

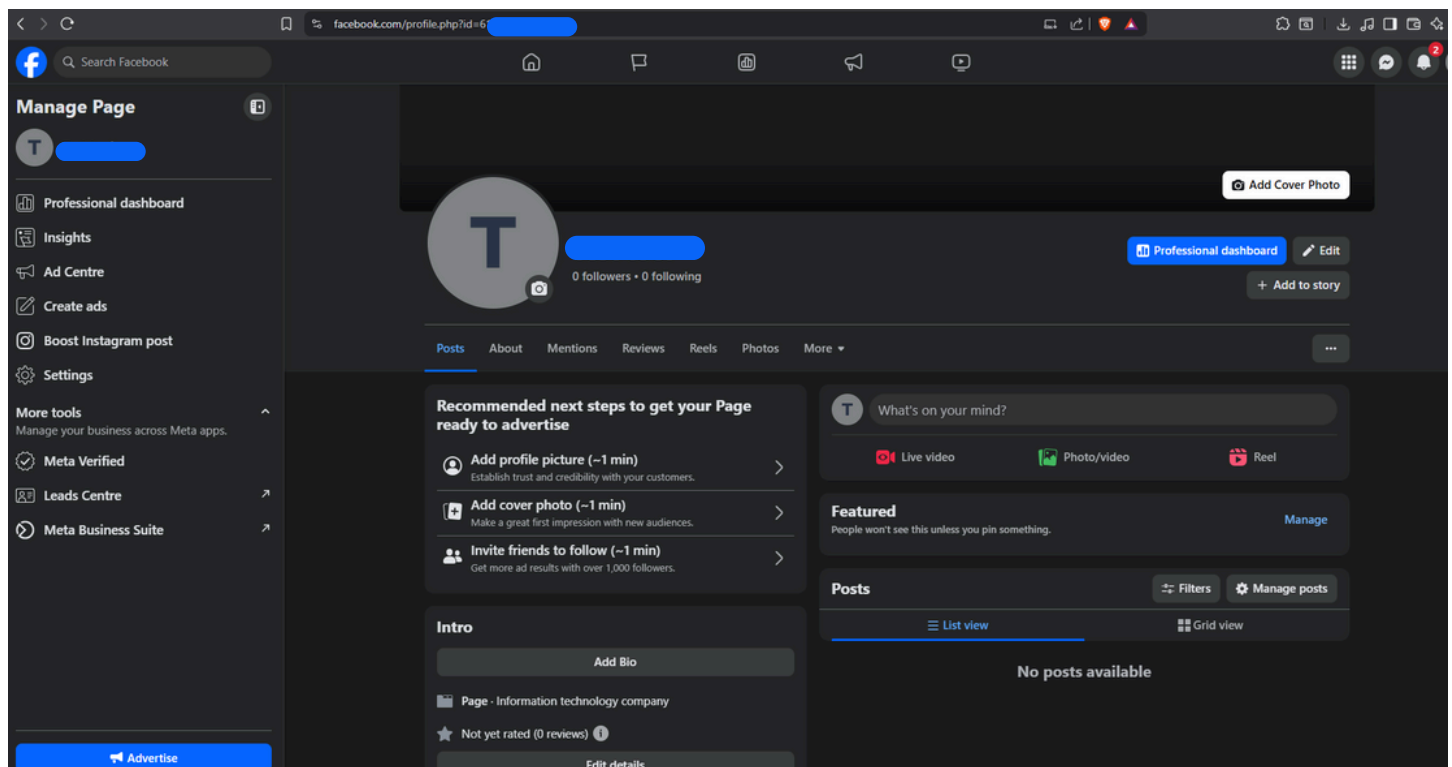
# Workflow

- **Meta Graph API Configuration Process**
- **Google Custom Search API Configuration Process**

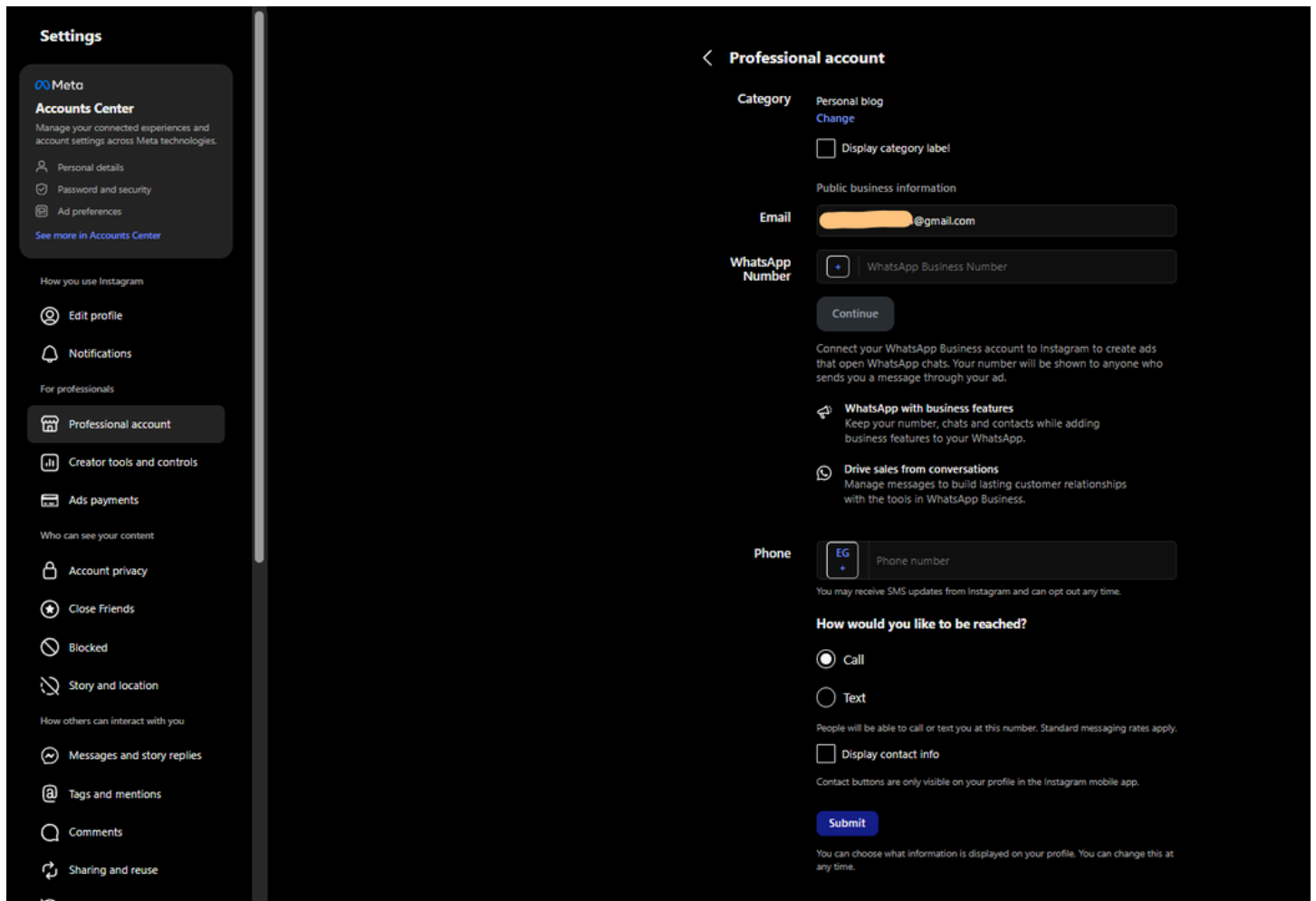
## **Meta Graph API Configuration Process**

The following steps describe the detailed procedure I personally completed to configure and authenticate the **Meta Graph API** for integration with the *Instagram Impersonation Detection* system:

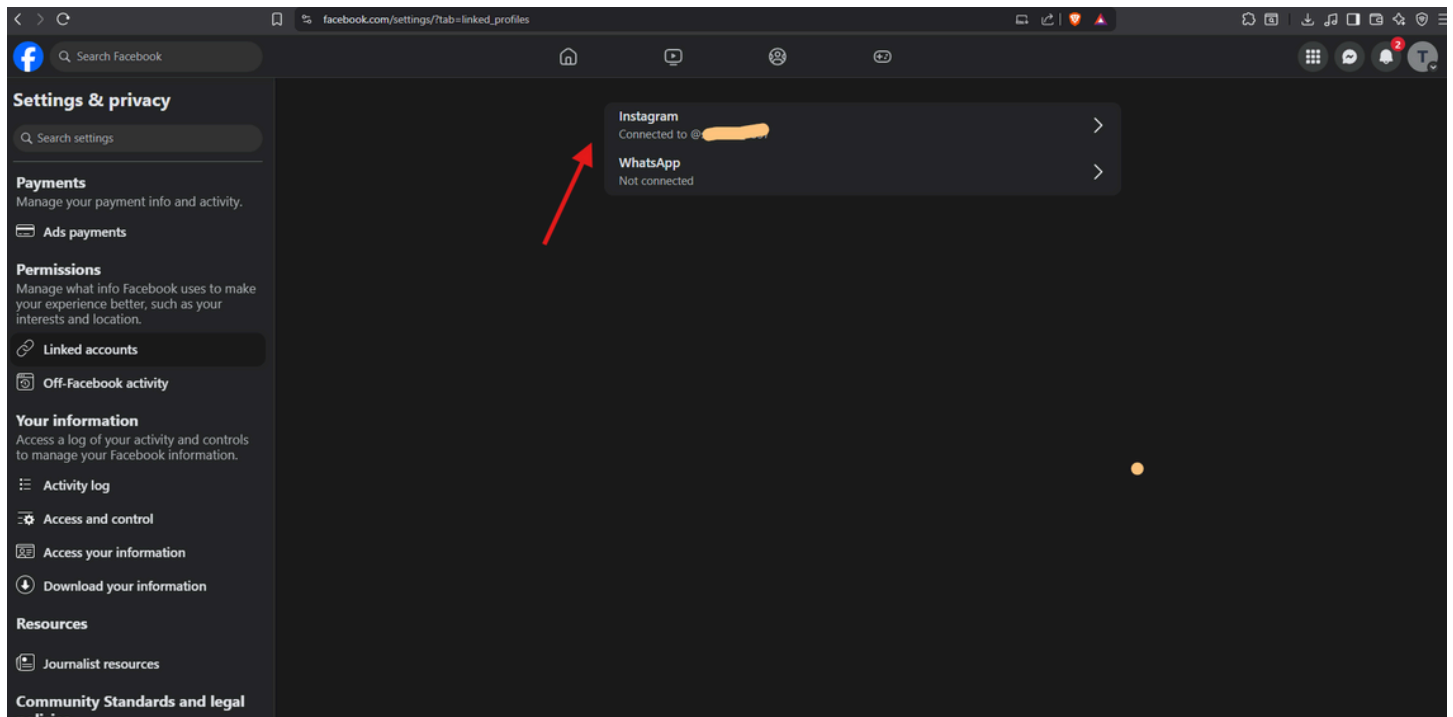
- **Created a Facebook Account and Page**
  - Set up a new Facebook account.
  - Created a Facebook Page (used later to link with the Instagram account).



- **Created an Instagram Business Account**
  - Converted a standard Instagram profile into a Business account.
  - Added business category and contact information.

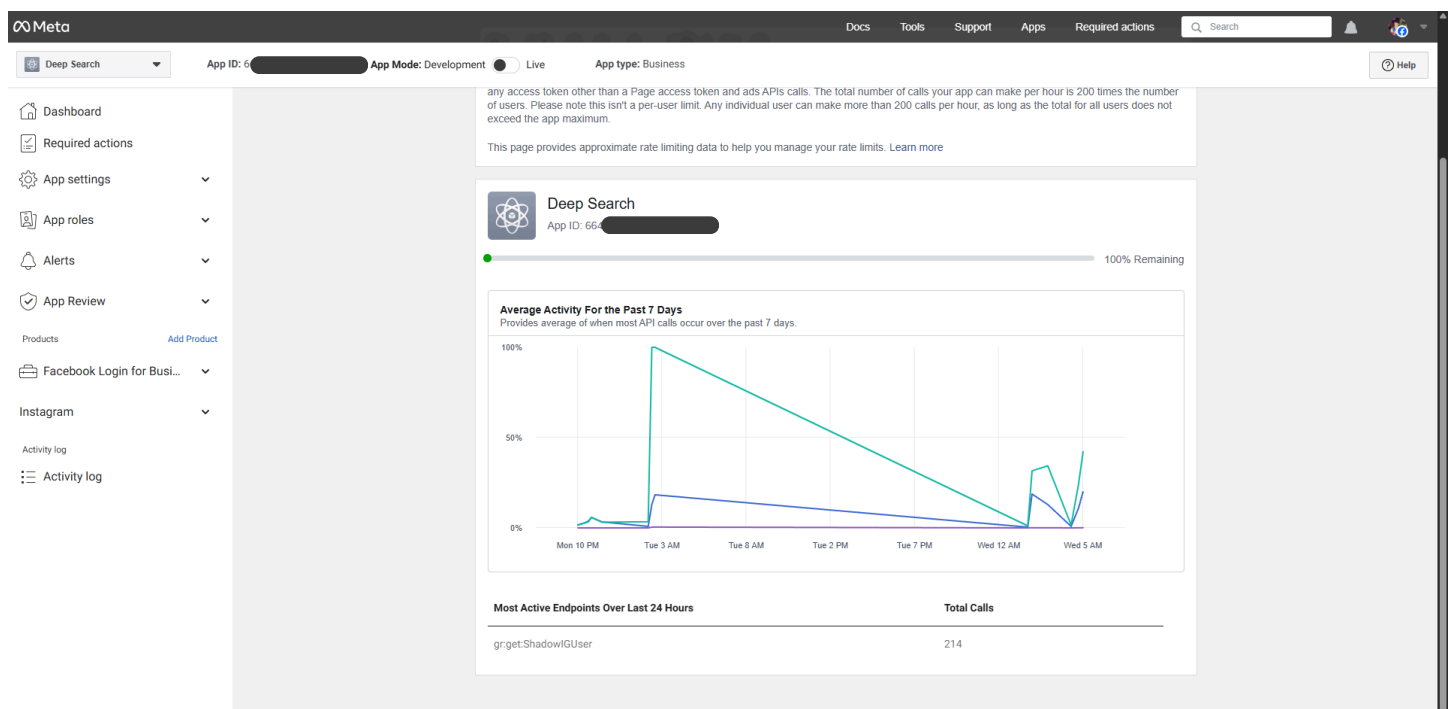
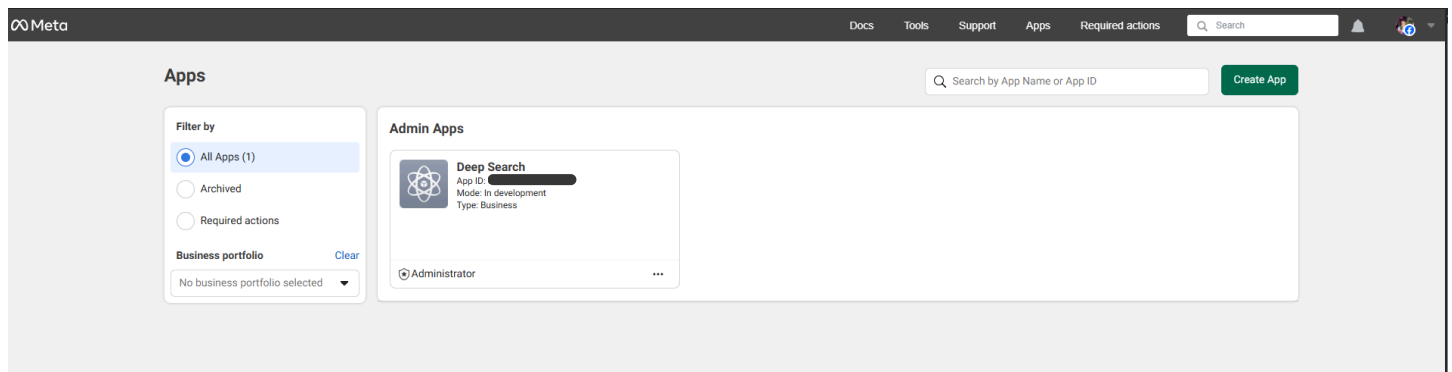


- **Linked Facebook Page to Instagram Business Account**
  - Opened Facebook Page → *Settings* → *Linked Accounts* → *Instagram*.
  - Logged in to the Instagram Business account and successfully linked it to the Page.



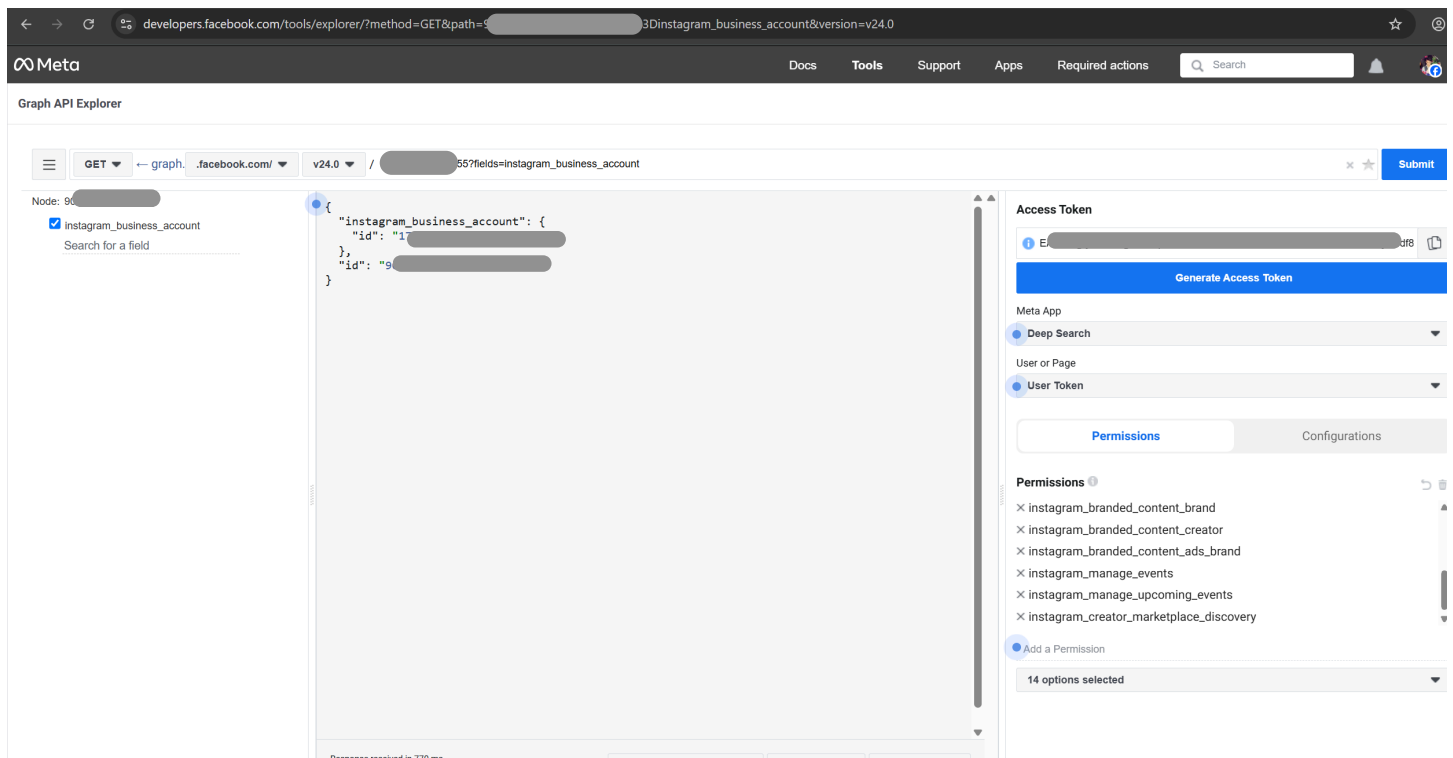
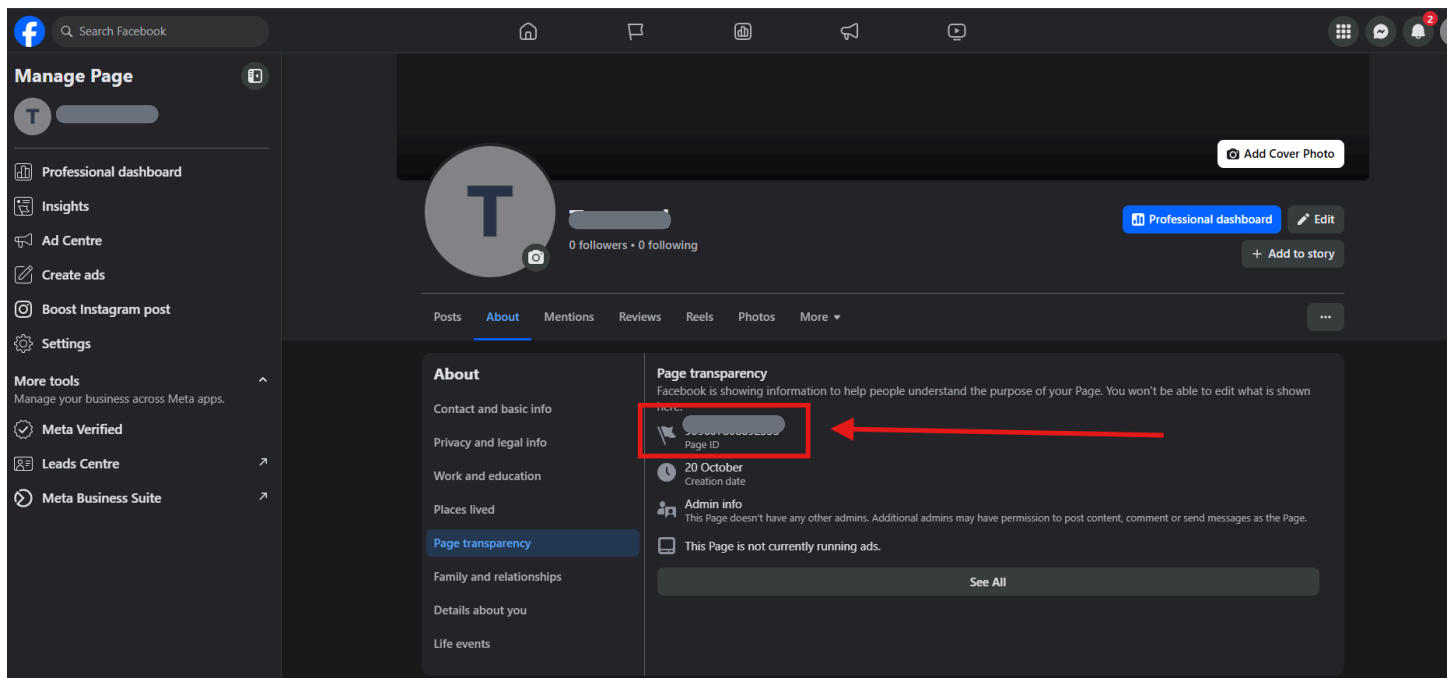
- **Created a Facebook Developer Account**
  - Registered at <https://developers.facebook.com>.
  - Completed developer verification to access Meta APIs.

- **Created a Facebook App**
  - From the Developer Dashboard, selected **Create App → Business** type.
  - Assigned a name and contact email for the app.
  - Added **Instagram Graph API** and **Pages API** products.
  - Obtained the **App ID** and **App Secret** from the app's *Settings → Basic* section.

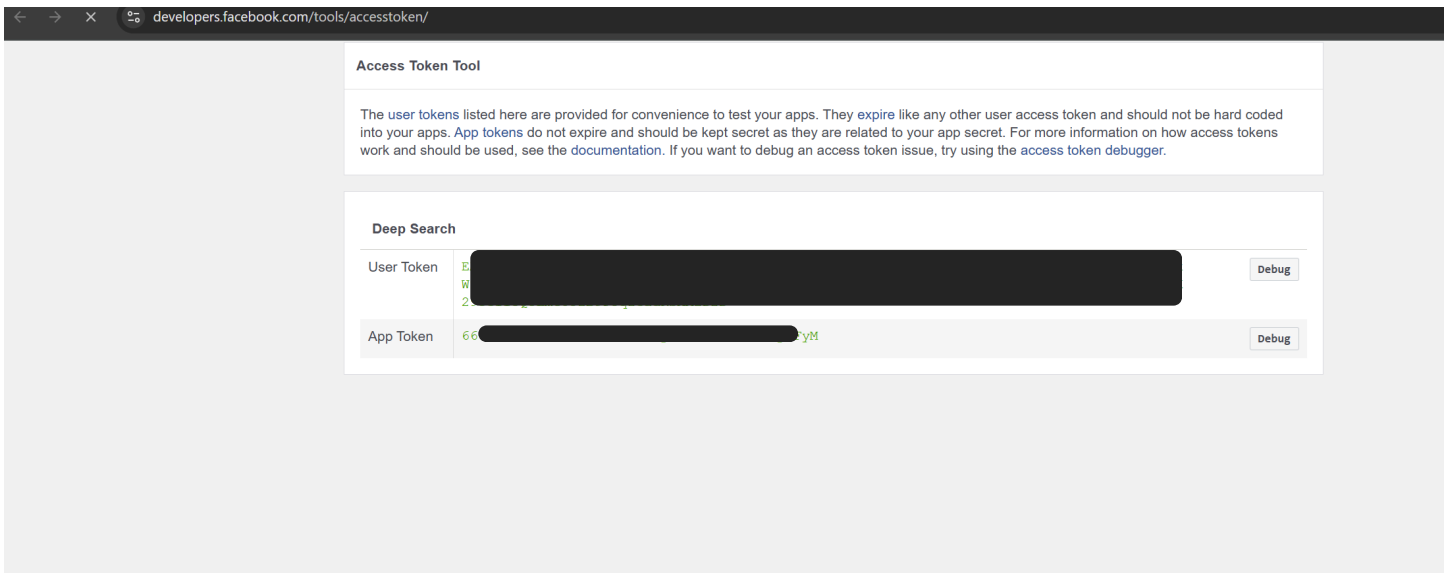


- **Retrieved IDs for Integration**

- **Facebook Page ID:** Copied from the Facebook Page's *About* section.
- **Instagram Business Account ID:** Retrieved via Graph API:
- GET [https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/{page-id}?fields=instagram\\_business\\_account](https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/{page-id}?fields=instagram_business_account)

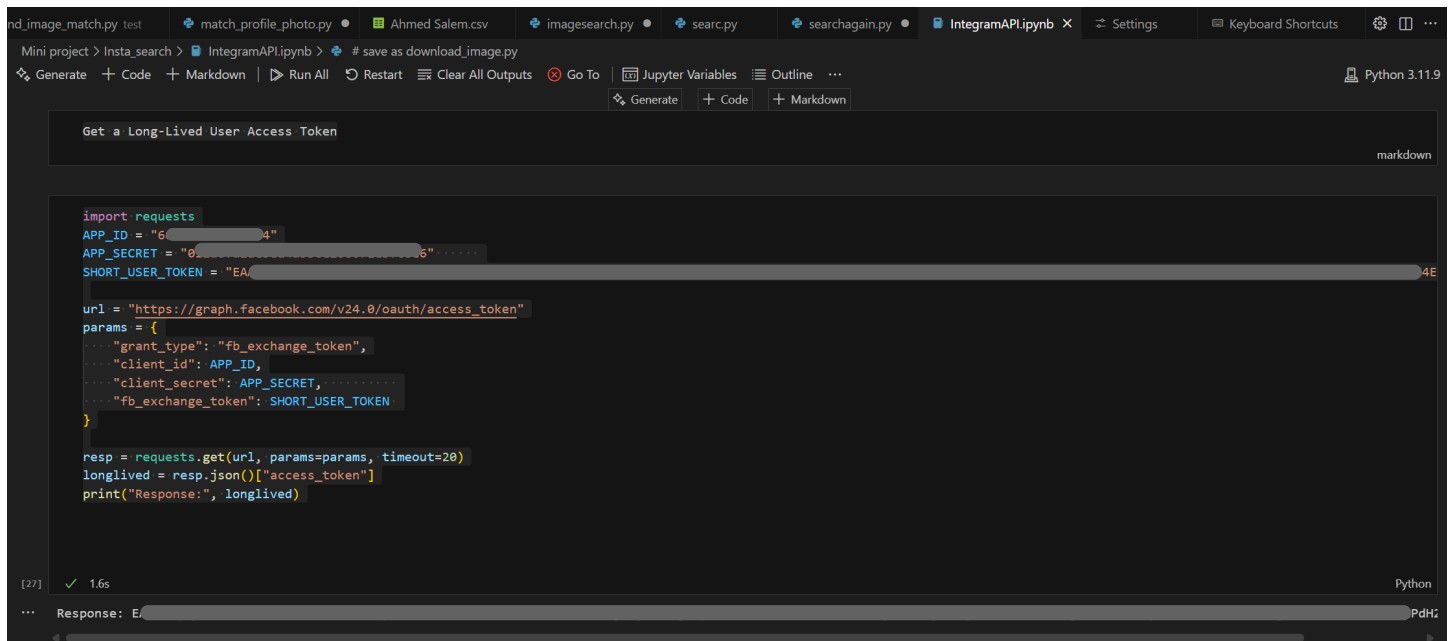


- **Generated a User Access Token**
  - Used the **Graph API Explorer** tool.
  - Selected the app and granted permissions: `instagram_basic`, `pages_show_list`, `business_management`, and `instagram_manage_insights`.
  - Generated a short-lived **User Access Token** and tested it with:
  - GET [https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/me/accounts?access\\_token={token}](https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/me/accounts?access_token={token})



## • Exchanged for a Long-Lived Access Token

- Used the following endpoint to extend the token validity (~60 days):
- GET [https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/oauth/access\\_token](https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/oauth/access_token)
- ?grant\_type=fb\_exchange\_token
- &client\_id={APP\_ID}
- &client\_secret={APP\_SECRET}
- &fb\_exchange\_token={SHORT\_TOKEN}
- The response returned a **Long-Lived Access Token** used by the system.



## • Verified Successful Integration

- Sent a test request to confirm valid access and data retrieval:
- GET [https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/{IG\\_USER\\_ID}](https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/{IG_USER_ID})
- ?fields=name,biography,followers\_count,follows\_count,media\_count
- &access\_token={LONG\_LIVED\_TOKEN}
- Received valid JSON data confirming the Facebook Page, Instagram Business Account, and App were correctly linked.

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook with a dark theme. The top bar displays several open files: `nd_image_match.py`, `test`, `match_profile_photo.py`, `Ahmed Salem.csv`, `imagesearch.py`, `searc.py`, `searchagain.py`, and `InstagramAPI.py`. The notebook is titled "Mini project > Insta\_search > InstagramAPI.py". The code cell is titled "Business Discovery" and contains the following Python code:

```
# Business Discovery
IG_User_ID = "10000000000000000"
username = "business"

# No leading/trailing braces inside the inner field list
required_fields = (
    "name,website,biography,followers_count,follows_count,media_count,"
    "media{timestamp},"
    "profile_picture_url,username"
)

url = (
    f"https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/{IG_User_ID}"
    f"?fields=business_discovery.username({username})"
    f"&{{required_fields}}&access_token={longlived}"
)

print("Request URL:", url)
response = requests.get(url)
metadata = response.json()
print("Business Discovery Data:", metadata)
```

The output cell shows the following text:

```
[22] ✓ 1.5s
Request URL: https://graph.facebook.com/v24.0/10000000000000000?fields=business_discovery.username(business,website,biography,followers_count,follows_count,media_count,media{timestamp})
Business Discovery Data: {'business_discovery': {'name': 'business', 'biography': 'Video creator \nFor business send DM', 'followers_count': 866412, 'follows_count': 328, 'media_count': 15}}
```

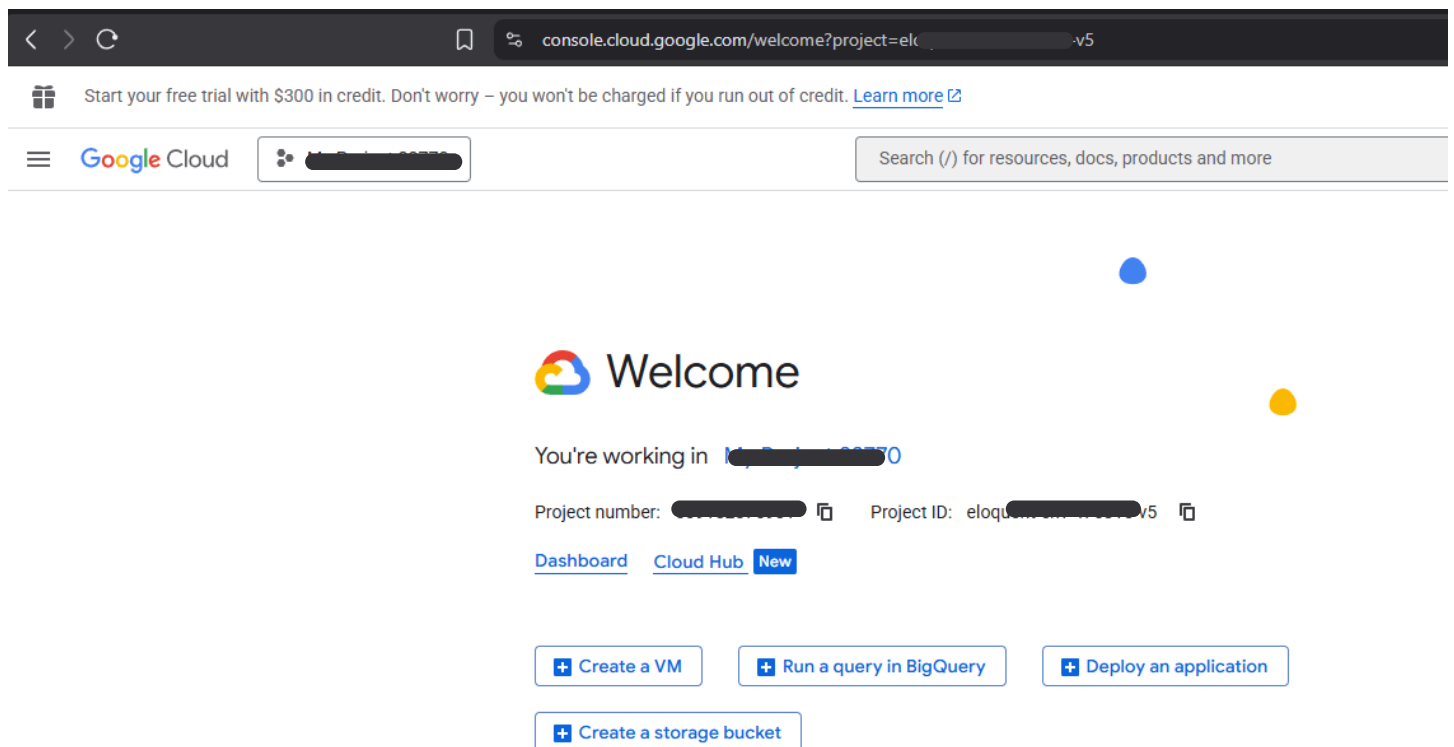
## ● Final Outcome

- Fully configured Meta environment with:
  - Facebook App ID and Secret
  - Facebook Page ID
  - Instagram Business Account ID
  - Long-Lived Access Token
- The environment is now integrated with the **Instagram Impersonation Detection** system for metadata retrieval and analysis.

# • Google Custom Search API Configuration Process

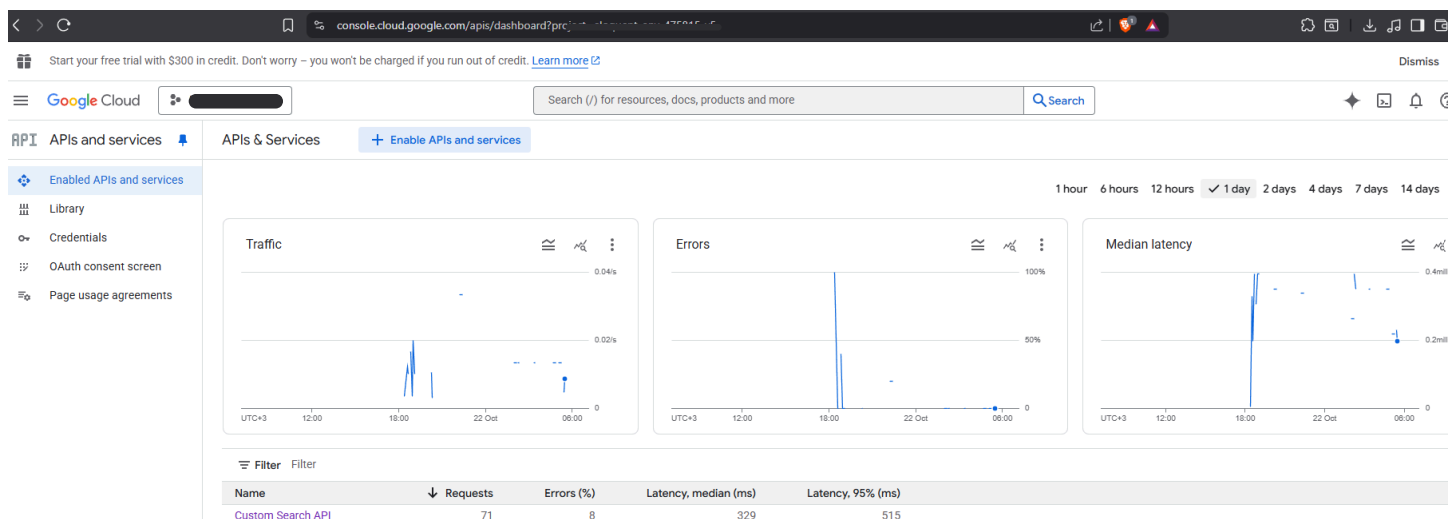
## Created a Google Cloud Project

- Logged in to the **Google Cloud Console** at <https://console.cloud.google.com/>.
- Clicked **Create Project**, assigned a name (e.g., *CSE-Instagram-Search*), and saved it.
- This project serves as the container for the Custom Search API service.



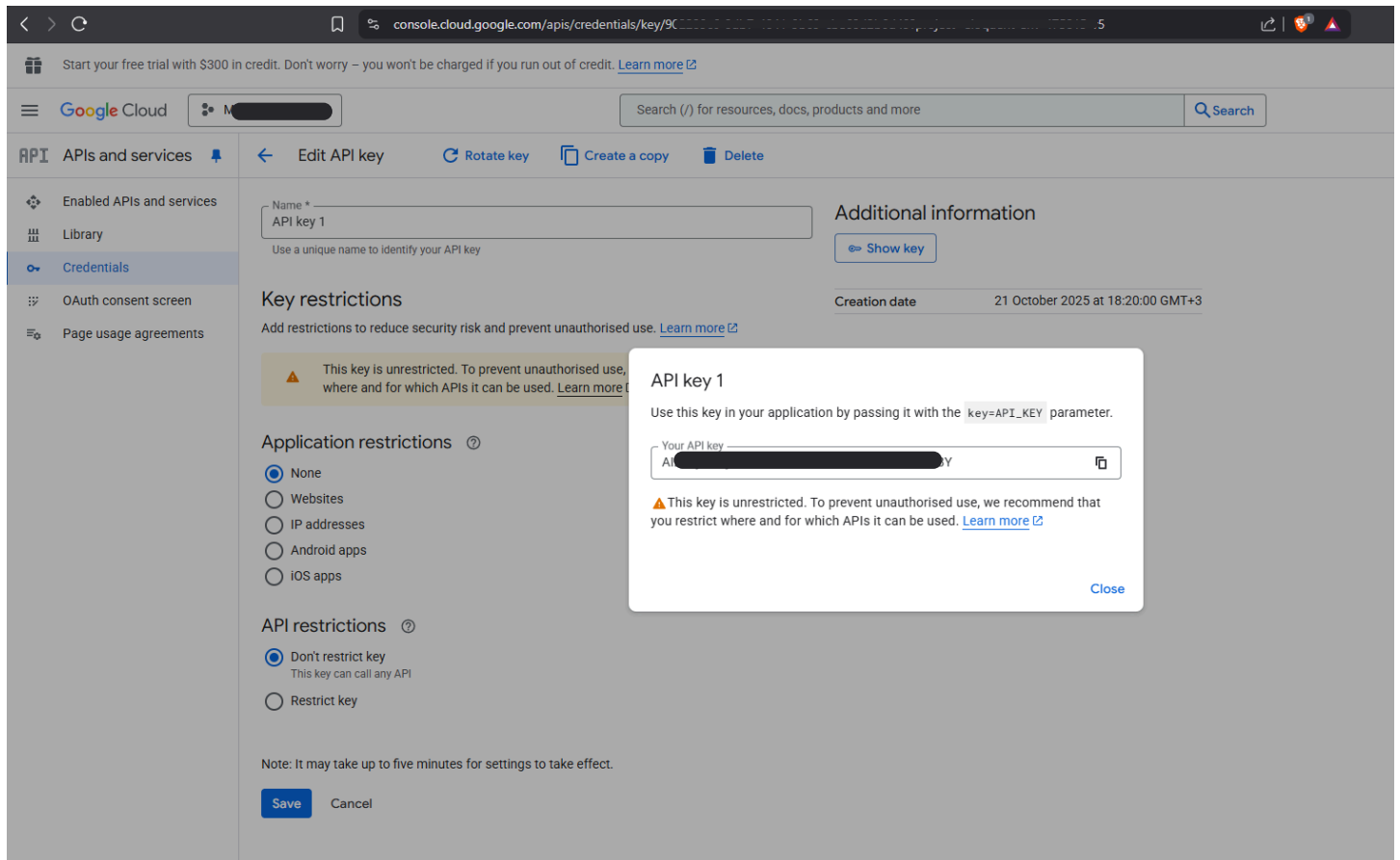
## Enabled the Custom Search API

- From the project's dashboard, opened **APIs & Services** → **Library**.
- Searched for **Custom Search API** and clicked **Enable**.
- This activated programmatic access for web search queries.



## Created API Credentials

- Navigated to **APIs & Services → Credentials → Create Credentials → API key**.
- Google generated a unique key in the format:
- GOOGLE\_API\_KEY = "AlzaSyXXXX..."
- Copied and securely stored this key for use in the Python script.



## Created a Custom Search Engine (CSE)

- Opened <https://cse.google.com/cse/>.
- Selected **Add → New Search Engine**.
- In the "Sites to search" field, entered:
  - instagram.com
- Assigned a name (e.g., *Instagram-Finder*) and clicked **Create**.



Programmable Search Engine

SearchAgain  
← Back to all engines

Overview

Basic

Search features

Look and feel

Members

Ads

Programmatic access

Search features

Look and feel


Statistics

Help Centre

Help Forum


## Overview

### Basic

Search engine name SearchAgain 

Description Add description

Code [Get code](#)

Search engine ID 

Public URL <https://cse.google.com/cse?cx=0>

### Sites to search

[Delete](#) [Add](#)

[Clear filter](#) [Apply filter](#)

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Site                              | Last updated time  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">*.instagram.com/*</a> | 21 Oct 2025, 18:11 |

Rows per page  1-1 of 1 [<](#) [>](#)

## Retrieved the Search Engine ID (CX)

- Opened the CSE control panel → *Setup* → *Basic*.
- Copied the **Search engine ID**, which appears in the format:
- `GOOGLE_CX = "dXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXf"`
- This ID uniquely identifies the custom search instance linked to the project.

## Adjusted Search Engine Settings

- In the CSE dashboard, enabled **Search the entire web** under *Sites to search*.
- Disabled image search (optional) to reduce irrelevant results.
- Saved changes.

## Connected API Key and CSE ID in Code

- Added both values to the script configuration:
- `GOOGLE_API_KEY = "AlzaSyXXXX..."`
- `GOOGLE_CX = "d75XXXXXXXXXX5f"`
- `CSE_URL = "https://www.googleapis.com/customsearch/v1"`
- Verified connectivity by running a test query:
- `https://www.googleapis.com/customsearch/v1?key={GOOGLE_API_KEY}&cx={GOOGLE_CX}&q=site:instagram.com+John+Doe`

## Tested Successful Integration

- The API returned JSON data containing Instagram profile URLs matching the query.
- These results were parsed by the script to extract usernames and build the candidate list.

## Final Outcome

- Successfully configured and validated:
  - **GOOGLE\_API\_KEY** – the authentication key for API access
  - **GOOGLE\_CX** – the Custom Search Engine identifier
  - **CSE\_URL** – the endpoint used by the system