

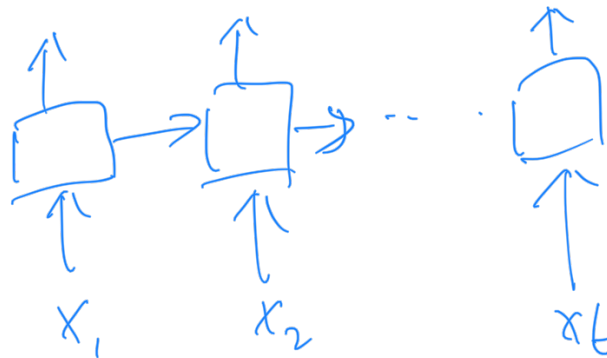
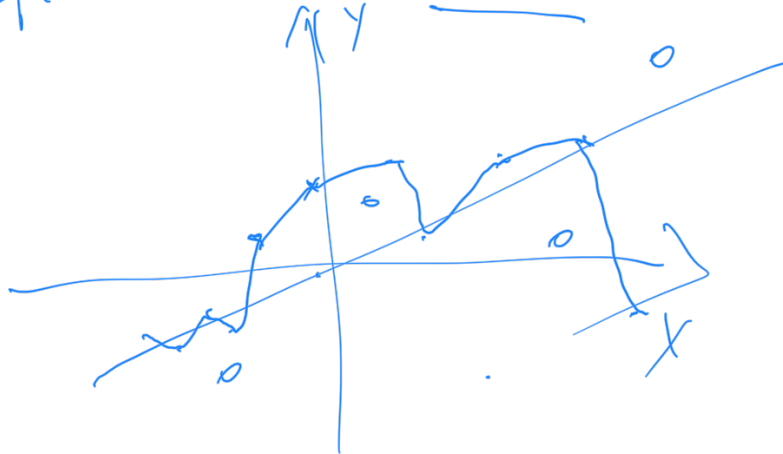
Lecture 1

Overview:

input \rightarrow \boxed{NN} \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Loss

dataset $\{ \text{input, labels/ground truth} \}$

split dataset to training, validation, testing



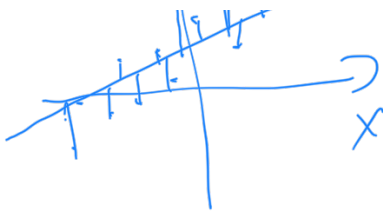
Regression Problem:

A set of data points: (x, y)

$\{ (x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_n, y_n) \}$



$$y = ax + b$$



0 ↑ ↑

$x \rightarrow \boxed{\text{Linear}} \rightarrow y$ Loss

$$\underline{y'_i = a'x_i + b'}$$

$$\frac{\partial y'_i}{\partial a'_i}$$

$$L = \sum (y_i - y'_i)^2$$

Arg min $L \Rightarrow$ best fit of data
(a, b)



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial a} = 0$$

$$a^{i+1} = a^i - \lambda \frac{\partial L}{\partial a^i}$$

$$a^2 = a^1 - \lambda \frac{\partial L}{\partial a^1}$$

$$b^2 = b^1 - \lambda \frac{\partial L}{\partial b^1}$$

$$L = \sum (y_i - y'_i)^2$$

$$a^2 = a^1 - \lambda \frac{\partial \sum (y_i - y'_i)^2}{\partial a^1}$$

$$= a^1 - \lambda \sum \frac{\partial (y_i - y'_i)^2}{\partial a^1}$$

$$= a^1 - \lambda \sum -2(y_i - y'_i) \cdot \frac{\partial y'_i}{\partial a^1}$$

$$= a^1 - \lambda \sum_i [-2(y_i - y'_i)x_i]$$

$$= a' - \lambda \sum_i [-2(y_i - (a'x_i + b')) x_i]$$

$$f_1, (x_{11}, x_{12}, \dots, x_{1m})$$

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 + \dots + a_m x_m$$

$$\stackrel{T}{\Rightarrow} \vec{a}^T \vec{X}$$

$$\vec{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a} = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ \vdots \\ a_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{linear}} y \Rightarrow x \xrightarrow{wx+b} y \quad \uparrow$$

