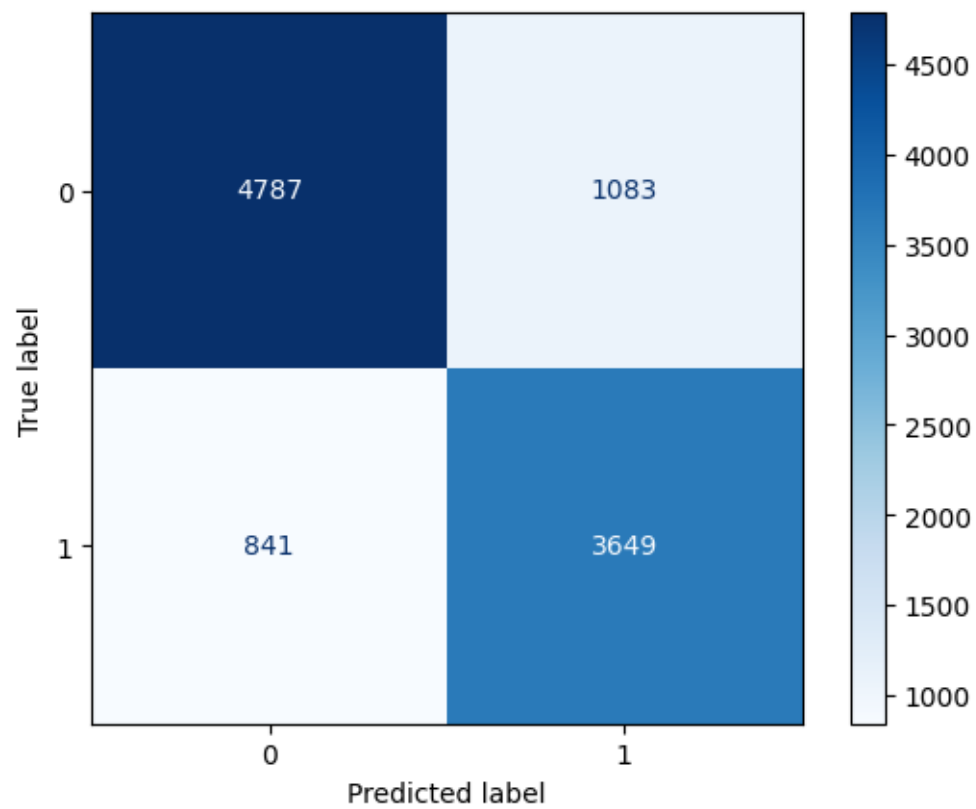
```
[[5585 285]  
[ 478 4012]]
```

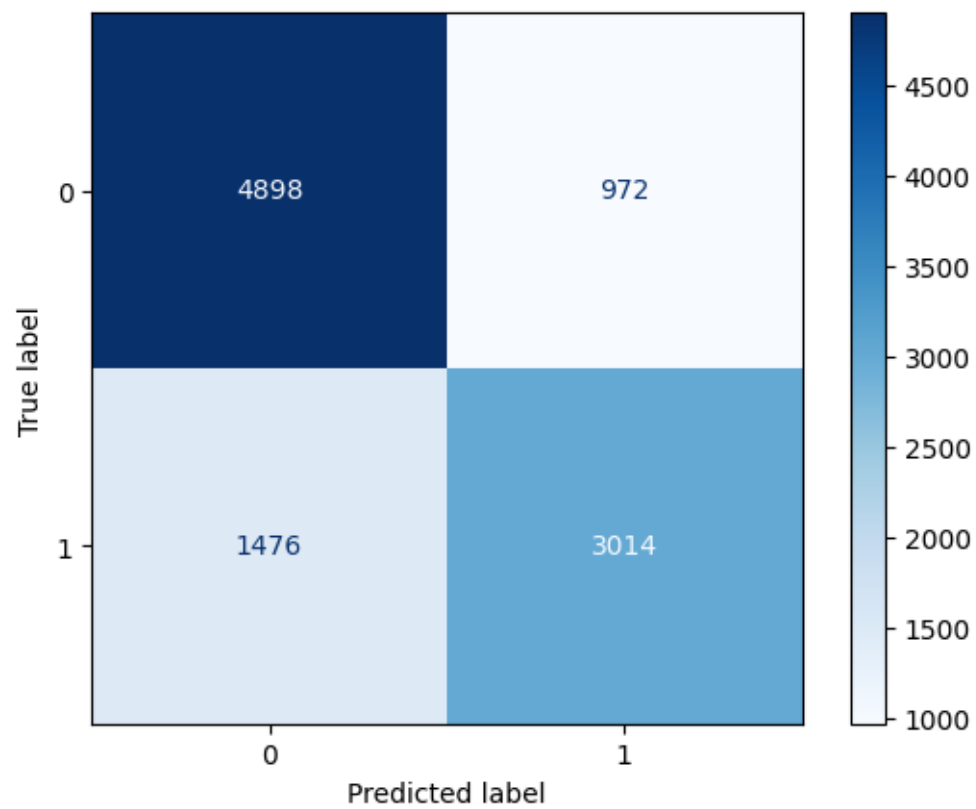


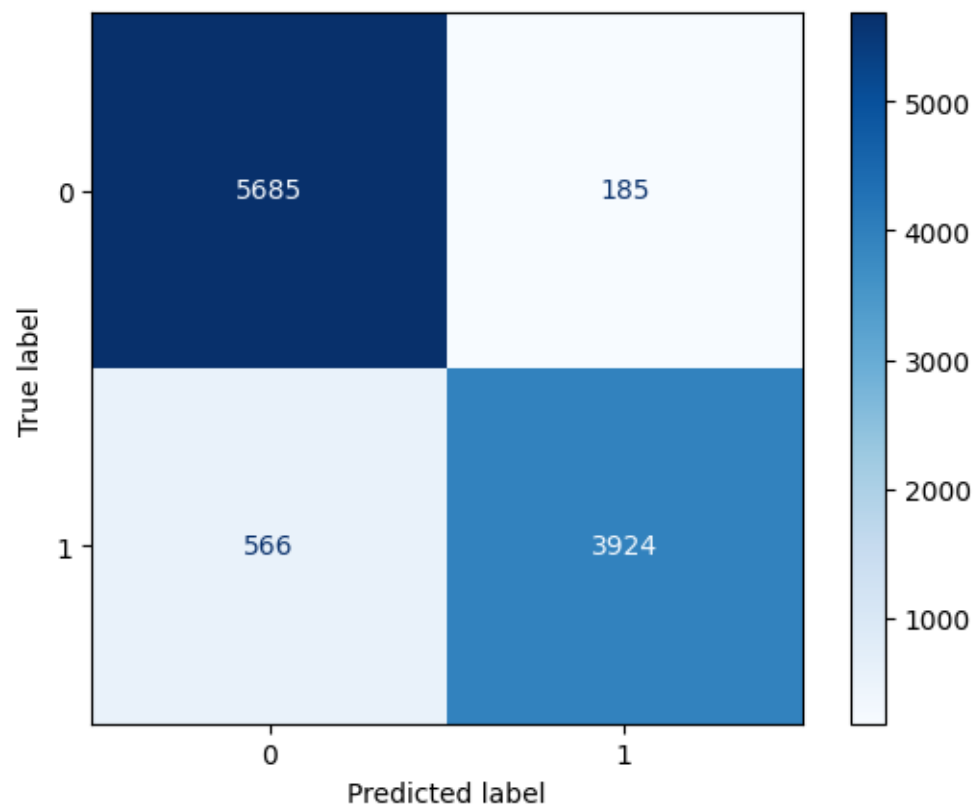


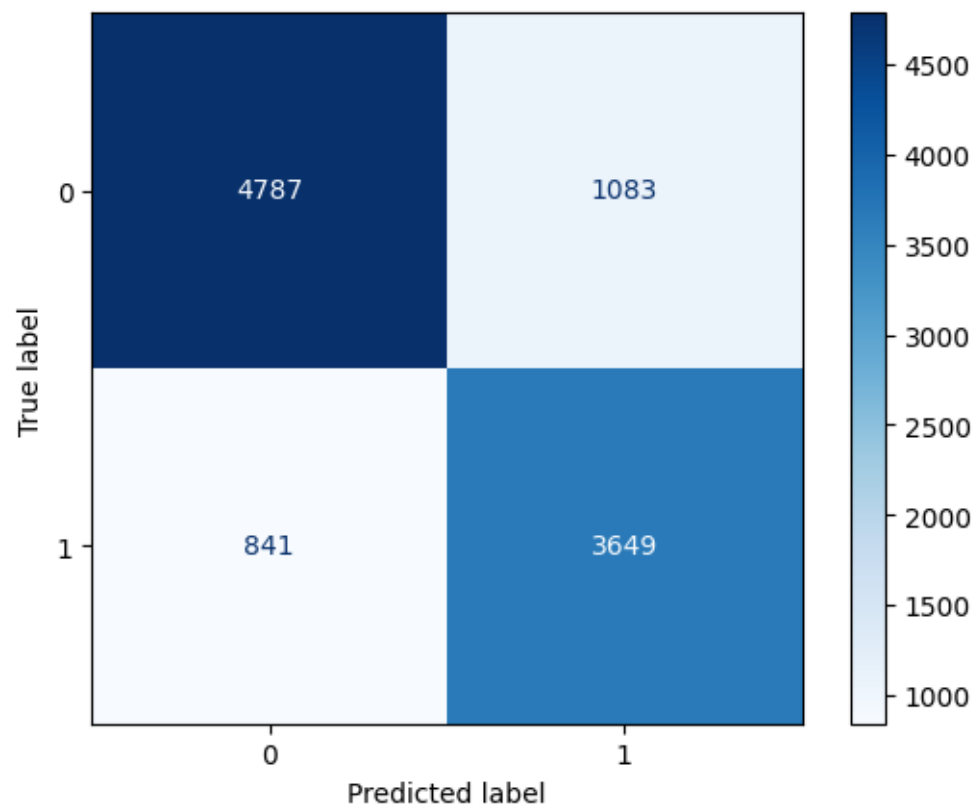


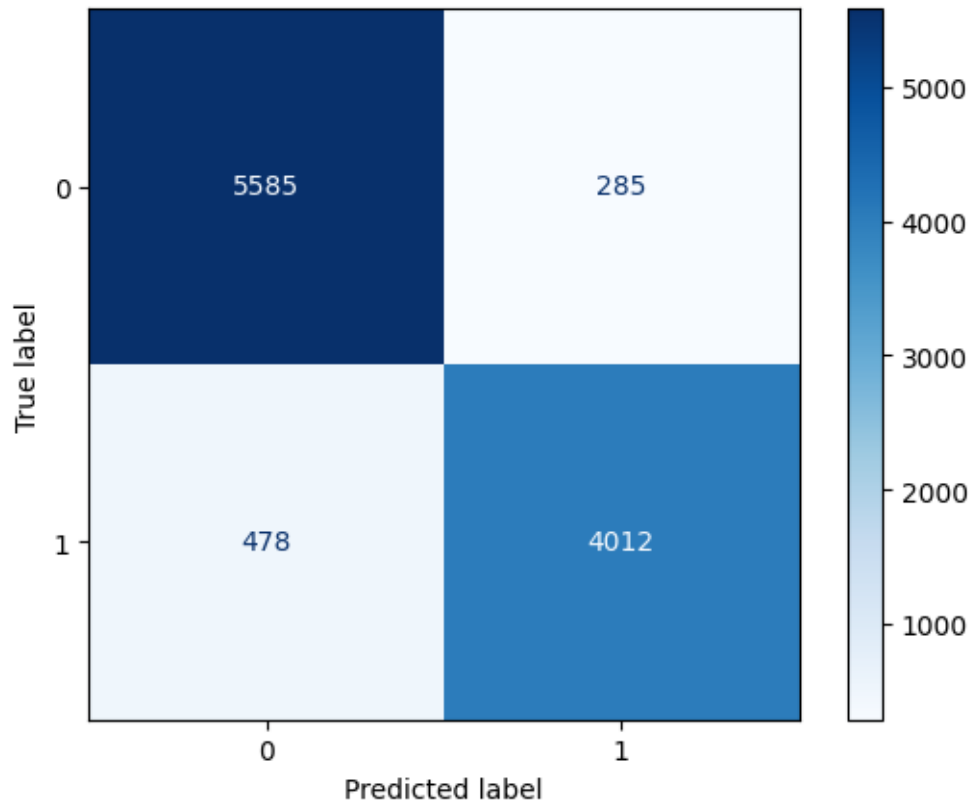












```
[300]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
    ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['KNN','KNN With Feature','KNN Scaling','KNN With_
    ↪Normalize','KNN With PCA','KNN With PCA and Scaling',
    'KNN With PCA and Normalize','KNN With Feature and Poly and_
    ↪Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[300]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy \	
Models			
KNN	0.802122	0.763707	
KNN With Feature	0.924738	0.928089	
KNN Scaling	0.935581	0.927510	
KNN With Normalize	0.841903	0.814286	
KNN With PCA	0.801971	0.763707	
KNN With PCA and Scaling	0.935581	0.927510	
KNN With PCA and Normalize	0.841903	0.814286	
KNN With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.923569	0.926351	
	Test F1	Test Recall	Test Precision \

Models			
KNN	0.711185	0.671269	0.756147
KNN With Feature	0.915408	0.897773	0.933750
KNN Scaling	0.912664	0.873942	0.954977
KNN With Normalize	0.791368	0.812695	0.771133
KNN With PCA	0.711185	0.671269	0.756147
KNN With PCA and Scaling	0.912664	0.873942	0.954977
KNN With PCA and Normalize	0.791368	0.812695	0.771133
KNN With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.913167	0.893541	0.933675

AUC

Models	
KNN	0.752841
KNN With Feature	0.924525
KNN Scaling	0.921213
KNN With Normalize	0.814099
KNN With PCA	0.752841
KNN With PCA and Scaling	0.921213
KNN With PCA and Normalize	0.814099
KNN With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.922495

```
[301]: models_draw(df)
```

GaussianNB

```
[302]: cross_validation(GaussianNB(),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.8672825  0.86738976 0.86698754 0.86663896 0.8675122 ]
Mean 0.8671621931108631
Test Score Value : [0.86678822 0.86700274 0.86807529 0.86845069 0.8656012 ]
Mean 0.8671836284785899
```

```
[303]: Values = Models(GaussianNB(),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

Apply Model With Normal Data :

```
Model Train Score is : 0.8671729197503056
Model Test Score is : 0.8696911196911197
F1 Score is : 0.8460310218978102
Recall Score is : 0.8260579064587973
Precision Score is : 0.8669939223936419
AUC Value : 0.8645621729908978
```

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
--	--	-----------	--------	----------	---------

0	0.87	0.90	0.89	5870
1	0.87	0.83	0.85	4490

accuracy			0.87	10360
macro avg	0.87	0.86	0.87	10360
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5301 569]  
[ 781 3709]]

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

Model Train Score is : 0.8408413239805221  
Model Test Score is : 0.8444980694980695  
F1 Score is : 0.8249103358330617  
Recall Score is : 0.8452115812917594  
Precision Score is : 0.8055614519210359  
AUC Value : 0.8445819405607009

Classification Report is :			precision	recall	f1-score
support					
0	0.88	0.84	0.86		5870
1	0.81	0.85	0.82		4490
accuracy			0.84		10360
macro avg			0.84	0.84	10360
weighted avg			0.85	0.84	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[4954 916]  
[ 695 3795]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.8673445309650986  
Model Test Score is : 0.8696911196911197  
F1 Score is : 0.845960748516659  
Recall Score is : 0.8256124721603564  
Precision Score is : 0.8673373888628919  
AUC Value : 0.8645098135929551

Classification Report is :			precision	recall	f1-score
support					



0	0.87	0.90	0.89	5870
1	0.87	0.83	0.85	4490
accuracy			0.87	10360
macro avg	0.87	0.86	0.87	10360
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5303 567]
 [ 783 3707]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.6093914237295407  
 Model Test Score is : 0.6154440154440154  
 F1 Score is : 0.6603580562659846  
 Recall Score is : 0.8625835189309576  
 Precision Score is : 0.5349447513812154  
 AUC Value : 0.6444944851894993

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
 support

0	0.80	0.43	0.56	5870
1	0.53	0.86	0.66	4490
accuracy			0.62	10360
macro avg	0.67	0.64	0.61	10360
weighted avg	0.69	0.62	0.60	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[2503 3367]
 [ 617 3873]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 0.8277666945534891  
 Model Test Score is : 0.8277992277992278  
 F1 Score is : 0.7935185185185185  
 Recall Score is : 0.7634743875278397  
 Precision Score is : 0.8260240963855422  
 AUC Value : 0.8202380455526762

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.83	0.88	0.85	5870
1	0.83	0.76	0.79	4490
accuracy			0.83	10360
macro avg	0.83	0.82	0.82	10360
weighted avg	0.83	0.83	0.83	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5148 722]
 [1062 3428]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.844488062294871  
 Model Test Score is : 0.8442084942084942  
 F1 Score is : 0.8154162854528819  
 Recall Score is : 0.7939866369710468  
 Precision Score is : 0.8380347907851434  
 AUC Value : 0.8383050731703616

Classification Report is :                      precision      recall      f1-score  
support

0	0.85	0.88	0.87	5870
1	0.84	0.79	0.82	4490
accuracy			0.84	10360
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5181 689]
 [ 925 3565]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.5719587275028423  
 Model Test Score is : 0.5803088803088803  
 F1 Score is : 0.6423753906892582

Recall Score is : 0.8697104677060133  
Precision Score is : 0.5092592592592593  
AUC Value : 0.6143271248240458

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.78	0.36	0.49	5870
	1	0.51	0.87	0.64	4490
	accuracy			0.58	10360
	macro avg	0.65	0.61	0.57	10360
	weighted avg	0.66	0.58	0.56	10360

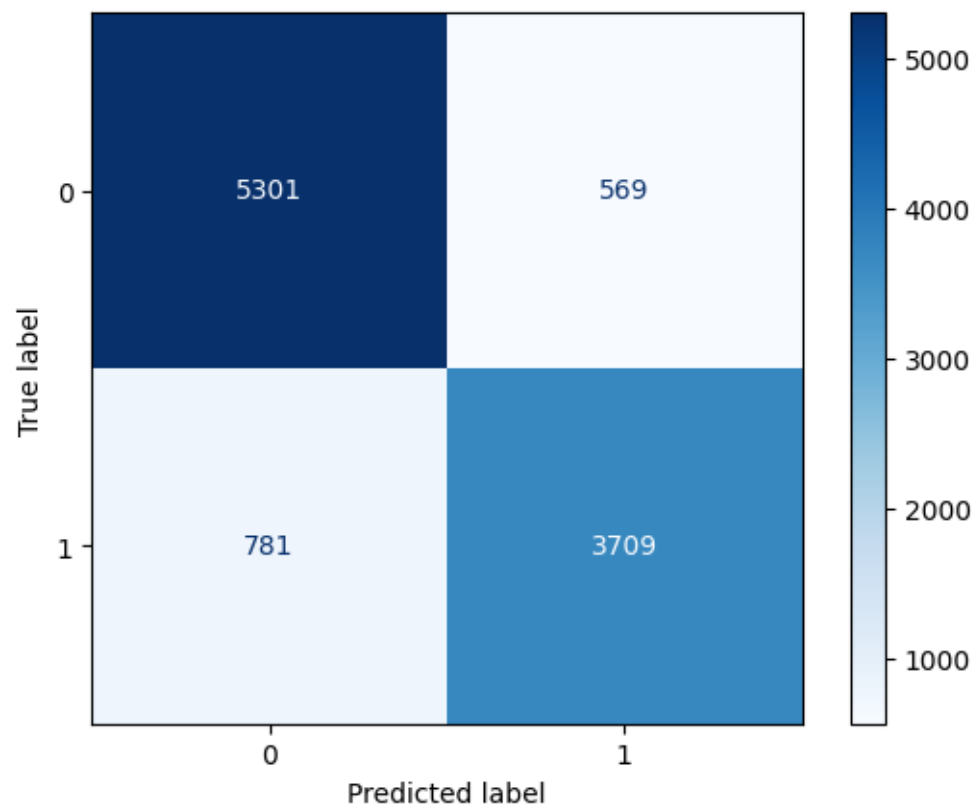
Confusion Matrix is :  
[[2107 3763]  
[ 585 3905]]

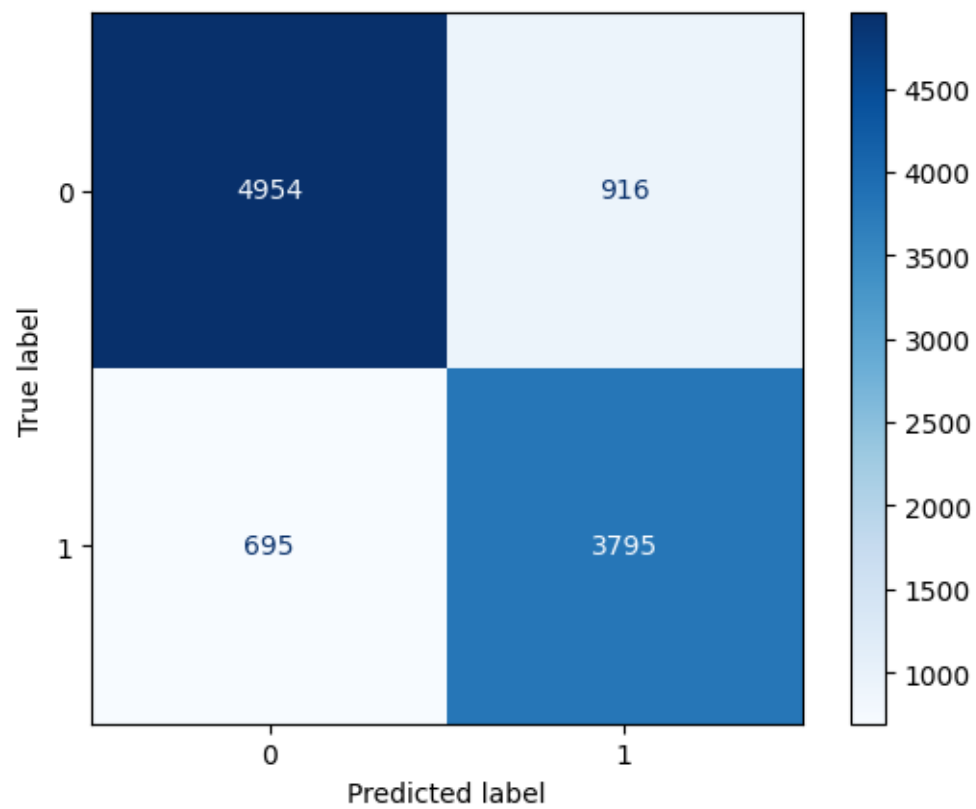
Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

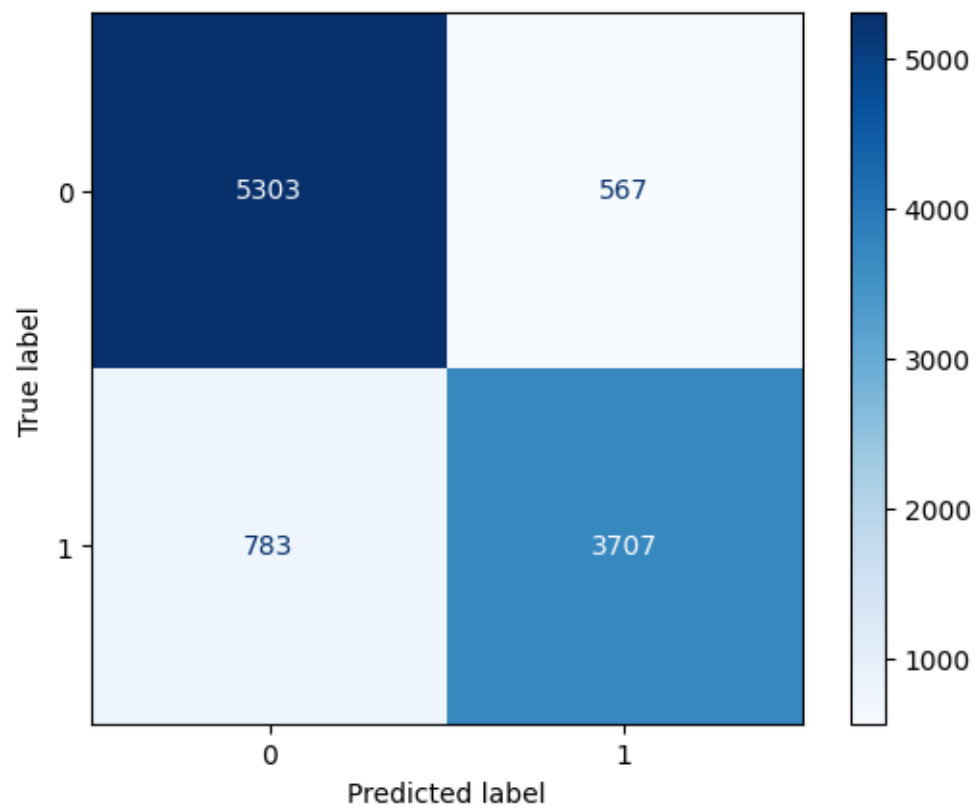
Model Train Score is : 0.8347491258553746  
Model Test Score is : 0.8376447876447877  
F1 Score is : 0.8220482437579347  
Recall Score is : 0.8652561247216035  
Precision Score is : 0.782950423216445  
AUC Value : 0.8408904132977693

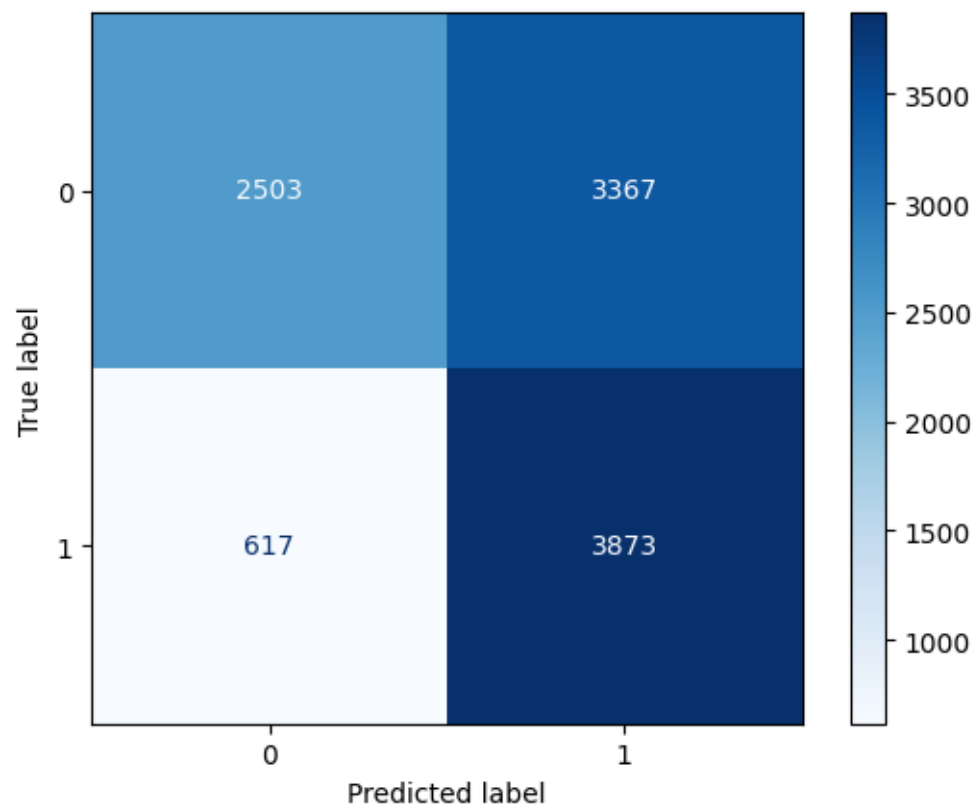
Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.89	0.82	0.85	5870
	1	0.78	0.87	0.82	4490
	accuracy			0.84	10360
	macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360
	weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	10360

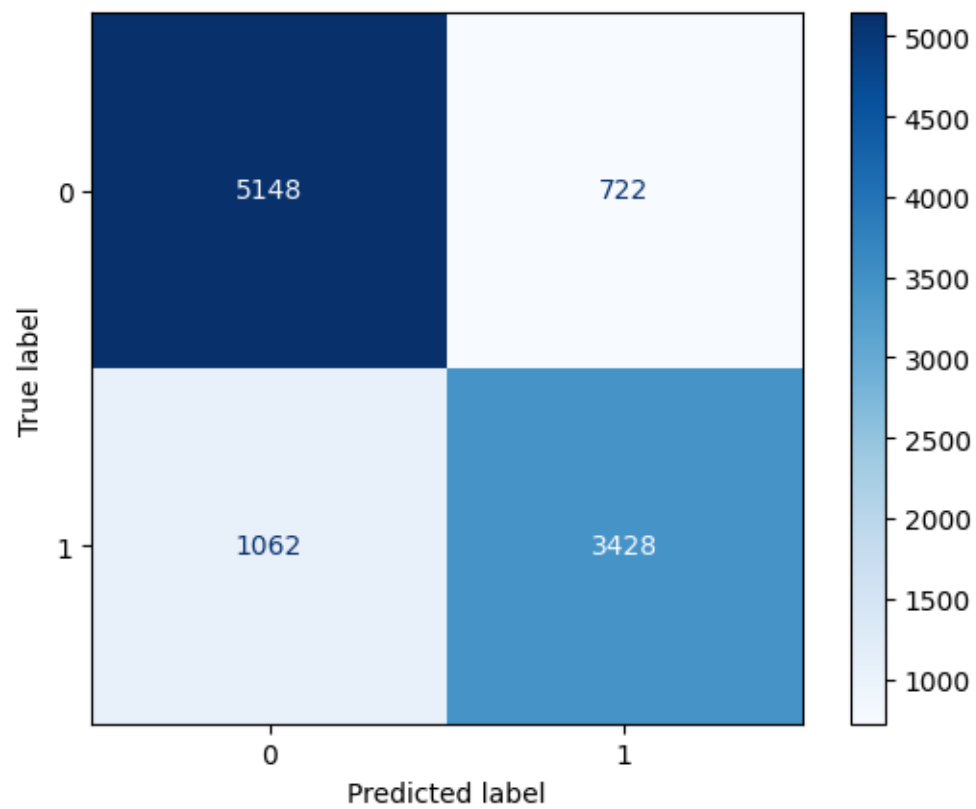
Confusion Matrix is :  
[[4793 1077]  
[ 605 3885]]



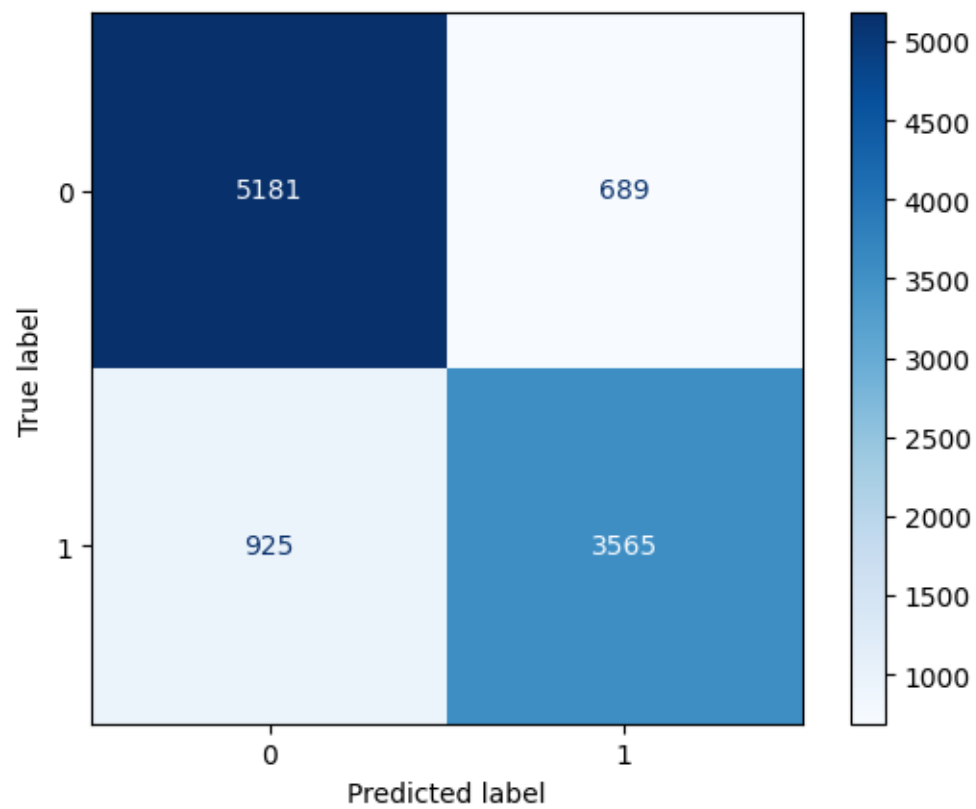


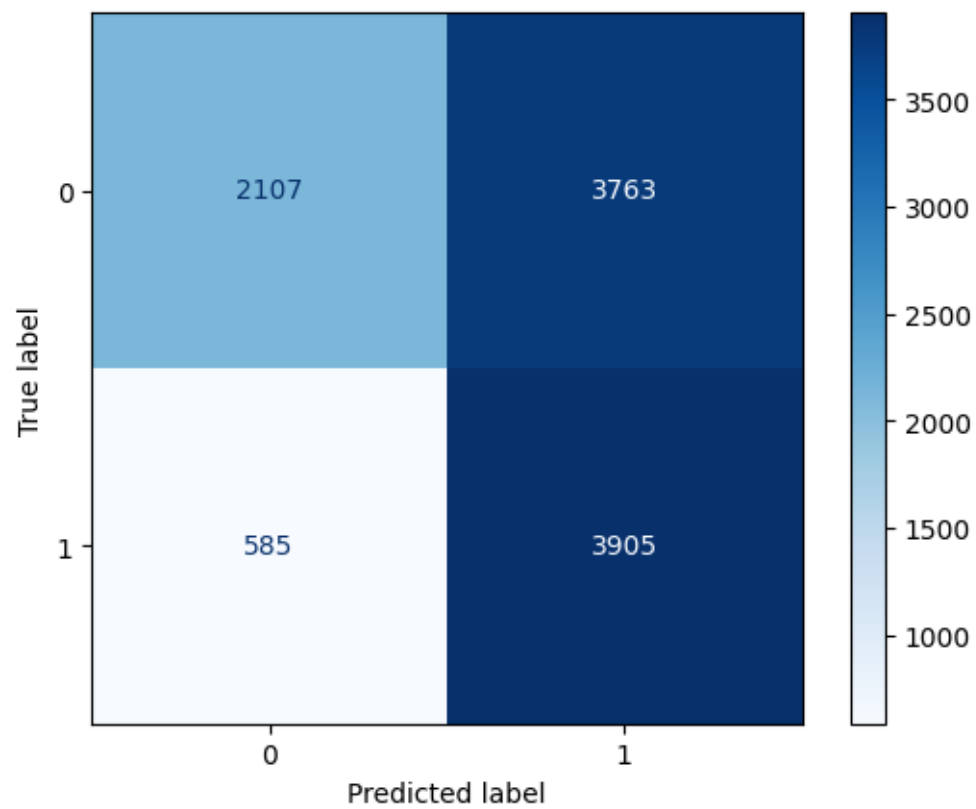


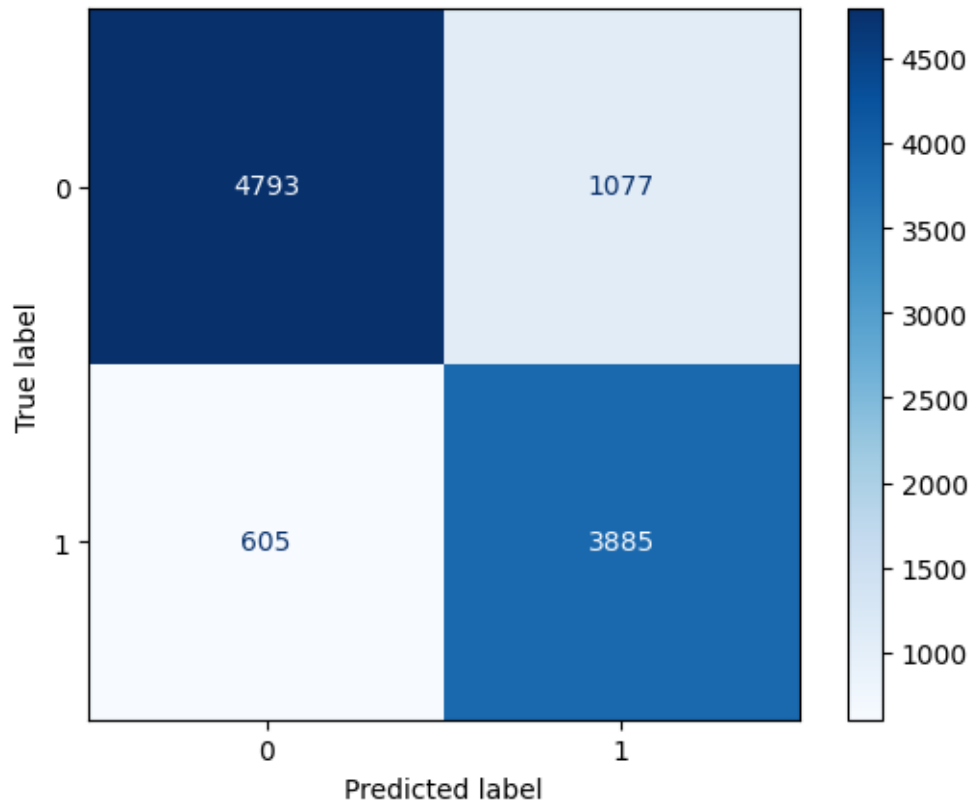












```
[304]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
      ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['NB','NB With Feature','NB Scaling','KNN With Normalize','NB_
      ↪With PCA','NB With PCA and Scaling',
      'NB With PCA and Normalize','NB With Feature and Poly and_
      ↪Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[304]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy	Test F1 \
Models			
NB	0.867173	0.869691	0.846031
NB With Feature	0.840841	0.844498	0.824910
NB Scaling	0.867345	0.869691	0.845961
KNN With Normalize	0.609391	0.615444	0.660358
NB With PCA	0.827767	0.827799	0.793519
NB With PCA and Scaling	0.844488	0.844208	0.815416
NB With PCA and Normalize	0.571959	0.580309	0.642375
NB With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.834749	0.837645	0.822048

	Test Recall	Test Precision	AUC

Models			
NB	0.826058	0.866994	0.864562
NB With Feature	0.845212	0.805561	0.844582
NB Scaling	0.825612	0.867337	0.864510
KNN With Normalize	0.862584	0.534945	0.644494
NB With PCA	0.763474	0.826024	0.820238
NB With PCA and Scaling	0.793987	0.838035	0.838305
NB With PCA and Normalize	0.869710	0.509259	0.614327
NB With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.865256	0.782950	0.840890

```
[305]: models_draw(df)
```

GradientBoostingClassifier

```
[306]: Search(GradientBoostingClassifier(max_depth=3),{'max_depth':
↳ [5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40]},X_train,y_train)
```

```
[306]: GradientBoostingClassifier(max_depth=10)
```

```
[307]: cross_validation(GradientBoostingClassifier(max_depth=10),X_train,y_train)
```

```
Train Score Value : [0.99501254 0.99568289 0.99671525 0.9953209 0.99514667]
Mean 0.995575649518891
Test Score Value : [0.96213868 0.96187054 0.96256771 0.96224594 0.96428188]
Mean 0.9626209500925995
```

```
[308]: Values =
↳ Models(GradientBoostingClassifier(max_depth=10),X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test)
```

Apply Model With Normal Data :

```
Model Train Score is : 0.992931763090718
Model Test Score is : 0.9640926640926641
F1 Score is : 0.9579470947320823
Recall Score is : 0.9436525612472161
Precision Score is : 0.9726813590449954
AUC Value : 0.9616899944225858
```

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.98	0.97		5870
1	0.97	0.94	0.96		4490
accuracy			0.96		10360
macro avg	0.97	0.96	0.96		10360
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96		10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5751  119]
 [ 253 4237]]
```

Apply Model With Feature Selection :

Model Train Score is : 0.9263787888538516

Model Test Score is : 0.9302123552123552

F1 Score is : 0.9179434797412325

Recall Score is : 0.9006681514476614

Precision Score is : 0.935894468872946

AUC Value : 0.9267395271718716

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.93	0.95	0.94	5870
	1	0.94	0.90	0.92	4490
accuracy			0.93		10360
macro avg		0.93	0.93	0.93	10360
weighted avg		0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5593  277]
 [ 446 4044]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9925349121565095

Model Test Score is : 0.9640926640926641

F1 Score is : 0.9579661016949153

Recall Score is : 0.944097995545657

Precision Score is : 0.9722477064220183

AUC Value : 0.9617423538205285

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.96	0.98	0.97	5870
	1	0.97	0.94	0.96	4490
accuracy			0.96		10360

macro avg	0.97	0.96	0.96	10360
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5749 121]
 [ 251 4239]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.9876118154321385  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9475868725868726  
 F1 Score is : 0.9391187352842246  
 Recall Score is : 0.9327394209354121  
 Precision Score is : 0.945585911040867  
 AUC Value : 0.9458416014387453

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
--	--	-----------	--------	----------	---------

0	0.95	0.96	0.95	5870
1	0.95	0.93	0.94	4490

accuracy			0.95	10360
macro avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5629 241]
 [ 302 4188]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA :

Model Train Score is : 0.994862389257138  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9488416988416989  
 F1 Score is : 0.9396355353075171  
 Recall Score is : 0.9187082405345212  
 Precision Score is : 0.9615384615384616  
 AUC Value : 0.9452996057868518

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
--	--	-----------	--------	----------	---------

0	0.94	0.97	0.96	5870
---	------	------	------	------

1	0.96	0.92	0.94	4490
accuracy			0.95	10360
macro avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5705 165]  
[ 365 4125]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9925992663620568  
Model Test Score is : 0.946911196911197  
F1 Score is : 0.9375851112119837  
Recall Score is : 0.9200445434298441  
Precision Score is : 0.9558074965293846  
AUC Value : 0.9437531064679033

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.97	0.95	5870	
1	0.96	0.92	0.94	4490	
accuracy			0.95	10360	
macro avg	0.95	0.94	0.95	10360	
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	10360	

Confusion Matrix is :  
[[5679 191]  
[ 359 4131]]

Apply Model With Normal Data With PCA and Normalize :

Model Train Score is : 0.9940043331831735  
Model Test Score is : 0.9226833976833977  
F1 Score is : 0.9086971389490482  
Recall Score is : 0.8877505567928731  
Precision Score is : 0.9306560821853841  
AUC Value : 0.9185771523317006

Classification Report is :		precision	recall	f1-score
----------------------------	--	-----------	--------	----------

support

0	0.92	0.95	0.93	5870
1	0.93	0.89	0.91	4490
accuracy			0.92	10360
macro avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	10360
weighted avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	10360

Confusion Matrix is :

```
[[5573 297]
```

```
[ 504 3986]]
```

Apply Model With Normal Data With Feature Selection and Poly and Scaling :

Model Train Score is : 0.9263787888538516

Model Test Score is : 0.9298262548262548

F1 Score is : 0.9175456504479982

Recall Score is : 0.9008908685968819

Precision Score is : 0.934827825283106

AUC Value : 0.9264249913682877

Classification Report is :

precision recall f1-score

support

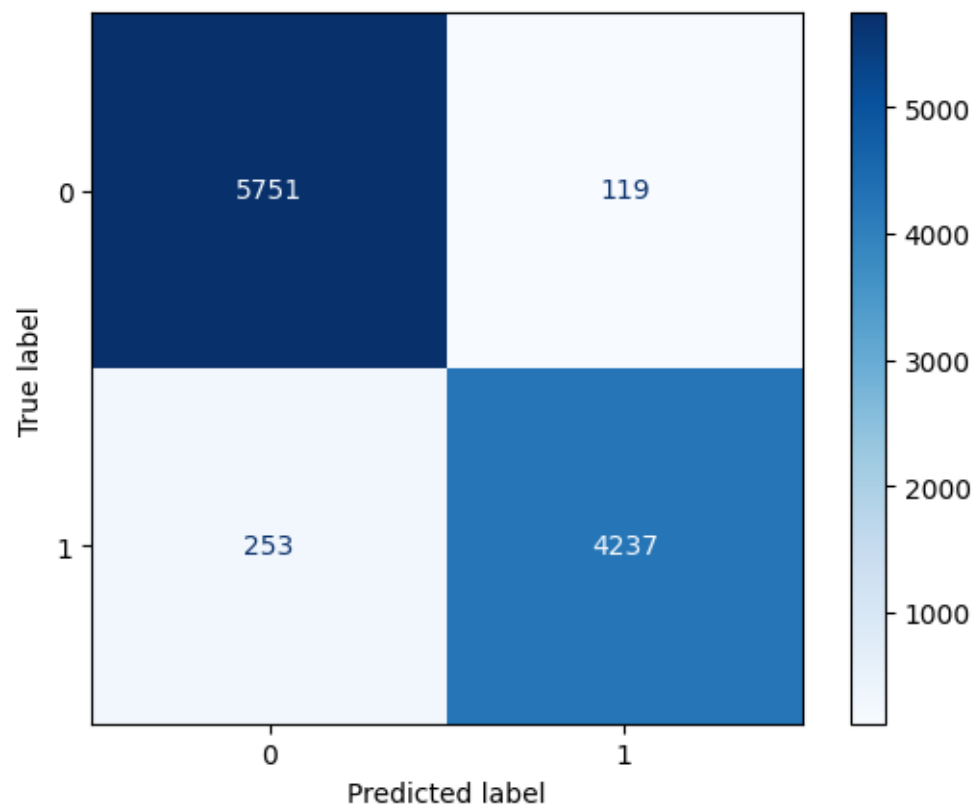
0	0.93	0.95	0.94	5870
1	0.93	0.90	0.92	4490
accuracy			0.93	10360
macro avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	10360

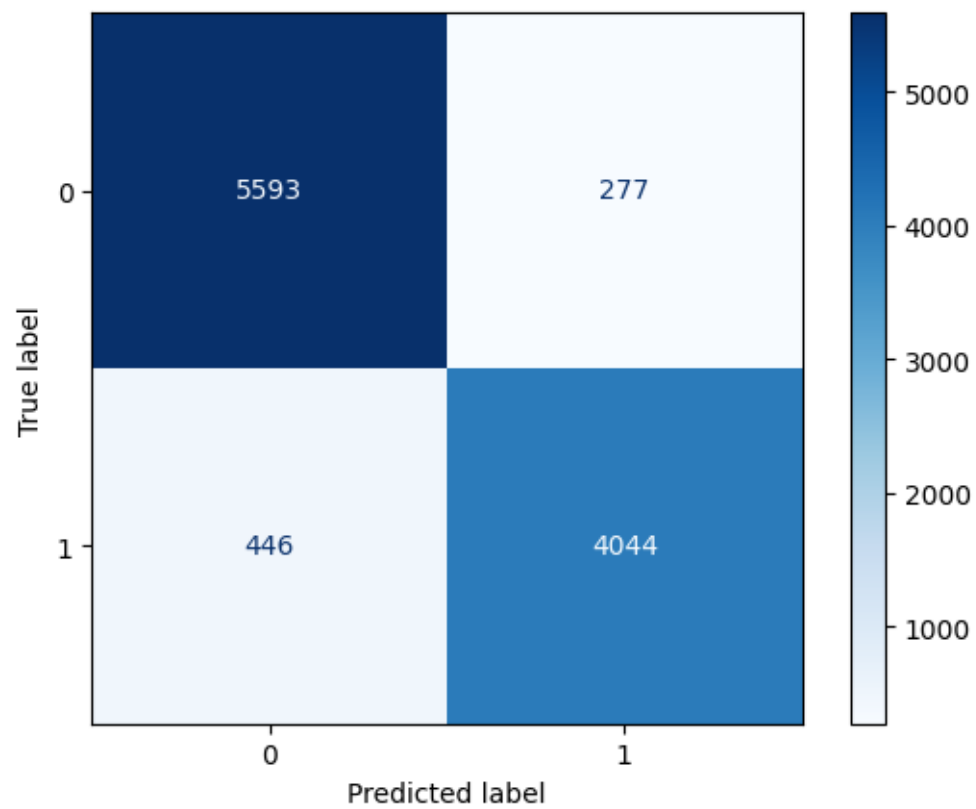
Confusion Matrix is :

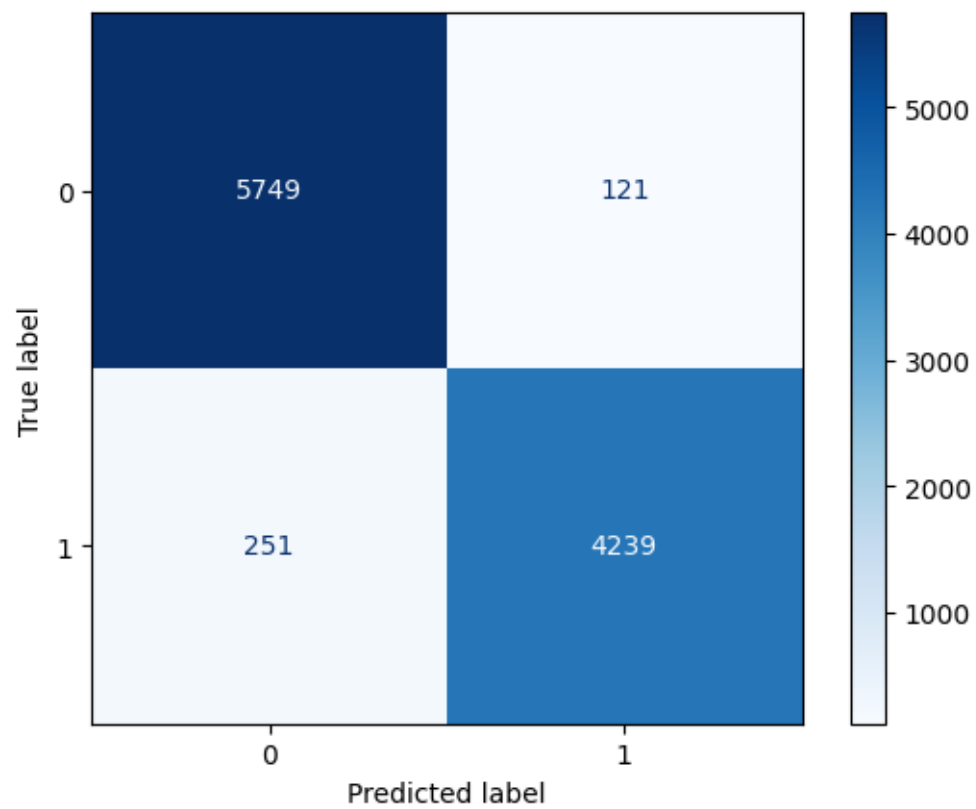
```
[[5588 282]
```

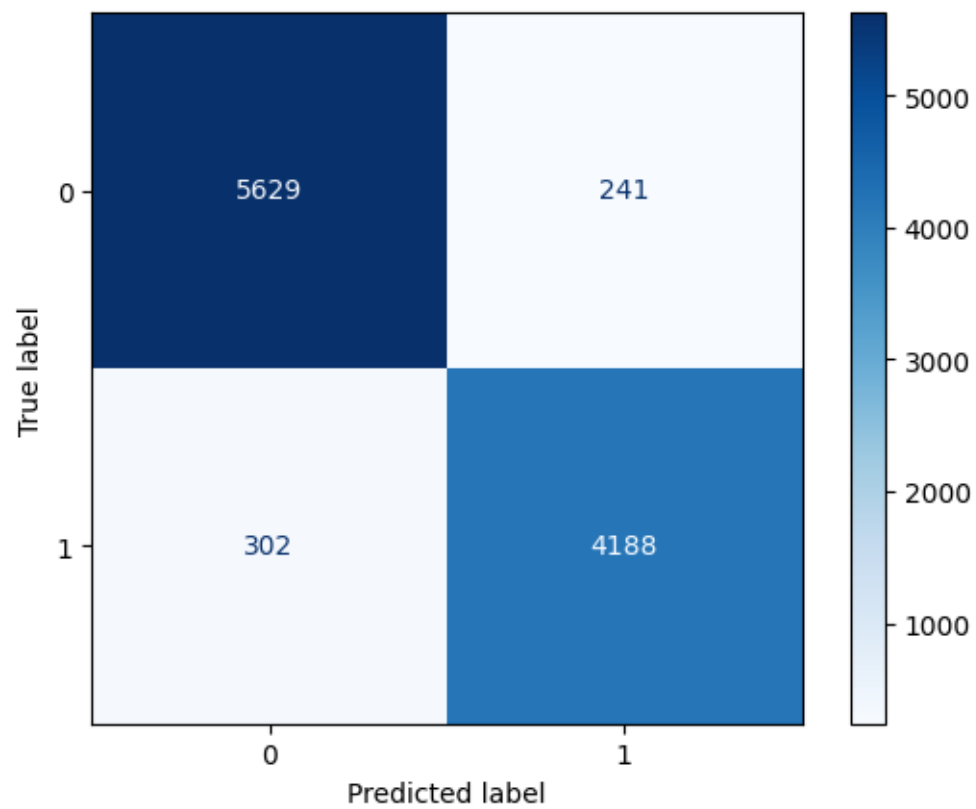
```
[ 445 4045]]
```

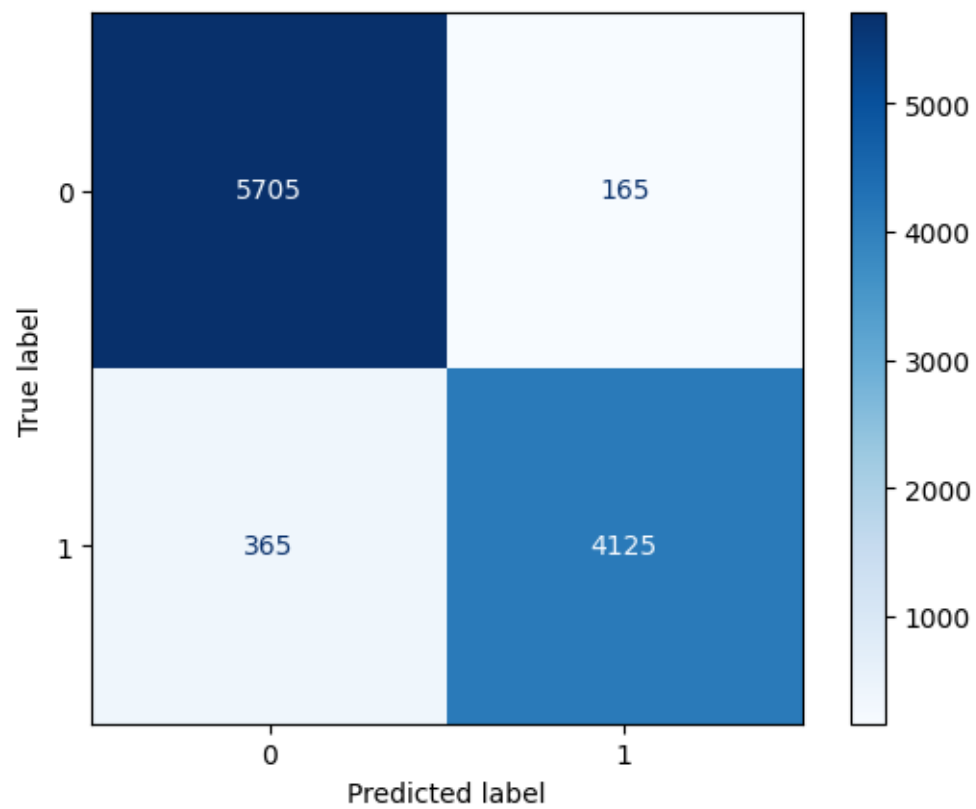


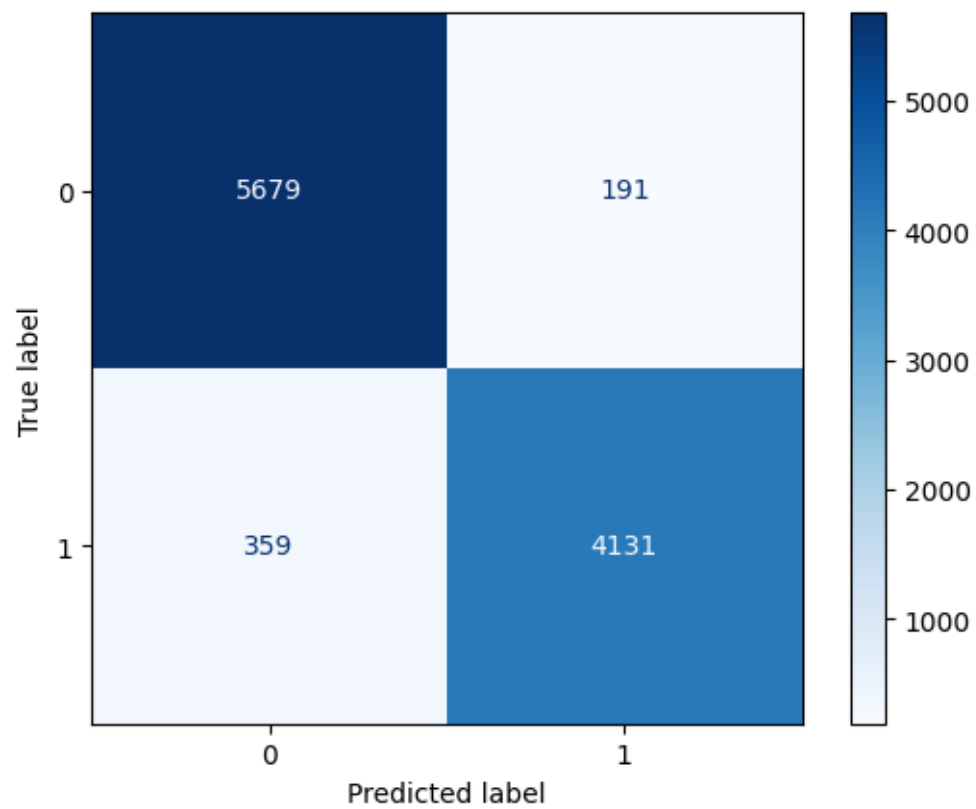


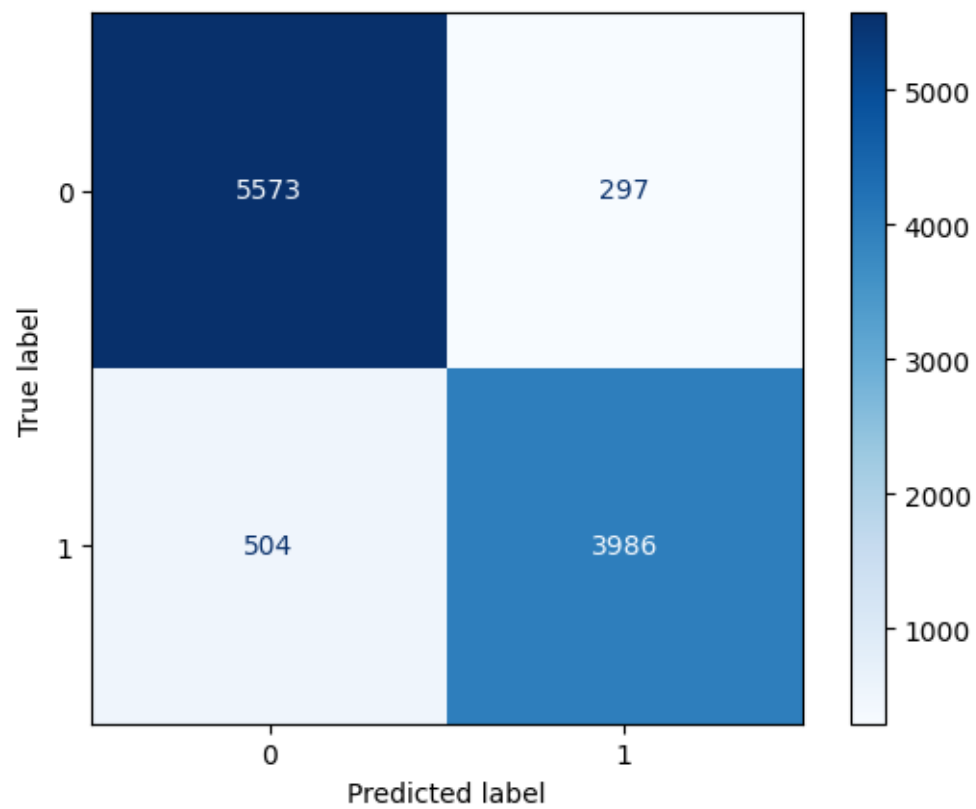


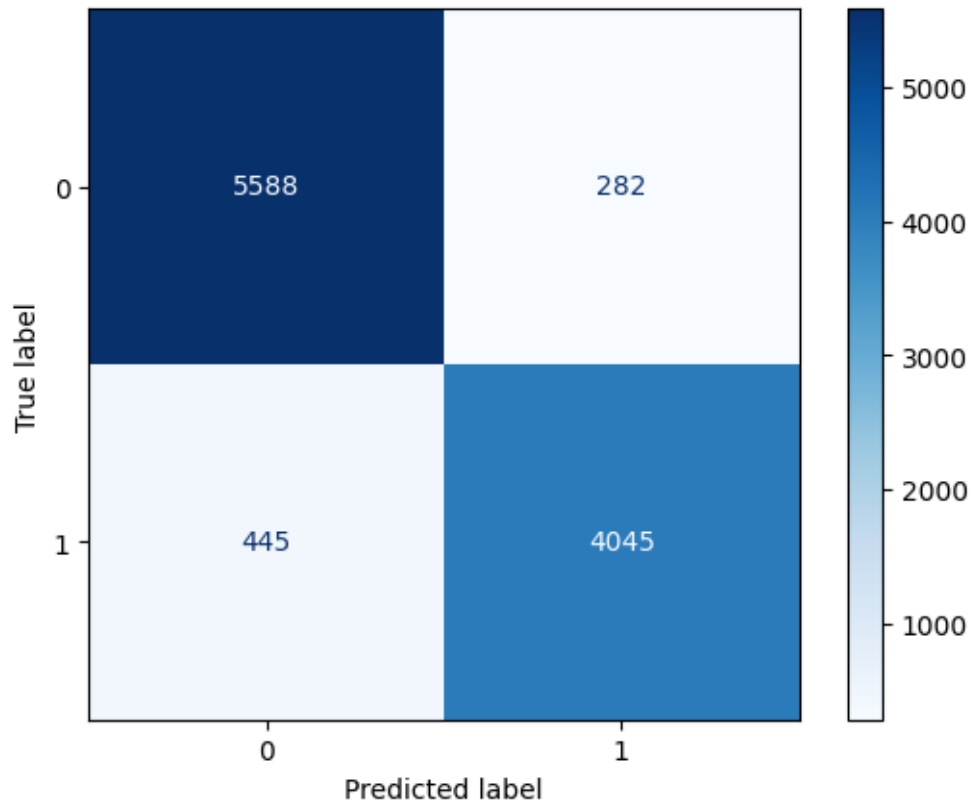












```
[309]: df = pd.DataFrame(Values,columns=['Train Accuracy','Test Accuracy','Test_
      ↪F1','Test Recall','Test Precision','AUC'])
df['Models'] = ['Gradient','Gradient With Feature','Gradient Scaling','Gradient_
      ↪With Normalize','Gradient With PCA','Gradient With PCA and Scaling',
      'Gradient With PCA and Normalize','Gradient With Feature and_
      ↪Poly and Scaling']
df.set_index('Models', inplace=True)
df
```

```
[309]:
```

	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy \
Models		
Gradient	0.992932	0.964093
Gradient With Feature	0.926379	0.930212
Gradient Scaling	0.992535	0.964093
Gradient With Normalize	0.987612	0.947587
Gradient With PCA	0.994862	0.948842
Gradient With PCA and Scaling	0.992599	0.946911
Gradient With PCA and Normalize	0.994004	0.922683
Gradient With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.926379	0.929826

	Test F1	Test Recall \
--	---------	---------------



Models		
Gradient	0.957947	0.943653
Gradient With Feature	0.917943	0.900668
Gradient Scaling	0.957966	0.944098
Gradient With Normalize	0.939119	0.932739
Gradient With PCA	0.939636	0.918708
Gradient With PCA and Scaling	0.937585	0.920045
Gradient With PCA and Normalize	0.908697	0.887751
Gradient With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.917546	0.900891

	Test Precision	AUC
Models		
Gradient	0.972681	0.961690
Gradient With Feature	0.935894	0.926740
Gradient Scaling	0.972248	0.961742
Gradient With Normalize	0.945586	0.945842
Gradient With PCA	0.961538	0.945300
Gradient With PCA and Scaling	0.955807	0.943753
Gradient With PCA and Normalize	0.930656	0.918577
Gradient With Feature and Poly and Scaling	0.934828	0.926425

```
[310]: models_draw(df)
```

```
** #
```

DL Models

Tabel of Contents

```
[311]: X_train_c,y_train_c,X_test_c,y_test_c=Split(X_classification,y_classification)
```

```
X_train shape is (93234, 22)
```

```
X_test shape is (10360, 22)
```

```
y_train shape is (93234,)
```

```
y_test shape is (10360,)
```

```
[312]: classification_Input = keras.Input(shape=(X_classification.shape[1],))
```

```
dense_layer1 = keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
↳name='Dense_Layer1')(classification_Input)
```

```
batch = keras.layers.BatchNormalization()(dense_layer1)
```

```
drop = keras.layers.Dropout(.2)(batch)
```

```
dense_layer2 = keras.layers.Dense(256, activation='relu',
↳name='Dense_Layer2')(drop)
```

```
batch = keras.layers.BatchNormalization()(dense_layer2)
```

```
layer_C = keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid',
↳name='Dense_Layer3')(batch)
```

```
model = keras.Model(inputs=[classification_Input], outputs=[layer_C])
```

```
[313]: model.summary()
```

Model: "functional\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 22)	0
Dense_Layer1 (Dense)	(None, 128)	2,944
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 128)	512
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
Dense_Layer2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	33,024
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 256)	1,024
Dense_Layer3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257

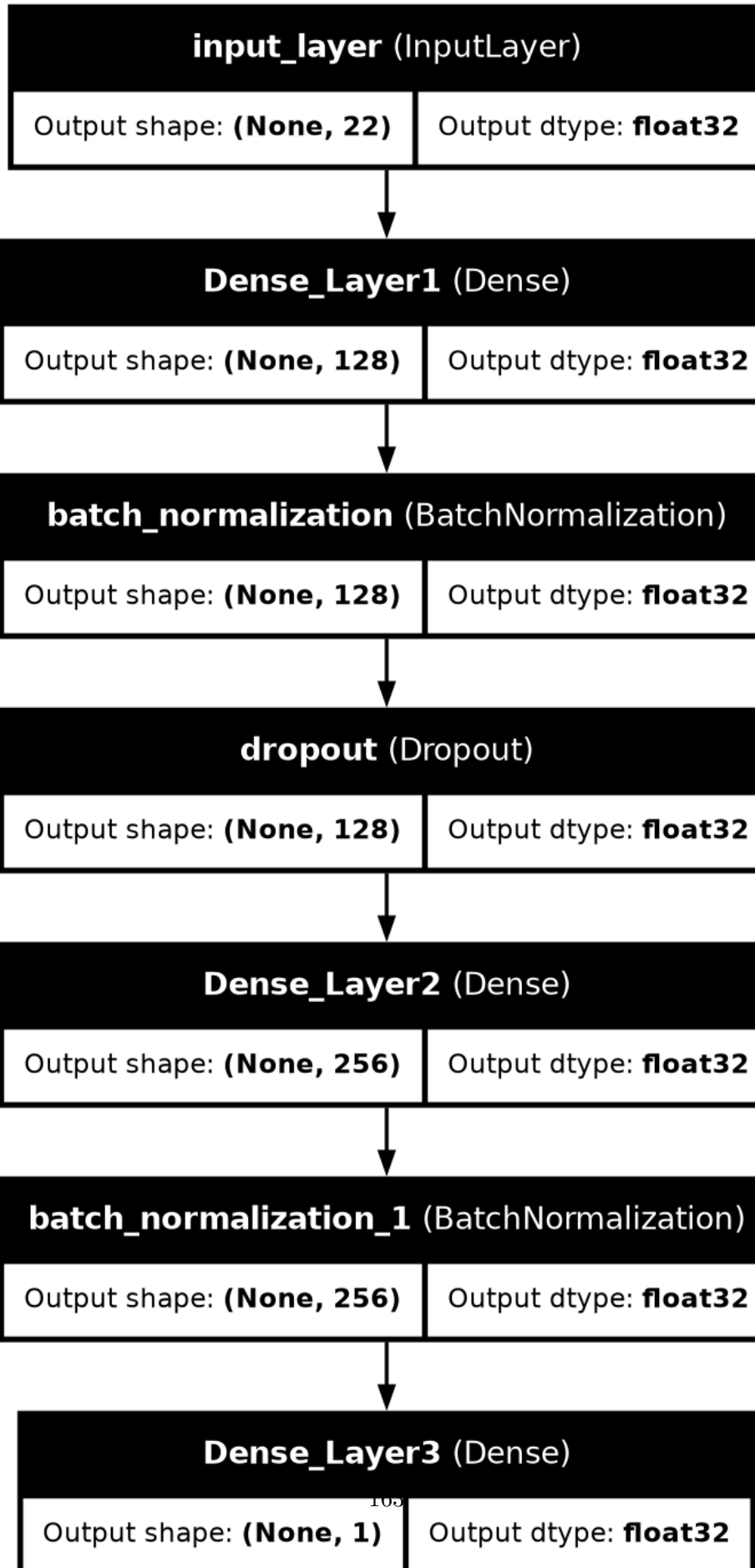
Total params: 37,761 (147.50 KB)

Trainable params: 36,993 (144.50 KB)

Non-trainable params: 768 (3.00 KB)

```
[314]: keras.utils.plot_model(model, to_file='model.png', show_shapes=True,
↳ show_layer_names=True, show_dtype=True, dpi=120)
```

[314]:



```
[315]: model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                    loss={'Dense_Layer3': 'binary_crossentropy'},
                    metrics={'Dense_Layer3': 'accuracy'})
checkpoint_cb = keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("my_keras_model.keras",
    ↪save_best_only=True)
early_stopping_cb = keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(patience=10,
    ↪restore_best_weights=True)
hist = model.fit(X_train_c,y_train_c,
                epochs=50,
                batch_size=32,validation_split=.1,
                callbacks=[checkpoint_cb, early_stopping_cb])
```

```
Epoch 1/50
2623/2623          10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7784 - loss: 0.4769 - val_accuracy: 0.8225 - val_loss: 0.4617
Epoch 2/50
2623/2623          10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8604 - loss: 0.3454 - val_accuracy: 0.8886 - val_loss: 0.2620
Epoch 3/50
2623/2623          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8754 - loss: 0.2977 - val_accuracy: 0.8871 - val_loss: 0.2660
Epoch 4/50
2623/2623          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8853 - loss: 0.2742 - val_accuracy: 0.8705 - val_loss: 0.3019
Epoch 5/50
2623/2623          10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8913 - loss: 0.2633 - val_accuracy: 0.9044 - val_loss: 0.2236
Epoch 6/50
2623/2623          7s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8974 - loss: 0.2479 - val_accuracy: 0.9027 - val_loss: 0.2256
Epoch 7/50
2623/2623          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8959 - loss: 0.2489 - val_accuracy: 0.9026 - val_loss: 0.2315
Epoch 8/50
2623/2623          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9014 - loss: 0.2366 - val_accuracy: 0.9142 - val_loss: 0.2015
Epoch 9/50
2623/2623          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8989 - loss: 0.2443 - val_accuracy: 0.9162 - val_loss: 0.2028
Epoch 10/50
2623/2623          10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9013 - loss: 0.2350 - val_accuracy: 0.9115 - val_loss: 0.2162
Epoch 11/50
2623/2623          7s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9056 - loss: 0.2285 - val_accuracy: 0.9139 - val_loss: 0.2091
```

Epoch 12/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9032 - loss: 0.2301 - val\_accuracy: 0.9114 - val\_loss: 0.2109  
Epoch 13/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9049 - loss: 0.2305 - val\_accuracy: 0.8967 - val\_loss: 0.2594  
Epoch 14/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9074 - loss: 0.2227 - val\_accuracy: 0.9014 - val\_loss: 0.2385  
Epoch 15/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9087 - loss: 0.2208 - val\_accuracy: 0.9206 - val\_loss: 0.1904  
Epoch 16/50  
2623/2623                11s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9093 - loss: 0.2173 - val\_accuracy: 0.8944 - val\_loss: 0.2419  
Epoch 17/50  
2623/2623                9s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9091 - loss: 0.2189 - val\_accuracy: 0.9002 - val\_loss: 0.2436  
Epoch 18/50  
2623/2623                8s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9077 - loss: 0.2224 - val\_accuracy: 0.9157 - val\_loss: 0.2056  
Epoch 19/50  
2623/2623                10s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9092 - loss: 0.2202 - val\_accuracy: 0.9256 - val\_loss: 0.1890  
Epoch 20/50  
2623/2623                8s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9094 - loss: 0.2194 - val\_accuracy: 0.8935 - val\_loss: 0.2539  
Epoch 21/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9122 - loss: 0.2136 - val\_accuracy: 0.9261 - val\_loss: 0.1853  
Epoch 22/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9135 - loss: 0.2115 - val\_accuracy: 0.9183 - val\_loss: 0.1879  
Epoch 23/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9121 - loss: 0.2125 - val\_accuracy: 0.9022 - val\_loss: 0.2228  
Epoch 24/50  
2623/2623                11s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9118 - loss: 0.2129 - val\_accuracy: 0.8959 - val\_loss: 0.2805  
Epoch 25/50  
2623/2623                7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9118 - loss: 0.2141 - val\_accuracy: 0.9019 - val\_loss: 0.2341  
Epoch 26/50  
2623/2623                8s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9138 - loss: 0.2082 - val\_accuracy: 0.9281 - val\_loss: 0.1763  
Epoch 27/50  
2623/2623                10s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9128 - loss: 0.2071 - val\_accuracy: 0.9172 - val\_loss: 0.1940

Epoch 28/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9155 - loss: 0.2046 - val\_accuracy: 0.9280 - val\_loss: 0.1954  
Epoch 29/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9169 - loss: 0.2036 - val\_accuracy: 0.9168 - val\_loss: 0.1904  
Epoch 30/50  
2623/2623 10s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9186 - loss: 0.1997 - val\_accuracy: 0.9159 - val\_loss: 0.2117  
Epoch 31/50  
2623/2623 10s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9174 - loss: 0.2016 - val\_accuracy: 0.9172 - val\_loss: 0.1979  
Epoch 32/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9154 - loss: 0.2043 - val\_accuracy: 0.9037 - val\_loss: 0.2355  
Epoch 33/50  
2623/2623 8s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9134 - loss: 0.2098 - val\_accuracy: 0.9166 - val\_loss: 0.1971  
Epoch 34/50  
2623/2623 8s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9188 - loss: 0.2025 - val\_accuracy: 0.9340 - val\_loss: 0.1625  
Epoch 35/50  
2623/2623 10s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9178 - loss: 0.1989 - val\_accuracy: 0.9317 - val\_loss: 0.1685  
Epoch 36/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9198 - loss: 0.1940 - val\_accuracy: 0.9299 - val\_loss: 0.1723  
Epoch 37/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9199 - loss: 0.1959 - val\_accuracy: 0.9258 - val\_loss: 0.1775  
Epoch 38/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9167 - loss: 0.1996 - val\_accuracy: 0.8923 - val\_loss: 0.2516  
Epoch 39/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9180 - loss: 0.2008 - val\_accuracy: 0.9089 - val\_loss: 0.2061  
Epoch 40/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9200 - loss: 0.1954 - val\_accuracy: 0.9325 - val\_loss: 0.1697  
Epoch 41/50  
2623/2623 11s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9197 - loss: 0.1958 - val\_accuracy: 0.9290 - val\_loss: 0.1761  
Epoch 42/50  
2623/2623 10s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9204 - loss: 0.1932 - val\_accuracy: 0.9323 - val\_loss: 0.1609  
Epoch 43/50  
2623/2623 7s 3ms/step -  
accuracy: 0.9201 - loss: 0.1921 - val\_accuracy: 0.9175 - val\_loss: 0.1959

```

Epoch 44/50
2623/2623          7s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9207 - loss: 0.1935 - val_accuracy: 0.9270 - val_loss: 0.1771
Epoch 45/50
2623/2623          7s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9205 - loss: 0.1914 - val_accuracy: 0.9343 - val_loss: 0.1639
Epoch 46/50
2623/2623         10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9187 - loss: 0.1956 - val_accuracy: 0.9347 - val_loss: 0.1674
Epoch 47/50
2623/2623          7s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9212 - loss: 0.1906 - val_accuracy: 0.9101 - val_loss: 0.1937
Epoch 48/50
2623/2623          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9219 - loss: 0.1866 - val_accuracy: 0.9313 - val_loss: 0.1763
Epoch 49/50
2623/2623         10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9198 - loss: 0.1938 - val_accuracy: 0.9201 - val_loss: 0.1928
Epoch 50/50
2623/2623          7s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9230 - loss: 0.1897 - val_accuracy: 0.9142 - val_loss: 0.1980

```

```
[316]: model.evaluate(X_test_c,y_test_c)
```

```

324/324          0s 1ms/step -
accuracy: 0.9365 - loss: 0.1533

```

```
[316]: [0.15476644039154053, 0.9371621608734131]
```

```
[317]: hist_=pd.DataFrame(hist.history)
hist_
```

```
[317]:
```

	accuracy	loss	val_accuracy	val_loss
0	0.822965	0.411136	0.822501	0.461745
1	0.863604	0.332448	0.888567	0.262040
2	0.877655	0.293214	0.887066	0.265979
3	0.886390	0.270610	0.870549	0.301910
4	0.893052	0.257998	0.904440	0.223648
5	0.897271	0.248568	0.902724	0.225622
6	0.897271	0.246954	0.902617	0.231477
7	0.901359	0.237320	0.914200	0.201527
8	0.902908	0.235208	0.916238	0.202760
9	0.900608	0.236177	0.911519	0.216159
10	0.904326	0.230920	0.913878	0.209148
11	0.905375	0.228760	0.911411	0.210898
12	0.905613	0.228797	0.896718	0.259375
13	0.908092	0.221319	0.901437	0.238501
14	0.909582	0.218661	0.920635	0.190425

15	0.909403	0.217639	0.894359	0.241898
16	0.909665	0.218897	0.900150	0.243574
17	0.909498	0.218369	0.915701	0.205584
18	0.910821	0.215639	0.925568	0.189040
19	0.909272	0.219879	0.893501	0.253871
20	0.912502	0.214056	0.926105	0.185320
21	0.914087	0.209145	0.918275	0.187862
22	0.911655	0.212910	0.902188	0.222782
23	0.913920	0.209229	0.895860	0.280550
24	0.911167	0.214719	0.901866	0.234056
25	0.914623	0.207081	0.928142	0.176302
26	0.913884	0.205959	0.917203	0.193961
27	0.914968	0.204542	0.928035	0.195399
28	0.916696	0.203741	0.916774	0.190414
29	0.917030	0.203011	0.915916	0.211700
30	0.916434	0.202759	0.917203	0.197885
31	0.914766	0.206424	0.903689	0.235539
32	0.915767	0.203002	0.916559	0.197080
33	0.918770	0.199529	0.934041	0.162538
34	0.919151	0.196935	0.931682	0.168535
35	0.919104	0.195625	0.929858	0.172292
36	0.917912	0.199516	0.925783	0.177545
37	0.917709	0.197901	0.892321	0.251578
38	0.918210	0.200009	0.908945	0.206143
39	0.919843	0.196330	0.932540	0.169685
40	0.919509	0.196825	0.929000	0.176124
41	0.920367	0.193129	0.932325	0.160854
42	0.920081	0.192882	0.917525	0.195895
43	0.921463	0.192312	0.926963	0.177149
44	0.920403	0.191538	0.934256	0.163861
45	0.918615	0.196334	0.934685	0.167436
46	0.920307	0.192769	0.910124	0.193737
47	0.920939	0.189904	0.931253	0.176278
48	0.920224	0.191664	0.920099	0.192812
49	0.922727	0.187906	0.914200	0.197990

```
[318]: def summary_plot():
    fig = make_subplots(rows=1, cols=2, subplot_titles=("Total Loss", "Classification Accuracy"))
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist_.index, y=hist_['loss'], mode='lines',
    name='Train Loss', line=dict(color='blue')), row=1, col=1)
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist_.index, y=hist_['val_loss'], mode='lines',
    name='Validation Loss', line=dict(color='blue')), row=1, col=1)
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist_.index, y=hist_['accuracy'], mode='lines',
    name='Train Accuracy', line=dict(color='red')), row=1, col=2)
```



```

fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist_.index, y=hist_['val_accuracy'],
mode='lines', name='Validation Accuracy', line=dict(color='red')), row=1,
col=2)
fig.update_layout(
    title_text="Training Summary",
    title_x=0.5,
    title_font=dict(size=20),
    font=dict(size=15),
    width=1100,
    height=600,
    template='plotly_dark'
)
fig.update_annotations(font=dict(size=20))
fig.show()

```

```
[319]: summary_plot()
```

```
[320]: predictions = model.predict(X_test_c)
```

```
324/324          1s 2ms/step
```

```
[321]: classification_predictions = np.where(predictions>=.5,1,0)
```

```

[322]: def Check():
    train = accuracy_score(y_train_c,np.where(model.predict(X_train_c)>=.5,1,0))
    y_pred=classification_predictions
    test = accuracy_score(y_test_c,y_pred)
    print('Model Train Score is : ', train)
    print('Model Test Score is : ', test)
    F1Score = f1_score(y_test_c, y_pred)
    print('F1 Score is : ', F1Score)
    RecallScore = recall_score(y_test_c, y_pred)
    print('Recall Score is : ', RecallScore)
    PrecisionScore = precision_score(y_test_c, y_pred)
    print('Precision Score is : ', PrecisionScore)
    fprValue2, tprValue2, thresholdsValue2 = roc_curve(y_test_c,y_pred)
    AUCValue = auc(fprValue2, tprValue2)
    print('AUC Value : ', AUCValue)
    Area(fprValue2,tprValue2,AUCValue)
    ClassificationReport = classification_report(y_test_c,y_pred)
    print('Classification Report is : ', ClassificationReport)
    CM = confusion_matrix(y_test_c, y_pred)
    print('Confusion Matrix is : \n', CM)
    disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=CM, display_labels=[0,1])
    disp.plot(cmap='Blues')

```

```
[323]: Check()
```

2914/2914                      4s 1ms/step  
 Model Train Score is : 0.9349057210888732  
 Model Test Score is : 0.9371621621621622  
 F1 Score is : 0.9236542746569718  
 Recall Score is : 0.8770601336302896  
 Precision Score is : 0.9754768392370572  
 AUC Value : 0.9300973581268995

Classification Report is :

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.91	0.98	0.95	5870
	1	0.98	0.88	0.92	4490
	accuracy			0.94	10360
	macro avg	0.94	0.93	0.94	10360
	weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	10360

Confusion Matrix is :  
 [[5771 99]  
 [ 552 3938]]

