



SRV316

Serverless Data Processing at Scale: An Amazon.com Case Study

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What to expect?

What's Serverless Real-Time Data Processing?

Why Streams, Kinesis, AWS Lambda?

Amazon FBA Seller Inventory Authority Platform

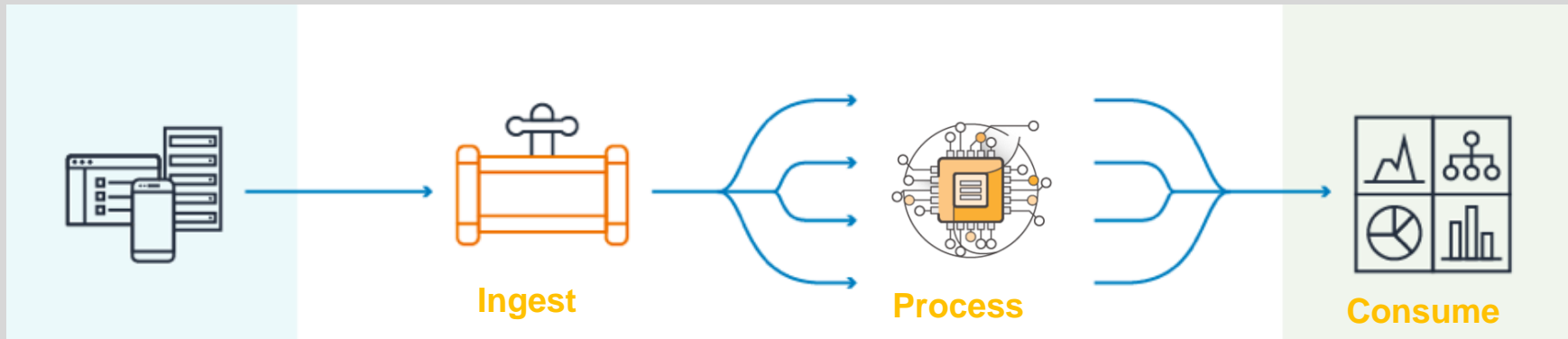
Amazon Video – Thursday Night Football

Best Practices and Lessons Learned

Serverless Real-Time Data Processing

Build real-time data processing (ingest, process, and consume) applications and services

... without managing infrastructure



Why Streams?

Stream Processing

Goal

- High-throughput (>1 GB/s)
- Serverless (managed compute)
- Real-time (pipeline)

Streams

- Data **size** constraint
- Data **time** constraint
- Have access to **recent** data
- Processing time constraint

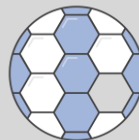
Batch

- No size constraint
- No time constraint (not real time)
- Have access to all data
- Long running processing (reports)

Stream Processing

Because you have data that is:

- Generated **continuously** and **simultaneously** by thousands of data sources
- Typically small sizes (KBs)



And needs to be processed either:

- Sequentially and incrementally
- Or over sliding windows

in some **real-time** constraint

What's Amazon Kinesis?

Kinesis: What Is It?



It's storage

For real-time data that's only stored for a limited time



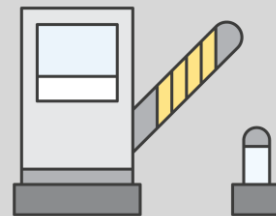
Where new data is made available quickly

Typically less than 1 second put-to-get delay



As a managed service

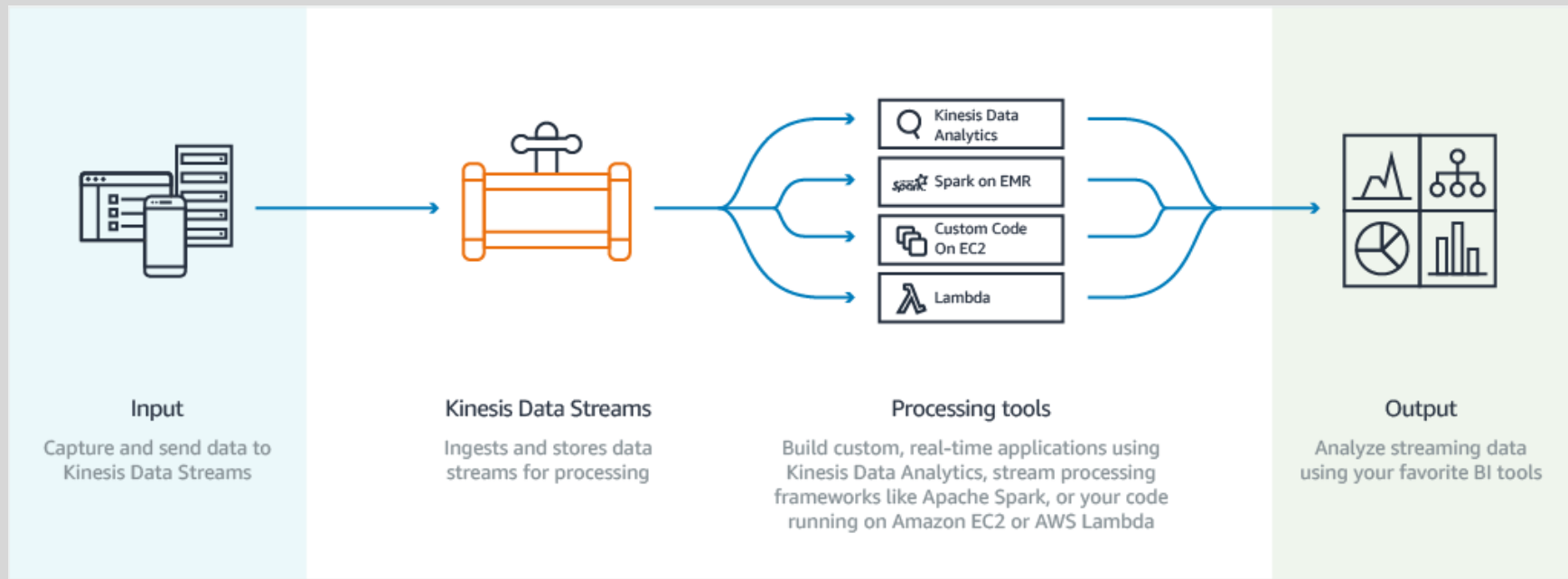
With APIs that let you easily create and configure the stream and put and retrieve data



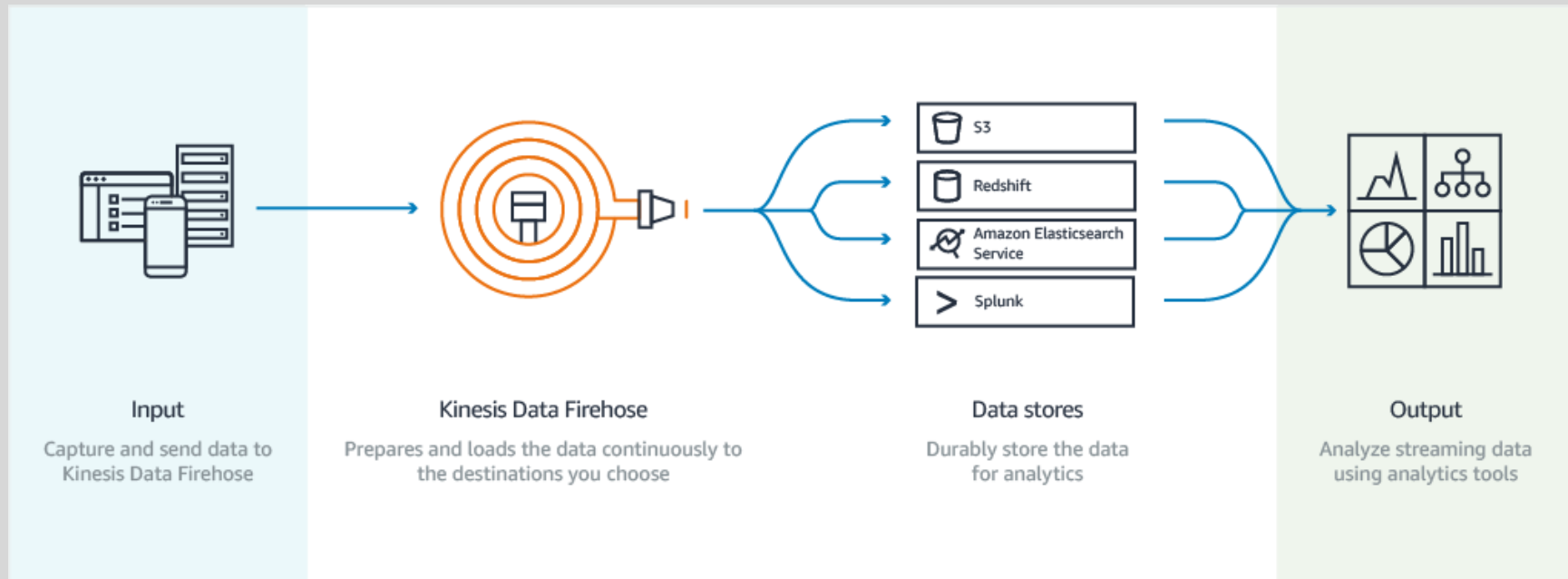
That uses a checkpoint model

Supports multiple concurrent in-order processing

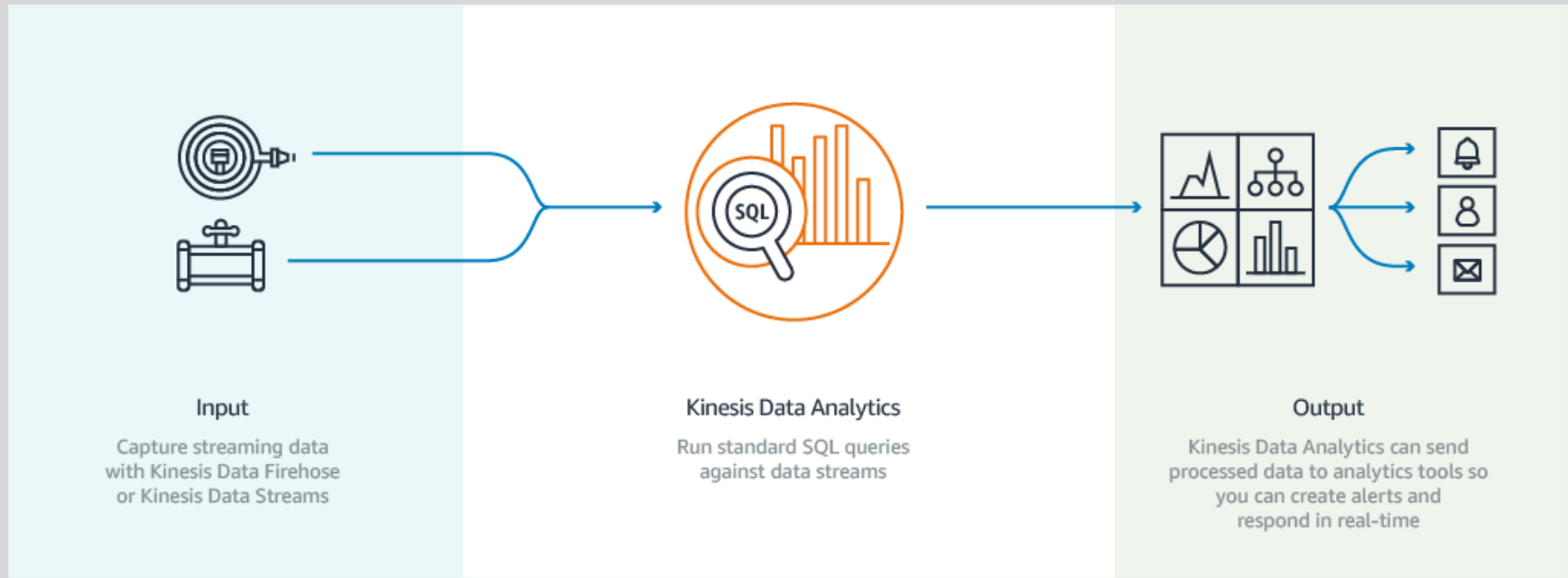
Amazon Kinesis Data Streams



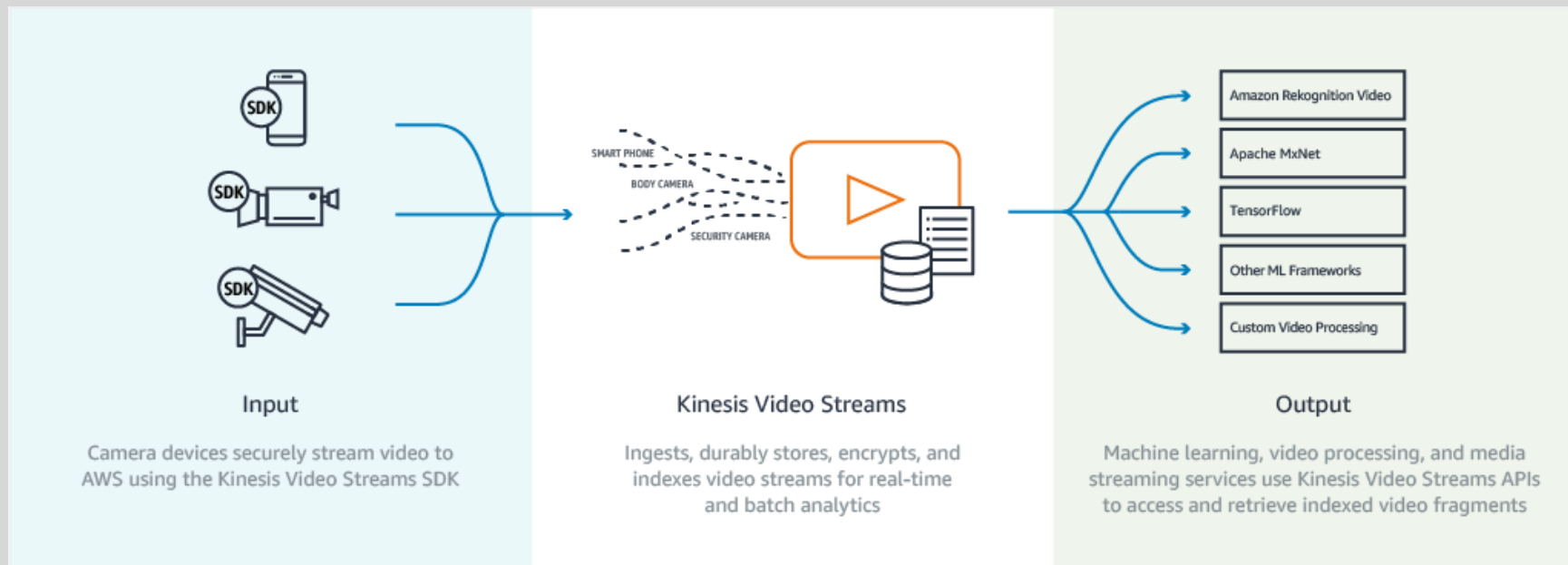
Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose



Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics



Amazon Kinesis Video Streams



What's AWS Lambda?

Lambda: What Is It?



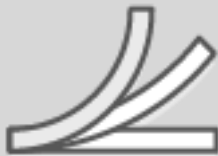
It's your function

Your libraries, your code,
your executable



With a programming model

Easy to start blueprints
and tutorials, monitoring,
and logging



And flexible resource model

Choose your memory
and we allocate
proportional CPU,
network bandwidth,
disk I/O



And integrated security model

IAM resource
policies and roles,
VPC support

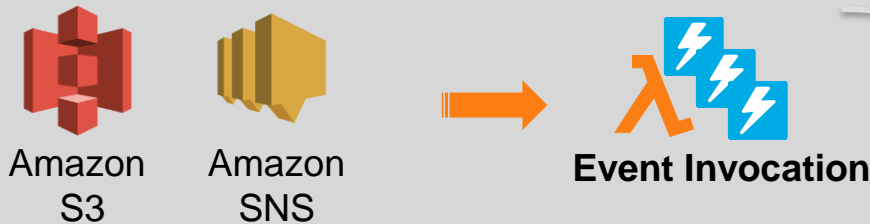


That runs stateless

Infrastructure abstracted,
persist data using
Amazon DynamoDB,
Amazon S3, or
ElastiCache

Lambda: How Do I Trigger It?

ASYNCHRONOUS PUSH MODEL



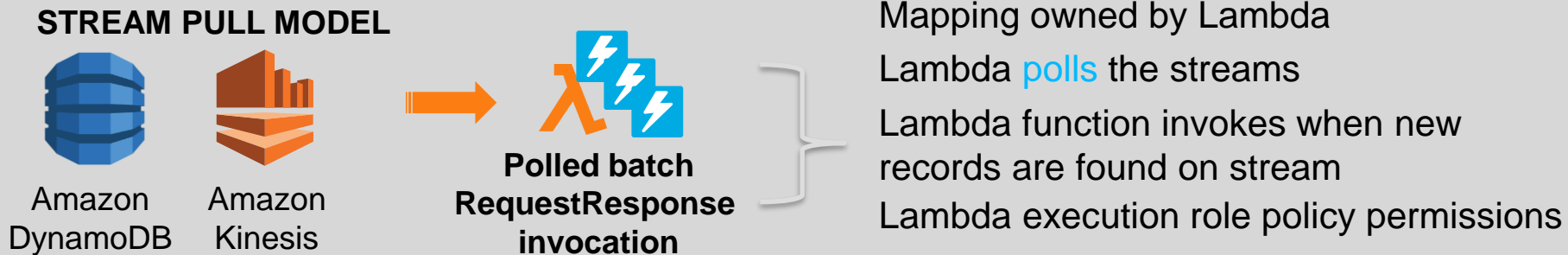
SYNCHRONOUS PUSH MODEL



HOW IT WORKS

Mapping owned by Event Source
[triggers](#) Lambda via Invoke APIs
resource-based policy permissions

Lambda: How do I Trigger It?



Lambda



Kinesis



Financial
Data



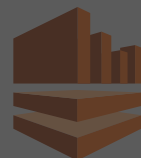
IoT Data



Log Data

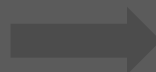


IoT Data



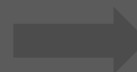
Amazon
Kinesis

EVENT SOURCE



Node.js
Python
Java
C#

FUNCTION



Database



Cloud
Service

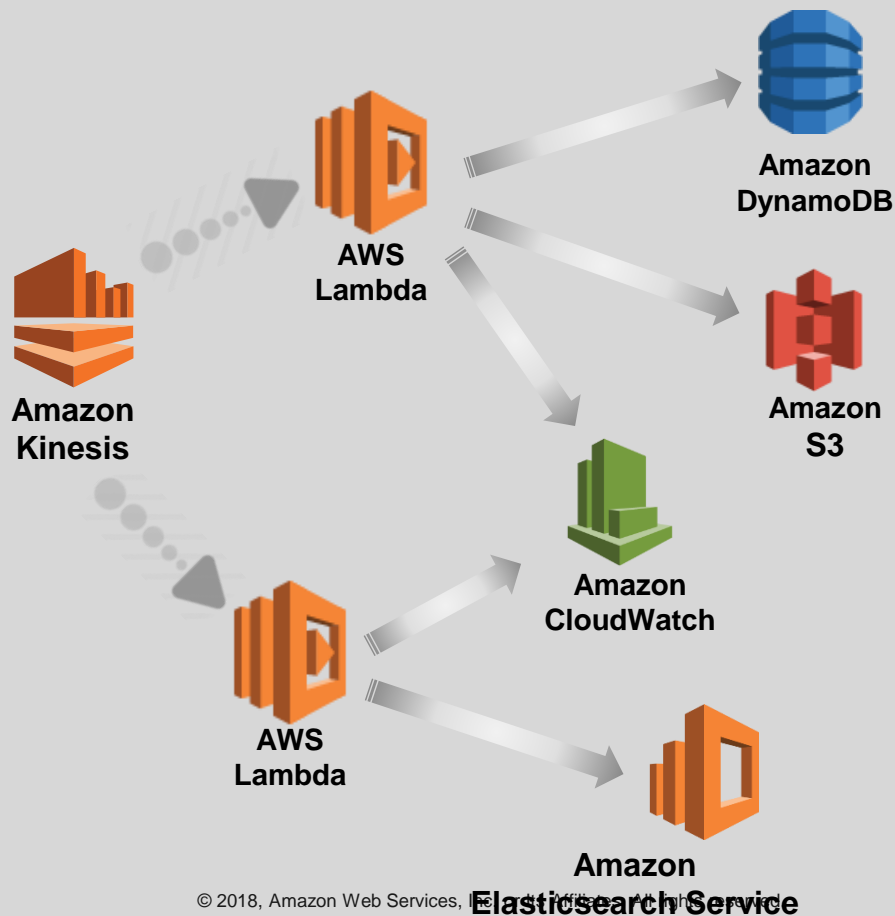


Anything

ENDPOINT

Stream Processing by Lambda

Processing Streams: Lambda



Processing Streams: Lambda

Kinesis stream

Please select a Kinesis stream. The Lambda function will be invoked whenever this stream is updated.

demo ▼

Batch size

The largest number of records that AWS Lambda will retrieve from your stream at the time of invoking your function. Your function receives an event with all the retrieved records.

100

Starting position

The position in the stream where AWS Lambda should start reading. For more information, see [ShardIteratorType](#) in the Amazon Kinesis API Reference.

▼

Trim horizon

Latest

At timestamp

In order to use this feature, your Lambda function must have proper permissions.

Processing Streams: Lambda

Event received by Lambda function is a **collection of records** from the stream:

```
{ "Records": [ {  
  "kinesis": {  
    "partitionKey": "partitionKey-3",  
    "kinesisSchemaVersion": "1.0",  
    "data": "SGVsbG8sIHRoaXMgaXMgYSB0ZXN0IDEyMy4=",  
    "sequenceNumber": "49545115243490985018280067714973144582180062593244200961" },  
  "eventSource": "aws:kinesis",  
  "eventID": "shardId-  
000000000000:49545115243490985018280067714973144582180062593244200961",  
  "invokedIdentityArn": "arn:aws:iam::account-id:role/testLEBRole",  
  "eventVersion": "1.0",  
  "eventName": "aws:kinesis:record",  
  "eventSourceARN": "arn:aws:kinesis:us-west-2:35667example:stream/examplestream",  
  "awsRegion": "us-west-2" } ] }
```

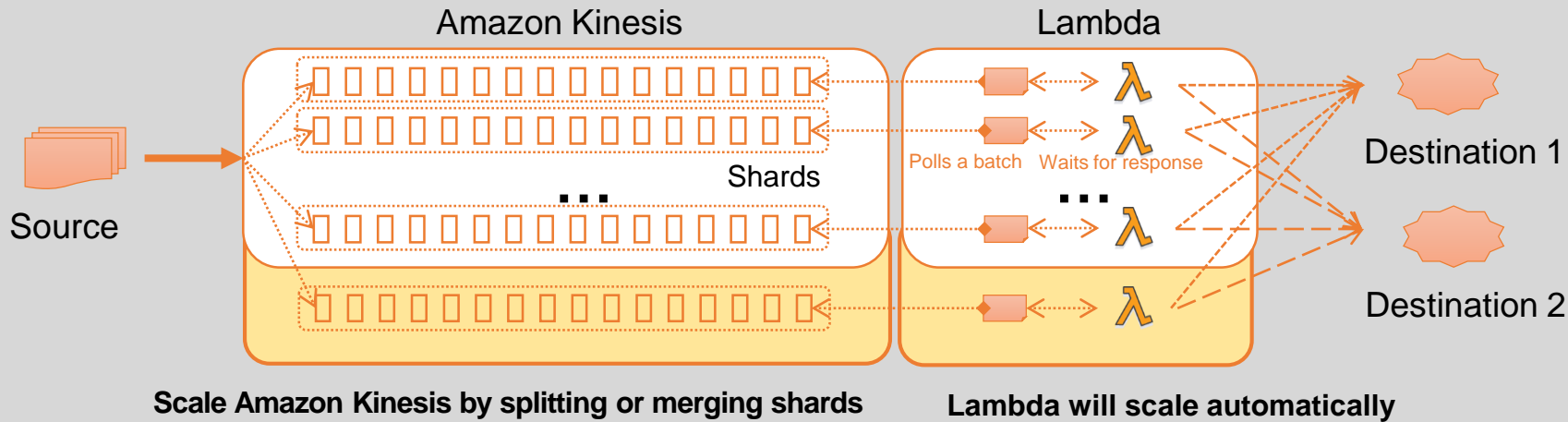
Processing Streams: Lambda

```
1 from __future__ import print_function
2
3 import boto3
4 import base64
5 import json
6
7 print('Loading function')
8
9
10 def lambda_handler(event, context):
11     dynamodb = boto3.resource('dynamodb')
12     table = dynamodb.Table('scores')
13
14     #print("Received event: " + json.dumps(event, indent=2))
15     for record in event['Records']:
16         # Kinesis data is base64 encoded so decode here
17         payload = base64.b64decode(record['kinesis']['data'])
18         print("Decoded payload: " + payload)
19         item = json.loads(payload)
20
21         table.update_item(
22             Key={
23                 'player_id': item["player_id"]
24             },
25             UpdateExpression='SET score = :val',
26             ExpressionAttributeValues={
27                 ':val': item["score"]
28             }
29         )
30
31     return 'Successfully processed {} records.'.format(len(event['Records']))
32
```

Processing Streams: Lambda

Per shard:

- Lambda calls GetRecords with max limit from Kinesis (10 k or 10 MB)
- If no record, wait some time (1s)
- Sub-batch in-memory and format records into Lambda payload
- Invoke Lambda with synchronous invoke



Processing Streams: Lambda

Retries

Will retry on execution failures until the record is expired

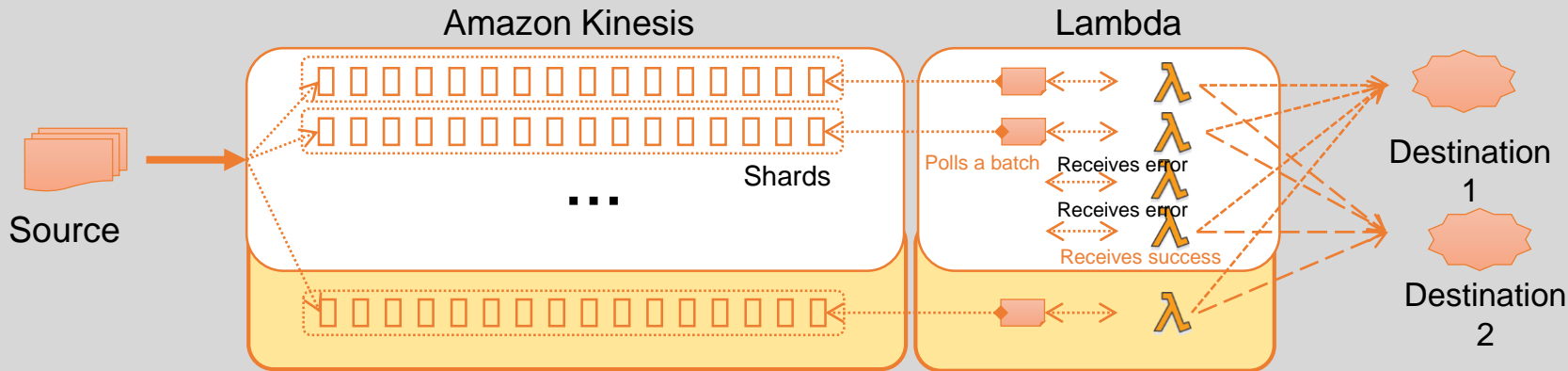
Throttles and errors impact duration and directly impact throughput

Best practice

Retry with exponential backoff

Effective theoretical throughput with retries

$$(\text{\# shards} * \text{batch size (MB)}) / (\text{function duration (s)} * \text{retries until expiry})$$



FBA Seller Inventory Authority Platform



Furby

Furby Boom Figure (Polka Dots) (Discontinued by manufacturer)



609 customer reviews

| 157 answered questions

Price: **\$124.14** ✓prime

Only 1 left in stock - order soon.

Want it tomorrow, March 30? Order within **7 hrs 31 mins** and choose **One-Day Shipping** at checkout. [Details](#)

Sold by [SmoothSellin](#) and Fulfilled by [Amazon](#). Gift-wrap available.

- Collect and hatch virtual Furbblings to fill your city in the Furby Boom app, and try to get the golden Furbblings egg
- You can hatch and raise virtual Furbblings with your Furby Boom, and play games together using the free Furby Boom app
- Use the Furby Boom app to give your Furby Boom creature virtual food, checkups, showers and more
- Furby Boom will remember the name you give it and the names of other Furby Boom friends it meets
- Furby Boom has more than twice as many possible responses as the previous Furby, and how you treat Furby Boom will shape its personality
- NO BATTERIES ARE INCLUDED

[Compare with similar items](#)

Used & new (17) from \$37.60 + \$5.27 shipping

☐ [Report incorrect product information.](#)

There is a newer model of this item:



[Hasbro Furby Connect Friend, Pink](#)

\$35.25

★★★★★ (1,017)

In Stock.



Learning
through play
[Shop now](#)



How Does FBA Work?





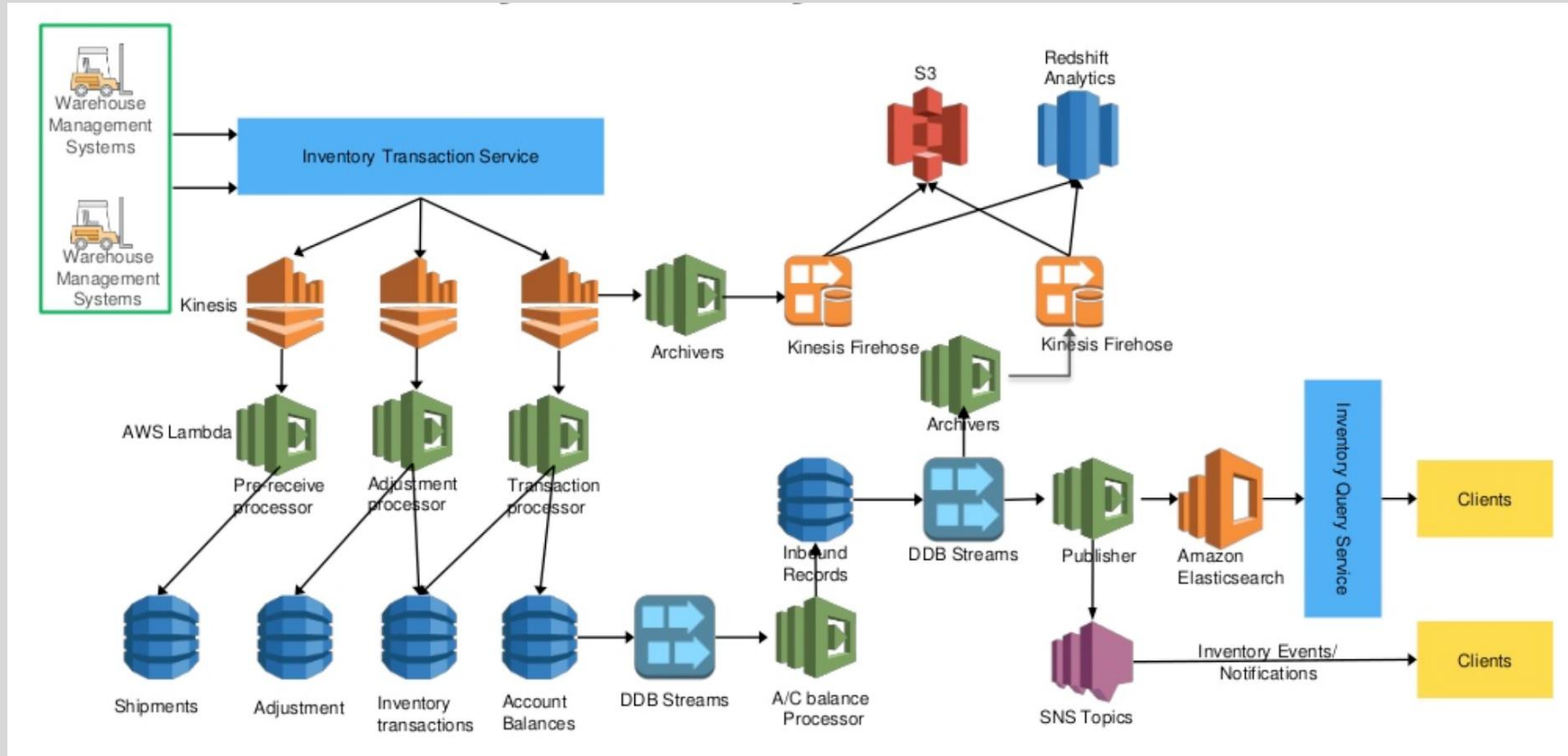
Data Platform Goals

- Single source of truth for seller's inventory
- Reconciled view of inventory
- Surface and track discrepancies

Design Requirements

- Should handle high volume input messages (>10000 TPS)
- Should handle hot keys in input messages
 - E.g.: Received inventory message for a very large shipment
- Should handle duplicate and out of order input messages
- Must maintain an audit train for every inventory quantity change

Seller Inventory Authority Platform



Launch Results

- 22 dev weeks savings in operations costs across 11 fleets
- Design to launch <4 months
- Improved the accuracy of inbound quantities between 5% to 10%
- Reduced cost of business operations (for example, seller contacts)
- Developers in the team enjoyed using AWS Managed Services



amazon prime video

Included with **Prime**

AMAZON ORIGINAL



SUBSCRIPTION



Available to Rent

LA LA LAND



TRANSACTIONAL

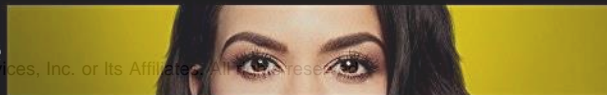
Watch on Amazon Channels

A Prime add-on subscription

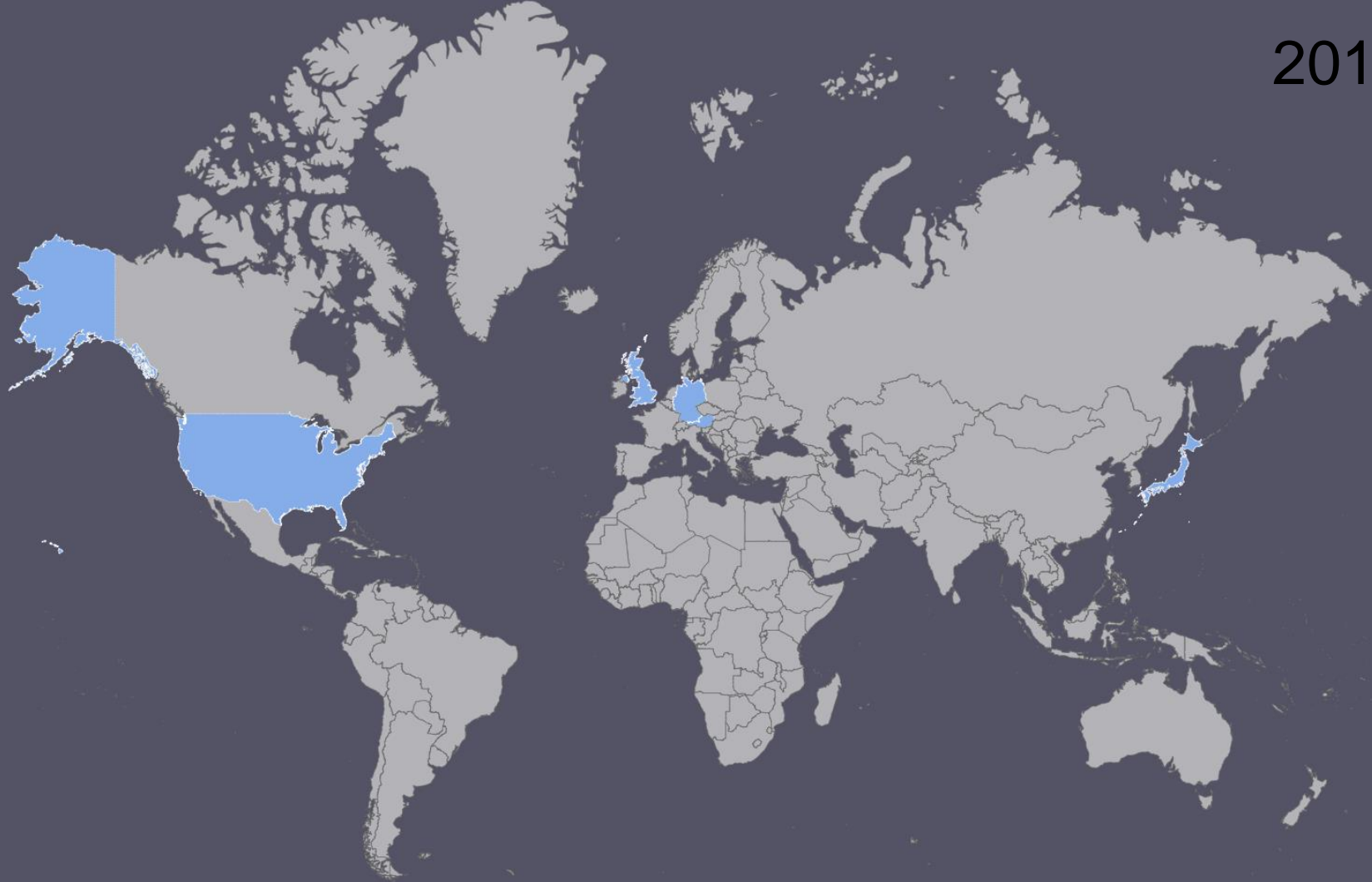


reality on demand
hayu.

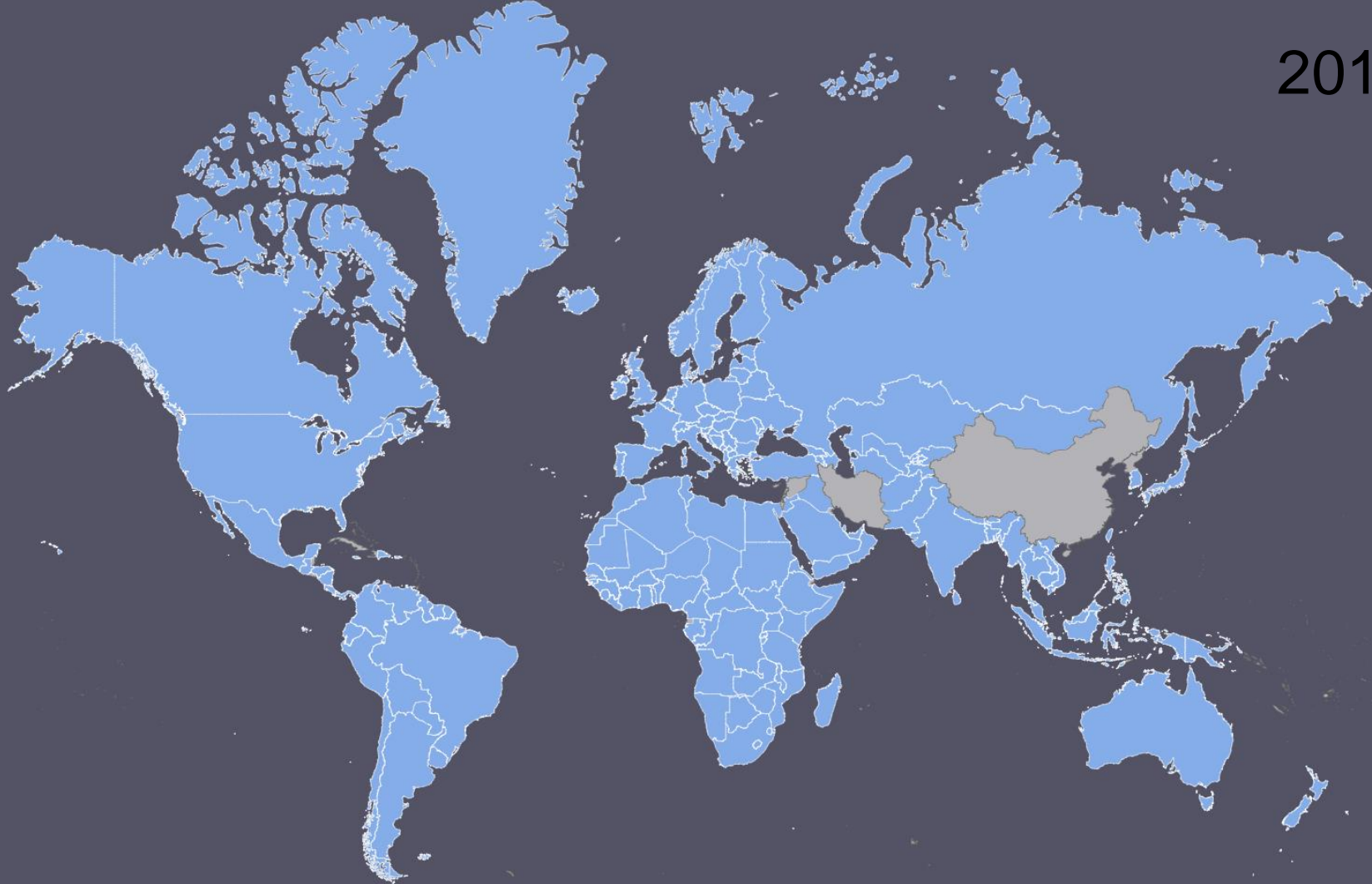
CHANNELS



2016

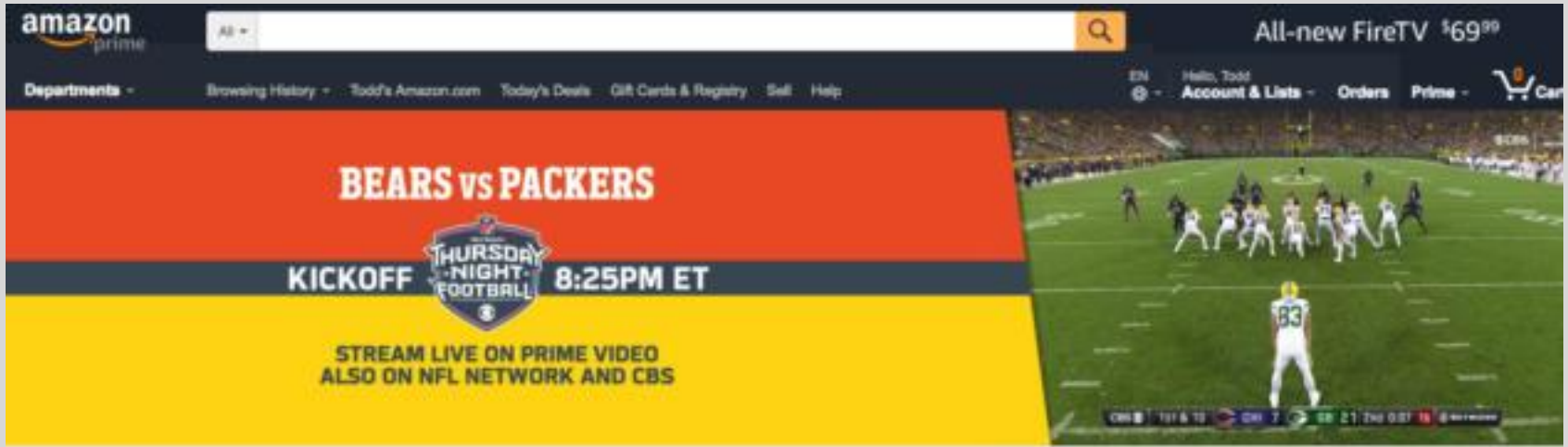


2017



Thursday Night Football

- Live Stream to millions of users in 191 countries
- 600 different types of devices



Thursday Night Football statistics

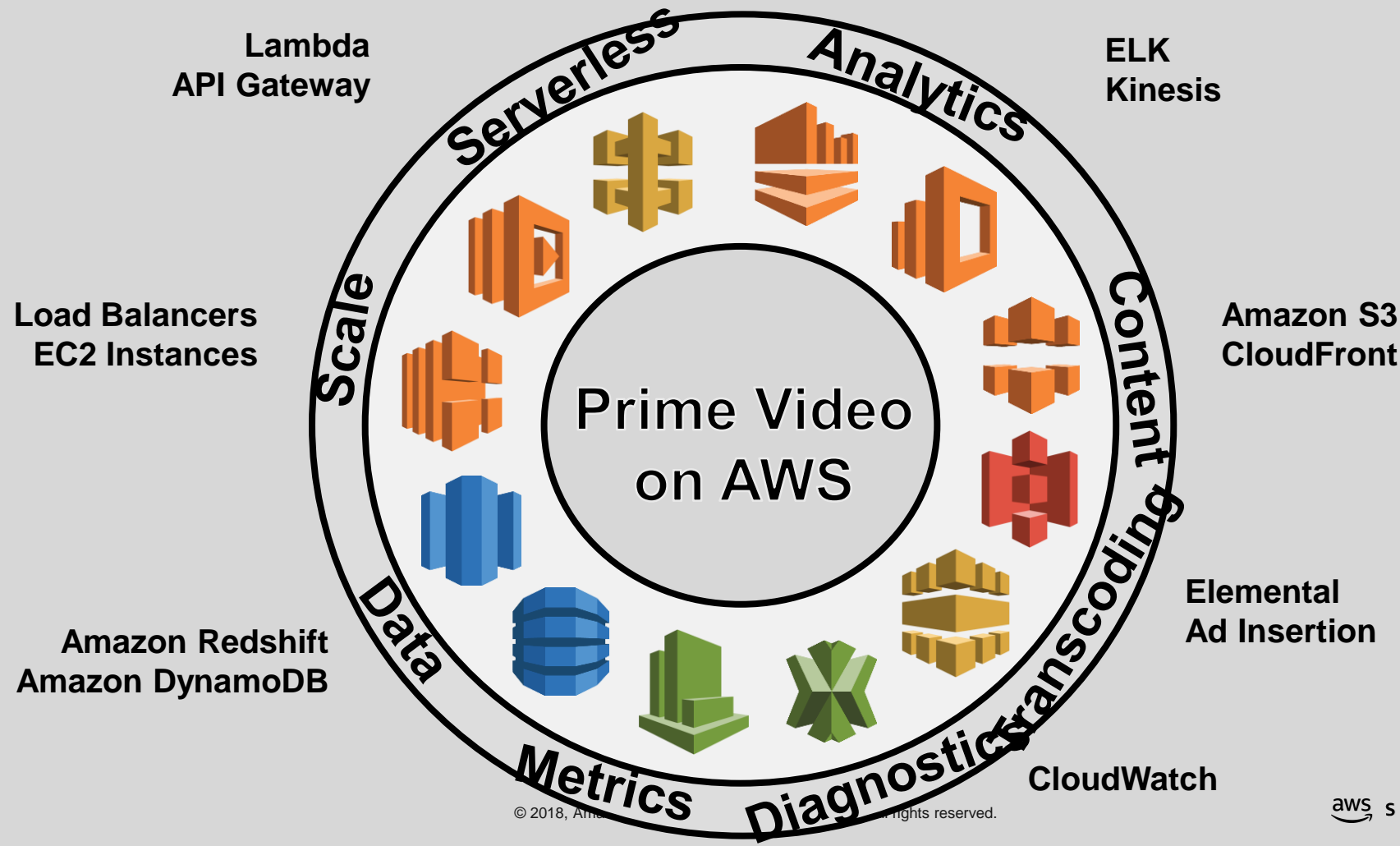


58 TB

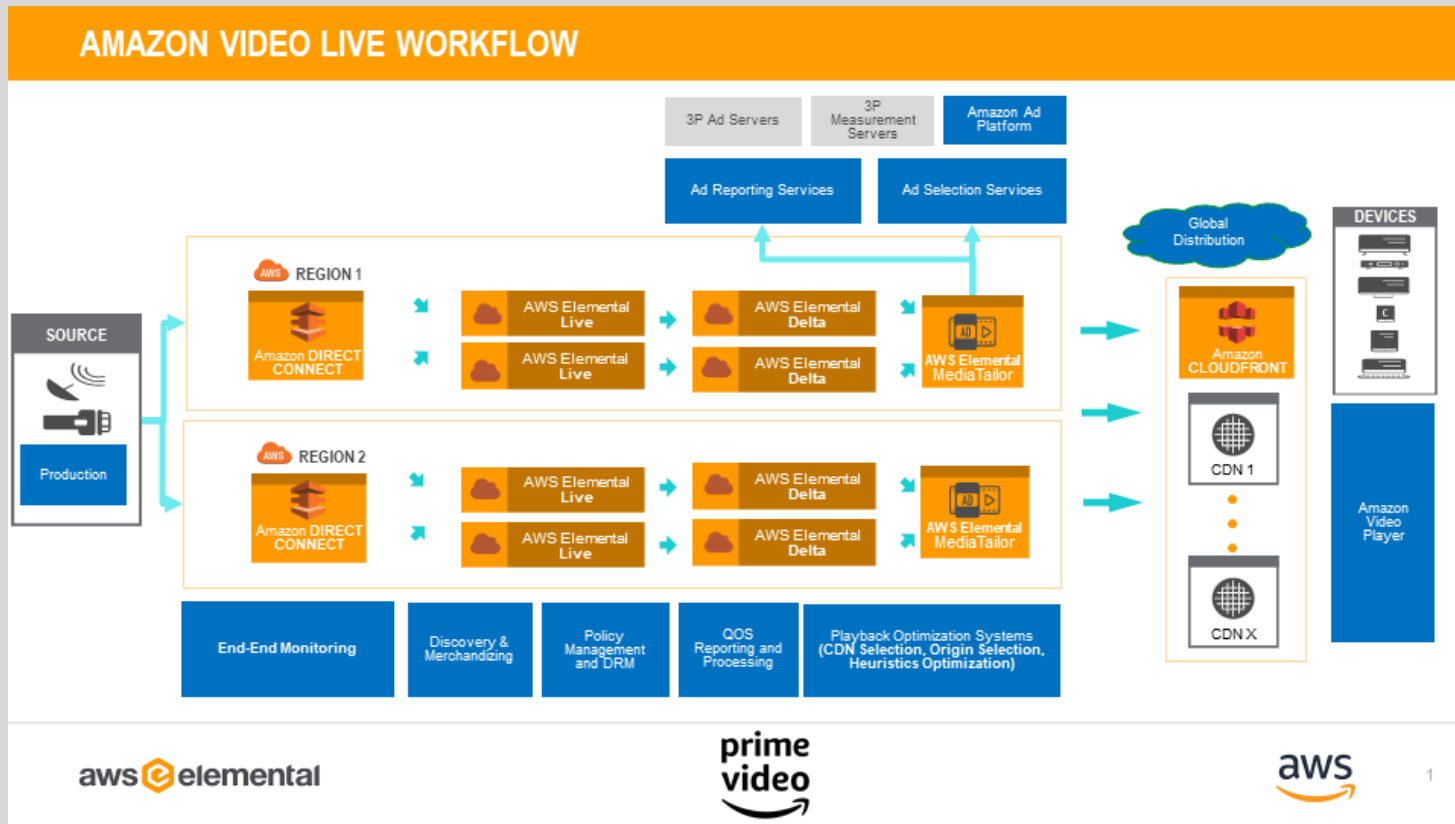
Elastic Load Balancing
data processing
for each game

176M

Elastic Load Balancing
established connections
for each game

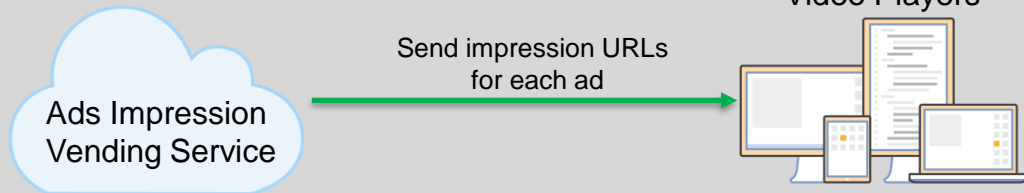


Amazon Video Live Workflow

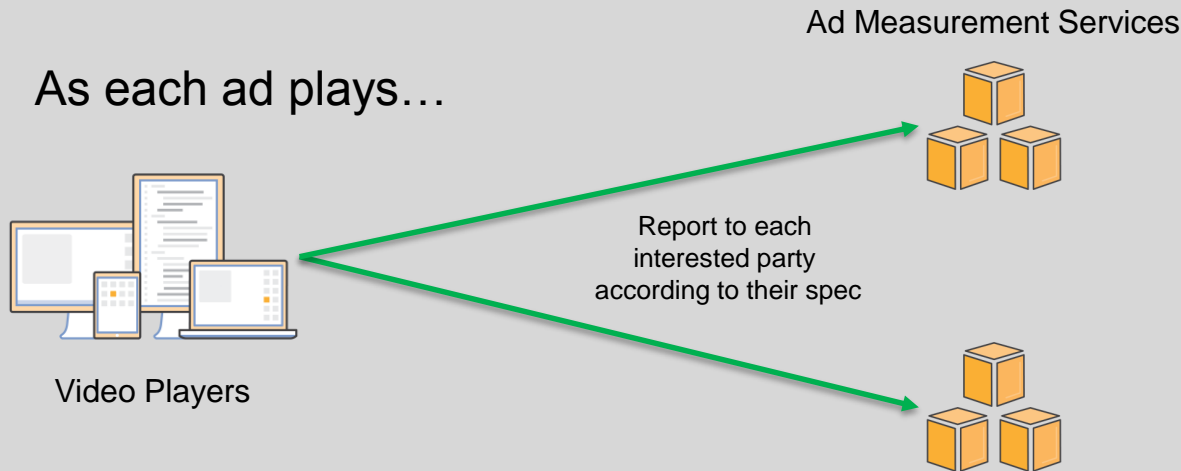


Ad Reporting

Before commercial time...

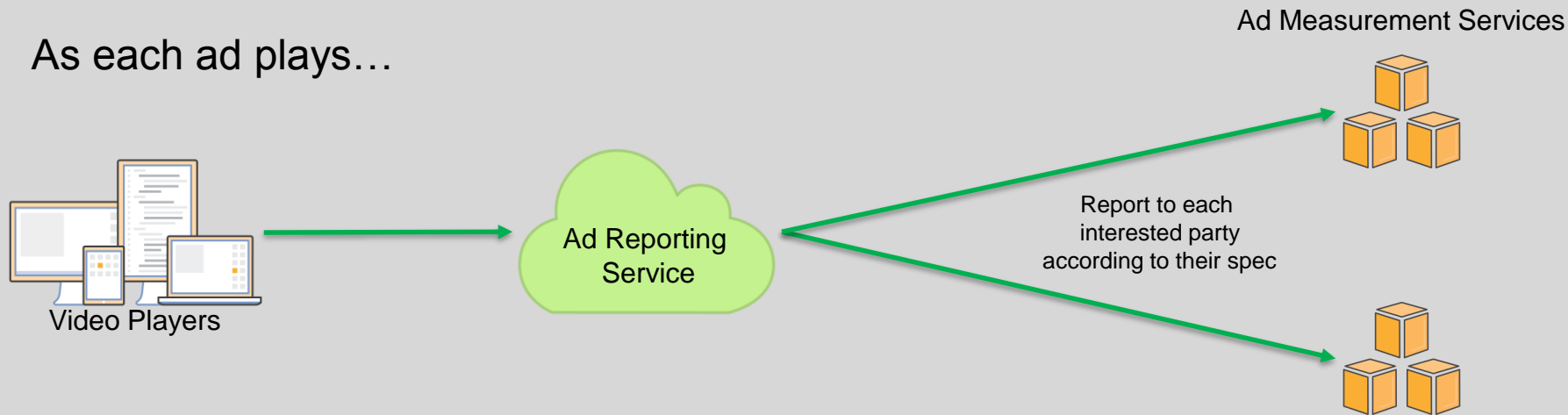


As each ad plays...



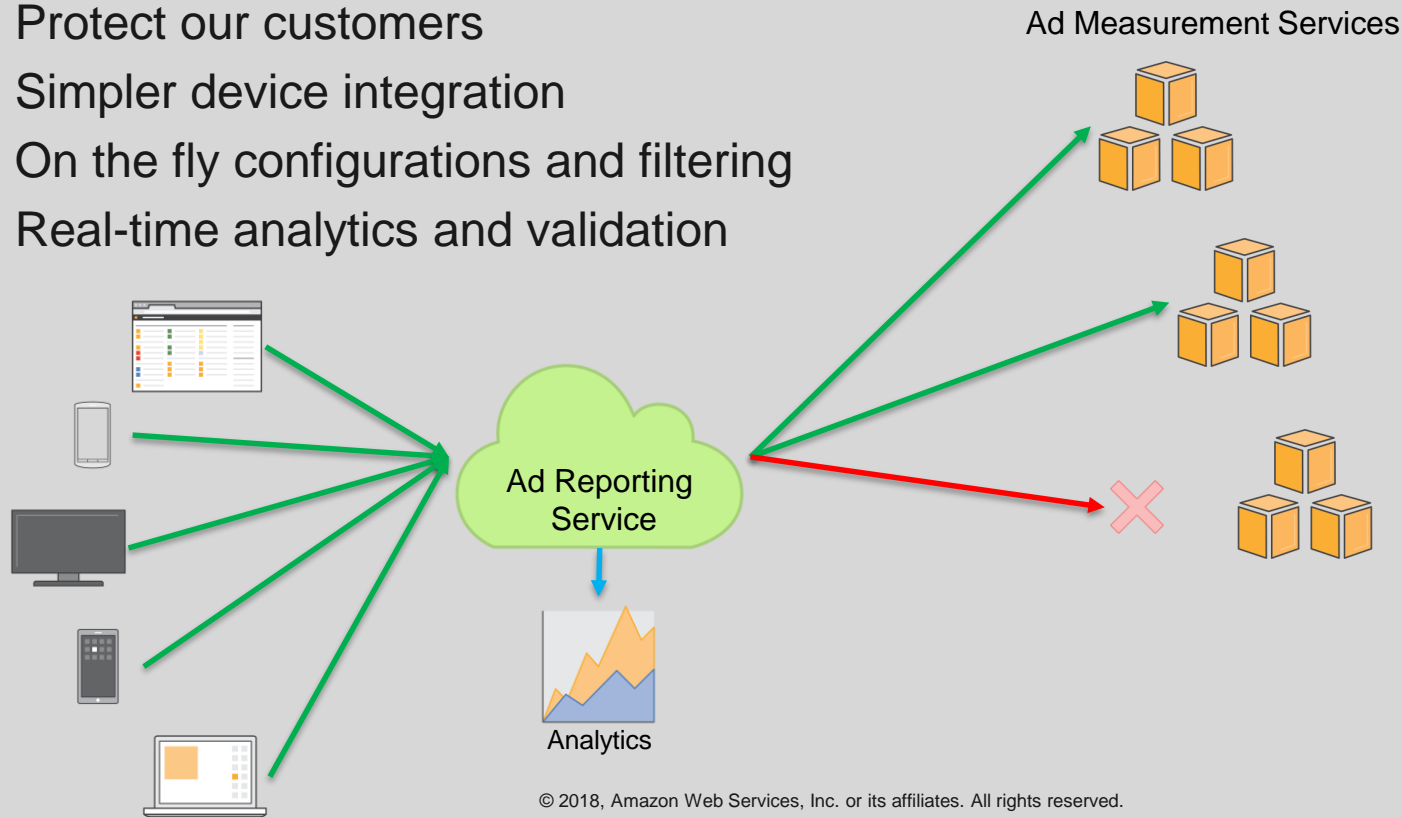
What is server-side ad reporting?

As each ad plays...



Why server-side?

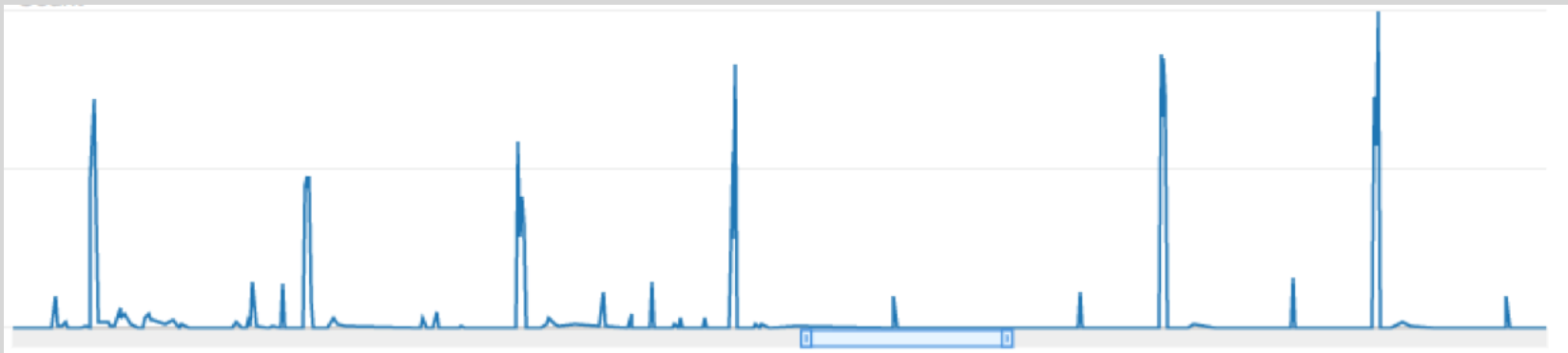
- Protect our customers
- Simpler device integration
- On the fly configurations and filtering
- Real-time analytics and validation



Challenges: Intermittent


Problem: Thursdays are great! Other days not so much...

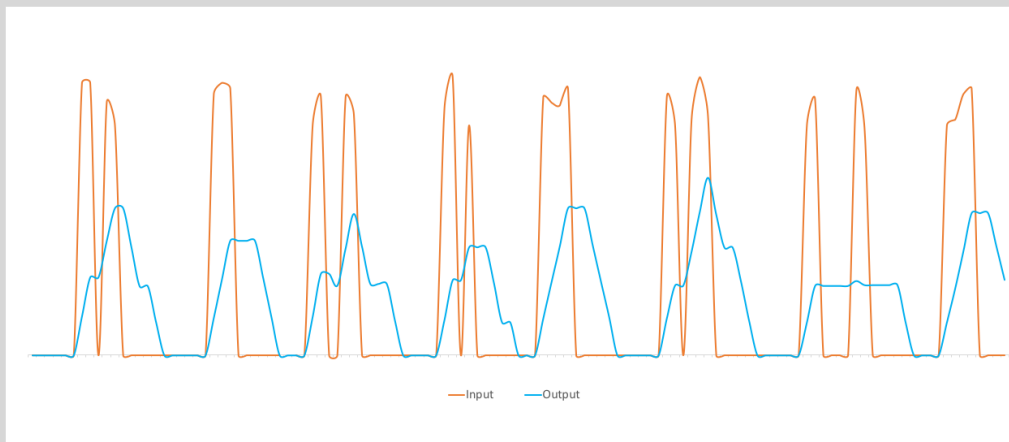
Solution: AWS Lambda 



Challenges: Spiky

Problem: Ads play for everyone simultaneously.

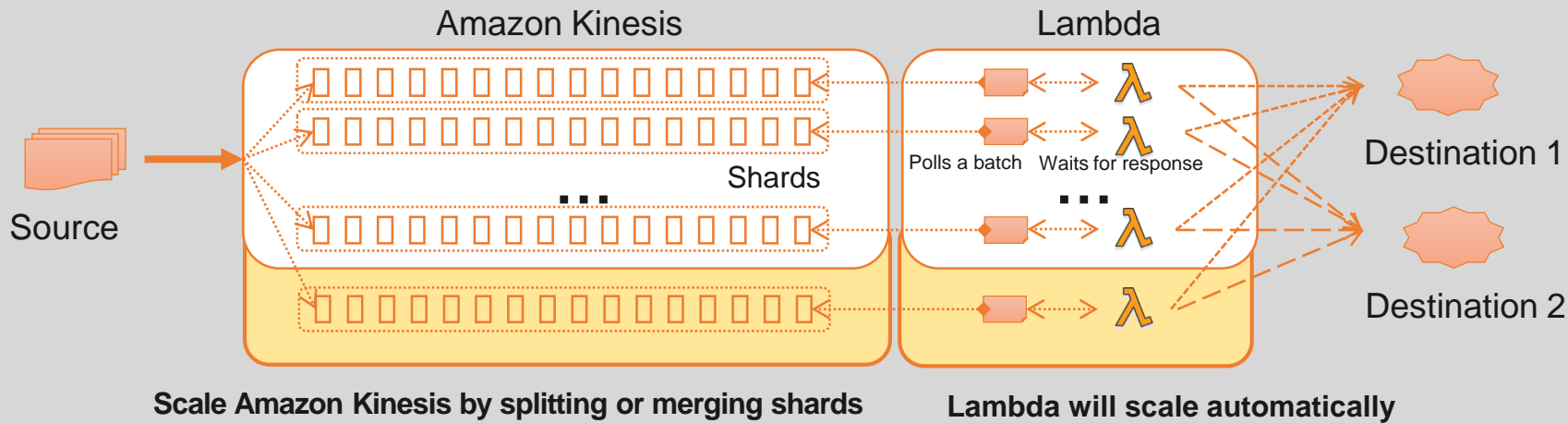
Solution: Amazon Kinesis 



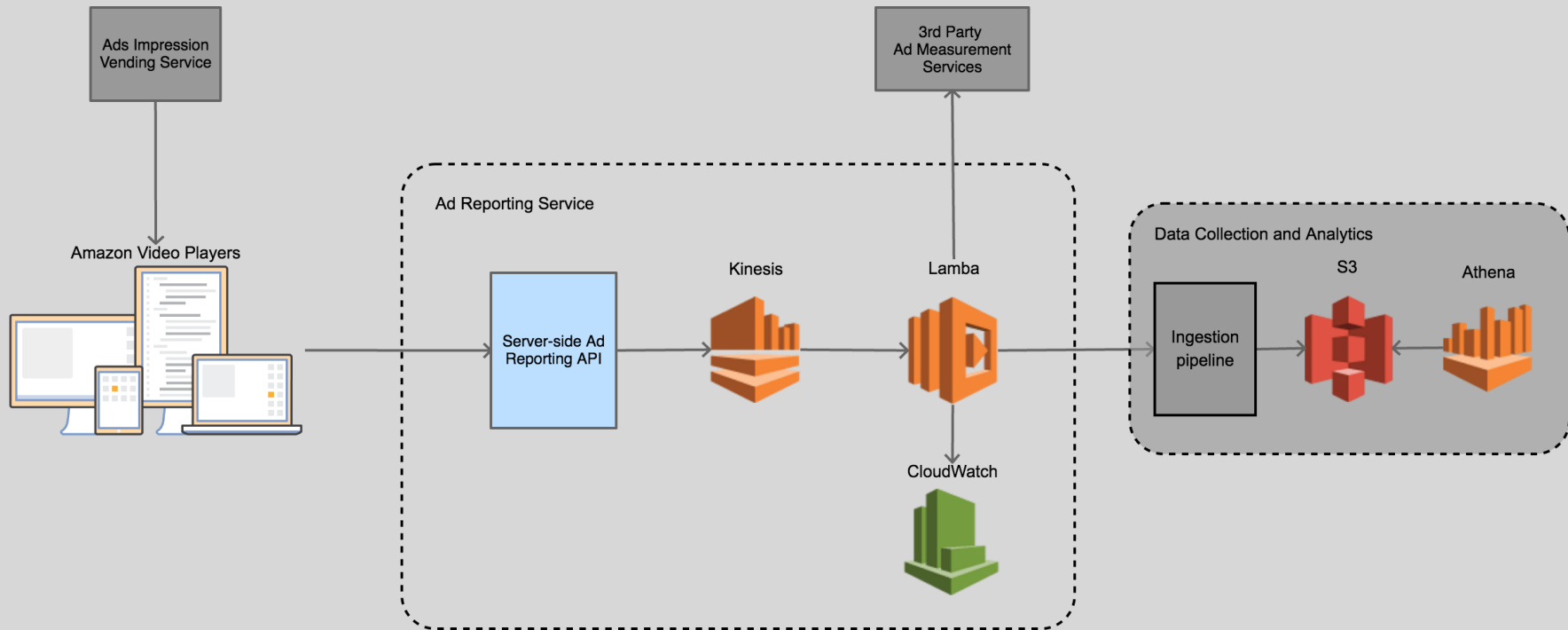
Challenges: Scale

Problem: Millions of viewers = millions of TPS

Solution: Amazon Kinesis shards + batching



Architecture at a glance



Launch Results

- Only 3 months from paper to launch
- Reduced time spent on developing metrics and alarms
- Reduced cost of business operations by more than 90%
- Fast iterations and changes
- Easily extensible

amazon

prime video



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aws SUMMIT

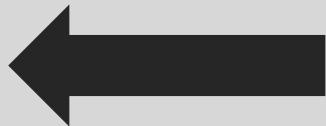
Best Practices and Lessons Learned

Efficient Function Code

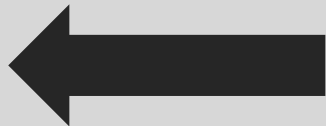
- Avoid “fat”/monolithic functions
- Control the dependencies in your function's deployment package
- Optimize for your language
 - Node – Browserfy, Minify

JAVA – Scope Your POM File

```
<dependencyManagement>
  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>com.amazonaws</groupId>
      <artifactId>aws-java-sdk-bom</artifactId>
      <version>2.10.10</version>
      <type>pom</type>
      <scope>import</scope>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>
</dependencyManagement>
<dependencies>
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.amazonaws</groupId>
  <artifactId>aws-java-sdk-s3</artifactId>
  <version>1.10.5</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.amazonaws</groupId>
  <artifactId>aws-java-sdk-dynamodb</artifactId>
  <version>1.10.10</version>
</dependency>
</dependencies>
```



Maven Bill Of Materials
(BOM) module for AWS
SDK



Select service
dependencies only

Avoid **aws-java-sdk** directly!

Ephemeral Function Environment

- Lambda processes a single event per-container
- No need for non-blocking execution on the frontend
- REMEMBER – containers are reused
 - Lazily load variables in the global scope
 - **Don't** load it if you don't need it – cold starts are affected

```
import boto3
```

```
client = None
```

```
def my_handler(event, context):  
    global client  
    if not client:  
        client =  
        boto3.client("s3")
```

```
# process
```

Smart Resource Allocation

Match resource allocation (up to 3 GB!) to logic

Stats for Lambda function that calculates 1000 times all prime numbers
<= 1000000

128 MB	11.722965sec	\$0.024628
256 MB	6.678945sec	\$0.028035
512 MB	3.194954sec	\$0.026830
1024 MB	1.465984sec	\$0.024638

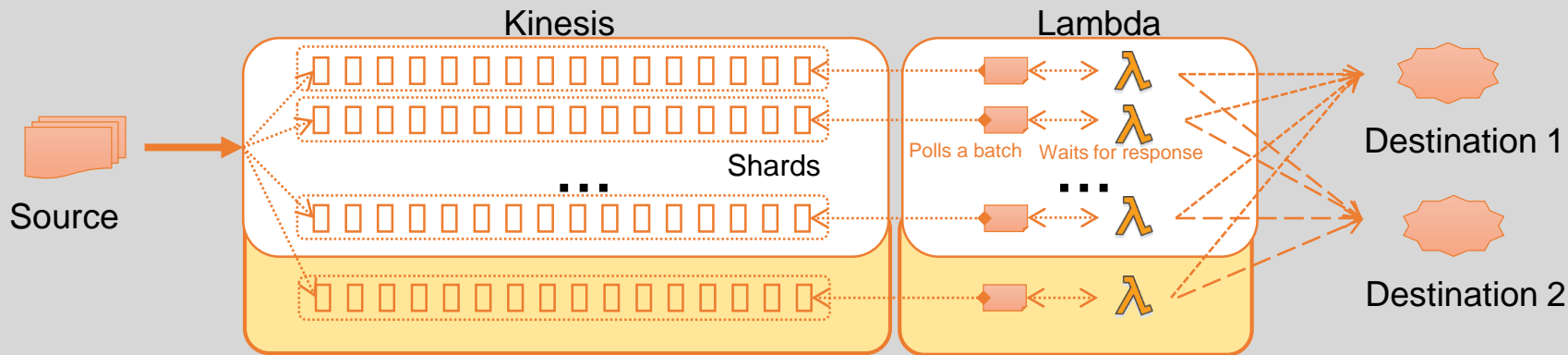
Multithreading?

- <1.8 GB is still single core
 - CPU bound workloads won't see gains – processes share same resources
- >1.8 GB is multi-core
 - CPU bound workloads will gain, but need to multi thread
- I/O bound workloads **will** likely see gains
 - e.g., parallel calculations to return

Concurrency vs. Latency

- Increasing # of shards with even distribution allows increased concurrency
- If put / ingestion rate is greater than the theoretical throughput, consider increasing number of shards while optimizing function duration to increase throughput
- Effective theoretical throughput:

$$(\text{\# shards} * \text{batch size (MB)}) / (\text{function duration (s)} * \text{retries until expiry})$$



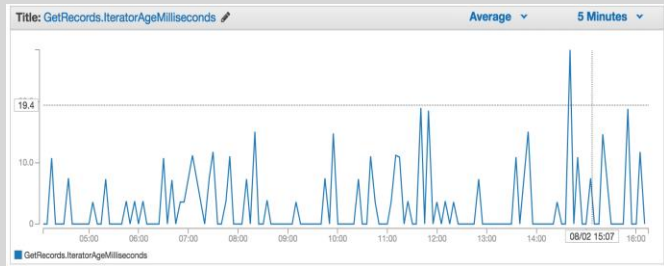
Scale Amazon Kinesis by splitting or merging shards

Lambda will scale automatically

Monitoring

Monitoring Amazon Kinesis Streams

- GetRecords: (effective throughput)
- PutRecord: bytes, latency, records, etc.
- GetRecords.IteratorAgeMilliseconds: how old your last processed records were

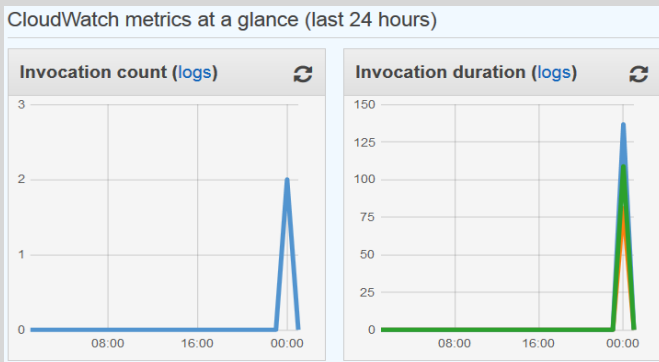


Monitoring

Monitoring Lambda functions

Invocation count: Time function invoked

- Duration: Execution/processing time
- Error count: Number of Errors
- Throttle count: Number of time function throttled
- Iterator Age: Time elapsed from batch received & final record written to stream



Other Lessons Learned

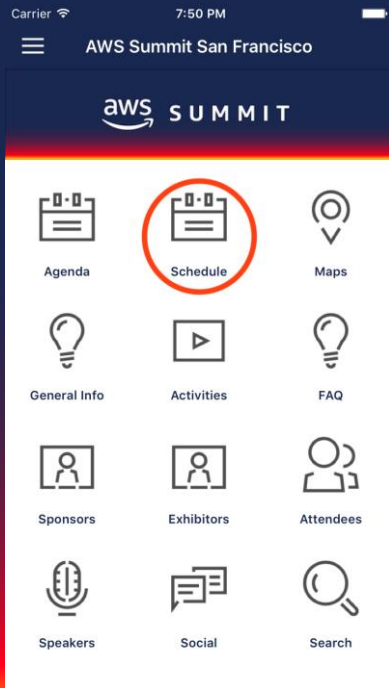
- Optimize cost by aggregating to 25-KB payload size
- When re-sharding, try scaling in multiple of 2 or halves
- Compressing kinesis payloads can save on bandwidth
- Optimize Lambda GetRecord batch sizes

Thank you!

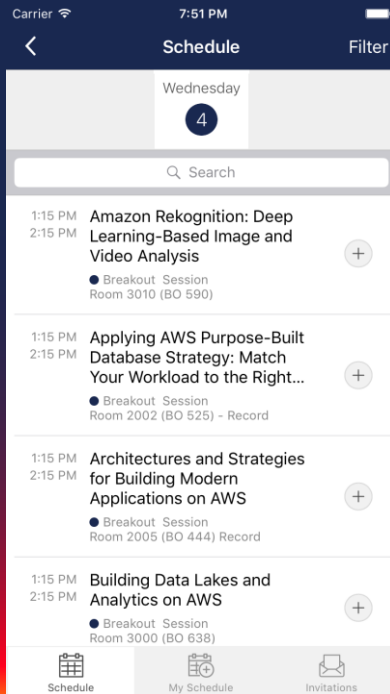
**Please complete the session survey in
the summit mobile app.**

Submit Session Feedback

1. Tap the **Schedule** icon.



2. Select the session you attended.



3. Tap **Session Evaluation** to submit your feedback.

