Databricks' Data Pipelines: Journey and Lessons Learned

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Who Are We

Yu Peng

Data Engineer at Databricks



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Building Databricks' next-generation data pipeline on top of Apache Spark

BS in Xiamen University
Ph.D in The University of Hong Kong

Contributor to Spark since Spark 1.1 Maintainer of Spark Packages

BS in Mechanical Engineering at Bogazici University
MS in Management Science & Engineering at Stanford
University



Building a data pipeline is hard

- At least once or exactly once semantics
- Fault tolerance
- Resource management
- Scalability
- Maintainability

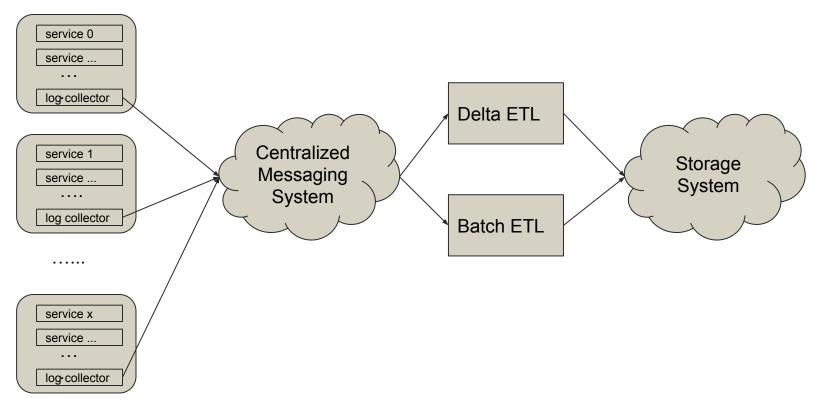


Apache® Spark™ + Databricks = Our Solution

- All ETL jobs are built on top of Apache Spark
 - Unified solution, everything in the same place
- All ETL jobs are run on Databricks platform
 - Platform for Data Engineers and Scientists
- Test out Spark and Databricks new features

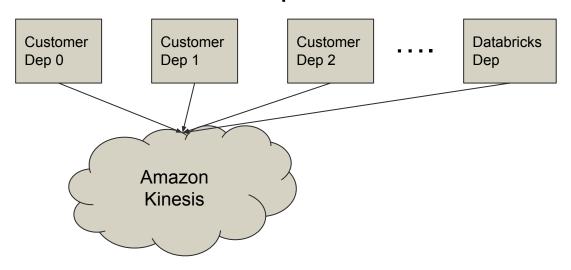


Classic Lambda Data Pipeline

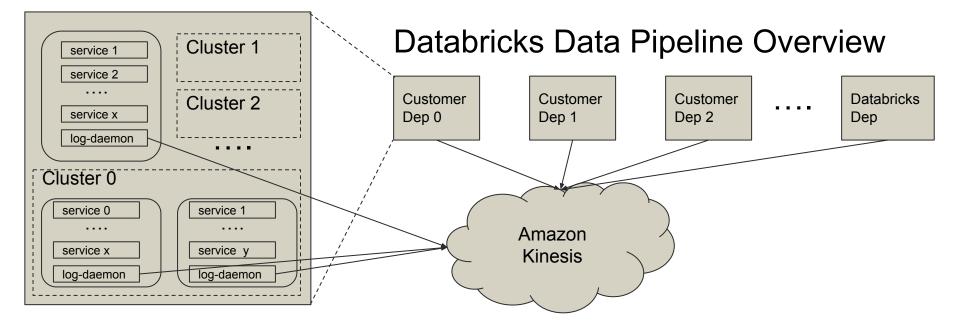


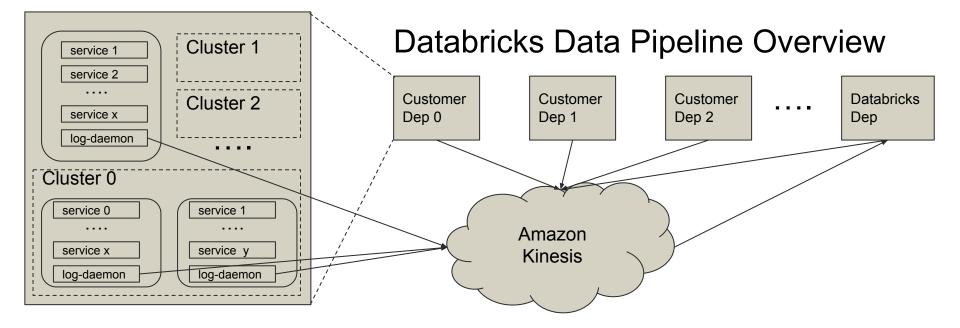


Databricks Data Pipeline Overview

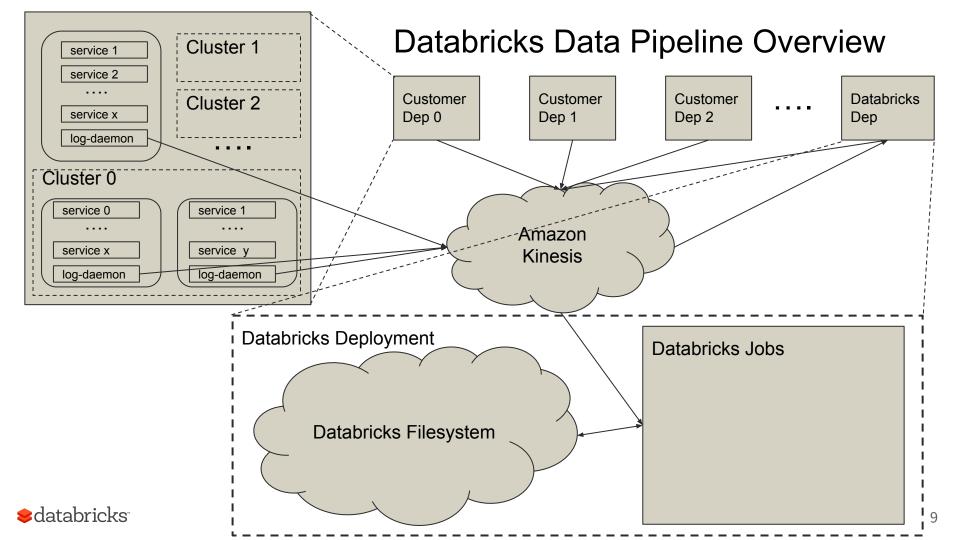


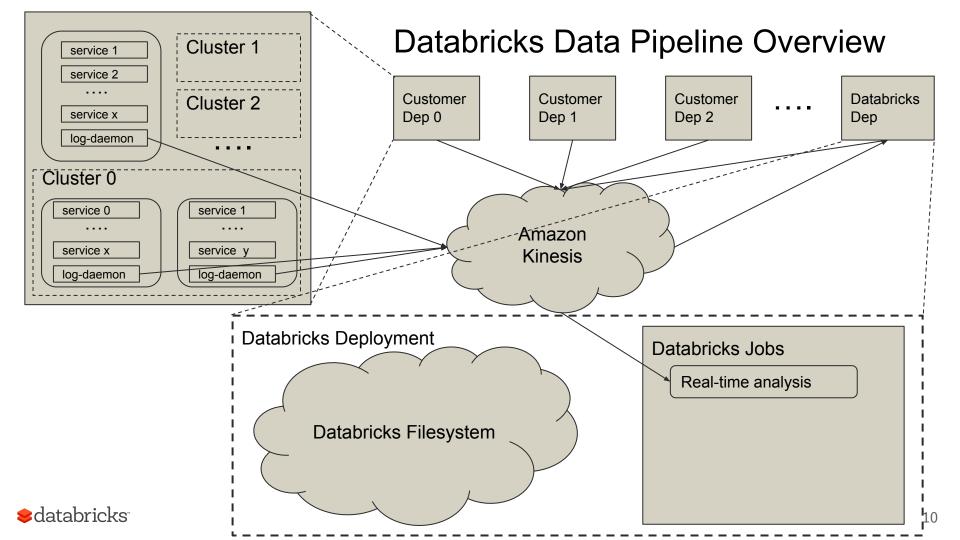


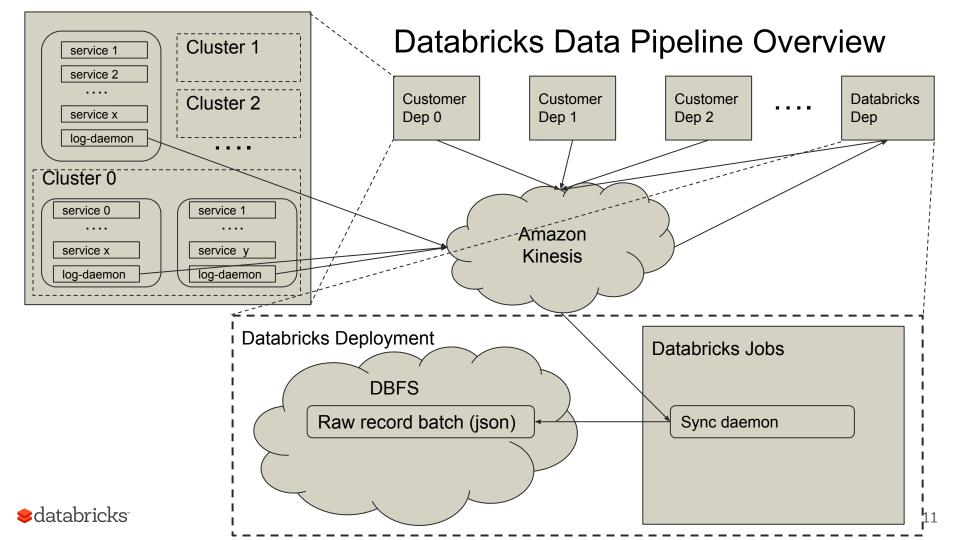


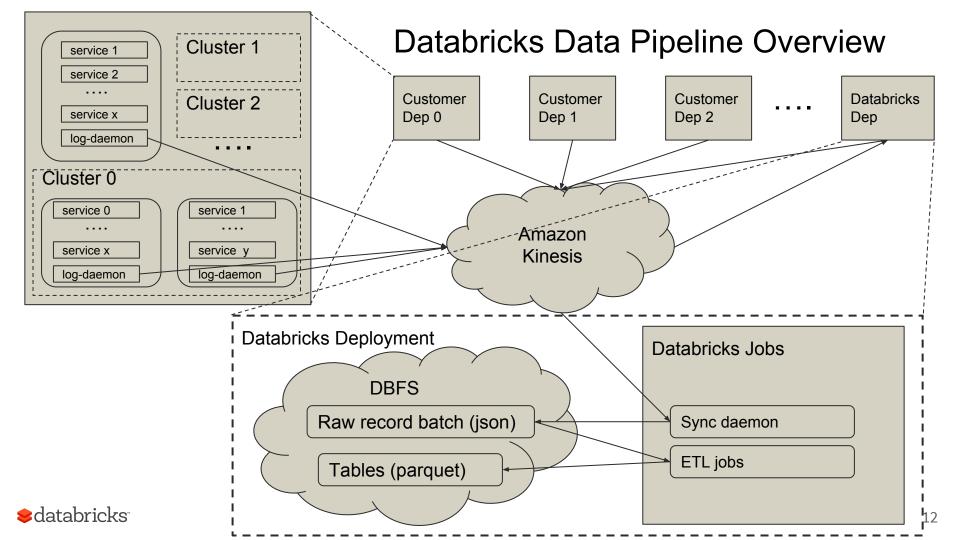


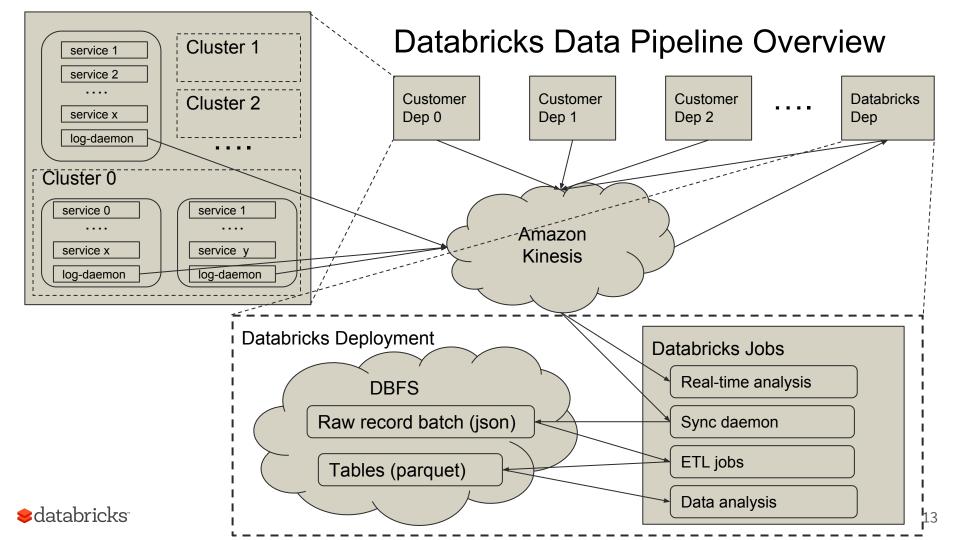










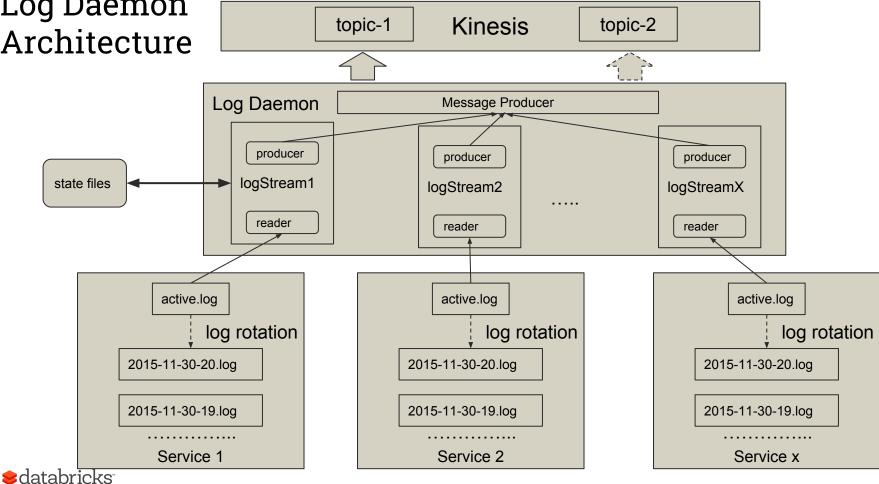


Log collection (Log-daemon)

- Fault tolerance and at least once semantics
- Streaming
- Batch
 - Spark History Server
- Multi-tenant and config driven
 - Spark container



Log Daemon Architecture



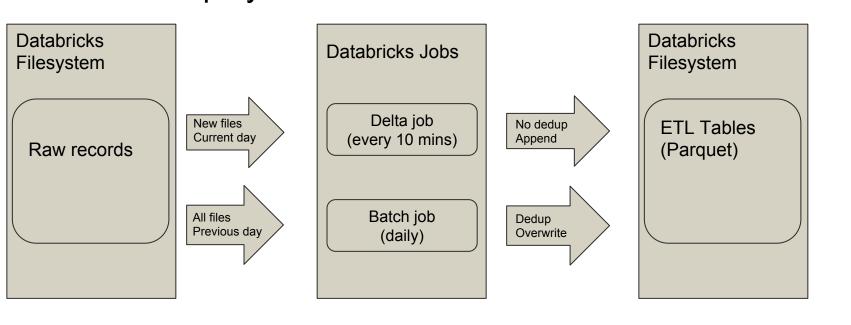
Sync Daemon

- Read from Kinesis and Write to DBFS
 - Buffer and write in batches (128 MB or 5 Mins)
 - Partitioned by date
- A long running Apache Spark job
 - Easy to scale up and down



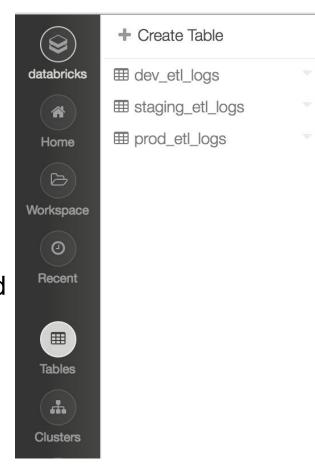
ETL Jobs

Databricks Deployment



ETL Jobs

- Use the same code for Delta and Batch jobs
- Run as scheduled Databricks jobs
- Use spot instances and fallback to on-demand
- Deliver to Databricks as parquet tables





Lessons Learned

Partition Pruning can save a lot of time and money

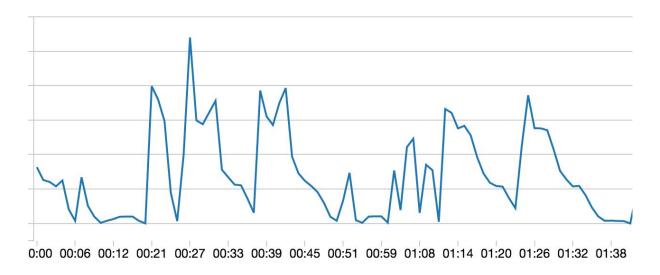
Reduced query time from 2800 seconds to just 15 seconds.

Don't partition too many levels as it leads to worse metadata discovery performance and cost.



Lessons Learned

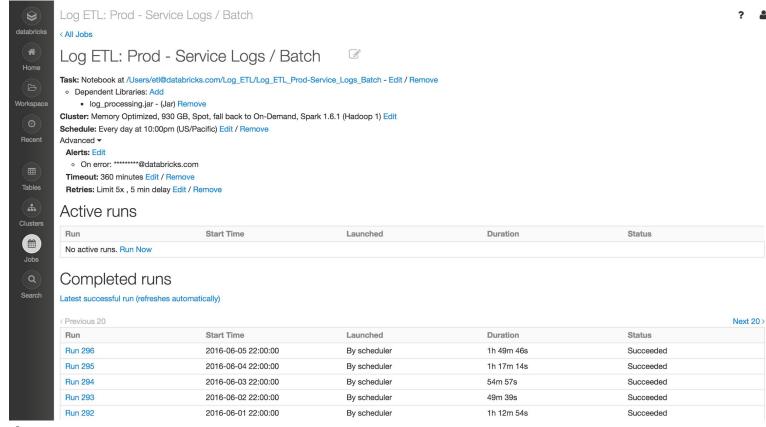
- High S3 costs: Lots of LIST Requests



Metadata discovery on S3 is expensive. Spark SQL tries to refresh it's metadata cache even after write operations.

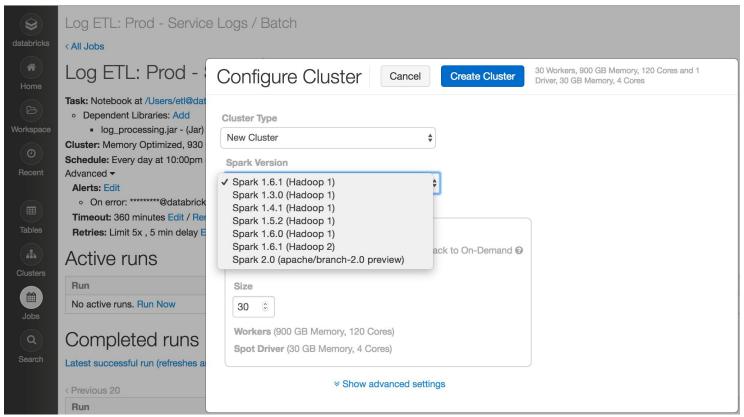


Running It All in Databricks - Jobs





Running It All in Databricks - Spark





Data Analysis & Tools

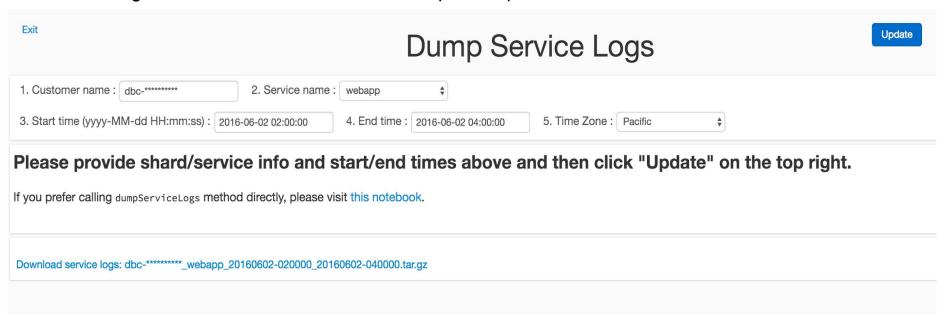
We get the data in. What's next?

- Monitoring
- Debugging
- Usage Analysis
- Product Design (A/B testing)



Debugging

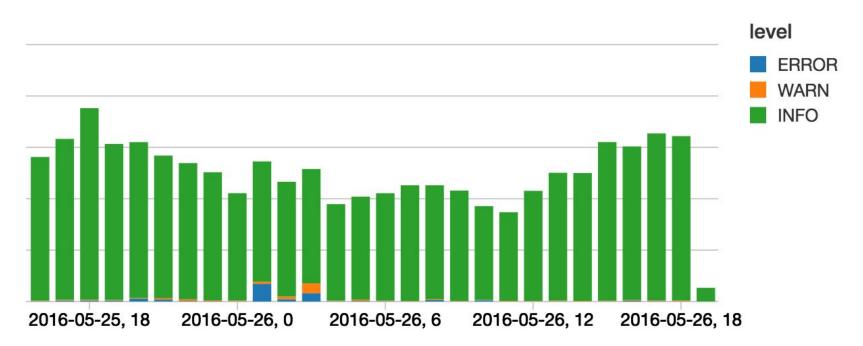
Access to logs in a matter of seconds thanks to Apache Spark.





Monitoring

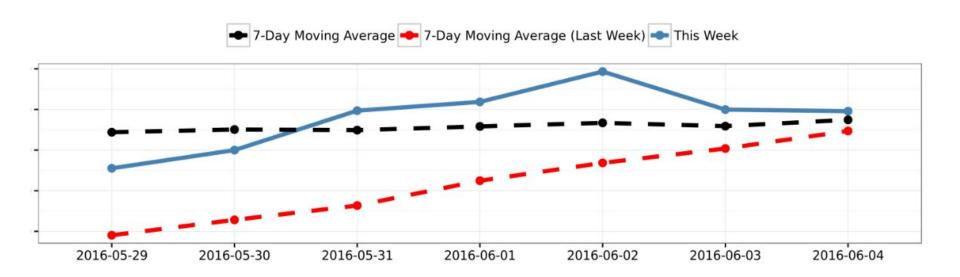
Monitor logs by log level. Bug introduced on 2016-05-26 01:00:00 UTC. Fix deployed in 2 hours.





Usage Analysis + Product Design

SparkR + ggplot2 = Match made in heaven





Summary

Databricks + Apache Spark create a unified platform for:

- ETL
- Data Warehousing
- Data Analysis
- Real time analytics

Issues with DevOps out of the question:

- No need to manage a huge cluster
- Jobs are isolated, they don't cannibalize each other's resources
- Can launch any Spark version



Ongoing & Future Work

Structured Streaming

- Reduce Complexity of pipeline:
 Sync Daemon + Delta + Batch Jobs => Single Streaming Job
- Reduce Latency
 Availability of data in seconds instead of minutes
- Event Time Dashboards



Try Apache Spark with Databricks

http://databricks.com/try



Thank you.

Have questions about ETL with Spark?
Join us at the Databricks Booth 3.45-6.00pm!

