Sheet #1

A. Say Hello With C++

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a name S. Print "Hello, (name)" without parentheses.

Input

Only one line containing a string S.

Output

Print "Hello, " without quotes, then print name.

input	t
progra	nmer
outpu	ut
Hello,	programmer

B. Basic Data Types

1 second, 256 megabytes

The following lines show some C++ data types, their format specifiers and their most common bit widths:

int: 32 Bit integer.long long: 64 bit integer

• Char: 8 bit Characters & symbols

Float : 32 bit real valueDouble : 64 bit real value

Reading

To read a data type, use the following syntax:

```
cin >> VariableName;
```

For example, to read a character followed by a double:

```
char ch;
double d;
cin >> ch >> d;
```

Printing

To print a data type, use the following syntax:

```
cout << VariableName;</pre>
```

For example, to print a character followed by a double:

```
char ch = 'd';
double d = 234.432;
cout << ch << " "<< d;</pre>
```

Input

Only one line containing the following space-separated values: **int, long long, char, float** and **double** respectively.

Output

Print each element on a **new line** in the same order it was received as input.

Don't print any extra spaces.

```
input
3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493
```

```
output
3
```

12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.3

C. Simple Calculator

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given two numbers X and Y. Print the **summation** and **multiplication** and **subtraction** of these **2** numbers.

Input

Only one line containing two separated numbers X, Y ($1 \le X$, $Y \le 10^5$).

Outpu

Print 3 lines that contain the following in the same order:

1. "X + Y = **summation** result" without quotes.

2. "X * Y = multiplication result" without quotes.

3. "X - Y = **subtraction** result" without quotes.

input
5 10
output
5 + 10 = 15 5 * 10 = 50 5 - 10 = -5

Be careful with spaces.

D. Difference

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given four numbers A, B, C and D. Print the result of the following equation :

$$X = (A * B) - (C * D).$$

Input

Only one line containing 4 separated numbers A, B, C and D (- $10^5 \le A$, B, C, $D \le 10^5$).

Output

Print "Difference = " without quotes followed by the equation result.

input	
1 2 3 4	
output	
Difference = -10	

input	
2 3 4 5	
output	
Difference = -14	

input	_
5 2 3	
output	
ifference = 14	

E. Area of a Circle

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a number R calculate the **area** of a circle using the following formula:

Area = $\pi * R^2$.

Note: consider $\pi = 3.141592653$

Input

Only one line containing the number R (1 $\leq R \leq$ 100).

Output

Print the calculated area, with 9 digits after the decimal point.

```
input
2.00
output
12.566370612
```

```
#include<iostream>
#include<iomanip>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    cout << fixed << setprecision(9);
    // your code.
}</pre>
```

F. Digits Summation

0.25 seconds, 64 megabytes

Given two numbers N and M. Print the **summation** of their **last digits**.

Input

Only one line containing two numbers N, M ($0 \le N$, $M \le 10^{18}$).

Output

Print the answer of the problem.

input	
13 12	
output	
5	

First Example:

last digit in the first number is 3 and last digit in the second number is 2.

So the answer is: (3 + 2 = 5)

G. Summation from 1 to N

0.25 seconds, 256 megabytes

Given a number N. Print the **summation** of the numbers that is between ${\bf 1}$ and N (inclusive).

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} i$$

Input

Only one line containing a number N ($1 \le N \le 10^9$)

Outpu

Print the summation of the numbers that are between ${\bf 1}$ and N (inclusive).

Problems - Codeforces

input	
3	
output	
6	

input	
10	
output	
55	

First Example:

the numbers between 1 and 3 are 1,2,3.

So the answer is: (1 + 2 + 3 = 6)

Second Example:

the numbers between 1 and 10 are 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10.

So the answer is: (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 = 55)

H. Two numbers

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given 2 numbers A and B. Print floor, ceil and round of A/B

Note:

- Floor: Is a mathematical function that takes a real number X and its output is the greatest integer less than or equal to X.
- **Ceil**: Is a mathematical function that takes a real number X and its output is the **smallest** integer **larger than** or **equal to** X.
- Round: Is a mathematical function that takes a real number X and its output is the closest integer to that number X.



The round of 7.3 is **7**The round of 7.5 is **8**The round of 7.7 is **8**



For more clarification visit the links in the notes below.

Input

Only one line containing two numbers A and B ($1 < A, B < 10^3$)

Output

Print 3 lines that contain the following in the same order:

- 1. "floor A / B = **Floor result**" without quotes.
- 2. "ceil A / B = **Ceil result**" without quotes.
- 3. "round A / B = **Round result**" without quotes.

input
10 3

^{*} Use the data type double for this problem.

^{**} Use setprecision(9) to print 9 digits after decimal point.

^{***} you can use function **setprecision** that are in **#include<iomanip>** library for Example :

output
floor 10 / 3 = 3
ceil 10 / 3 = 4
round 10 / 3 = 3

input

10 4

output

floor 10 / 4 = 2
ceil 10 / 4 = 3
round 10 / 4 = 3

input

10 6

output

floor 10 / 6 = 1
 ceil 10 / 6 = 2
 round 10 / 6 = 2

Links:

For Rounding method visit:

https://www.mathsisfun.com/numbers/rounding-methods.html.

 For Flooring and Ceiling method visit: https://www.mathsisfun.com/sets/function-floor-ceiling.html.

I. Welcome for you with Conditions

1 second, 64 megabytes

Given two numbers A and B. Print "Yes" if A is greater than or equal to B. Otherwise print "No".

Input

Only one line containing two numbers A and B (0 $\leq A$, $B \leq 100$).

Output

Print "Yes" or "No" according to the statement.

input
10 9
output
Yes

input
5 5
output
Yes

input
5 7
output
No

J. Multiples

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given two numbers A and B. Print "Multiples" if A is **multiple** of B or **vice versa**. Otherwise print "No Multiples".

Input

Only one line containing two numbers A, B (1 $\leq A$, $B \leq 10^6$)

Output

Print the "Multiples" or "No Multiples" corresponding to the read numbers.

input
9 3

Problems - Codeforces

output Multiples

input
6 24

output

Multiples

input

12 5

output

No Multiples

***A is said to be Multiple of B if \boldsymbol{B} is divisible by A.

First Example:

9 is divisible by 3, So the answer is: Multiples.

Second Example :

6 is not divisible by 24 but

24 is divisible by 6, So the answer is: Multiples.

Third Example:

12 is not divisible by 5 and 5 is not divisible by 12.

So the answer is: No Multiples.

K. Max and Min

0.25 seconds, 64 megabytes

Given 3 numbers $A,\,B$ and $C,\,$ Print the $\operatorname{minimum}$ and the $\operatorname{maximum}$ numbers.

Input

Only one line containing 3 numbers A, B and C (- $10^5 \le A$, B, C $\le 10^5$)

Output

Print the **minimum** number followed by a single space then print the **maximum** number.

input
1 2 3
output
1 3

input
-1 -2 -3
output
-3 -1

input

10 20 -5

output

-5 20

L. The Brothers

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given two person names.

Each person has {"the first name" + "the second name"}

Determine whether they are brothers or not.

Note: The two persons are brothers if they share the same second name.

Input

First line will contain two Strings F_1 , S_1 which donates the first and second name of the 1^{st} person.

Second line will contain two Strings F_2 , S_2 which donates the first and second name of the 2^{nd} person.

Output

Print "ARE Brothers" if they are brothers otherwise print "NOT".

input
bassam ramadan ahmed ramadan
output
ARE Brothers
input
ali salah ayman salah
output
ARE Brothers
input
ali kamel
ali salah
output
NOT

M. Capital or Small or Digit

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a letter X. Determine whether X is Digit or Alphabet and if it is Alphabet determine if it is **Capital Case** or **Small Case**.

Note:

- Digits in ASCII '0' = 48,'1' = 49etc
- Capital letters in ASCII 'A' = 65, 'B' = 66etc
- Small letters in ASCII 'a' = 97,'b' = 98etc

Input

Only one line containing a character \boldsymbol{X} which will be a capital or small letter or digit.

Output

IS SMALL

Print a single line contains "IS DIGIT" if X is digit otherwise, print "ALPHA" in the first line followed by a new line that contains "IS CAPITAL" if X is a capital letter and "IS SMALL" if X is a small letter.

input	
Α	
output	
ALPHA IS CAPITAL	
input	

output		
IS DIGIT		
input		
a		
output		
AI PHA		

^{**} recommended to read this to know more about ASCII Code https://www.javatpoint.com/ascii.

Problems - Codeforces

N. Char

0.25 seconds, 64 megabytes

Given a letter X. If the letter is **lowercase** print the letter after converting it from **lowercase letter to uppercase letter**. Otherwise print the letter after converting it from **uppercase letter to lowercase letter**

Note: difference between 'a' and 'A' in ASCII is 32.

Input

Only one line containing a character \boldsymbol{X} which will be a $\boldsymbol{capital}$ or \boldsymbol{small} letter.

Output

input

Print the answer to this problem.

utput
nput
utput

O. Calculator

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a mathematical expression. The expression will be one of the following expressions: $A+B, A-B, A\ast B$ and A/B.

Print the result of the mathematical expression.

Input

Only one line contains A, S and B $(1 \le A, B \le 10^4)$, S is either (+, -, *, /).

Output

input

7+54

170

Print the **result** of the mathematical expression.

output	
61	
input	
17*10	
output	

For the dividing operation you should print the division without any fractions.

P. First digit!

0.25 seconds, 64 megabytes

Given a number X. Print "EVEN" if the first digit of X is **even number**. Otherwise print "ODD".

For example: In 4569 the first digit is $\mathbf{4}$, the second digit is $\mathbf{5}$, the third digit is $\mathbf{6}$ and the fourth digit is $\mathbf{9}$.

Input

Only one line containing a number X (999 < $X \le 9999$)

Output

If the first digit is even print "EVEN" otherwise print "ODD".

input		
4569		
output		
EVEN		
input		
3569		
output		
ODD		

Second Example:

In 3569 the first digit is 3 and its ODD.

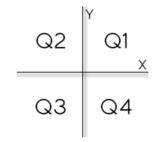
Q. Coordinates of a Point

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given two numbers $X,\,Y$ which donate coordinates of a point in 2D plan. Determine in which quarter does it belong.

Note:

- Print Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 according to the quarter in which the point belongs to.
- Print "Origem" If the point is at the origin.
- Print "Eixo X" If the point is over X axis.
- Print "Eixo Y" if the point is over Y axis.



Input

Only one line containing two numbers X, Y (- $1000 \le X$, $Y \le 1000$).

Output

Print the answer to problem above.

input	
4.5 -2.2	
output	
Q4	
input	
0.1 0.1	
output	
Q1	

R. Age in Days

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a Number N corresponding to a person's age (in days). Print his age in years, months and days, followed by its respective message "years", "months", "days".

Note: consider the whole year has 365 days and 30 days per month.

Input

Only one line containing a number N ($0 \le N \le 10^6$).

Outpu

Print the output, like the following examples.

Problems - Codeforces

input	
400	
output	
1 years 1 months 5 days	

input			
800			
output			
2 years 2 months 10 days			

input	
30	
output	
0 years 1 months 0 days	

S. Interval

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a number X. Determine in which of the following intervals the number X belongs to:

[0,25], (25,50], (50,75], (75,100]

Note:

- if X belongs to any of the above intervals print "Interval " followed by the interval
- if X does not belong to any of the above intervals print "Out of Intervals".
- The symbol '(' represents greater than.
- The symbol ')' represents smaller than.
- The symbol '[' represents greater than or equal.
- The symbol ']' represents smaller than or equal.

For example:

[0,25] indicates numbers between 0 and 25.0000, including both.

(25,50] indicates numbers greater than 25: (25.00001) up to 50.0000000.

Input

Only one line containing a number X (- $1000 \le X \le 1000$).

Output

Print the answer to the problem above.

input	
25.1	
output	
Interval (25,50]	

input	
25.0	
output	
Interval [0,25]	

input	
100.0	
output	
Interval (75,100]	

input	
-25.2	
output	
Out of Intervals	

T. Sort Numbers

0.25 seconds, 256 megabytes

Given three numbers A, B, C. Print these numbers in ascending order followed by a blank line and then the values in the sequence as they were read

Input

Only one line containing three numbers A, B, C (- $10^6 \le A, B, C \le 10^6$)

Output

Print the values in ascending order followed by a blank line and then the values in the sequence as they were read.

input	
3 -2 1	
output	
-2	
1	
3	
3	
3 -2	
1	

input		
-2 10 0		
output		
-2		
0		
10		
-2 10		
10		
0		

U. Float or int

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a number N. Determine whether N is float number or integer number.

Note:

- If N is float number then print "float" followed by the integer part followed by decimal part separated by space.
- If N is integer number then print "int" followed by the integer part separated by space.

For more clarification see the examples below.

Input

Only one line containing a number $N~(1 \leq N \leq 10^3)$

Output

534.958

Print the answer required above.

input	
234.000	
output	
int 234	
input	

Problems - Codeforces

output float 534 0.958

V. Comparison

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given a comparison symbol S between two numbers A and B. Determine whether it is \pmb{Right} or \pmb{Wrong} .

The comparison is as follows: A < B, A > B, A = B.

Where $A,\,B$ are two integer numbers and S refers to the sign between them.

Input

Only one line containing A, S and B respectively (-100 $\leq A$, $B \leq$ 100), S can be ('<', '>','=') without the quotes.

Output

Print "Right" if the comparison is true, "Wrong" otherwise.

input	
5 > 4	
output	
Right	

input	
9 < 1	
output	
Wrong	

input	
4 = 4	
output	
Right	

W. Mathematical Expression

0.25 seconds, 256 megabytes

Given a mathematical expression. The expression will be one of the following expressions:

$$A + B = C$$
, $A - B = C$ and $A * B = C$

where $A,\,B,\,C$ are three numbers, S is the sign between A and B, and Q the '=' sign

Print "Yes" If the expression is ${\bf Right}$, Otherwise print the right answer of the expression.

Input

Only one line containing the expression: A,S,B,Q,C respectively $(0 \le A,B \le 100,-10^5 \le C \le 10^5)$ and S can be ('+', '-', '*') without the quotation.

Output

Output either "Yes" (without the quotation) or the right answer depending on the statement.

input		
5 + 10 = 15		
output		
Yes		

input		
3 - 1 = 2		
output		
Yes		

input	
2 * 10 :	= 19
output	t
20	

X. Two intervals

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given the boundaries of **2** intervals. Print the boundaries of their **intersection**.

Note: Boundaries mean the two ends of an interval which are the starting number and the ending number.

Input

Only one line contains two intervals $[l_1,r_1]$, $[l_2,r_2]$ where $(1\leq l_1,l_2,r_1,r_2\leq 10^9)$, $(l_1\leq r_1,l_2\leq r_2)$.

It's guaranteed that $l_1 \leq r_1$ and $l_2 \leq r_2$.

Output

If there is an intersection between these ${\bf 2}$ intervals print its boundaries , otherwise print -1.

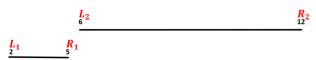
input			
1 15 5 27			
output			
5 15			

input	
2 5 6 12	
output	
-1	

First Example:



Second Example:



There are No intersections

Y. The last 2 digits

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given 4 numbers $A,\,B,\,C$ and D. Print the **last 2 digits** from their **Multiplication**.

Input

Only one line containing four numbers A,B,C and D $(2 \leq A,B,C,D \leq 10^9).$

Output

Print the last 2 digits from their Multiplication.

Problems - Codeforces

input	
5 7 2 4	
output	
80	

input	
3 9 9 9	
output	
87	

First Example:

the Multiplication of 4 numbers is 5 * 7 * 2 * 4 = 280 so the answer will be the last 2 digits which are 80.

Second Example:

the Multiplication of 4 numbers is 3 * 9 * 9 * 9 = 2187 so the answer will be the last 2 digits which are 87.

Z. Hard Compare

1 second, 256 megabytes

Given 4 numbers A,B,C and D. If $A^B > C^D$ print "YES" otherwise, print "NO".

Input

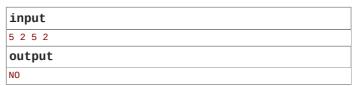
Only one line containing 4 numbers A,B,C and D $(1 \leq A,C \leq 10^7)$, $(1 \leq B,D \leq 10^{12})$

Output

Print "YES" or "NO" according to the problem above.

input	
3 2 5 4	
output	
NO	





First Example:

 3^2 = 9 and 5^4 = 625 then **9 < 625** so the answer is **NO**.

Second Example:

 $5^2 = 25$ and $4^2 = 16$ then **25 > 16** so the answer is **YES**.

Third Example:

 5^2 = 25 and 5^2 = 25 then **25 = 25** so the answer is **NO**.