

**Question 2 final 2008:**

2-taking the reproductive schema growth of schema theory assume  $\phi(s).p(m)=0$  and  $d(s)=m-1$  then the equation becomes :

$$\eta(S,t+1) = \eta(S,t) \cdot \text{eval}(S,t) / \text{averagePopFitness}(t) [1-P_c]$$

Discuss the mechanics of the algorithm when  $P_c=0$  and  $P_c=1$  under the following conditions:

- a-low population size
- b-high population size
- c-Elitism

**Answer:**

- 1-  $p_c=0$  in high pop size, low pop size or elitism will end with the best chrom. in the initial random generation ( there is no way to generate new chrom.)
- 2-  $p_c=1$  always Xover happened
  - a. -low pop size with or without elitism (because  $p_m=0$  there is no way to explore new areas in search space the algorithm will find best solution within initial covered area) and because pop size is small algorithm will converge to local minimum.
  - b. high pop size (if we assumed very large pop size it can cover all search space area and the best solution in between the points of initial generation "not point from initial generation but between them")

without elitism the algorithm will not converge because Xover will always destroy chroms.

with elitism algorithm will keep good solution so far so algorithm can find good solution.