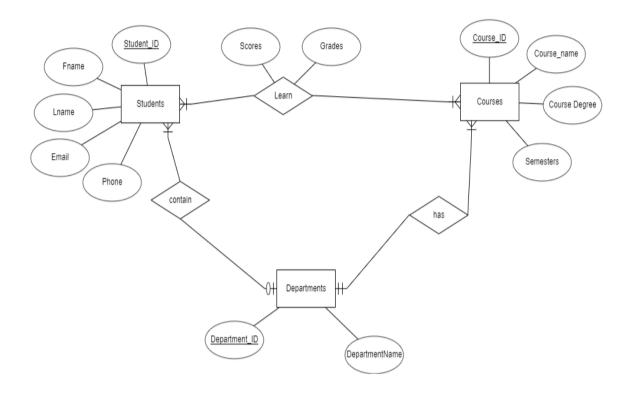


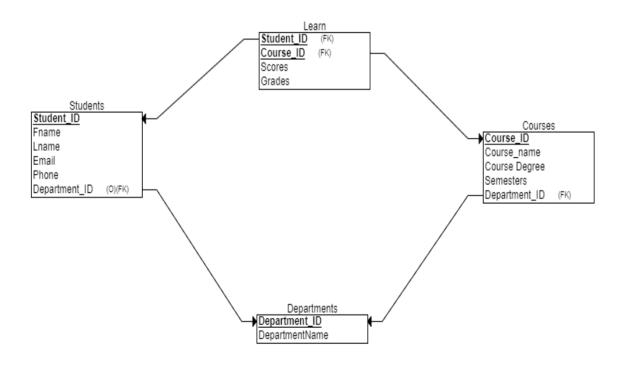
## • Database Design :-

- Each student must have a unique Student ID.
- o Students can have additional attributes such as Fname, LName, Email, and Phone.
- Courses are identified by a unique Course ID.
- Each course has associated attributes like Course name, Course Degree and Semesters.
- A many-to-many relationship exists between students and courses, indicating that students can learn multiple courses, and each course can be learned by multiple students.
- Consider storing Scores for each student in each course, which can further connect to Grades
- Each department is identified by a unique Department ID.
- o Departments have an associated **Department Name** attribute.
- A many-to-one relationship exists from students to departments, meaning each student is contained in only one department.
- Similarly, a many-to-one relationship exists from courses to departments, indicating that each course is offered by only one department.

#### ERD:-



#### Relational Schema:-



#### Procedures:-

 UpdateStudentInformation:- takes any parameters of the students and update the date for the student in the Students table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UNIVERSITY. UpdateStudentInformation(
  p Table Name IN VARCHAR2,
  p ID IN NUMBER,
  p New Fname IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT NULL,
  p New Lname IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT NULL,
  p_New_Department_ID IN NUMBER DEFAULT NULL,
  p New Course Name IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT NULL,
  p New Score IN NUMBER DEFAULT NULL,
  p New Course ID IN NUMBER DEFAULT NULL
) AS
BEGIN
  CASE p_Table_Name
    WHEN 'Students' THEN
       UPDATE Students
       SET Fname = COALESCE(p New Fname, Fname),
         Lname = COALESCE(p New Lname, Lname),
         Department ID = COALESCE(p New Department ID, Department ID)
       WHERE Student ID = p ID;
    WHEN 'Courses' THEN
       UPDATE Courses
       SET Course Name = COALESCE(p New Course Name, Course Name),
         Department_ID = COALESCE(p_New_Department_ID, Department_ID)
       WHERE Course ID = p ID;
     WHEN 'Grades' THEN
       UPDATE Grades
       SET Scores = COALESCE(p New Score, Scores)
       WHERE Student_ID = p_ID AND Course_ID = COALESCE(p_New_Course_ID, Course_ID); --
    ELSE
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Invalid table name');
  END CASE;
END;
```

### • Triggers:-

 Insert\_student\_grade:- after adding a new student into the system the trigger adds this student with his department's courses into Grades table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UNIVERSITY.insert_student_grades
AFTER INSERT ON UNIVERSITY.STUDENTS FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
BEGIN
-- Insert the student into the GRADES table with department courses
FOR course_rec IN (SELECT course_id FROM courses WHERE department_id =
:NEW.department_id)
LOOP
INSERT INTO grades (student_id, course_id, scores)
VALUES (:NEW.student_id, course_rec.course_id, NULL);
END LOOP;
END;
```

- Delete\_student\_grades:- if a student is deleted from the Students table the trigger will delete his department's courses from the Grades table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UNIVERSITY.delete_student_grades
AFTER DELETE ON UNIVERSITY.STUDENTS FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
DELETE FROM UNIVERSITY.GRADES
WHERE STUDENT_ID = :OLD.STUDENT_ID;
END;
```

 UpdateGrade:- when the student's scores stored into the Grades table the trigger calculate his Grade.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UNIVERSITY.UpdateGrade
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON UNIVERSITY.GRADES FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN

:new.Grades := CASE

WHEN :new.Scores > 0.75 * 150 THEN 'A'

WHEN :new.Scores >= 0.65 * 150 AND :new.Scores < 0.75 * 150 THEN 'B'

ELSE 'C'

END;
END;
```

- Functions:-
  - Calculate Student's GPA :-

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UNIVERSITY. CalculateGPA(p_Student_ID IN NUMBER) RETURN
NUMBER IS
  v_TotalGPA NUMBER := 0;
  v TotalCourses NUMBER := 0;
  v CoursePercentage NUMBER;
BEGIN
  FOR course rec IN (
     SELECT G.Scores, C.Course Degree
     FROM Grades G
     JOIN Courses C ON G.Course_ID = C.Course_ID
     WHERE G.Student_ID = p_Student_ID
  ) LOOP
     v CoursePercentage := (course rec.Scores / course rec.Course Degree) * 100;
     v TotalGPA := v TotalGPA + (v CoursePercentage / 25);
     v_TotalCourses := v_TotalCourses + 1;
  END LOOP;
  IF v_TotalCourses > 0 THEN
     RETURN ROUND(v_TotalGPA / v_TotalCourses, 2);
  ELSE
     RETURN NULL;
  END IF;
```

```
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Student with ID' || p_Student_ID || ' not found.');
    RETURN NULL;
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('An error occurred.');
    RETURN NULL;
END;
          Calculate Avg Course's GPA:-
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UNIVERSITY. CalculateCourseGPA(p_Course_ID IN NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER IS
  v_TotalGPA NUMBER := 0;
  v TotalStudents NUMBER := 0;
  v CoursePercentage NUMBER;
  v MaxCourseDegree NUMBER := 150;
BEGIN
  FOR course rec IN (
    SELECT G.Scores, C.Course_Degree
    FROM Grades G
    JOIN Courses C ON G.Course_ID = C.Course_ID
    WHERE G.Course_ID = p_Course_ID
  ) LOOP
    v_CoursePercentage := (course_rec.Scores / v_MaxCourseDegree) *100;
    v_TotalGPA := v_TotalGPA + (v_CoursePercentage /25);
    v_TotalStudents := v_TotalStudents + 1;
  END LOOP;
  IF v_TotalStudents > 0 THEN
    RETURN ROUND(v_TotalGPA / v_TotalStudents, 2);
  ELSE
    RETURN NULL;
  END IF;
  EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Course with ID' | | p_Course_ID | | ' not found.');
    RETURN NULL;
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('An error occurred.');
    RETURN NULL;
END;
```

- Sequences:-
  - STUDENTS\_SEQ
  - COURSES\_SEQ
  - DEPARTMENTS\_SEQ
  - GRADES\_SEQ
- Automation Scripts :-
- Backup for database

```
#!/bin/bash

# Oracle Database Connection Details

# DB_USER=UNIVERSITY

# BB_ACKUP_DIR="\rangle Courses dell/Desktop/Backup"

# Date Format for Backup File

# DATE_FORMAT=$(date + "%Y%m%d_%ACMOS")

# Export File Name (only the file name, not the full path)

EXPORT_FILE="backup_${DATE_FORMAT}.dmp"

# Oracle Data Pump Export Command

expdp ${DB_USER}/${DB_PASSWORD}@${DB_SID} DIRECTORY=DATA_PUMP_DIR DUMPFILE=${EXPORT_FILE} FULL=Y

# Check if the export was successful

if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then

echo "Database backup successful. File: ${EXPORT_FILE}"

else

echo "Error: Database backup failed."

fi
```

Disk Space Monitoring :-

- Java Application :-
- In the Java application we have a db folder containing the classes of student, department and course.
- We have a db folder containing the data access layer class which has the methods that are connected with the database.
- Also we have an images folder containing images for each scene.
- And finally we have 3 scenes in our application:-
  - 1) Log In scene.
  - 2) Student's scene.
  - 3) Departments and courses scene.

## DataAccessLayer :-

```
public class DataAccessLaver {
   public static void connect() throws SQLException {
       DriverManager.registerDriver(new OracleDriver());
   Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1522:XE", "UNIVERSITY", "123");
   public static int addstudent(Student student) throws SQLException{
       int result = -1:
   DriverManager.registerDriver(new OracleDriver());
    Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1522:XE","UNIVERSITY","123");
    PreparedStatement pst= con.prepareStatement("insert into Students values(?,?,?,?,?)");
   pst.setInt(1,student.getStudentId());
   pst.setString(2,student.getFirstName());
   pst.setString(3,student.getLastName());
   pst.setInt(4,student.getDepartmentId());
   pst.setString(5,student.getEmail());
   pst.setString(6,student.getPhone());
    return result;
    }catch (SQLIntegrityConstraintViolationException e) {
           // Handle the exception for duplicate primary key (ID)
           Alert alert = new Alert(AlertType, ERROR);
           alert.setTitle("Error");
```

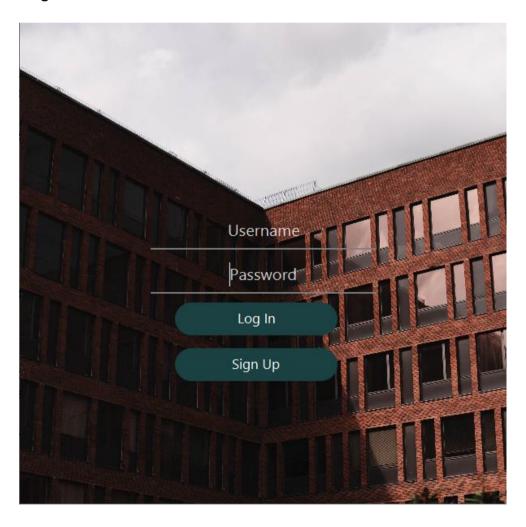
```
public static int updateStudent(Student student) throws SQLException{
    int result = -1;
    DriverManager.registerDriver(new OracleDriver());
    //connection
    Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1522:XE","UNIVERSITY","123");
    PreparedStatement pst= con.prepareStatement("update Students set FNAME = ?, LName = ?, DEPARTMENT_ID = ?, EMAIL

pst.setString(1, student.getFirstName());
    pst.setString(2, student.getDepartmentId());
    pst.setString(4, student.getDepartmentId());
    pst.setString(5, student.getPhone());
    pst.setString(5, student.getStudentId());

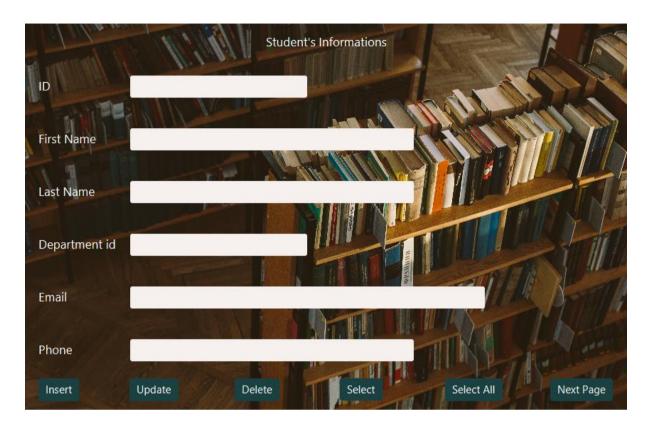
result= pst.executeUpdate();
    return result;
}
```

```
public static int deleteStudent(int studentId) throws SQLException {
  int result = -1;
  try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1522:XE", "UNIVERSITY", "123")) {
      StringBuilder queryBuilder = new StringBuilder("delete from Students where STUDENT ID = ?");
      try (PreparedStatement pst = con.prepareStatement(queryBuilder.toString())) {
         pst.setInt(1, studentId);
         result = pst.executeUpdate();
  return result:
public static ResultSet selectStudent(int studentId) throws SQLException {
 ResultSet resultSet = null;
     Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1522:XE", "UNIVERSITY", "123");
      String query = "SELECT * FROM Students WHERE STUDENT_ID = ?";
      PreparedStatement pst = con.prepareStatement(query);
         pst.setInt(1, studentId);
         resultSet = pst.executeQuery();
      } catch (SOLException ex) {
      System.err.println("Error during selectStudent: " + ex.getMessage());
      ex.printStackTrace();
```

# Log In Scene :-



- Student's Information Scene :-



- Departments and Courses Scene :-

