**Fraud Detection Report**

Project title: Credit card fraud detection

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Abstract:

This project credit card fraud detection aims to able to classify the fraud transactions in by given 31 features and 56960 examples but there are 28 feature are anonymous, also the data is highly unbalanced with just 0.172% positive class ration, so we focuses on F1-score then recall, and try several algorithms (logistic regression, random forest, voting classifier, xgboost, light-boost, cat-boost) we reach for the highest f1-score from random forest with [Val\_f1score: 89% and Test\_f1score: 80%], after applying preprocessing remove duplicates, transform time, apply MinMaxScaling, apply Ovesampling with factor: 80

This project inspired from Kaggle competition: [Kaggle Fraud Detection](https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/mlg-ulb/creditcardfraud/code?datasetId=310&sortBy=voteCount&searchQuery=tsne).

Introduction:

Accurately classify the fraud transactions is critical to prevent the fraud transactions and reduce thefts and crimes, but most of the transactions are normal transactions so we don’t want to detect them as fraud so we try to build efficient model to detect fraud detection only; after deploying it in banks this will reduce the fraud transactions.

Data Set Description:

Sources: inspired by [Kaggle “Fraud Detection”](https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/mlg-ulb/creditcardfraud/data) with some changes

Size: 56960 columns & 31 feature for Train\_val data

Features:

- Time: show the seconds between the first transaction and each transaction

- from: V1 to V28 are anonymous features

- Amount: the number of transactions happening in this time

- Class: The target feature 1 or 0

EDA:

- Target (Class) are highly unbalanced with  0.172% positive class

A purple circle with yellow dots

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

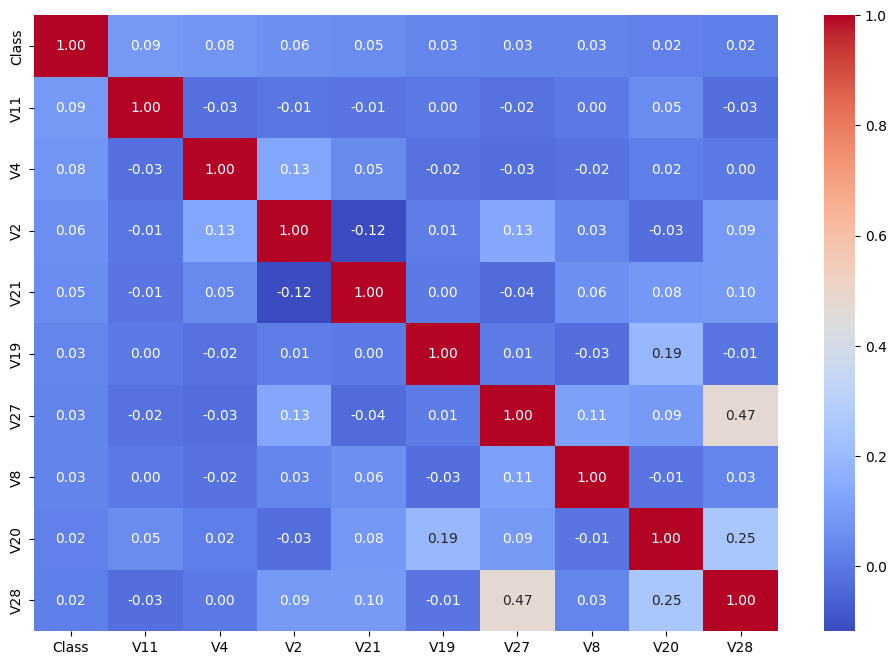
- The Data is Highly imbalanced with only 0.00157% positive class

- All features (except target) are floats

- Most of the features are Anonymous and normalized, 28 features

- the data is very weak (very low correlation)

Highest 10 feature correlation:



- there is no missing data (Clean)

Methodology:

Data Processing:

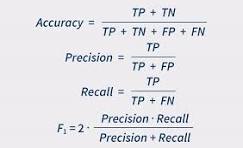
* The data was clean, no missing data
* There were 62 duplicate examples, drop them
* keep or drop outlier, keep them
* Change time from seconds to hours
* Apply MinMaxScaing to scale the data
* Try oversampling minority with factor=80

Models:

* Baseline Model: Logistic Regression
* Tree based Models: Random Forest Classifier
* Boosting technique: Xgboost, Light boost, Cat boost
* K Nearest Neighbors

Metrices:

So, the data is highly unbalanced we cannot use Accuracy as metric wee will use f1-score and recall, precision



Results:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Model | F1-score data as it is | F1-score undersampling | F1-score oversampling |
| Logistic Regression | 88% | 80% | 89% |
| Random Forest | 88% | 88% | 89% |
| xgboost | 77% | 88% | 89% |
| lightboost | 79% | 84% | 83% |
| catboost | 88% | 80% | 89% |
| KNN | 56% | 62% | 88% |

Random Forest:

We chose the Random Forest classifier model with parameters: Max\_depth=9 and n\_estimators = 50

Results:

Val\_f1-score: f1-score 89% & Recall 81%

A screenshot of a computer screen

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Test: f1-score 80% & Recall 82%

A screen shot of a computer screen

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

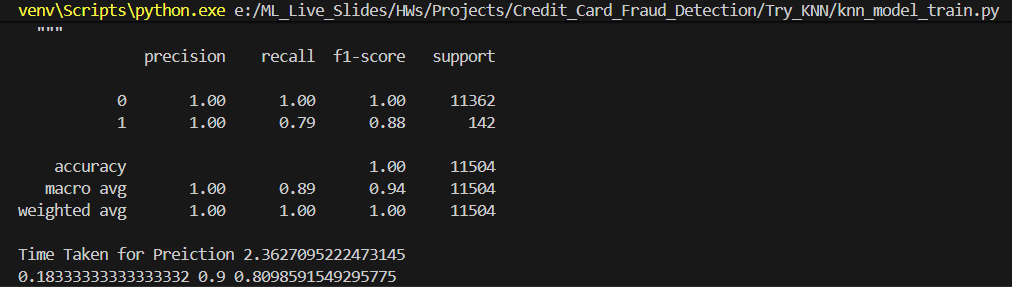
KNN:

We try k nearest neighbors (knn) classifier with the same preprocessing (cleaning, scaling, sampling) and use PCA to do feature reduction to reduce the time for prediction and reduce time in train-val from 1.33 to 0.44 seconds but it reduces the f1-score form 88% to 85% so we will choose without PCA.

We tunning to get the best n-neighbor 60, n\_component 4

Results:

Train\_Val: f1-score 88% & Recall 79%



Test: f1-score 75% & Recall 75%

A screen shot of a computer

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Conclusion:

The model saved in model.pkl file it can now predict if the transaction is normal or fraud with 80% f1-score from tree Based algorithm random classifier with and can transformed as api and deployed for bank