## Analysis Übung 3

Ahmed Bajra 2020-10-09

## Übungen

A6e)

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \tan x$$

$$\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(ax)}{x} = a$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} - x}{\cos x} \sin x$$

$$y = \frac{\pi}{2} - x \to \lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} y = \lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\pi}{2} - x = 0^+$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{2} - y$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{y \to 0^+} \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2} + y}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - y)} \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - y) = \lim_{y \to 0^+} \frac{y}{\sin} \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - y)$$

A6f)

$$\begin{split} l &= \lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{x}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\cos \frac{\pi}{x}}\right)^2 \sin \frac{2\pi}{x} \\ \text{sub: } y &:= \frac{1}{x} \\ \lim_{x \to +\infty} y &= 0^+ \\ \Rightarrow l &= \lim_{y \to 0^+} \frac{1}{2y} \left(\frac{1}{\cos(\pi y)}\right)^2 \sin(2\pi y) \\ \lim_{y \to 0^+} \frac{1}{\cos(\pi y)} &= 1 \\ \Rightarrow l &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin(2\pi y)}{y} = \frac{1}{2} 2\pi = \pi \end{split}$$