## **Unit 4: Inference for numerical data**

Decision errors, significance levels, sample size
 & power

Sta 104 - Summer 2015

Duke University, Department of Statistical Science

June 1, 2015

## 1. Housekeeping

- 2. Main ideas Decision errors, significance levels, sample size & power
- 1. Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals at equivalent significance/confidence levels should agree
- 2. Results that are statistically significant are not necessarily practically significant
- 3. Calculate the sample size a priori to achieve desired margin of error
  - 4. Hypothesis tests are prone to decision errors
  - 5. Power depends on the effect size,  $\alpha$ , n, and s

## Summary

### 4. Bootstrapping

- 1. Bootstrap intervals
- Bootstrap testing for a single numerical variable
- Bootstrapping for categorical data

- PS3 due tonight
- Project proposals due Thursday night
- ► MT corrections extra credit: Work as a team to write up a collective exam corrections document that discusses all questions missed by any member of the team. Your corrections should show full work and explain reasoning, even for the multiple choice questions. Due by the end of the day on Wednesday, June 3. Extra credit: +2 points on the exam.

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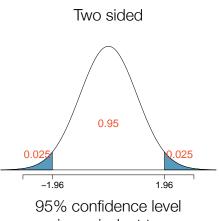
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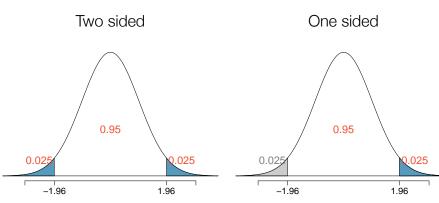
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## 1. Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals at equivalent significance/confidence levels should agree



95% confidence level is equivalent to two sided HT with  $\alpha=0.05$ 

## Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals at equivalent significance/confidence levels should agree



95% confidence level is equivalent to two sided HT with  $\alpha=0.05$ 

95% confidence level is equivalent to one sided HT with  $\alpha=0.025$ 

What is the significance level of a two-sided hypothesis test that is equivalent to a 90% confidence interval? *Hint: Draw a picture and mark the confidence level in the center.* 

- (a) 0.001
- (b) 0.01
- (c) 0.025
- (d) 0.05
- (e) 0.10

What is the significance level of a two-sided hypothesis test that is equivalent to a 90% confidence interval? *Hint: Draw a picture and mark the confidence level in the center.* 

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What is the confidence level of a confidence interval that is equivalent to a two-sided hypothesis test with  $\alpha=0.01$ . Hint: Draw a picture and mark the confidence level in the center.

- (a) 0.80
- (b) 0.90
- (c) 0.95
- (d) 0.98
- (e) 0.99

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A 95% confidence interval for the average normal body temperature of humans is found to be (98.1 F, 98.4 F). Which of the following is <u>true</u>?

- (a) The hypothesis  $H_0$ :  $\mu = 98.2$  would be rejected at  $\alpha = 0.05$  in favor of  $H_A$ :  $\mu \neq 98.2$ .
- (b) The hypothesis  $H_0: \mu = 98.2$  would be rejected at  $\alpha = 0.025$  in favor of  $H_A: \mu > 98.2$ .
- (c) The hypothesis  $H_0$ :  $\mu = 98$  would be rejected using a 90% confidence interval.
- (d) The hypothesis  $H_0: \mu = 98.2$  would be rejected using a 99% confidence interval.

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### 4. Bootstrapping

- 1. Bootstrap intervals
- Bootstrap testing for a single numerical variable
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#### Clicker question

All else held equal, will p-value be lower if n=100 or n=10,000?

- (a) n = 100
- (b) n = 10,000

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$$Z_{n=100} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{100}}} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{10}} = \frac{0.5}{0.2} = 2.5$$
, p-value = 0.0062

#### Clicker question

All else held equal, will p-value be lower if n=100 or n=10,000?

(a) 
$$n = 100$$

(b) 
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$$Z_{n=100} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{100}}} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{10}} = \frac{0.5}{0.2} = 2.5, \quad p\text{-value} = 0.0062$$
 $Z_{n=10000} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{10000}}}$ 

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$$Z_{n=10000} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{10000}}} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{100}} = \frac{0.5}{0.02} = 25, \quad p\text{-value} \approx 0$$

#### Clicker question

All else held equal, will p-value be lower if n=100 or n=10,000?

(a) 
$$n = 100$$

(b) 
$$n = 10,000$$

Suppose  $\bar{x} = 5$ , s = 2,  $H_0: \mu = 4.5$ , and  $H_A: \mu \ge 4.5$ .

$$Z_{n=100} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{100}}} = \frac{5-4.5}{\frac{2}{10}} = \frac{0.5}{0.2} = 2.5, \quad p\text{-value} = 0.0062$$
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As n increases -  $SE \downarrow$ ,  $Z \uparrow$ , p-value  $\downarrow$ 

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Application exercise: 4.1 Sample size

See course website for details.

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## 

		Decision		
		fail to reject $H_0$	reject $H_0$	
T41.	$H_0$ true	<b>√</b>		
Truth	$H_A$ true			

		Decision	
		fail to reject $H_0$	reject $H_0$
Truth	$H_0$ true	<b>√</b>	Type 1 Error, $\alpha$
Truth	$H_A$ true		

- ▶ A *Type 1 Error* is rejecting the null hypothesis when  $H_0$  is true:  $\alpha$ 
  - For those cases where  $H_0$  is actually true, we do not want to incorrectly reject it more than 5% of those times
  - Increasing  $\alpha$  increases the Type 1 error rate, hence we prefer to small values of  $\alpha$

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Truth	$H_A$ true	<i>Type 2 Error,</i> $\beta$	

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Truth	$H_A$ true	<i>Type 2 Error,</i> $\beta$	Power, $1 - \beta$

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- A *Type 2 Error* is failing to reject the null hypothesis when  $H_A$  is true:  $\beta$
- Power is the probability of correctly rejecting  $H_0$ , and hence the complement of the probability of a Type 2 Error:  $1 \beta$

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Power can be increased (and hence Type 2 error rate can be decreased) by

increasing the sample size

- increasing the sample size
- decreasing the standard deviation of the sample (difficult to ensure but cautious measurement process and limiting the population so that it is more homogenous may help)

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- ▶ increasing the *effect size*

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#### Summary of main ideas

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#### Rotten horrors

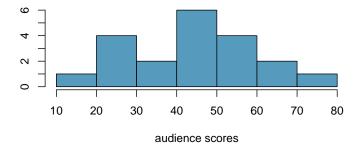


is a movie aggregator, where the audience is also able to review and score the movies. We want to estimate the average audience score of horror movies on RottenTomatoes.com. We start with a random sample of 20 horror movies.



	title	audience_score
1	Patrick	52
2	Demon Seed	43
3	Tormented	34
4	Under the Bed	12
5	Phantasm IV: Oblivion	41
6	Fright Night Part 2	42
7	House of 1000 Corpses	65
8	Creepshow 2	46
9	The Forsaken	44
10	All the Boys Love Mandy Lane	34
11	Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI $$	57
12	Vampire's Kiss	48
13	The Witches of Eastwick	60
14	Yellowbrickroad	28
15	Dying Breed	27
16	Carrie	73
17	Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?	56
18	The Mangler	23
19	Primal	29
20	The Twilight Saga: New Moon	65

The histogram below shows the distribution of the audience scores of these movies (ranging from 0 to 100). The median score in the sample is 43.5. Can we apply CLT based methods we have learned so far to construct a confidence interval for the <u>median</u>
RottenTomatoes score of horror movies. Why or why not?



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- ➤ This term comes from the phrase "pulling oneself up by one's bootstraps", which is a metaphor for accomplishing an impossible task without any outside help.
- ► In this case the impossible task is estimating a population parameter, and we'll accomplish it using data from only the given sample.

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OR

 $- \bar{x}_{boot} \pm z^* SE_{boot}$ 

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1	Vampire's Kiss	48
2	Phantasm IV: Oblivion	41
3	House of 1000 Corpses	65
4	Dying Breed	27
5	Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?	56
6	The Forsaken	44
7	The Twilight Saga: New Moon	65
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```
title audience score
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                          Vampire's Kiss
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
 2
                                                      41
 3
                  House of 1000 Corpses
                             Dying Breed
                                                      27
               Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?
                                                      56
 6
                            The Forsaken
                                                      44
            The Twilight Saga: New Moon
                                                      65
            The Twilight Saga: New Moon
                                                      65
               Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?
                                                      56
10
            The Twilight Saga: New Moon
                                                      65
11
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                                                      27
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```

### (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

```
title audience score
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```

# (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

23, 27, 27, 29, 34, 41, 44, 46, 48, 48, 56, 56, 56, 57, 60, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65 median = (48 + 56) / 2 = 52

```
title audience score
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                          Vampire's Kiss
 2
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```

# (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

23, 27, 27, 29, 34, 41, 44, 46, 48, 48, 56, 56, 56, 57, 60, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65 median = (48 + 56) / 2 = 52

### (3) Record this value

	title	audience_score
1	Fright Night Part 2	42
2	Carrie	73
3	The Forsaken	44
4	The Mangler	23
5	Primal	29
6	Patrick	52
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                                                      28
14
                         Vampire's Kiss
                                                      48
15
                               Tormented
16
                             The Mangler
                                                      23
17
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                      41
18
                                 Patrick
                                                      52
19
                  House of 1000 Corpses
                                                      65
20
            The Twilight Saga: New Moon
                                                      65
```

### (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

```
title audience score
1
                    Fright Night Part 2
 2
                                  Carrie
                                                      73
                            The Forsaken
                                                      44
                             The Mangler
                                                      23
5
                                                      29
                                  Primal
                                 Patrick
                                                       52
  Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
                                                      57
                             The Mangler
                                                      23
                         Vampire's Kiss
                                                      48
9
10
          All the Boys Love Mandy Lane
                                                      34
           The Twilight Saga: New Moon
11
                                                      65
12
           All the Boys Love Mandy Lane
                                                      34
13
                         Yellowbrickroad
                                                      28
14
                          Vampire's Kiss
                                                      48
15
                               Tormented
                             The Mangler
16
                                                      23
17
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                      41
                                                      52
18
                                 Patrick
19
                  House of 1000 Corpses
                                                      65
            The Twilight Saga: New Moon
20
                                                       65
```

# (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

23, 23, 23, 28, 29, 34, 34, 34, 41, 42, 44, 48, 48, 52, 52, 57, 65, 65, 65, 73 median = (42 + 44) / 2 = 43

```
title audience score
 1
                    Fright Night Part 2
 2
                                  Carrie
                                                      73
                            The Forsaken
                                                       44
                             The Mangler
                                                      23
                                  Primal
                                 Patrick
                                                       52
  Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
                                                      57
                             The Mangler
                                                      23
                          Vampire's Kiss
9
                                                      48
10
          All the Boys Love Mandy Lane
                                                      34
           The Twilight Saga: New Moon
11
                                                      65
12
           All the Boys Love Mandy Lane
13
                         Yellowbrickroad
                                                       28
14
                          Vampire's Kiss
                                                      48
15
                               Tormented
                             The Mangler
16
                                                      23
17
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                      41
                                                      52
18
                                 Patrick
19
                  House of 1000 Corpses
                                                       65
            The Twilight Saga: New Moon
20
```

# (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

23, 23, 23, 28, 29, 34, 34, 34, 41, 42, 44, 48, 48, 52, 52, 57, 65, 65, 65, 73 median = (42 + 44) / 2 = 43

### (3) Record this value

	title	audience_score
1	Tormented	34
2	The Witches of Eastwick	60
3	The Witches of Eastwick	60
4	The Witches of Eastwick	60
5	The Mangler	23
6	The Witches of Eastwick	60
7	Patrick	52
8	Phantasm IV: Oblivion	41
9	Yellowbrickroad	28
10	Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI $$	57
11	Yellowbrickroad	28
12	Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI	57
13	Fright Night Part 2	42
14	Primal	29
15	Fright Night Part 2	42
16	Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?	56
17	Fright Night Part 2	42
18	Fright Night Part 2	42
19	Under the Bed	12
20	Phantasm IV: Oblivion	41

```
title audience score
                               Tormented
1
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                      60
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                      60
                The Witches of Eastwick
                             The Mangler
6
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                      60
                                 Patrick
                                                      52
8
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                      41
                        Yellowbrickroad
                                                      28
10 Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
                                                      57
11
                        Yellowbrickroad
                                                      28
12 Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
13
                    Fright Night Part 2
14
                                  Primal
15
                    Fright Night Part 2
                                                      42
16
               Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?
17
                    Fright Night Part 2
18
                    Fright Night Part 2
                                                      42
19
                           Under the Red
                                                      12
20
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                      41
```

### (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

#### (1) Take another bootstrap sample:

```
title audience score
                               Tormented
1
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                             The Mangler
6
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                                 Patrick
                                                      52
8
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                      41
                         Yellowbrickroad
                                                      28
10 Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
                                                      57
11
                         Yellowbrickroad
                                                      28
12 Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
13
                    Fright Night Part 2
                                                      42
14
                                  Primal
15
                    Fright Night Part 2
               Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?
16
17
                    Fright Night Part 2
                    Fright Night Part 2
18
                                                      42
                           Under the Red
                                                      12
19
                                                      41
20
                  Phantasm IV: Oblivion
```

## (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

12, 23, 28, 28, 29, 34, 41, 41, 42, 42, 42, 42, 52, 56, 57, 57, 60, 60, 60 median = (42 + 42) / 2 = 42

#### (1) Take another bootstrap sample:

```
title audience score
 1
                               Tormented
                 The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                 The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                             The Mangler
 6
                 The Witches of Eastwick
                                                       60
                                 Patrick
                                                       52
 8
                   Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                       41
                         Yellowbrickroad
                                                       28
10 Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
                                                       57
11
                         Yellowbrickroad
                                                       28
12 Jason Lives: Friday the 13th Part VI
13
                    Fright Night Part 2
                                                       42
14
                                   Primal
15
                     Fright Night Part 2
               Whoever Slew Auntie Roo?
16
17
                     Fright Night Part 2
                     Fright Night Part 2
18
                                                       42
                           Under the Red
                                                       12
19
20
                   Phantasm IV: Oblivion
                                                       41
```

## (2) Calculate the median of the bootstrap sample:

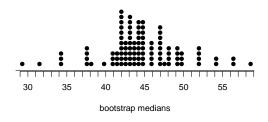
12, 23, 28, 28, 29, 34, 41, 41, 42, 42, 42, 42, 52, 56, 57, 57, 60, 60, 60 median = (42 + 42) / 2 = 42

### (3) Record this value

# Many more bootstrap samples

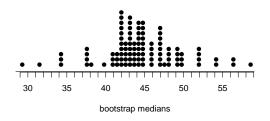
... repeat

The dot plot below is the bootstrap distribution of medians constructed using 100 simulations. What does each dot on the dot plot represent?



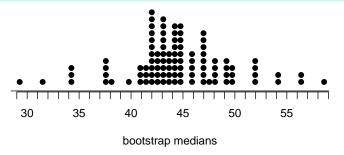
- (a) Score of a horror movie in the original sample
- (b) Score of a horror movie in the population
- (c) Median from one bootstrap sample from the original sample
- (d) Median from one sample from the population

The dot plot below is the bootstrap distribution of medians constructed using 100 simulations. What does each dot on the dot plot represent?



- (a) Score of a horror movie in the original sample
- (b) Score of a horror movie in the population
- (c) Median from one bootstrap sample from the original sample
- (d) Median from one sample from the population

The dot plot below shows the distribution of 100 bootstrap medians. Estimate the 90% bootstrap confidence interval for the median RT score of horror movies using the percentile method.



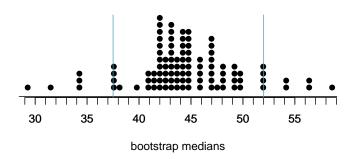
(a) (29, 58.5)

(c) (37.5, 52)

(b) (34, 57)

(d) (40, 49.5)

The dot plot below shows the distribution of 100 bootstrap medians. Estimate the 90% bootstrap confidence interval for the median RT score of horror movies using the percentile method.



(a) (29, 58.5)

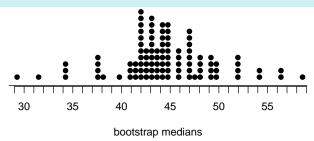
(c) (37.5, 52)

(b) (34, 57)

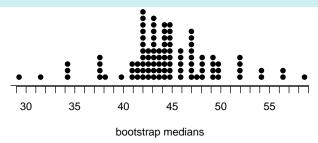
(d) (40, 49.5)

## Botstrap interval, standard error

The dot plot below shows the distribution of 100 bootstrap medians. The median of the original sample is 43.5 and the bootstrap standard error is 4.88. Estimate the 90% bootstrap confidence interval for the median RT score of horror movies using the standard error method.



The dot plot below shows the distribution of 100 bootstrap medians. The median of the original sample is 43.5 and the bootstrap standard error is 4.88. Estimate the 90% bootstrap confidence interval for the median RT score of horror movies using the standard error method.



$$43.5 \pm (1.65 \times 4.88) = (35.45, 51.55)$$

## Bootstrap vs. sampling distributions

Application exercise: 4.2 Bootstrap intervals

See the course webpage for details.

- 1. Housekeeping
- 2. Main ideas Decision errors, significance levels, sample size & power
- 1. Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals at equivalent significance/confidence levels should agree
- 2. Results that are statistically significant are not necessarily practically significant
- 3. Calculate the sample size a priori to achieve desired margin of error
  - 4. Hypothesis tests are prone to decision errors
  - 5. Power depends on the effect size,  $\alpha$ , n, and s

#### Summary

#### 4. Bootstrapping

- 1. Bootstrap intervals
- 2. Bootstrap testing for a single numerical variable
- Bootstrapping for categorical data

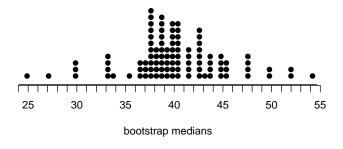
#### Bootstrap testing for a mean

➤ This is very similar to bootstrapping, i.e. we randomly sample with replacement from the sample, but this time we shift the bootstrap distribution to be centered at the null value.

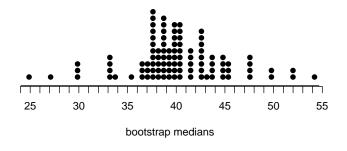
#### Bootstrap testing for a mean

- ➤ This is very similar to bootstrapping, i.e. we randomly sample with replacement from the sample, but this time we shift the bootstrap distribution to be centered at the null value.
- ➤ The p-value is then defined as the proportion of simulations that yield a sample statistic at least as favorable to the alternative hypothesis as the observed sample statistic.

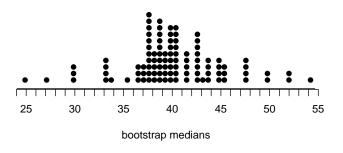
Do these data provide convincing evidence that the median audience score of horror movies is greater than 40? Remember that the median of the original sample was 43.5.



Do these data provide convincing evidence that the median audience score of horror movies is greater than 40? Remember that the median of the original sample was 43.5.



 $H_0$ : median = 40 $H_A$ : median > 40 Do these data provide convincing evidence that the median audience score of horror movies is greater than 40? Remember that the median of the original sample was 43.5.



 $H_0: median = 40$ 

 $H_A: median > 40$ 

p-value: proportion of simulations where the simulated bootstrap sample median is at least as extreme as the one observed (43.5).  $\rightarrow 20 / 100 = 0.20$ 

- 1. Housekeeping
- 2. Main ideas Decision errors, significance levels, sample size & power
- 1. Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals at equivalent significance/confidence levels should agree
- 2. Results that are statistically significant are not necessarily practically significant
- 3. Calculate the sample size a priori to achieve desired margin of error
  - 4. Hypothesis tests are prone to decision errors
  - 5. Power depends on the effect size,  $\alpha$ , n, and s

#### Summary

#### 4. Bootstrapping

- 1. Bootstrap intervals
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Describe how you would construct a bootstrap interval for a proportion.