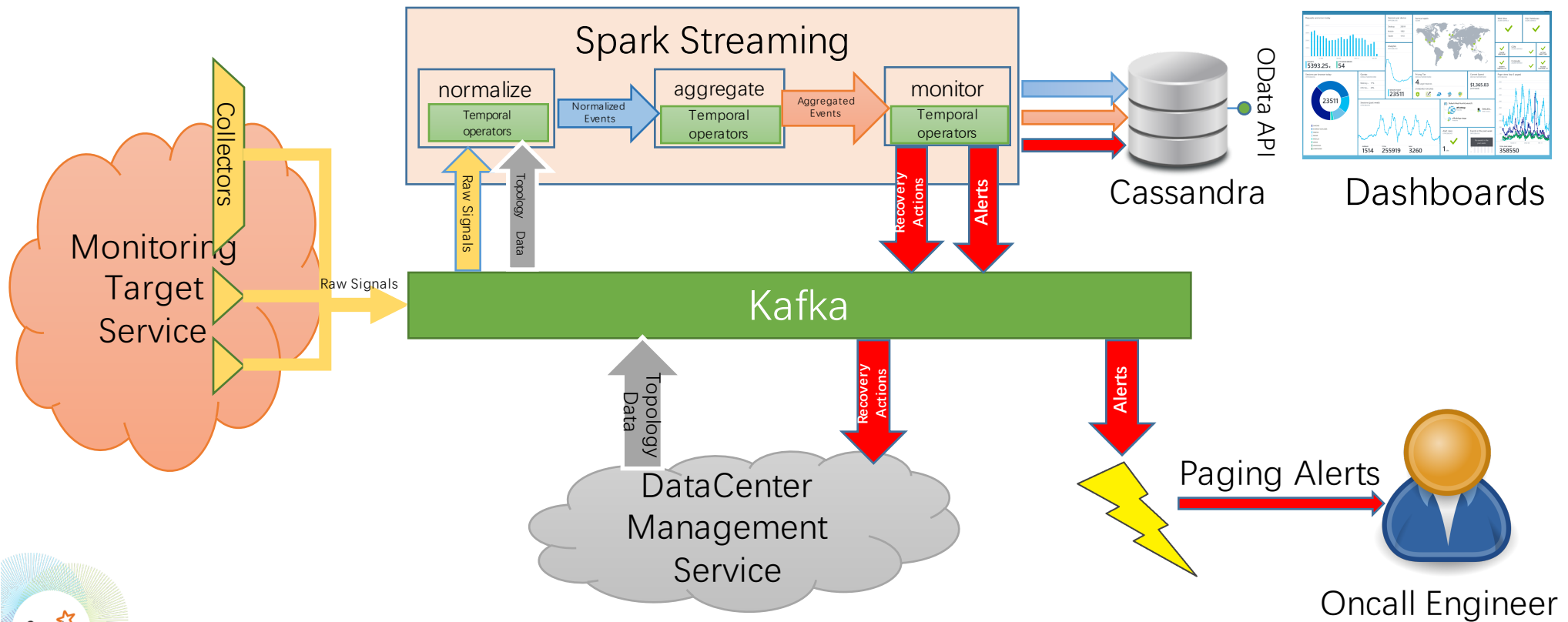


TEMPORAL OPERATORS FOR SPARK STREAMING AND ITS APPLICATION FOR OFFICE365 SERVICE MONITORING

Jin Li, Wesley Miao
Microsoft



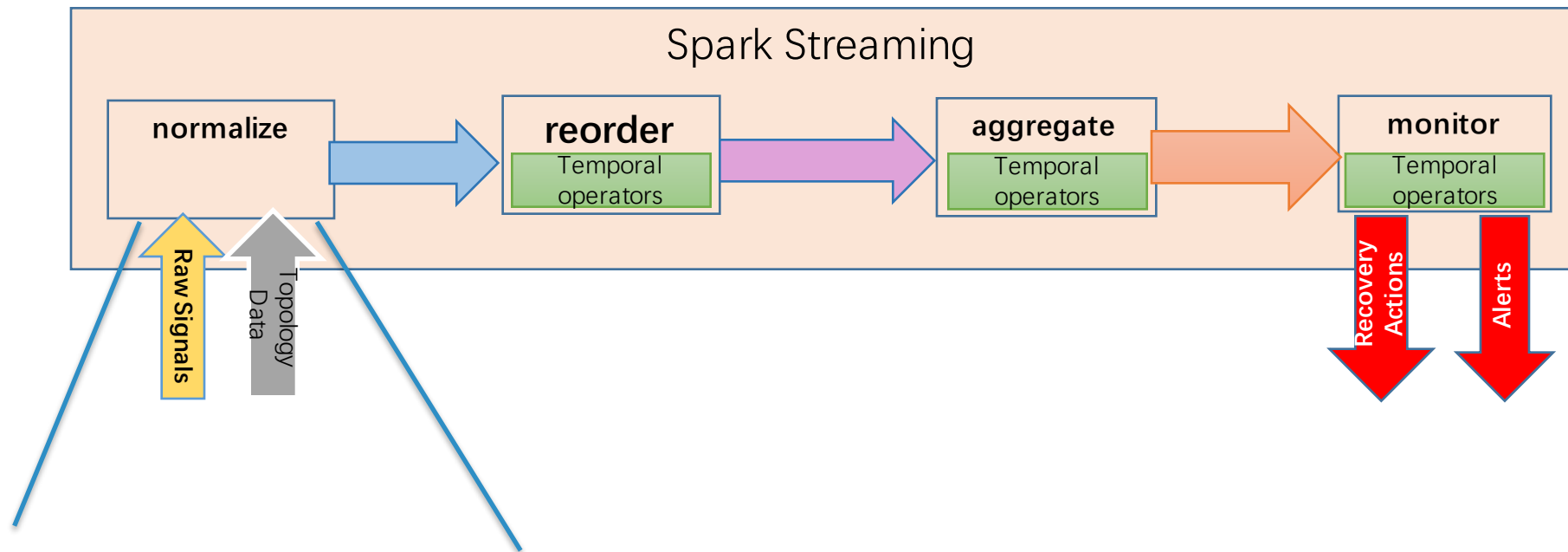
SPARK SUMMIT 2016
DATA SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING AT SCALE
JUNE 6-8, 2016 SAN FRANCISCO



Office365 Service Monitoring

- Service Monitoring Signals
 - Local active monitoring
 - Schema: <TopologyScopeValue, IsSuccess, ...>
 - TopologyScopeValue: grouping of hosts
 - e.g. server, rack, site, region
- Data may arrive out of order
- Application logic defined on data time



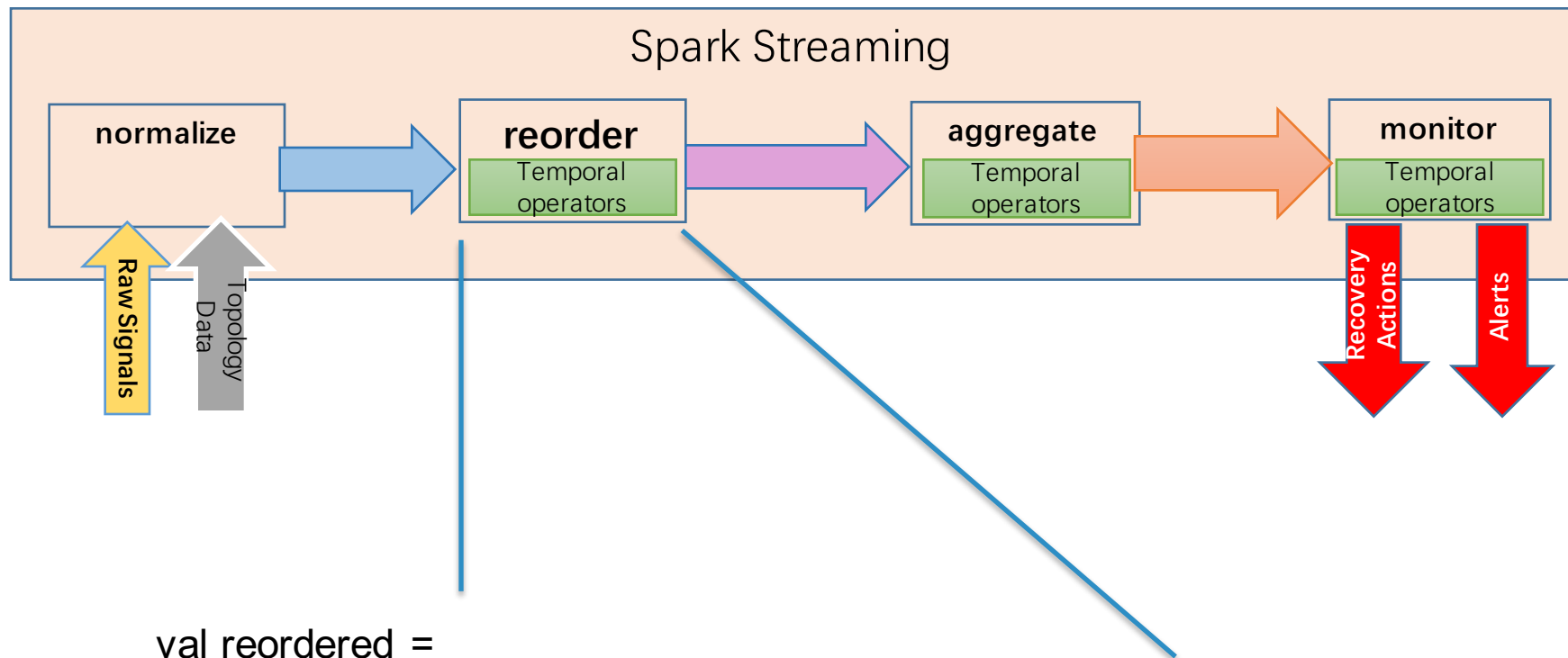


```
val rawSignals : DStream[T]  
val topologyData: DStream[T1]
```

```
val normalized =  
rawSignals.join(topologyData, ...)
```

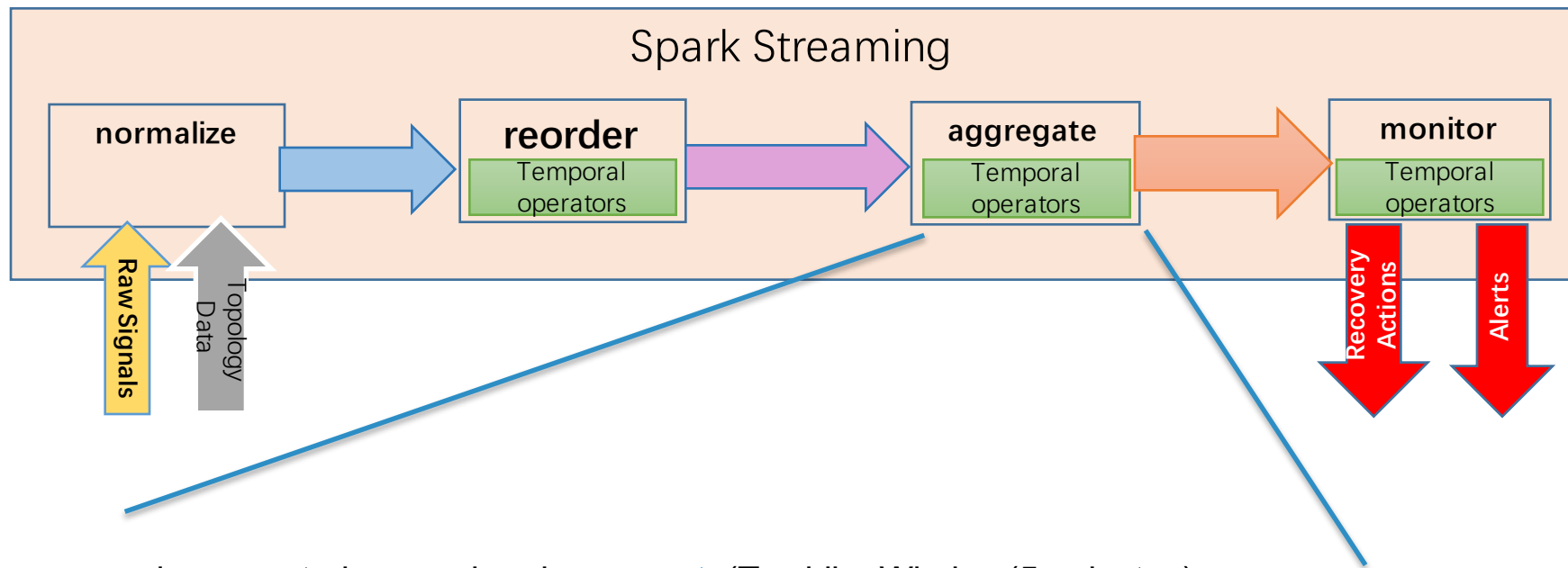


SPARK SUMMIT 2016



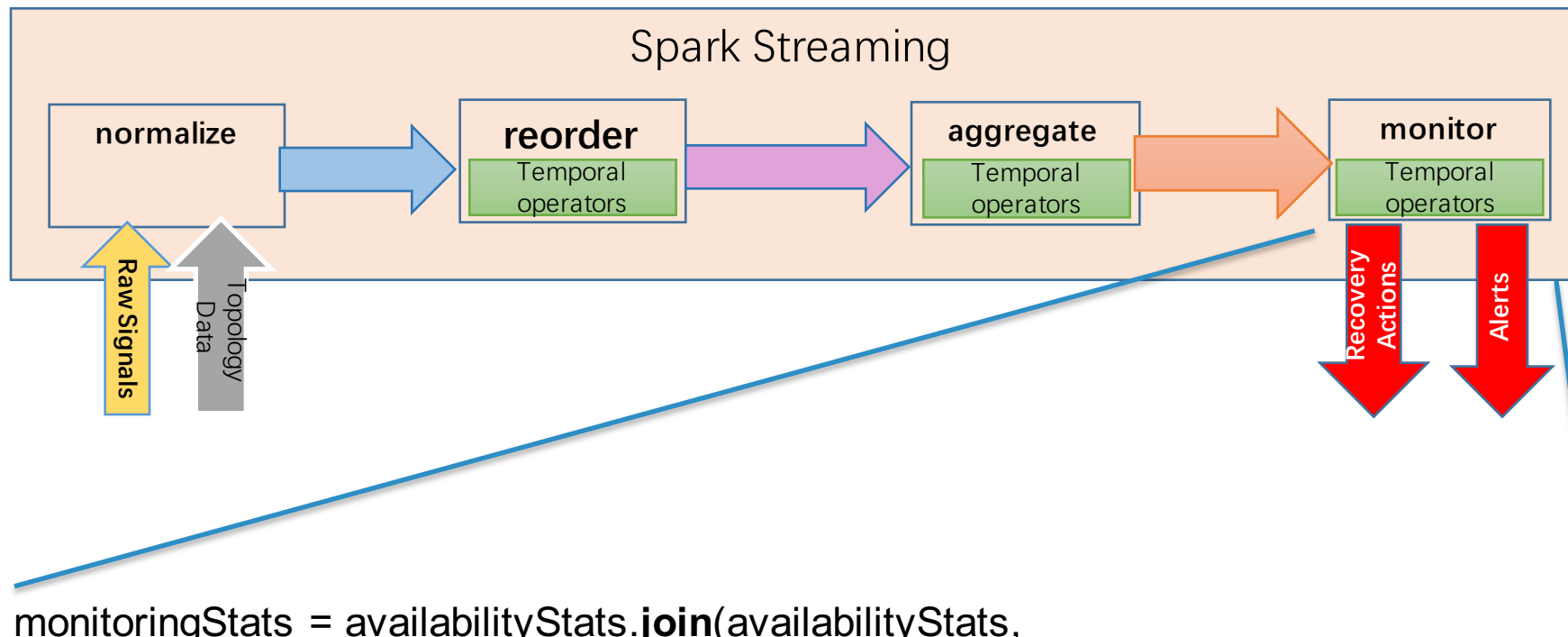
```
val reordered =  
  normalized.reorder(Policy.ReorderAdjustAndDrop(Seconds(60), Seconds(120)))
```





```
val aggregated = reordered.aggregate(TumblingWindow(5 minutes),  
  groupBy(event.rack, event.site, event.region),  
  Sum(event => event.isSuccess),  
  Count(),  
  Avg(event => event.latency)  
)  
val availabilityStats = aggregated.map{...}
```





```
val monitoringStats = availabilityStats.join(availabilityStats,  
    left => JoinKey(left.topologyScopeValue),  
    right => JoinKey(right.topologyScopeValue),  
    (left, right) => left.availability < 0.99 &&  
        right.availability >= 0.99  
    TimeDiff(Seconds(-300), Seconds(0))
```



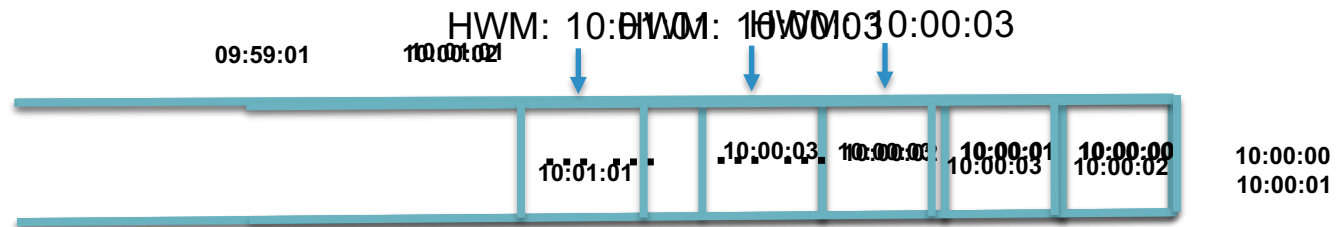
Temporal operators in depth



SPARK SUMMIT 2016

Temporal Operators – Reorder

- Reorder(policy)
 - inputStream
 - .map { e => **StreamEvent(e.timestamp, e)** }
 - .reorder(Policy.Reorder(Seconds(60)))



Temporal Operators – Event-time window aggregate

- Basic Availability Metric
 - SuccessEvents / TotalEvents for the every 5 minutes
 - Tumbling window sum
- Event-time window aggregate
 - ```
val availabilityMetrics = input
 .map { e => StreamEvent(e.timestamp, e) }
 .reorder(Policy.ReorderAdjustAndDrop(Seconds(60), Seconds(120)))
 .aggregate(
 TumblingWindow(Seconds(300)),
 event => GroupByKey((event.topologyScopeValue, "topologyScopeValue")),
 Sum(event => event.isSuccess, "sumOfSuccessEvent"),
 Count(event => event, "sumOfTotalEvent")
)
 .map (...)
```



# Temporal Operators – Event-time window aggregate

- Implementation

window: 10:00:00 - 10:05:00

|                      |         |                                  |                             |
|----------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (10:03:00, rack1, 1) | (rack2) | (SumState(150), CountState(170)) | (10:05:00, rack1, 151, 171) |
| (10:04:49, rack2, 0) | (rack2) | (SumState(230), CountState(260)) | (10:05:00, rack2, 230, 261) |
| (10:05:01, rack2, 1) | ...     | ...                              | ( ... ... )                 |



# Temporal Operators – Join

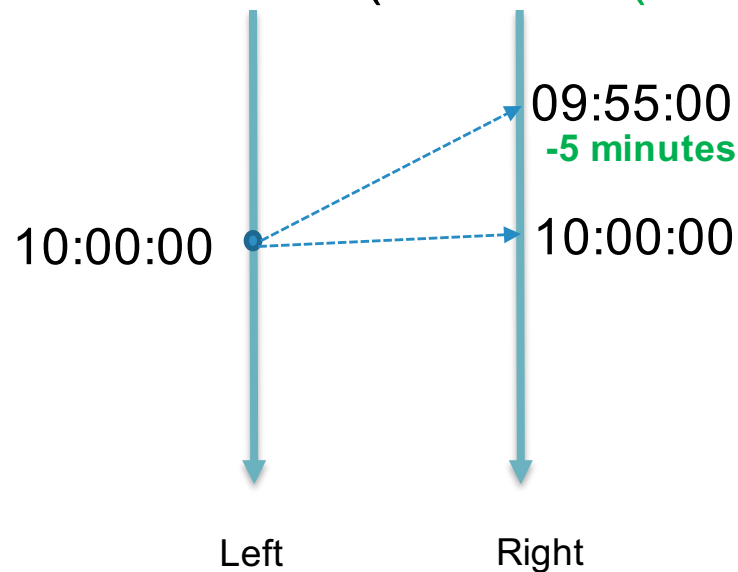
- Alarm
  - SuccessEvents/TotalEvents > threshold for the current 5 minutes, but not the previous 5 minutes
    - Temporal self join
- Temporal Join

```
availabilityMetrics.join(
 availabilityMetrics,
 left => JoinKey(x.topologyScopeValue, "leftTopologyScopeValue"),
 right => JoinKey(y.topologyScopeValue, "rightTopologyScopeValue"),
 (left, right) => left.availability < 0.99 && right.availability >= 0.99
 TimeDiff(Seconds(-300), Seconds(0))
)
```



# Temporal Operators – Join

- Temporal condition for Join
  - TimeDiff(**Seconds(-300)**, **Seconds(0)**)



# THANK YOU.

Jin Li ([jliin@microsoft.com](mailto:jliin@microsoft.com) )

Wesley Miao ([wemia@Microsoft.com](mailto:wemia@Microsoft.com) )



**SPARK SUMMIT 2016**  
DATA SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING AT SCALE  
JUNE 6-8, 2016 SAN FRANCISCO

# Questions?



SPARK SUMMIT 2016

---