Climate, Diversity& Equity, Earth, Software for NASA in your Neighborhood

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Introduction

• Like many others, our suburban neighborhood serves as a small example of the intricate relationship between people and their surroundings.



Problem Statement

• In urban environments like my neighborhood, the relationship between human activities and air quality is of paramount concern. The rapid pace of urbanization and development can lead to detrimental effects on the environment, particularly air quality, which directly impacts the health and well-being of residents.

Objective

• To investigate the relationship between urban development and local air quality in my neighborhood and assess the impact of human activities on air quality.

Methodology

1. Data Collection:

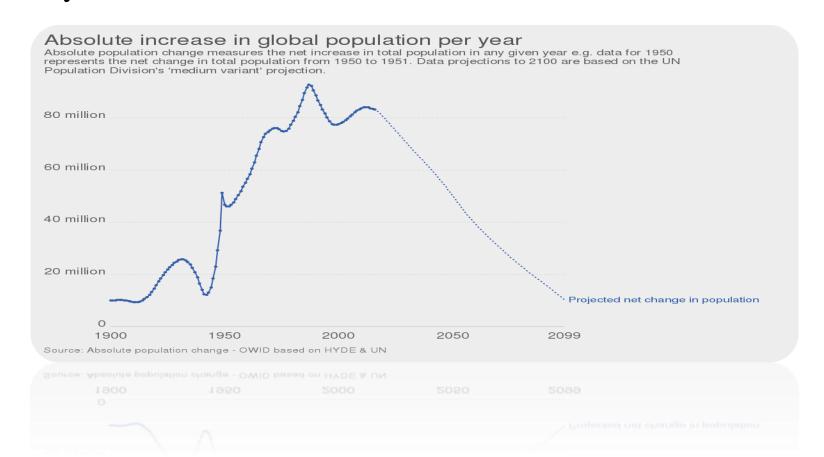
- Obtain data on air quality parameters (PM2.5, PM10, NO2, CO, etc.) from local monitoring stations.
- Access NASA's satellite data (e.g., MODIS, OMI) for atmospheric measurements and air quality indicators.
- Collect data on human activities such as population density, traffic, and industrial zones in the neighborhood.

2. Data Analysis:

- Analyze the satellite data to identify trends and patterns in air quality over time.
- Correlate air quality data with human activity data to identify potential sources of pollution.
- Use GIS software to map out air quality variations across the neighborhood.

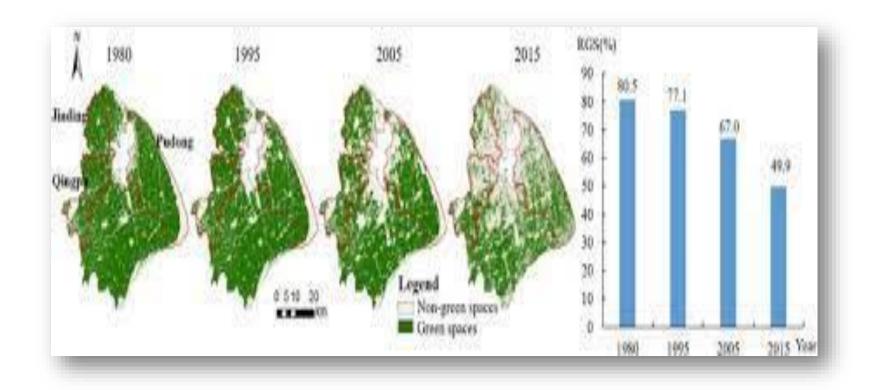
Human Activity

• Population growth, housing expansion, and transportation statistics from local census and city records.



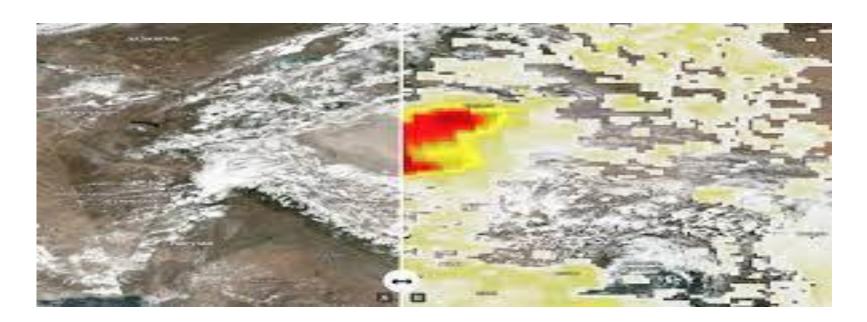
Impact on Green Spaces

• Images from NASA satellites show how green spaces change over time.



Air Quality

• Data from NASA's air quality monitoring project exhibiting local air quality changes. The red area in the center of the right-side OMPS image indicates heavy concentrations of aerosols that could reduce visibility or impact human health.



Climate Impact

Trends in local temperature and precipitation patterns from NASA climate data. Temperature data showing rapid warming in the past few decades

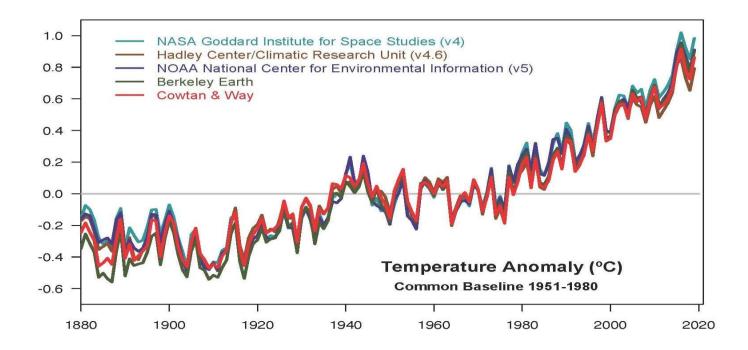


Table of Data

Location	Population Density (persons/sq. km)	Air Quality (PM2.5, μg/m³)	Industrial Zones (sq. km)	Traffic Density	Notes
Neighborhood 1	2,500	15	3.2	High	Air quality worse during winter months.
Neighborhood 2	2,600	10	3.5	Moderate	Improved air quality during summer.
Neighborhood 3	3,000	20	1.8	Moderate	Increased pollution near industrial areas.
Neighborhood 4	3,100	12	2	_	Seasonal variation with improved summer air.
Neighborhood 5	4,200	18	4.5	High	High pollution in densely populated area.
Neighborhood 6	4,300	11	4.8	High	Consistent pollution levels throughout year.

Climate patterns and changes impact on local communities

- Climate patterns and changes have a profound impact on local communities in various ways. These impacts can be both direct and indirect, and they can affect various aspects of community life.
- 1. Temperature Extremes:
 - Heatwaves
 - Cold snaps
- 2. Precipitation Patterns
 - Droughts
 - Flooding
- 3. Sea Level Rise
- 4. Natural Disasters

Impact of environmental factors on diverse communities and promoting equity in environmental policies:

- Environmental factors can have differential impacts on diverse communities, often exacerbating existing inequalities. Promoting equity in environmental policies and solutions is crucial to address these disparities and ensure that all communities have equal access to a clean and healthy environment.
- 1. Health Disparities:
 - Environmental pollution
- 2. Climate Vulnerability
- 3. Economic Inequities
- 4. Inclusive Decision Making
- 5. Education and Awareness

Examining various Earth-related data which can be observed and monitored through satellite technology.

- Satellite technology has revolutionized our ability to observe and monitor various Earth-related data, providing valuable insights into the planet's land cover, water bodies, vegetation, geological features, and more.
- 1. Land Covers:
 - Land use classification
 - Deforestation monitoring
 - Natural disaster Assessment
- 2. Water Bodies
 - Ocean monitoring
 - Flood detection
 - Water quality monitoring
- 3. Vegetation
- 4. Geographical Features

Motivation

• Understanding how urban development affects air quality is crucial for improving public health and urban planning. This research aims to raise awareness about the environmental impact of human activities and promote sustainable urban development.

Community Benefits

Understanding and addressing the relationship between urban development, human activities, and air quality can lead to concrete measures to mitigate air pollution, resulting in improved public health outcomes. Cleaner air can reduce healthcare costs and enhance the overall quality of life for our community members. Additionally, by adopting sustainable urban planning strategies informed by our findings, we can create a more environmentally-friendly and economically vibrant neighborhood. Moreover, addressing air quality issues aligns with global efforts to combat climate change, contributing to a more sustainable and resilient future for our community.

Result

- 1. Correlation between Urban Density and Air Quality:
 - Higher population density correlates with increased levels of air pollution. Areas with more industrial activity exhibit higher levels of pollutants.
- 2. Seasonal Variations:
 - Satellite data reveal seasonal variations in air quality, with potential links to weather patterns and human behavior. Increased heating or cooling demand in buildings may impact local air quality.

Result

3. Visualization

- Create interactive maps that display air quality in real-time.
- Generate heat maps to highlight pollution hotspots and areas of concern.

4. Policy Implications

- Provide recommendations for urban planning and development strategies to mitigate air pollution.
- Encourage the adoption of cleaner technologies and transportation solutions

Summary

• Understanding the intricate relationship between urban development, human activities, and air quality is of paramount significance. This multifaceted connection, often illuminated through data from sources like local environmental agencies and NASA satellites, reveals critical insights into how population density, industrial zones, traffic patterns, and seasonal fluctuations impact the air we breathe. Research findings frequently underscore the challenges posed by densely populated areas, industrial activities, and traffic congestion, shedding light on potential solutions for sustainable urban planning, improved public health, and reduced healthcare costs. Ultimately, this knowledge equips communities with the tools needed to make informed decisions, promote environmental awareness, and foster a higher quality of life in the face of urbanization and its associated challenges.

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