R Essentail Functions

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1 Mathematical Functions

FunctionSyntax		Description	Example Execution	Example Output
sum	sum(x)	Calculates the sum of values in x.	sum(c(1, 2, 3, 4))	10
mean	mean(x)	Calculates the mean (average) of values in x .	mean(c(1, 2, 3, 4))	2.5
median	median(x)	Calculates the median of values in x.	median(c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))	3
sd	sd(x)	Calculates the standard deviation of values in x.	sd(c(1, 2, 3, 4))	1.118034
abs	abs(x)	Calculates the absolute value of x .	abs(-3)	3

FunctionSyntax		Description	Example Execution	Example Output
sqrt	sqrt(x)	Calculates the square root of x.	sqrt(16)	4
log	log(x, base)	Calculates the logarithm of x with the given base.	log(100, base = 10)	2
exp	exp(x)	Calculates the exponential of x.	exp(2)	7.389056
round	<pre>round(x, digits)</pre>	Rounds x to the specified number of digits.	round(3.14159, digits = 2)	3.14
ceiling	•	Rounds x up to the nearest integer.	ceiling(3.14)	4
floor	floor(x)	Rounds x down to the nearest integer.	floor(3.14)	3
min	min(x)	Finds the minimum value in x.	min(c(2, 4, 1, 6))	1
max	max(x)	Finds the maximum value in x.	max(c(2, 4, 1, 6))	6
range	range(x)	Finds the range (min and max) of x.	range(c(2, 4, 1, 6))	1, 6
IQR	IQR(x)	Calculates the interquartile range of x .	IQR(c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))	1.5

2 String Functions

Function	n Syntax	Description	Example Execution	Example Output
	115 y 1100X	Description	Execution	
paste	<pre>paste(,</pre>	Combines multiple strings or	<pre>paste("Hello",</pre>	"Hello
	sep = " ")	values.	"World")	World"
paste0	paste0()	Combines multiple strings or	<pre>paste0("Hello",</pre>	"HelloWorld"
	_	values without space.	"World")	
toupper	toupper(x)	Converts characters in x to uppercase.	toupper("hello")	"HELLO"
tolower	tolower(x)	Converts characters in x to lowercase.	tolower("Hello")	"hello"
startsW	itstartsWith(x,	Checks if the string x starts	startsWith("Hell	LaTRUE
	prefix)	with the prefix.	World",	
	-	•	"Hello")	

3 Data Structures

Function Syntax		Description	Example Execution	Example Output
c	c()	Combines values into a vector or list.	c(1, 2, 3)	1, 2, 3
data.fra	mdata.frame() Creates a data frame from vectors or lists.	data.frame(Name: "Bob"), Age=c(25, 30))	=c4 'thatachame object
matrix	<pre>matrix(data, nrow, ncol)</pre>	Creates a matrix from data with specified rows and columns.	<pre>matrix(1:9, nrow = 3, ncol = 3)</pre>	A matrix object

4 Data Manipulation Functions

Function	Syntax	Description	Example Execution	Example Output
length	length(x)	Returns the length of vector	length(c(1, 2,	4
J	J	x.	3, 4))	
sort	sort(x)	Sorts the elements of vector \mathbf{x}	sort(c(3, 1,	1, 1, 3,
		in ascending order.	4, 1, 5))	4, 5
order	order(x)	Returns the permutation	order(c(3, 1,	2, 4, 1,
		needed to sort x .	4, 1, 5))	3, 5
rank	rank(x)	Computes the ranks of	rank(c(3, 1,	4, 1, 5,
		elements in x.	4, 1, 5))	2, 3
unique	unique(x)	Returns the unique values in	unique(c(1, 2,	1, 2, 3
		x.	2, 3, 3))	
cbind	<pre>cbind()</pre>	Combines vectors or data	cbind(dataframe1	$, {\bf Combined}$
		frames by column binding.	dataframe2)	data
				frame
rbind	rbind()	Combines vectors or data	rbind(dataframe1	$, {\bf Combined}$
		frames by row binding.	dataframe2)	data
				frame
rownamesrownames(x)		Retrieves or sets the row	rownames(datafra	me haracter
		names of a matrix or data		vector of
		frame x.		row
				names

Function Syntax	Description	Example Execution	Example Output
colnames colnames(x)	Retrieves or sets the column names of a matrix or data frame x.	colnames(datafra	vector of column names

5 Set Functions

Function	Syntax	Description	Example Execution	Example Output
union	union(x, y)	Returns the union of sets x and y.	union(c(1, 2, 3), c(3, 4, 5))	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
intersect	<pre>intersect(x, y)</pre>	Returns the intersection of sets x and y.	<pre>intersect(c(1, 2, 3), c(3, 4, 5))</pre>	3
setdiff	<pre>setdiff(x, y)</pre>	Returns the set difference of sets x and y.	setdiff(c(1, 2, 3), c(3, 4, 5))	1, 2
setequal	setequal(x, y)	Checks if sets x and y are equal.	<pre>setequal(c(1, 2, 3), c(3, 2, 1))</pre>	TRUE

6 Apply and Sweep Functions

FunctionSyntax		Description	Example Execution	Example Output
apply	apply(X, MARGIN, FUN,)	Applies a function FUN to rows or columns of a matrix X.	<pre>apply(matrix(1:9, nrow = 3), 1, sum)</pre>	6, 15, 24
lapply	<pre>lapply(X, FUN,)</pre>	Applies a function FUN to each element of a list X.	<pre>lapply(list(1, 2, 3), function(x) x * 2)</pre>	2, 4, 6
sapply	<pre>sapply(X, FUN,)</pre>	Applies a function FUN to each element of a list X and simplifies the result.	<pre>sapply(list(1, 2, 3), function(x) x * 2)</pre>	2, 4, 6

FunctionSyntax		Description	Example Execution	Example Output
mapply	mapply(FUN,	Applies a function FUN to multiple lists or vectors in parallel.	mapply(function(x, y) x + y, c(1, 2, 3), c(10, 20, 30))	11, 22, 33
tapply	<pre>tapply(X, INDEX, FUN,)</pre>	Applies a function FUN to subsets of X specified by INDEX.	tapply(1:10, c(1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2), sum)	15, 40
sweep	sweep(X, MARGIN, STATS, FUN)	Sweeps through an array X and applies a function FUN to each element along the specified MARGIN while using STATS as the statistics array.		

7 Logical Functions

			Example	Example
Function	Syntax	Description	Execution	Output
is.elemen	tis.element(x,	Checks if elements of ${\tt x}$ are	<pre>is.element(1,</pre>	TRUE
	y)	in set y.	c(1, 2, 3))	
ifelse	ifelse(test,	Returns yes if test is	ifelse(2 > 1,	"Yes"
	yes, no)	TRUE, no otherwise.	"Yes", "No")	
is.numeri	cis.numeric(x)	Checks if x is of numeric type.	is.numeric(123)	TRUE
is.integer	is.integer(x)	Checks if x is of integer type.	is.integer(123)	TRUE
is.charact	ters.character(x)	Checks if x is of character type.	is.character("He	itruț
is.logical	is.logical(x)	Checks if x is of logical type.	is.logical(TRUE)	TRUE
is.factor	<pre>is.factor(x)</pre>	Checks if x is a factor.	is.factor(factor(TAUE)	
is.matrix	<pre>is.matrix(x)</pre>	Checks if x is a matrix.	<pre>is.matrix(matrix nrow = 2))</pre>	(TR B Ę
is.data.frame(x)		Checks if x is a data frame.	<pre>is.data.frame(da = 1:3))</pre>	taRWEame(a
is.list	<pre>is.list(x)</pre>	Checks if x is a list.	<pre>is.list(list(1, 2, 3))</pre>	TRUE
is.vector	<pre>is.vector(x)</pre>	Checks if x is a vector.	<pre>is.vector(c(1, 2, 3))</pre>	TRUE

Function	Syntax	Description	Example Execution	Example Output
is.null is.na	<pre>is.null(x) is.na(x)</pre>	Checks if x is NULL. Checks for missing (NA) values in x.	<pre>is.null(NULL) is.na(c(1, NA, 3))</pre>	TRUE TRUE, TRUE, FALSE