

Quiz – 3

Time allowed: 10 min

Stacks, Queues and Trees.

Name: _____

ID: _____

A. Select the correct option for the following questions. [5 marks]

1. What is the time complexity of a pop operation in a linked-list based stack?
 - a. $O(1)$
 - b. $O(n \log n)$
 - c. $O(n)$
 - d. $O(n^2)$
2. What is the advantage of a array based stack compared to linked-list based stack?
 - a. Faster dequeue
 - b. Faster enqueue
 - c. Array based stack have no real advantage to linked-list based stack
 - d. Stack can be grown without any extra overhead
3. Circular queue resolves the following problem of a normal queue
 - a. Lower memory overhead
 - b. Slower but more stable dequeue
 - c. Fast enqueue in $O(\log n)$
 - d. Fast dequeue in $O(1)$
4. In a tree of height 2, the root has 4 children. Only 2 children of the root have one child each. How many leaves to we have?
 - a. **Cannot** determine
 - b. $(4-2) + 2 = 4$
 - c. $(4\%2) + 4 = 6$
5. In a tree, number of children at level m is always larger than the number of children at level n where $m < n$?
 - a. True
 - b. False

B. What is the output when **mystery(q)** is called when q=[9,8,7,6,5]? [2 marks]

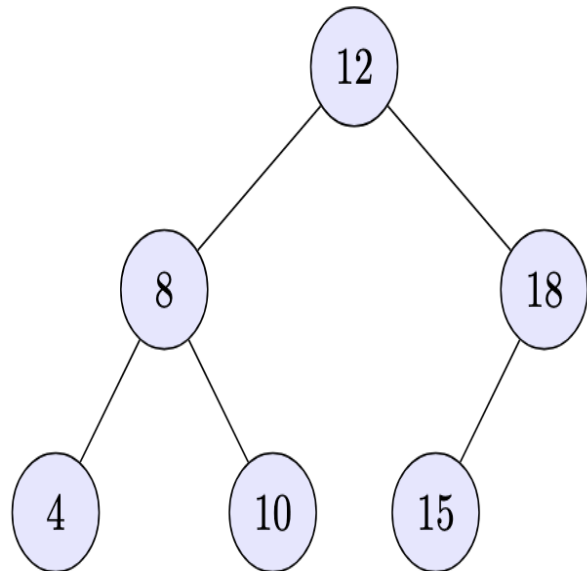
```
void mystery(queue<int> q) {
    while (!q.empty()) {
        int x = q.front();
        q.pop();
        if (!q.empty()) {
            int y = q.front();
            q.pop();
            q.push(x + y);
        }
    }
    while (!q.empty()) {
        cout << q.front() << " ";
        q.pop();
    }
}
```

Output:

C. What is the output when **magic(root)** is called on the given tree [3 marks]

```
struct Node {
    int data;
    Node* left;
    Node* right;
};

void traverse(Node* root) {
    if (!root) return;
    if (root->right)
        traverse(root->right);
    cout << root->data << " ";
    if (root->left)
        traverse(root->left);
}
```



Output: