## Model A:

1) Consider the following CFG , what is the equivalent RE for this CFG?

$$S \rightarrow aX$$
  
 $X \rightarrow aX|bX|\epsilon$ 

2) Eliminate left factoring from the following grammar:

$$E \rightarrow int \mid int + E \mid int - E \mid E - (E)$$

#### Answer:

- 1- a(a+b)\*
- 2- Left factoring

$$E \rightarrow int E' \mid E - (E)$$

$$E' \rightarrow \epsilon | + E | - E$$

left recursion:

- $E \rightarrow int E' B$
- $B \rightarrow -(E) B \mid \epsilon$
- $E' \rightarrow \epsilon | + E | E$

# Model B:

1) Consider the following CFG , what is the equivalent RE for this CFG?

2) Eliminate left recursion from the following grammar:

$$A \rightarrow A + B \mid B$$
  
 $B \rightarrow int \mid (A)$ 

#### Answer:

1- (a+b)\* a (a+b)\* a (a+b)\* 2-  $A \rightarrow B A'$  $A' \rightarrow + B A' | \epsilon$ 

 $B \rightarrow int | (A)$ 

## **Model C:**

- 1) Consider the following CFG, what is the equivalent RE for this CFG?
  - $S \rightarrow XY$   $X \rightarrow aX \mid \epsilon$  $Y \rightarrow bY \mid \epsilon$
- 2) Remove the right factoring and right recursion from this grammar.
  - $S \rightarrow T \mid U$   $U \rightarrow b \mid U \mid c$   $T \rightarrow T \mid a \mid X \mid a \mid z$  $X \rightarrow x \mid b$

### Answer:

- 1- a\*b\*
- 2-  $S \rightarrow T \mid U$ 
  - $U \rightarrow U'c$
  - $U' \rightarrow U' b \mid \epsilon$
  - $T \rightarrow T' a \mid z$
  - $T' \rightarrow T \mid X$
  - $X \rightarrow x \mid b$