

## Quiz 2

Due Jan 31 at 11:59pm

Points 100

Questions 6

Available Jan 28 at 10am - Jan 31 at 11:59pm 4 days

Time Limit 120 Minutes

### Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	<a href="#">Attempt 1</a>	23 minutes	100 out of 100

! Correct answers will be available on Feb 1 at 12pm.

Score for this quiz: **100** out of 100

Submitted Jan 31 at 8:11pm

This attempt took 23 minutes.

#### Question 1

20 / 20 pts

In baseball, a player tries to hit a ball thrown by another player. The probability of hit  $\theta$  for a player is an important statistic. Using  $\theta$  as the parameter (i.e., probability of success) in binomial distribution, we can model the the number of hits ( $H$ ) and number of misses ( $M$ ) of a player, where the total number of trials of a player is given by  $N = H + M$ .

Given the probability mass function of binomial distribution,  $p(\theta) = \theta^H (1 - \theta)^M$ , which one below gives the maximum likelihood (ML) estimate of hit probability  $\theta$ ?

☐ H/M

☒ H/N

☐ H/(N+M)

☐ M/N**Question 2****15 / 15 pts**

Given the dataset below, who is the most successful player according to the maximum likelihood estimation?

Player	#Hits (H)	#Trials (N)
V	2	2
W	0	5
X	150	1000
Y	3600	10000
Z	33	100

☐ X☐ Z☐ Y☐ W☒ V**Question 3****15 / 15 pts**

Given the dataset above, who is the least successful player according to the maximum likelihood estimation?

☐ X☒ W☐ V☐ Z☐ Y**Question 4****20 / 20 pts**

The maximum likelihood (ML) estimation without regularization may cause overfitting with small number of trials. One way to regularize the ML estimation is to use a prior distribution for the parameter  $\theta$ . This parameter estimation is called the maximum a posteriori (MAP) estimation.

For the binomial distribution parameter  $\theta$ , the most appropriate prior is known to be the beta distribution, which provides a priori numbers of hit ( $H_0$ ) and miss ( $M_0$ ). For the dataset given in the previous question, these a priori numbers are computed as  $H_0 = 100$  and  $M_0 = 300$  based on historical data.

Given that in MAP estimation  $\theta$  is estimated with  $\frac{H_0 + H}{H_0 + M_0 + N}$ , who is the most successful player in the above dataset?

☐ Z☒ Y☐ X☐ V

☐ W

**Question 5****15 / 15 pts**

Given the dataset above, who is the least successful player according to the MAP estimation?

☒ X

☐ Y

☐ Z

☐ V

☐ W

**Question 6****15 / 15 pts**

According to the MAP estimation, what is the hit probability of players X and W, respectively?

☐ 0.15 and 0

☐ 0.20 and 0.10

☐ 0.15 and 0.25

☒ 0.18 and 0.25

Quiz Score: **100** out of 100