

Dataset

- The used data set was ProsperDataLoan one of the [data set options](#). You can find the download link [here](#).
- You would also note that I have added a cs file named "tidy_loan.csv" that file has all the outliers deleted in addition it includes only the features used in the finalpresentation.inpy

Main findings

- A direct relationship between the Prosper Rating and loan status was observed. as the rating improves the Loan status is more likely to be completed
- it's more likely to have their loan status
 - o Completed if LoanOriginalAmount < 15k and the monthly Income > 10k
 - o Defaulted if LoanOriginalAmount > 15k
- Surprisingly, all the loan amounts that was greater than 15k was defaulted. Even if the customer has a prosper score equals to 10 – from the best customers –.
- Find at the end that there is a threshold for accepting or rejecting the loan request which is dependent on both the loan amount and customer principal Payments. Where for a loan to be completed, the customer has to have principal payments greater than the loan amount by one thousand dollars

Presentation

- I Tried to make the presentation smooth by asking questions and answering it in the following slide
- The presentation starts by a very qualitative way to see if the loan'd be accepted or rejected then as slides pass, the quantitative ways to determine the outcome loan status has been introduced
- Finally, I finished the presentation with a note to the reader, In case he wanted to propose for a loan.
- A small note, I tried to hide the code on presenting the visuals, However, I dig into some errors. Despite the fact that I have included the toggle file. Hence, I posted the slides without the template extensions.

List of resources

- To convert categorical variables into numeric ones, I used [this](#).
- In addition, I took the diamonds.inpy and the templates provided by udacity [here](#) as a primary resource.

