Statistical Inference Project Part 1

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0.1 Synopsis

This is the project for the statistical inference class. In it, you will use simulation to explore inference. This is the first part of the project which is a simulation exercise.

The exponential distribution can be simulated in R with rexp(n, lambda) where lambda is the rate parameter. The mean of exponential distribution is 1/lambda and the standard deviation is also also 1/lambda. Set lambda = 0.2 for all of the simulations. In this simulation, I will investigate the distribution of averages of 40 exponential(0.2)s. Note that I will do a thousand simulated averages of 40 exponentials to illustrate via simulation and associated explanatory text the properties of the distribution of the mean of 40 exponential(0.2)s.

0.2 Simulation

```
# setting lamda the rate
lambda = 0.2

# number of samples
nSamples = 40

# number of simulations
nSimulations = 2000

# simulating
expoMeans = NULL
for( i in 1:nSimulations) expoMeans = c(expoMeans, mean(rexp(40, rate = lambda)))
```

0.3 Questions

0.3.1 Q1-Comparing the simulation distribution center to the theoretical center of the distribution.

```
expoDistributionMean = mean(expoMeans)
```

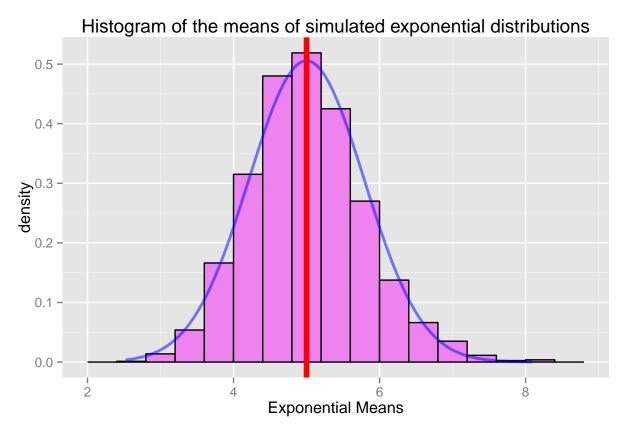
The simulation distribution mean is 5.0003258 which is pretty close to the theoritical distribution mean which is 5

0.3.2 Q2-Comparing the simulation distribution variance to the theoretical variance of the distribution.

```
expoDistributionSD = sd(expoMeans)
```

The simulation distribution standard deviation is $\bf 0.7889751$ which is pretty close to the theoritical distribution standard deviation which is $\bf 0.7905694$

0.3.3 Q3-Showing that the simulation distribution is approximately normal.



It is obvious that the simulated distribution of exponentials (pink bins) can be approximiated as a normal distribution (blue curve).