plotPredictions

August 10, 2016

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In [1]: #This code plots the training predictions vs the actual predictions
        import numpy as np
        from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
        import pandas as pd
        from copy import copy
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
        import csv
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
        import itertools
        from sklearn.svm import SVR
        from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
        import matplotlib.patches as mpatches
        dateparse=lambda x:pd.datetime.strptime(x,'%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
        train=pd.read_csv('train.csv',parse_dates=['datetime'],date_parser=dateparse)
        test=pd.read_csv('test.csv',parse_dates=['datetime'],date_parser=dateparse)
        #test['windspeed']=np.log(test['windspeed']+1)
        #train['windspeed']=np.log(train['windspeed']+1)
        print 'train.shape is ',train.shape,' and test.shape is ',test.shape
        def extractFeaturesTrain(data):
            data['Hour'] = data.datetime.dt.hour
            data['DayOfWeek'] = data.datetime.dt.dayofweek
            labels=data['count']
            train_years=data.datetime.dt.year
            train_months=data.datetime.dt.month
            data=data.drop(['datetime','count','casual','registered'], axis = 1)
            #print 'Training data is \n', data
            return np.array(data),np.array(labels),np.array(train_years),np.array(train_months),(data.c
        def extractFeaturesTest(data):
            \#print 'data is \n', data
            data['Hour'] = data.datetime.dt.hour
            data['DayOfWeek'] = data.datetime.dt.dayofweek
            test_years=data.datetime.dt.year
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test_months=data.datetime.dt.month

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data=data.drop(['datetime'], axis = 1)
           return np.array(data),np.array(test_years),np.array(test_months)
       train2=copy(train)
       test2=copy(test)
       test=np.array(test)
       #print 'train2 is ', train2
       traind, labelsTrain, train_years, train_months, headers, originalTrain, seasonTrain, hoursTrain=extrac
       testd,test_years,test_months=extractFeaturesTest(test2)
       cov1=np.cov(traind.T)
       print 'traind.shape is ',traind.shape,' and testd.shape is ',testd.shape
train.shape is (10886, 12) and test.shape is (6493, 9)
traind.shape is (10886, 10) and testd.shape is (6493, 10)
In [4]: predicted=pd.read_csv('submitrf150.csv',parse_dates=['datetime'],date_parser=dateparse)
       #print predicted
       predicted=np.array(predicted)
       #predicted[0,0].year
In [22]: trainA=np.array(train)
        palette=np.array(sns.color_palette("Set2", 2))
        LabelsName=['Train', 'PredictedTest']
        print 'predicted[0,0] is ',predicted[0,0]
        patches=[mpatches.Patch(color=palette[i]) for i in range(0,2)]
        def getCustomLocs(year,month,data):
            locs=[]
            for i in range(0,data.shape[0]):
                if data[i,0].year==year and data[i,0].month==month:
                    locs.append(i)
            return locs
         #now my task is to plot the predicted values and the actual values for each month
        def plots():
            for i in [2011,2012]:
                fig=plt.figure()
                fig.suptitle('Year '+str(i)+' Monthly plots by season')
                fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.5)
                fig.legend(handles=patches,labels=LabelsName,loc='upper right')
                fig.text(0.5,0.04,'-----
                fig.text(0.08,0.5,'-----Count ( Number
                for j in range(1,13):
                    trainLocs=getCustomLocs(i,j,trainA)
                    testLocs=getCustomLocs(i,j,predicted)
                    actualTrain=labelsTrain[trainLocs]
                    predictedTest=predicted[testLocs,1]
                    colorArray=np.hstack((np.zeros(len(trainLocs)),np.ones(len(testLocs))))
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time_series=np.hstack((actualTrain,predictedTest))
                    #print colorArray
                    ax=fig.add_subplot(4,3,j)
                    ax.scatter(range(0,time_series.shape[0]),time_series,c=palette[colorArray.astype(n
                    title=' Month '+str(j)
                    #print 'title is ', title
                    ax.set_title(title)
                plt.savefig('Year '+str(i) +' Monthly plots by season (Train and Predicted)')
                plt.show()
        plots()
predicted[0,0] is 2011-01-20 00:00:00
In [ ]: trainA=np.array(train)
       flatui = [ "#e74c3c", "#2ecc71"]
       predictedTrain=pd.read_csv('rf150predictedTrain.csv',parse_dates=['datetime'],date_parser=datep
       predictedTrain
       predictedTrain=np.array(predictedTrain)
       palette=np.array(sns.color_palette(flatui))
       LabelsName=['Train','PredictedTrain']
       print 'predicted[0,0] is ',predicted[0,0]
       patches=[mpatches.Patch(color=palette[i]) for i in range(0,2)]
       def getCustomLocs2(year,month,data):
           locs=[]
           for i in range(0,data.shape[0]):
               if data[i,0].year==year and data[i,0].month==month:
                   locs.append(i)
           return locs
       def plots2():
           for i in [2011,2012]:
               fig=plt.figure()
               fig.suptitle('Train Values and Actual Values Year '+str(i)+' Monthly plots by season')
               fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.5)
               fig.legend(handles=patches,labels=LabelsName,loc='upper right')
               fig.text(0.5,0.04,'-----
               fig.text(0.08,0.5,'-----Count ( Number )
               for j in range(1,13):
                   #trainLocs=qetCustomLocs2(i, j, trainA)
                   predictedTrainLocs=getCustomLocs2(i,j,predictedTrain)
                   trainValues=predictedTrain[predictedTrainLocs,1]
                   predictedValues=predictedTrain[predictedTrainLocs,2]
                   #print colorArray
                   ax=fig.add_subplot(4,3,j)
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ax.scatter(range(0,trainValues.shape[0]),trainValues,c=palette[0])
                  ax.scatter(range(0,predictedValues.shape[0]),predictedValues,c=palette[1])
                  title=' Month '+str(j)
                   #print 'title is ', title
                  ax.set_title(title)
               plt.savefig('Train Values and Actual Values Year '+str(i) +' Monthly plots by season (T.
               plt.show()
       plots2()
In [35]: trainA=np.array(train)
        flatui = [ "#9b59b6"]
        predictedTrain=pd.read_csv('rf150predictedTrain.csv',parse_dates=['datetime'],date_parser=date
        predictedTrain
        predictedTrain=np.array(predictedTrain)
        palette=np.array(sns.color_palette(flatui))
        LabelsName=['Residuals']
        print 'predicted[0,0] is ',predicted[0,0]
        patches=[mpatches.Patch(color=palette[i]) for i in range(0,1)]
        def getCustomLocs3(year,month,data):
            locs=[]
            for i in range(0,data.shape[0]):
                if data[i,0].year==year and data[i,0].month==month:
                   locs.append(i)
            return locs
        def plots3():
            for i in [2011,2012]:
                fig=plt.figure()
                fig.set_size_inches(18.5, 10.5)
                fig.suptitle('Residuals Year '+str(i)+' Monthly plots by season')
                fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.5)
                fig.legend(handles=patches,labels=LabelsName,loc='upper right')
                fig.text(0.5,0.04,'-----
                fig.text(0.08,0.5,'-----Count ( Number
                for j in range(1,13):
                    #trainLocs=getCustomLocs2(i,j,trainA)
                   predictedTrainLocs=getCustomLocs3(i,j,predictedTrain)
                    trainValues=predictedTrain[predictedTrainLocs,1]
                   predictedValues=predictedTrain[predictedTrainLocs,2]
                    residuals=predictedTrain[predictedTrainLocs,3]
                    #print colorArray
                    ax=fig.add_subplot(4,3,j)
                    ax.plot(range(0,trainValues.shape[0]),residuals,c=palette[0])
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